Exercises of «Easy medical English»

by «Level Up» organization

Main aim:

- Describe how to use abbreviations safely.
- Recognize abbreviations and terms related to laboratory tests and diagnostic procedures.
- Decode key clinical terms related to laboratory tests and diagnostic procedures.
- Use abbreviations and terms related to laboratory tests and diagnostic procedures.

A patient with anemia.

Question 1 **1 point**
A CBC is an abbreviation for a_____.

A. continuous body count.
B. corporal blood count.
C. complete body count.
D. complete blood count.

Answer:

Question 2 **2 points**
When small amounts of blood are noted in the patient's stool or bowel movement, chronic blood loss is suspected.

Which test would help validate the diagnosis of anemia due to chronic blood loss?

A. CCB
B. CBB
C. CBC
D. CBD

Answer:

Question 3 **3 points**
The doctor said, "Our patient complains of fatigue and his wife thinks that he looks pale. I will order a CBC to check his RBCs and H&H."

What does the doctor want to check?

A. red bowel count, hemoglobin and hematocrit
B. red blood cell count, hemoglobin and hematocrit
C. red cell blood count, hemostatin, and hematostat
D. robust blood count, hemoglobin and hematocrit

Answer:

Question 4 **1 point**
On the second day of hospitalization, an elevation of temperature is noted. The doctor says, "I see that his temp was elevated when you got his vitals. We need to recheck the WBC count; get a repeat CBC."

WBC count stands for_____.

A. whole blood cell count
B. wide blood cell count
C. worst blood cell count
D. white blood cell count

Answer:

Question 5 **1 point**

The doctor's progress note reads: RBCs H&H low.

In addition to the red blood count and hemoglobin, what else is low?

A. hemostatics
B. haematics
C. hematocrit
D. hemics

Answer:

A Patient with Kidney Disease

Question 1 **3 points**
For CKD, common laboratory tests include_____.

A. Lytes, BINS, and GRF
B. Lytes, BUN, and GFR
C. Lydes, BUN and GFR
D. Lydes, BIN, and GRF

Answer:

Question 2 **3 points**
Which test tells you about the ability of the glomeruli to filter waste products out of the blood as it passes through the kidneys?

A. GFR
B. Lytes
C. BUN
D. AST

Answer:

Question 3 **1 point**
Lytes is the abbreviation for_____.

A. electrolights
B. electionlites
C. electrocution
D. electrolytes

Answer:

Question 4 3 points
Which sentence is NOT the correct use of the abbreviation for blood urea nitrogen?

A. If we can improve kidney function, we will see a decrease in BUN.
B. The patient has IBS and needs to have his BUNS monitored.
C. As we get him hydrated, we will see some decrease in the BUN.
D. The patient's condition is improving; her BUN level is lowering.

Answer:

A Patient with a Traumatic Brain Injury

Question 1 2 points
Which terms best complete the following sentence.

ABGs are needed to help evaluate_____.

A. respiratory function
B. recovery function
C. kidney function
D. recuperative function

Answer:

Question 2 3 points
Choose the correctly abbreviated list of tests that are likely to be ordered for your patient with the recent TBI and fever, sleepiness, and confusion.

A. IVP analysis, MRI scan, CBC
B. MRI, CSF analysis, CBC
C. ABG, CAT scan, MRI
D. BAG scan, ESRF analysis, CAT

Answer:

Question 3 2 points
Which of the following terms is abbreviated CSF analysis?

A. Cerebrospinal fluid analysis
B. Computerized frame analysis
C. Comprehensive fluid analysis
D. Cerebrospinal liquid analysis

Answer: