

# Flutter Batch Release One Pager

# **SUMMARY**

One pager to consolidate the batch release strategy.

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Go Link: flutter.dev/go/batch-release-one-pager

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# **BACKGROUND**

This is a one pager for batch release strategy from <a href="flutter.dev/go/package-release-strategy">flutter.dev/go/package-release-strategy</a>. This is an opinionated design to document the options we will take to implement the strategy.

## **Audience**

Flutter TLs

First-party package owners and contributors

# **DESIGN**

There will be a release branch apart from the main branch for release bot to

release from.

A cron job (through github action) that periodically scans the packages in the main branch for unreleased commits. The job then creates a release PR to the release branch with the changelog and version bump resulting from parsing the breadcrumb of those commits from the main branch.

Once the release PR is reviewed and merged, another release bot will check out the release branch and do a release. Once it is done, the release bot will create another PR with a post-release-<package> label to sync the release branch back to the main branch.

Once this post-release PR is reviewed and merged, a release cycle is completed.

### **Race Condition**

Option 3 from First-Party Package Release Strategy

We use a release branch to release from. When a bot is creating a release PR, the change targets the release branch. Any subsequent merge into main will not affect the release branch.

For reverts of unreleased commits, the contributors can revert the commits as straight reverts. The package owners have to postpone any on-going release by closing the release PR (if there is one) and retrigger it after the reverts land.

For reverts of released commits (one that has merged to the release branch), they should be treated as a new change with proper breadcrumb.

### BreadCrumb

Option 3 from First-Party Package Release Strategy

New Change log and version bump will be in its own file as part of the PR, and each PR should create their own file. These files are stored under an unreleased folder in the package root.

# An example:

```
      ✓ □ go_router

      > □ doc

      ○ □ example

      ○ □ lib

      > □ test

      > □ test_fixes

      > □ tool

      ✓ □ unreleased

      ☑ bump_android_dep.yaml

      ☑ fix_redirect_bug.yaml

      ☑ fix_routing_logic.yaml

      ☑ template.yaml

      ② .gitignore
```

```
changelog:
- <first sentence>
- <additional setence>
version: <one of major/minor/patch/skip>
```

### **PUBLICLY SHARED**

The <u>repo tool</u> will be updated to create a separate file for change log and version bump information as part of the PR for the opted-in packages. For contributors who followed the <u>recommended workflow</u>, there will be no change to their workflow.

When the cron job (github action) creates a release, it reads through the unreleased files, generates updates to the real changelog.md and version bump in pubspec.yaml, and finally deletes these unreleased files in the release PRs.

# Multi-Package Update

For the package that opts into the batch release, contributors that author mulit-package updates need to follow the breadcrumb rule and create changelog yaml files in the unreleased folder for those packages.

### Others

- Package owner can also manually trigger github action to do one-time release
- A check run will flag PRs that touches changelog.md and version if they don't have corresponding post-release-<package> label
- Contributors can also add post-release-<package> if they really need to touch the changelog file and version for emergency situations.