GENDA SECONDARY SCHOOL

FORM TWO SPECIAL ASSESSMENT SERIES 02 BIOLOGY

TIME 2:30Hours July, 2025

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C with a total of ten (10) questions.
- 2. Answer **all** questions from all sections.
- 3. All writings must be in black or blue ink EXCEPT drawings which must be in pencil.
- 4. All answers must be written in the space provided for each question.
- 5. Cellular phones and any unauthorized materials are not allowed in the Examination room.
- 6. Write your **Examination Number** on the top right hand corner of every page.

SECTION A: (15 Marks)

Answer **all** questions

- 1. For each items (i) to (x), choose the correct answer from the given alternatives and write its letter in the box provided.
 - (i) If a food sample was boiled with Benedict's solution, the mixture turned green to orange to yellow and finally red precipitates. Which food substance was according to the observations. A. Non – reducing sugar B. Protein C. Sucrose C. Reducing sugar
 - (ii) Why moss plants are referred to as primitive plants? A. They lack true vascular bundles B. They have cell walls made up to cellulose C. They store food in form of glycogen D. They have cell walls made up of Chitin
 - (iii) Which protein is found on the surface of pathogens that cause infections and diseases? A. Antibodies B. Antigens C. Rhesus factor D. Vectors
 - (iv) Which of the following waste in produced from hospitals? A. Bioharzadous waste B. Biodegradable waste C. Hazardous waste D. Recyclable wastes
 - (v) Viruses are considered to be as substances with no life because. A. They have true nuclei B. They are only active in the host cell C. They have bodies covered with cell walls D. They are single celled prokaryotic organisms
 - (vi) Mass flow occurs in one of the following system. A. Lymphatic system B. Reproductive system C. Respiratory system D. Blood group system
 - (vii) A xylem is an example of; A. Organ B. Cell C. Tissue D. Organ system
 - (viii) Which of the following organisms uses gills for gaseous exchange? A. Chamelion B. Owl C. Rabbit D. Tadpole
 - (ix) You may see liquid drops on plant leaves in the morning. Which process causes this phenomenon? A. Transpiration B. Respiration C. Gutation D. Photosynthesis
 - (x) Organisms in a particular pond form:- A. Population B. Family C. Biome D. Community

Answer	<u>S</u>	_						_	
i	ii	iii	iv	٧	vi	vii	viii	ix	Х

2.	Match functions in I			of internal str	ucture of the	leaf in List B .		
		LIST				LIST B		
		protects the leaf from injury, pests and excessive as of moisture.						
			oxvoen an	d		epidermis		
		ii. It contains pores that allow oxygen and carbondioxide to diffuse in and out of the leaf.iii. It is surrounded by guard cells that close and open the pores for gaseous exchange.				C. Palisade layer D. Spongy mesophyll layer E. The cuticle F. Mesophyll		
	iii. It is surround							
	iv. Enable the c	•	•	nount of	G. Xyle			
			naximam ai	nount of		er and lower		
	sunlight ene	0,	(. 1)		epid	ermis		
	v. Has intra cel	•		_				
		e to circulate t	to parts whe	ere				
	photosynthes	sis take place						
	Answers							
	List A	i	ii	iii	iv	V		
	List B	-		 	1,	·		
			•		•			
					ON B: (70 N	larks)		
				luestions in t				
3.	During a football	match, one	of the form	າ two studer	nt fell down	and his leg was		
	fractured.		المطلعة		:			
	(a) Name an in	imediate nei	p that yo	u coula po	ssibly prov	vide to a victim		
	(b) Give four (4) ir	nnortance of t	he heln nan	ned in (a) abo	OVE			
		inportance or t	•	, ,	ovc.			
	/**\							
	————————————————————————————————							
	(iv)					 		
	(c) Name and give	e one functior	of any five	(5) compon	ents that m	ay be used to give		
	the named hel		-	. , .		,		
	(i)	-				 		
	(iii)							
	(iv)					 		
	(v)							
4.	(a) Sometime plan	nts take in car	rbondioxide	and give out	t oxvoen an	d sometime plants		
	take in oxygen a			_				
						 		
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
								
	(b) Aerobic respir	ation and ana	erobic resp	iration on ar	e two differen	ent processes that		
						y this statement.		
	· 	·						

ogical term best describe the process of taking in oxygen and giving ide across a respiratory surface.
ustrate the arrangement of vascular bundles in a root of a bean plant
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	(ii)
	(iii)
	(c) (i) Differentiate between pulmonary circulation and systematic circulation. Give one point
	(ii) Why arteries have thicker walls than veins?
	
6.	A tomato was left on a wet board for two weeks. After that the grey structure formed which later turned to black thread like structures which finally became club – shaped. (a) (i) Give common name of the organism that grew on the tomato
	(ii) Name the kingdom to which the organism named in a (i) above belongs
	(iii) Name the phylum to which the named organisms in a (i) belongs_
	(b) State four (4) merits of the kingdom to which the named organism in (a) (i) belongs(i)
	(ii)
	(iii)
	(iv)
	(V)
	(c) In which ways does the kingdom of the named organism in a (i) above is harmful to other organisms? (i)
	(ii)
	(d) Give one feature that enabled to place the named organism in a (i) to its respective kingdom.
7.	(a) Interaction among living things is inevitable in stable ecosystem. Justify this statement by considering three main types of interaction. (i)
	(ii)
	(iii)
	(b) Give the role of the following in the nitrogen cycle. (i) Lighting

	(ii) Nitrogen – fixing bacteria
	(iii) Denitrifying bacteria(iv) Decomposers
(c)	Study the figure below then answer the questions that follow.
	D C B
(i) Why do trophic levels form a pyramid shape?
	(ii) State the roles of the organisms in trophic level A.
	(a) Give two ways that you may apply in storing food in a too remote area with no electricity.
	(ii)(b) Explain four (4) methods used for food preservation. (i)(ii)
9.	(iii)(iv)
	SECTION C: (15 Marks) Answer question ten (10) Pathogens spread from one person to another. Discuss five methods by which
	pathogens spread from one person to another.

