Link to the P1 https://atcoder.jp/contests/dp/tasks/dp_a

Understanding:-> You are standing at index 1 of the array. You have to reach the last index N of the array in minimum cost; you can only make 1 step or 2 step jumps. If you are jumping from index i to index j cost will be-> abs(b[i] - b[j])

General Way :->

- ->First we declare empty dp[N]
- -> We assume dp[i] is the best answer to the question if size of the array is "i"
- -> Always try to calculate the dp[1]; dp[2]; dp[3]; dp[4] by yourself; this will make you realise the pattern and you will be able to make the formula yourself
- -> Then we try to create the formula.
- -> We put the formula in the for loop and calculate dp[1], dp[2], dp[3], dp[4] dp[n]
- -> Generally dp[n] will be the final answer [10 500 20 80]

Dp[1] = minimum cost to reach the index1. = 0

Dp[2] = minimum cost to reach the index2. = 490

Dp[3] = best cost to reach index3 from index 1. = 10

Dp[4] = abs(b[3]-b[4]) + dp[3]) of $(3\rightarrow 4) \rightarrow direct jump$

= abs(b[2]-b[4]) + dp[2] o2(2-)4) -> direct jump

Answer will be the minimum of these two.

$$Dp[4] = min(abs(b[3]-b[4]) + dp[3], abs(b[2]-b[4]) + dp[2])$$

General formula->

$$Dp[i] = min(abs(b[i-1]-b[i]) + dp[i-1], abs(b[i-2]-b[i]) + dp[i-2])$$

Using this formula calculate dp[1]...dp[2]....dp[3]....dp[n]

-> dp[n] = final answer to reach the index n in minimum cost

Pseudo Code: - https://ideone.com/mNiVpl

TC :- O(N)

SC := O(N) (dp[n])

C++ -> https://atcoder.jp/contests/dp/submissions/42276696

Java -> https://atcoder.jp/contests/dp/submissions/42290564

Python->

https://atcoder.jp/contests/dp/submissions/42290680

P2:->

C++ -> https://atcoder.jp/contests/dp/submissions/42277272

Jv-> https://atcoder.jp/contests/dp/submissions/42294397

Py->

-> https://atcoder.jp/contests/dp/tasks/dp_b

Understanding of Q2:-> Same as above; but you can make a jump of maximum "K" size.

```
Dp[i] = (i-1-->i)
OR
(i-2-->i)
OR
(i-3-->i)
OR
(i-4-->i)
OR
.
.
.
(i-k--->i)
```

Pseudo Code-> https://ideone.com/XGv95K