

Syllable/word structure

Syllables may take any of the following forms:

PC

NC

ONC

Where:

P is "ja", "je", "jo", "ju"

N is "a", "au", "e", "eu", "oi", "ou", "i", "i:", "y", "y:", "u", "u:", "e", "e:", "o", "o:", "a", "a:", "l", "r", or "n"

O is "b", "d", "dz", "d3", "f", "g", "k", "l", "m", "n", "p", "s", "t", "ts", "tj", "v", "x", "z", "y", "r", "j", or "3"

C is "b", "d", "dz", "d3", "f", "g", "k", "l", "m ~ n", "p", "s", "t", "ts", "tj", "v", "x", "z", "y", "r", "j", or "3"

A word consists of a PC, NC, or ONC syllable followed by any number of NC or ONC syllables.

Advantages:

Lotsa possible syllables (~~84 PC, 432 NC, 9288 ONC~~)

Disadvantages:

No other advantages

OR:

(yeah yeah i know i need to format this better)

O=b/d/dz/d3/f/g/k/m/n/p/s/t/ts/tj/v/x/z/y/j/3

T=j/l/w/r

V=a/ai/au/a:/e/ej/eu/e:/i/i:/l/l:/o/oi/ou/o:/u/u:/y/y:/r

C=dz/d3/f/l/n/s/ts/tj/v/x/z/y/r/j/3

not: b/d/g/k/p/t /m /j/w

(O)(T)VC

Phonotactics

Any two liquids ("l", "r", "m", "n") in a row within a word are explicitly disallowed (even if one or both are syllabic).

Codas that precede an identical sound become "p" ("...is.si..."=>"...ip.si...").