

## ROUND ONE

Tossup 1: Welcome to Penn Certamen! Like many universities, the University of Pennsylvania has a Latin motto. Please translate into English our motto: **lēgēs sine mōribus vānae**.

LAWS WITHOUT MORALS ARE EMPTY/USELESS

B1: Our motto was adapted from the line **quid lēgēs sine mōribus vānae prōficiunt?**, which comes from the 3rd book of *Odes* by what 1st century B.C.E. Roman author?

HORACE

B2: To what wealthy patron did Horace dedicate his *Odes*?

MAECENAS

Tossup 2: What woman was married to Mynes, son of the king of Lyrnessus, before being taken as a concubine by Achilles during the Trojan War?

BRISEIS

B1: Who was the father of Briseis?

BRISEUS

B2: What other Trojan woman was taken as a concubine by Agamemnon?

CHRYSEIS / CASSANDRA

Tossup 3: What Bronze Age archaeological site in Crete was a center for Minoan civilization?

KNOSSOS

B1: Knossos prominently features the Palace of Minos, which according to Greek myth was home to the labyrinth. Who built the labyrinth for King Minos?

DAEDALUS

B2: According to Greek mythology, what creature lived in the labyrinth?

THE MINOTAUR

Tossup 4: **Quid Anglicē significat “hasta”?**

SPEAR / JAVELIN / PIKE

B1: **Quid Anglicē significat “hostis”?**

ENEMY / STRANGER

B2: **Quid Anglicē significat “hostia”?**

SACRIFICIAL ANIMAL / VICTIM

Tossup 5: What condition uses the imperfect subjunctive in the protasis and apodosis?

PRESENT CONTRARY-TO-FACT / CONTRAFACTUAL

B1: What condition uses the pluperfect subjunctive in the protasis and apodosis?

PAST CONTRARY-TO-FACT / CONTRAFACTUAL

B2: What condition can use either the present or perfect subjunctive in the protasis and the present subjunctive in the apodosis?

FUTURE LESS VIVID

Tossup 6: Name the three plays by Aeschylus that belong to the *Oresteia* trilogy.

AGAMEMNON, LIBATION BEARERS, EUMENIDES

B1: In *Agamemnon*, on behalf of which goddess did Agamemnon sacrifice his daughter Iphigenia?

ARTEMIS

B2: In *Agamemnon*, what is the name of the lover of Clytemnestra with whom she orchestrated the murder of Agamemnon?

AEGISTHUS

Tossup 7: What city in the Carthaginian Empire and Roman Libya was the birthplace of emperor Septimius Severus and is now a UNESCO World Heritage Site?

LEPTIS MAGNA / LEPTIS / LEPCIS

B1: Septimius Severus climbed the rank of Roman offices as a member of the senatorial order. What is the name of the sequence by which Romans held public office?

**CURSUS HONORUM** / COURSE OF HONORS / LADDER OF OFFICES

B2: Cassius Dio writes that Severus said to his sons on his deathbed: "Be harmonious, enrich the soldiers, scorn all others." Who were his sons, who would soon also become emperors?

CARACALLA AND GETA

Tossup 8: Which late Roman emperor was said by historian Cassius Dio to be known to wear wigs and makeup, frequent taverns and pose as a female sex worker, and is described by Dio as a "woman" who took an enslaved man, Hierocles, as their "husband"?

ELAGABALUS

B1: In their early youth, Elagabalus served as a priest of the Arab-Roman sun god Elegabal. Under which late Roman emperor did worship of a syncretic sun god (known as Sol Invictus) begin?

SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS

B2: In 186 C.E., Septimius Severus married which Emesene Syrian woman who is depicted on the Severan Tondo, and was the mother of Caracalla and Geta?

JULIA DOMNA

Tossup 9: What Greek hero was the leader of the Myrmidons during the Trojan War and famously refused to fight for the final year of the war?

ACHILLES

B1: What Greek hero, the narrator of Madeline Miller's *The Song of Achilles*, caused Achilles to rejoin the war?

PATROCLUS

B2: Who killed Patroclus?

HECTOR

Tossup 10: Which of the following English words, if any, is not derived from the same Latin verb as the others: translate, latent, legislator, correlate?

LATENT

B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning is "latent" derived?

**LATEŌ** - TO LIE HIDDEN

B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning are "translate," "relate," and "correlate" derived?

**FERŌ** - TO BEAR/CARRY

Tossup 11: Give the correct form of the gerund for the sentence: "Marcus is skilled in writing."

**SCRĪBENDĪ** / **SCRĪBENDŌ**

B1: Give the correct form of the gerund for the sentence: "Marcus' love of writing is great."

**SCRĪBENDĪ**

B2: Give the correct form of the gerund for the sentence: "Marcus went to school to write."

**SCRĪBENDUM / SCRĪBENDĪ**

Tossup 12: In ordinary circumstances, what was the highest ranking magistrate in the Roman republic?

**CONSUL**

B1: Any magistrate could "veto" an action taken by another magistrate with equal or lower power. What does **vetō** mean in Latin?

**I FORBID / I PROHIBIT / I REJECT / I PREVENT / ETC.**

B2: How many people could hold the office of consul at one time?

**TWO**

Tossup 13: Which female family member, according to Suetonius, did the emperor Augustus count as among his closest advisors?

**LIVIA (DRUSILLA)**

B1: Livia is famously portrayed by Tacitus in the *Annals* as a scheming, immoral political operator, holding both her husband Augustus and her son Tiberius in the palm of her hand. Tacitus, however, depicts another politically powerful Julio-Claudian woman similarly, in her relations with Claudius and Nero: who was she?

**AGRIPPINA THE YOUNGER**

B2: Suetonius speculates that Agrippina may have been responsible for Claudius' death, killing him with a plate of poisoned mushrooms after he began to favor a different successor over her son Nero: who was this other son?

**BRITANNICUS**

Tossup 14: In the *Aeneid*, Lavinia is the daughter of Latinus, king of the Latins. Which enemy of Aeneas was a suitor to her?

**TURNUS**

B1: While fighting against Aeneas, which goddess (and sister of Turnus) gives Turnus his sword back after he dropped it, and also rescues him from battle when it seems he would die?

**JUTURNA**

B2: According to Ovid, which god did Juturna have an affair with, which was made known by the nymph Larunda?

**JUPITER**

Tossup 15: For the verb **loquor**, give the 2nd person plural present imperative.

**LOQUIMINĪ**

B1: Change **loquiminĪ** to the singular.

**LOQUERE**

B2: Change **loquere** to the future.

**LOQUITOR**

Tossup 16: Translate the following sentence into English: **Ad urbem prōgressī sumus nāvēs inventum.**

WE SET OUT FOR THE CITY IN ORDER TO FIND SHIPS

B1: Now translate this sentence into English: **Mīsimus lēgātōs quī litterās tibi ferrent.**

WE SENT AMBASSADORS TO CARRY THE LETTERS TO YOU

B2: Finally, translate the following into English: **Vēnī causa reperiendī tē.**

I CAME {FOR THE SAKE OF FINDING / TO FIND} YOU

Tossup 17: Who successfully chained Dionysus briefly but was torn apart by the god's female followers in a fit of rage against him?

PENTHEUS

B1: Who was Pentheus' mother, who participated in the murder?

AGAVE

B2: In what play by what Greek playwright is this story told?

EURIPIDES, *BACCHAE*

Tossup 18: Which historian was initially captured and enslaved by the emperor Vespasian in 67 C.E., after surviving a collective suicide by lots in a cave?

JOSEPHUS

B1: In his work *Jewish War*, Josephus chronicles the Roman victory over Jewish forces, including the destruction of the Second Temple. In 132, Simon Bar Kokhba would attempt to lead another revolt against the empire after the emperor Hadrian reneged his promise to allow the temple to be reconstructed: what did Hadrian attempt to do instead?

BUILD A TEMPLE OF JUPITER ON THE OLD TEMPLE SITE

B2: What group of rebel Jewish warriors took control of Judea from the Seleucid Empire, establishing the Hasmonean dynasty?

MACCABEES

Tossup 19: The Numidian king Jugurtha waged a successful war against Rome from 112-105 B.C.E.; which Roman general, then a quaestor, eventually brought him as a captive to Rome?

SULLA

B1: Sulla didn't defeat Jugurtha in battle. How did Sulla capture Jugurtha?

JUGURTHA WAS BETRAYED BY HIS ALLY (BOCCHUS)

B2: Initially, the consul Quintus Maecilius Metellus Numidicus (Metellus) battled Jugurtha in North Africa; who succeeded Metellus as commander against Jugurtha?

MARIUS

Tossup 20: Welcome to the **Cinema Rōmāna**! What movie might the Romans have called **Simul Omnia Ubīque**?

EVERYTHING, EVERYWHERE, ALL AT ONCE

B1: What might the Romans have called the movie *O Brother, Where Art Thou*?

**(O) FRĀTER, UBI ES?**

B2: Moving to the **Bibliothēca Rōmāna**, what book might the Romans have called **Sciō Quārē Inclūsa Avis Canat**?

I KNOW WHY THE CAGED BIRD SINGS (MAYA ANGELOU)

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## **Replacement Questions**

### **CULTURE**

Tossup: What religion did Emperor Constantine I decriminalize and eventually convert to at the behest of his mother, Helena?

CHRISTIANITY

B1: Who is the oldest woman Christian author with extant writing in Latin?

ST. PERPETUA

B2: What Christian theologian is famous for his letters and translation of the Bible into Latin, commonly known as the Vulgate?

ST. JEROME

### **HISTORY**

Tossup: Which nephew of Constantine I is often called “the last pagan emperor of Rome?”

JULIAN / JULIAN THE APOSTATE

B1: Constantine I is now largely accepted as Rome’s first Christian emperor. Theodosius I, however, established official tenets of Orthodox and Catholic Christianity in which special proclamation?

NICENE CREED

B2: Constantine is justly famous for the Edict of Milan, which proclaimed tolerance for Christians throughout the empire. His, though, was not the first imperial doctrine establishing tolerance for Christianity: which earlier proclamation allowed for tolerance of Christians in the *Eastern* Roman empire?

EDICT OF SERDICA / EDICT OF TOLERATION BY GALERIUS

### **LANGUAGE**

Tossup: What derivative of a Latin verb meaning “to carry” means “the selection of one thing or person over another”?

PREFERENCE

B1: What derivative of a different Latin verb meaning “to carry” means “to make gestures and motions while speaking”?

GESTICULATE

B2: What derivative of a Latin noun meaning “field” means “a person who travels to a site of religious significance”?

PILGRIM

### **MYTHOLOGY**

Tossup: What goddess was Cyane trying to save from being abducted before Hades turned her into a pool?

PERSEPHONE / PROSERPINA

B1: What goddess, as she was wandering the world in search of her daughter, placed an infant into a fire in an attempt to make him immortal?

DEMETER / CERES

B2: When she finally found her daughter, what fruit's seeds did Ascalaphus tell Demeter that Persephone had eaten while in the Underworld?

POMEGRANATE

## ROUND TWO

Tossup 1: From what Latin noun, with what meaning, do we derive the English adjourn, diet, and diary?

**DIĒS - DAY**

B1: What English phrase using **diēs** means a daily allowance or payment?

**PER DIEM**

B2: What famous phrase using **diēs** was first used by Horace in his first book of Odes?

**CARPE DIEM**

Tossup 2: Give the 2nd person singular perfect active indicative of **interficiō**.

**INTERFĒCISTĪ**

B1: Make **interfēcistī** passive.

**INTERFECTUS/A ES**

B2: Make **interfectus es** subjunctive.

**INTERFECTUS/A SIS**

Tossup 3: Who was the mother of Asclepius and the lover of Apollo, who was killed by the god for her affair with Ischys?

**CORONIS**

B1: What animal informed Apollo of Coronis' unfaithfulness?

**CROW / RAVEN**

B2: How did Apollo reward the crow for this act?

**CHANGED ITS COLOR FROM WHITE TO BLACK**

Tossup 4: Which Roman-Jewish client king was selected as king of Judea in 40 B.C.E., according to the historian Josephus?

**HEROD (THE GREAT)**

B1: Rome conquered Jerusalem twice: which late Republican figure did it first?

**POMPEY**

B2. Rome took full control of Jerusalem in 70 C.E.; what monumental piece of architecture, commissioned by the emperor Domitian, depicts this event?

**ARCH OF TITUS**

Tossup 5: What kinds of artifacts were famously found in a landfill at Oxyrhynchus in the late nineteenth century, on which administrative texts, religious texts, poetry, history, and mathematics were written?

**PAPYRI**

B1: Papyrus was used as a writing material in the ancient Mediterranean alongside vellum. What was vellum made from?

ANIMAL SKIN / MEMBRANE

B2: Made of pointed bone, ivory, wood, or metal, what was the tool with which ancients wrote on wax tablets?

STYLUS

Tossup 6: Identify the case and use of **rēgīnā** in the following sentence: **Tyrannus rēxit tōtam urbem rēgīnā mortuā.**

ABLATIVE IN AN ABLATIVE ABSOLUTE

B1: Translate the ablative absolute from the last sentence.

{AFTER/WHEN/BECAUSE/SINCE} THE QUEEN HAD DIED / WITH THE QUEEN  
HAVING DIED

B2: Identify the case and use of **carcer** in the following sentence: **Liberāta carcere, rēgīna fūgit ex urbe.**

ABLATIVE OF SEPARATION

Tossup 7: In Euripides's play *Medea*, Jason has returned from a quest in search of what item, which Medea helped him acquire?

THE GOLDEN FLEECE

B1: In Euripides's play *Medea*, which god aids Medea's escape from Corinth after she kills her children?

HELIOS

B2: In Euripides's play *Medea*, who is the king of the land that Medea flees to?

AEGEUS

Tossup 8: **Quid Anglicē significat "vērārī"?**

TO HUNT

B1: **Quid Anglicē significat "verērī"?**

TO FEAR/BE AFRAID, TO REVERE/RESPECT

B2: **Quid Anglicē significat "vēscī"?**

TO FEED UPON/GRAZE/EAT/ENJOY

Tossup 9: What is the name of the collection of epistolary poems by Ovid that writes from the perspective of women in myth?

**HĒRŌIDES** / THE HEROINES / **EPISTULAE HĒRŌIDUM** / LETTERS OF HEROINES

B1: What heroine, also featured in a 2005 novella by Margaret Atwood, famously weaves a funeral shroud for her husband by day and unravels her work by night?

PENELOPE

B2: What other poem of Ovid's includes the tales of women including Daphne, Io, and Europa, among many others?

**METAMORPHŌSES**

Tossup 10: What sacred religious event did Clodius Pulcher infiltrate?

BONA DEA (RITES)

B1: Why was the presence of Clodius deemed sacrilegious?

BONA DEA IS EXCLUSIVE TO WOMEN

B2: As tribune of the plebs, Clodius was responsible for Cicero's exile from Rome in 58 B.C.E. For what action during the Catilinarian conspiracy did Clodius argue that Cicero should be exiled?

EXECUTING A ROMAN CITIZEN WITHOUT TRIAL

Tossup 11: What epithet of Aphrodite referred to her role as a political uniter or as the embodiment of base bodily pleasures, literally meaning "of all the people"?

PANDEMOS

B1: Conversely, what epithet of Aphrodite referred to her role as the embodiment of pure spiritual or intellectual love, literally meaning "of the heavens"?

OURANIA

B2: What epithet of Aphrodite referred to the island where she was born?

CYPRIA / CYPRIS / CYPROGENIA

Tossup 12: Name one of the three brothers of Prometheus.

ATLAS / EPIMETHEUS / MENOETIUS

B1: What characteristic feature of Prometheus is shown by his name?

FORETHINKER/FORESIGHT

B2: What characteristic feature of Epimetheus is shown by his name?

AFTER-THINKER/AFTERTHOUGHT

Tossup 13: Septimius Severus was emperor at the time of the death of which early Christian martyr, the author of one of the oldest extant Christian texts and oldest Latin Christian text written by a woman?

VIBIA PERPETUA/ST. PERPETUA

B1: Perpetua was executed alongside an enslaved woman, St. Felicity, as well as three Christian men; in which North African city did the execution take place?

CARTHAGE

B2: Translate this famous line from Perpetua's hagiography: **facta sum masculus**.

I BECAME / WAS MADE A MAN / MASCULINE

Tossup 14: Give the comparative form of the Latin adverb **male**.

PĒIUS

B1: Give the comparative form of the Latin adjective **multus**.

PLŪS

B2: Give the comparative form of the Latin adverb **multō**.

**PLŪS**

Tossup 15: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: article, artifice, artisan, inertia?

**ARTICLE (DERIVED FROM ARTUS RATHER THAN ARS)**

B1: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: *volunteer*, *volitant*, *volatile*, and *volition*?

**VOLATILE (DERIVED FROM VOLŌ, VOLĀRE “TO FLY”  
RATHER THAN VOLŌ, VELLE “TO WANT”)**

B2: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: *intact*, *attain*, *tasty*, and *tangent*?

**NONE, ALL DERIVED FROM TANGŌ “TO TOUCH”**

Tossup 16: What fate was shared by Itys and Pelops at the hands of their family members?

**THEY WERE COOKED AND SERVED AS FOOD**

B1: Who was the mother of Itys, who killed him and fed him to his father as an act of revenge?

**PROCNE**

B2: Into what were Procne and her sister Philomela transformed?

**A SPARROW AND A NIGHTINGALE (accept also BIRDS)**

Tossup 17: Who was the first Roman emperor to have been captured in battle?

**VALERIAN**

B1: According to our ancient sources, Valerian was rumored to have been used as a footstool by Shapur I, king of which eastern rival of Rome?

**SASSANID EMPIRE**

B2: One account of Valerian’s death says that Shapur I poured molten gold down his throat, before flaying him and stuffing his skin — yikes! Which other famous Roman is rumored to have died via molten gold, and which empire was he captured by?

**CRASSUS**

Tossup 18: Give the 2nd person singular perfect active indicative of **interficiō**.

**INTERFĒCISTĪ**

B1: Make **interfēcistī** passive.

**INTERFECTUS/A ES**

B2: Make **interfectus es** subjunctive.

**INTERFECTUS/A SIS**

Tossup 19: What first-century C.E. Roman author addressed poems to a love interest named Cerinthus?

SULPICIA

B1: What genre of poetry, generally concerned with love or mourning, did Sulpicia write?

ELEGIES

B2: What other elegist's corpus includes a book compiled of other people's poems, including Sulpicia's and Lygdamus'?

TIBULLUS

Tossup 20: **Sententiae**, in Latin literature, are short pithy sayings that often express a philosophical sentiment. Translate this **sententia** from Publilius Syrus: **audendō virtūs crēscit, tardandō timor.**

VIRTUE GROWS BY DARING, FEAR (GROWS) BY DELAYING

B1: Now translate this one: **adspicere oportet quicquid possis perdere.**

IT'S NECESSARY / ONE OUGHT / YOU OUGHT TO WATCH  
WHATEVER YOU CAN LOSE

B2: Finally, translate this one: **avidum esse oportet nēminem, minimē senem.**

IT'S RIGHT FOR NO ONE TO / NO ONE SHOULD BE  
GREEDY, LEAST OF ALL AN OLD MAN

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### Replacement Questions

#### **CULTURE**

Tossup: What play of Seneca the Younger written around 50 C.E. is about the vengeance of the titular character on her husband Jason?

MEDEA

B1: Medea famously kills her two children at the end of the play. What two characters does Medea also kill offscreen?

CREUSA / CREON

B2: Where does *Medea* take place?

CORINTH

#### **HISTORY**

Tossup: Which Severan Roman emperor ordered a **damnātiō memoriae** of his co-emperor and brother, Geta?

CARACALLA

B1: Caracalla was especially notable for the Antonine Constitution, also known as the Edict of Caracalla. What did this edict guarantee?

## ROMAN CITIZENSHIP TO ALL FREE MEN IN THE EMPIRE

B2: Caracalla wasn't the first Roman politician to grant increased franchise to non-Roman men. Who, in 90 C.E., passed a law that granted Roman citizenship to any Italian ally who had not taken up arms against the state?

(LUCIUS) JULIUS CAESAR

## LANGUAGE

Tossup: What Latin phrase is used for the state motto of Virginia and was allegedly said by Brutus before stabbing Caesar?

**SĪC SEMPER TYRANNĪS**

B1: What Latin statement about eternal optimism is the state motto of South Carolina?

**DUM SPĪRŌ, SPĒRŌ**

B2: What Latin phrase about perseverance that references outer space is the state motto of Kansas?

**AD ASTRA PER ASPERA**

## MYTHOLOGY

Tossup: What couple rolled knucklebones to decide whether to name their daughter Alexandra or Helena?

HELEN AND PARIS / ALEXANDER

B1: What Trojan prince married Helen against her will after Paris' death?

DEIPHOBUS

B2: Who were the parents of Deiphobus?

PRIAM AND HECUBA

### ROUND THREE

Tossup 1: Who received advice from a talking reed on how to collect wool from man-eating sheep, which Aphrodite had ordered her to do?

PSYCHE

B1: How did Psyche successfully sort a roomful of assorted grains?

ANTS HELPED HER

B2: What did Aphrodite order Psyche to fetch from the Underworld?

(A JAR OF) WATER FROM THE STYX

Tossup 2: Which Gallic chieftain did Julius Caesar defeat at the Battle of Alesia in 52 B.C.E.?

VERCINGETORIX

B1: During the Gallic Wars, Caesar failed to subjugate Britain to Roman rule; which Julio-Claudian emperor launched the first successful invasion of the British Isles?

CLAUDIUS

B2: Name one of the two monumental walls which formed the foundation of Rome's defenses in Britain against unconquered Celtic peoples.

HADRIAN'S WALL / ANTONINE WALL

Tossup 3: Change the verb form **dīcimus** to the subjunctive.

**DĪCĀMUS**

B1: Change **dīcāmus** to the imperfect.

**DĪCERĒMUS**

B2: Change **dīcerēmus** to the pluperfect.

**DĪXISSĒMUS**

Tossup 4: Which of the following English words, if any, is not derived from the same Latin root as the others: courage, cursory, cursive, course, current?

COURAGE

B1: From what Latin noun with what meaning is "courage" ultimately derived?

**COR** - HEART

B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning are the other four words derived?

**CURRŌ** - TO RUN

Tossup 5: What ancient Christian philosopher wrote *Confessions*, *The City of God*, and *On Christian Doctrine*?

AUGUSTINE

B1: What region of the Roman empire was Augustine from?

NORTH AFRICA / HIPPO / NUMIDIA

B2: At the age of seventeen, Augustine studied rhetoric in Carthage. What legendary queen founded the city of Carthage and welcomes Aeneas into Carthage in Vergil's *Aeneid*?

DIDO / ELISSA

Tossup 6: What ancient Babylonian legal text inscribed on a basalt *stele* originated the principle of “an eye for an eye”?

HAMMURABI’S CODE

B1: What foundation of Roman law, inscribed in bronze in 449 B.C.E., stated the rights and duties of Roman citizens and was displayed in the forum?

TWELVE TABLES / **LĒX DUODECIM TABULĀRUM**

B2: What codification of Roman law created under a Christian Byzantine emperor was instituted almost 1,000 years later in the 6th century C.E.?

CODE OF JUSTINIAN / JUSTINIAN’S CODE / **CŌDEX JUSTĪNIĀNUS**

Tossup 7: The tribune of the plebs Saturninus secured the favor of Gaius Marius by proposing what populist policy in 103 BCE?

LAND REDISTRIBUTION (FOR MARIUS’ VETERANS)

B1: Marius was ultimately ordered to execute Saturninus and his ally Glaucia by the Senate, after the latter two hired agents to beat another candidate for office, Gaius Memmius, to death. What is the modern name given to the mechanism invoked by the Senate in ordering Marius to “defend the state”?

**SENĀTŪS CŌNSULTUM ŪLTIMUM**

B2: Which populist politician was the **senātūs cōnsultum ūltimum** first used against in 121 BCE?

GAIUS GRACCHUS

Tossup 8: What derivative of a Latin noun meaning “cloud” is an adjective meaning “hazy, ill-defined, or vague”?

NEBULOUS

B1: What derivative of a Latin noun meaning “fruit” is an adjective meaning “sparing or economical with respect to money or food”?

FRUGAL

B2: What derivative of a Latin noun meaning “head” means “a very steep cliff”?

PRECIPICE

Tossup 9: What use of the subjunctive is found in this sentence: **tam pulchra est ut mihī non crēdatur**?

RESULT

B1: Translate the sentence.

SHE IS SO PRETTY THAT I AM NOT BELIEVED

B2: Identify the use of the subjunctive in this sentence: **mīsīt lēgātōs quī haec dīcerent**.

RELATIVE CLAUSE OF PURPOSE

Tossup 10: What poetic word order, said by some to be the height of eloquence in dactylic hexameter, is illustrated in this sentence from Vergil's *Aeneid*: **aureā purpuream subnectit fibulā vestem?**

GOLDEN LINE

B1: If you were to invert the last two words of that line, what would the word order be called?

SILVER LINE / CHIASMUS

B2: As a rule, dactylic hexameter has a dactyl in the fifth foot of each line. What is the name for a line that breaks this rule?

SPONDAIC LINE / SPONDEIAZON

Tossup 11: What goddess did Erysichthon offend by cutting down a sacred tree in her temple?

DEMETER / CERES

B1: What was Erysichthon cursed with as a punishment?

INSATIABLE HUNGER / ATE HIMSELF

B2: Who was Erysichthon's daughter, who was gifted shapeshifting powers by Poseidon?

MESTRA / HYPERMNESTRA

Tossup 12: From 217 to 218 C.E., the equestrian Macrinus, in conjunction with his son Diadumenian, jointly ruled the empire. Which Roman-Arab woman, taking advantage of unrest in the Roman military, helped instigate Macrinus' defeat at the Battle of Antioch?

JULIA MAESA

B1: Julia Maesa had two equally influential, politically powerful daughters. Which one of these was the mother of Elagabalus, Diadumenian's successor?

JULIA SOAEMIAS

B2: Name Julia Maesa's other politically powerful daughter, the mother of the emperor Alexander Severus.

JULIA MAMEA

Tossup 13: What Latin novel, believed to have been written by Gaius Petronius in the late first century C.E. under the reign of Nero, features a mixture of prose and verse and was adapted for film by Federico Fellini in 1969?

SATYRICON

B1: What character in the *Satyricon* is an ostentatious, wealthy freedman who is compared to Jay Gatsby in F. Scott Fitzgerald's *The Great Gatsby*?

TRIMALCHIO

B2: What chapter of the *Satyricon* features Trimalchio and is the only completely intact chapter of the *Satyricon*?

CĒNA TRIMALCHIŌNIS / DINNER WITH TRIMALCHIO

Tossup 14: Translate into English: **Vultus huius mīrābile spectātū est.**

THIS ONE'S / HER / HIS / ITS APPEARANCE IS MARVELOUS / MIRACULOUS TO  
BEHOLD / SEE / LOOK AT

B1: Translate into English: **Illud carmen difficile cantātū erat.**

THAT SONG / POEM WAS DIFFICULT TO SING

B2: Translate into English: **Ingēns anguis, horrible dīctū, eum interfēcit.**

A HUGE SNAKE / SERPENT, HORRIBLE TO SAY / RELATE, KILLED HIM

Tossup 15: Who was Odysseus' loyal enslaved swineherd, who was kind to Odysseus while he was disguised as a beggar?

EUMAEUS

B1: Who was Odysseus' loyal enslaved cowherd, who helped him slay the suitors of Penelope?

PHILOETIUS

B2: Who was Odysseus' treacherous enslaved goatherd, who was cruel to Odysseus while he was disguised as a beggar?

MELANTHIUS

Tossup 16: What North African author wrote the only Latin novel to survive in its entirety, *The Metamorphoses*, also known as *The Golden Ass*?

APULEIUS

B1: The protagonist of the novel, Lucius, spends most of the book in the form of a donkey until he is turned back into a human by a goddess. Who is this goddess, who was worshiped in Rome alongside her husband Osiris?

ISIS

B2: Eunuch priests known as the Galli appear in *The Golden Ass*. What goddess, also known in Rome as Magna Mater, did the Galli attend?

CYBELE

Tossup 17: What two Latin words, with what meanings, are combined to form the verb **mālō, mālle**?

**MAGIS**—MORE/RATHER and **VŌLŌ** - TO WANT/WISH

B1: Give the 2nd person singular present active indicative of **mālō**.

**MĀVĪS**

B2: Make **māvīs** subjunctive.

**MĀLĪS**

Tossup 18: Differentiate in meaning between **lūceō** and **lūgeō**.

**LŪCEŌ** - SHINE / **LŪGEŌ** - MOURN

B1: What noun related to **lūceō** means 'a grove, especially one sacred to a god'?

**LŪCUS**

B2: What 3rd-declension neuter noun also means 'a grove'?

**NEMUS**

Tossup 19: Name the two musically gifted sons of the Thracian river god Oeagrus.

**ORPHEUS AND LINUS**

B1: Which Muse was said by some to be their mother?

**CALLIOPE**

B2: What group killed Orpheus?

**MAENADS**

Tossup 20: Which Roman historian provides us with the only full account of the First Samnite War?

**LIVY**

B1: Under which emperor did Livy write *Ab Urbe Condita*?

**AUGUSTUS**

B2: Livy was born in Padua, at the time one of Rome's wealthiest provincial cities: which province was the city part of, before its merger into Italy proper?

**(CISALPINE) GAUL**

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### **Replacement Questions**

#### **CULTURE**

Tossup: What Roman author in the year 2 C.E. wrote the *Ars Amatoria*, an instructional elegy series on the topic of romance?

**OVID**

B1: What Roman emperor banished Ovid in the year 8 C.E.?

**AUGUSTUS / OCTAVIAN**

B2: In the *Ars Amatoria*, Ovid recounts the story of Vulcan's trap for Venus and Mars. What was Vulcan's trap for Venus and Mars?

**ENSNARES THEM IN A NET**

#### **HISTORY**

Tossup: What event did Pliny the Younger compare to a pine tree in a letter written in 79 C.E.?

**(THE CLOUD FROM) THE ERUPTION OF MT. VESUVIUS**

B1: To which famous Roman historian did Pliny the Younger write his description of this event?

**TACITUS**

B2: Pliny the Younger wrote the famous letter, but Pliny the Elder was the one to experience the events at Vesuvius. How were the two related?

UNCLE / NEPHEW

## LANGUAGE

Tossup: Translate: **Rēx malus dīxit sē urbem amāre sed nōn populum.**

THE BAD KING SAID THAT HE LOVED THE CITY BUT NOT THE PEOPLE

B1: Translate: **Rēx nēscīvit quid dīceret.**

THE KING DID NOT KNOW WHAT TO SAY / WHAT HE SHOULD SAY

B2: Translate: **Spērāmus māgnūm rēgem ad urbem venturum.**

WE HOPE THAT THE GREAT KING WILL COME TO THE CITY

## MYTHOLOGY

Tossup: Baucis and Philemon were turned into trees as a reward for their hospitality to which two gods?

JUPITER AND MERCURY / ZEUS AND HERMES

B1: What young woman was also turned into a tree by her father as a means to escape Apollo?

DAPHNE

B2: Into what tree was Daphne transformed?

LAUREL TREE

## SEMIFINAL ROUND

Tossup 1: What formerly enslaved ancient Latin playwright, active in the 2nd century B.C.E., wrote the *Adelphoe* after being taken to Rome as a slave and is referenced in the poetry of Phillis Wheatley?

TERENCE

B1: What fact about Terence does his cognomen, Afer, reference?

HE WAS BORN IN AFRICA

B2: Also appearing in the name of the city Philadelphia, what does *Adelphoe* mean?

BROTHERS

Tossup 2: Which Roman noblewoman was suspected in the death of Scipio Aemelianus?

SEMPRONIA

B1: Sempronia was the sister of Tiberius Gracchus, one of the ill-fated Gracchi brothers; what proposed law of the Gracchi led to their conflict with the senate, and eventual death?

**LĒX AGRĀRIA** OF LAND REDISTRIBUTION FROM WEALTHY ROMANS TO  
POOR FARMERS

B2: Tiberius' first cousin, Publius Cornelius Scipio Nasica Serapio, instigated the formers' death. Publius Cornelius held the office of **pontifex m̄aximus**: in light of this, what justification did he give for Tiberius' murder?

MURDER WAS FRAMED AS A RELIGIOUS SACRIFICE

Tossup 3: Who were the parents of Minos, the king of Crete, one of whom is the namesake of a continent?

ZEUS AND EUROPA

B1: In what form did Zeus carry Europa to Crete?

(WHITE) BULL

B2: What ancestor of Europa's had her own encounter with Zeus and was turned into a cow?

IO

Tossup 4: What Latin idiom, equivalent in sense to "when pigs fly," literally means "on the Greek kalends"?

**AD KALENDĀS GRAECĀS**

B1: What Latin idiom is equivalent in sense to "speak of the devil"?

**EST LUPUS IN FABULĀ**

B2: What Latin idiom, equivalent in sense to "from beginning to end," references the traditional order of a Roman meal?

**AB ŌVŌ (USQUE) AD MĀLA**

Tossup 5: Which of the following, if any, is not derived from the same Latin verb as the others: attain, maintain, retain, sustain?

ATTAIN

B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive “attain”?

**TANGŌ** - TO TOUCH (accept also ATTINGERE, TO TOUCH/ARRIVE AT)

B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive maintain, retain, and sustain?

**TENEŌ**, TO HOLD/STRETCH

Tossup 6: What was the name of the Greek soldier who convinced the Trojans to bring the Trojan Horse into the walls of their city?

SINON

B1: What is the name of the Trojan priest who was killed by a serpent for throwing a spear at the Trojan Horse?

LAOCOON

B2: Who gave the Trojan princess Cassandra the gift of prophecy, with the simultaneous curse to never be believed?

APOLLO

Tossup 7: Differentiate in meaning between **fācundus** and **fēcundus**.

**FĀCUNDUS** - ELOQUENT / **FĒCUNDUS** - FERTILE, ABUNDANT

B1: Differentiate in meaning between **acerbus** and **acervus**.

**ACERBUS** - BITTER, GLOOMY, DARK / **ACERVUS** - HEAP, MASS, PILE

B2: Differentiate in meaning between **aestās** and **aetās**.

**AESTĀS** - SUMMER, HEAT / **AETĀS** - TIME, AGE

Tossup 8: In Aeschylus’s *Prometheus Bound*, why is Prometheus being punished?

STOLE FIRE FROM THE GODS (TO GIVE TO MAN)

B1: In Aeschylus’s *Prometheus Bound*, what is Prometheus’s punishment?

LIVER EATEN BY EAGLE EVERY DAY

B2: In Aeschylus’s *Prometheus Bound*, Io visits Prometheus while he is restrained. Which goddess transformed Io into a cow/heifer?

HERA

Tossup 9: For the verb **salio**, give the 1st person singular imperfect passive indicative.

**SALIĒBAR**

B1: Make **saliēbar** subjunctive.

**SALĪRER**

B2: Give the accusative supine form of **salio**.

**SALTUM**

Tossup 10: Who was the first man to stab Caesar on the Ides of March in 44 B.C.E.?

(PUBLIUS SERVILIUS) CASCA

B1: What did Casca's brother Tullius do to signal the attack?

PULLED DOWN CAESAR'S TOGA

B2: How many stab wounds did Caesar receive from the conspirators, according to Plutarch?

TWENTY-THREE

Tossup 11: What author wrote the *Georgics*, a poem of four books with an agricultural theme?

VERGIL

B1: Vergil dedicates Book 1 of the *Georgics* to Maecenas. What was Vergil's relationship to Maecenas?

LITERARY PATRON

B2: Messalla was another famous literary patron in Rome during the early empire. Name one Latin author whom Messalla sponsored.

OVID / TIBULLUS / Sulpicia / Lygdamus

Tossup 12: In poetry, what rhetorical device involves the continuation of a sentence into the next line without pause?

ENJAMBMENT

B1: What rhetorical device involves the splitting of a compound word by an intervening word or set of words?

TMESIS

B2: What rhetorical device involves the use of three closely connected or parallel descriptive elements increasing in size or emphasis?

TRICOLON CRESCENS

Tossup 13: According to Apollodorus, which two rivers did Hercules divert in order to clean the Augean Stables during his fifth labor?

ALPHEUS & PENEUS

B1: According to Apollodorus, Hercules's sixth labor was to man-eating Stymphalian birds. To which god were these birds sacred?

ARES

B2: King Eurystheus assigned Hercules ten labors initially. Which two labors did Eurystheus not count, leading him to assign Hercules two additional labors, stealing the golden apples of Hesperides and the slaying of Cerberus?

SLAYING THE HYDRA & CLEANING THE AUGEAN STABLES

Tossup 14: Identify the use of the ablative in the following sentence: **Mercurius Iove et Maiā nātus erat.**

SOURCE / ORIGIN

B1: Translate this line from Terence which uses an ablative of origin: **ex mē hīc nātus nōn est sed ex frātre meō.**

THIS ONE / HE IS NOT MY SON BUT MY BROTHER'S (HE WAS NOT BORN FROM ME BUT FROM MY BROTHER)

B2: Identify the use of the ablative in this sentence from Vergil's *Georgics*: **templum de marmore pōnam.**

MATERIAL

Tossup 15: Which emperor died from the Antonine Plague in 169 C.E.?

LUCIUS VERUS

B1: What was the title of the medical treatise that Galen wrote, in which he described the various symptoms and treatment options of plague victims?

**METHODUS MEDENDĪ** / METHOD OF HEALING

B2: Which emperor did Cassius Dio say was worse than both plagues and criminals combined?

COMMODUS

Tossup 16: Which Roman author is described by the following: he supposedly had Caesar over for dinner at his house once; he was about 15 years younger than Caesar and died around age 30; we have 116 of his poems, many of which mention his tumultuous romance with a married woman?

(GAIUS VALERIUS) CATULLUS

B1: Catullus addresses his lady love as 'Lesbia'; what historical woman is this widely believed to be a pseudonym for?

CLODIA (METELLI)

B2: Translate this line from Catullus: **passer mortuus est meae puellae.**

MY GIRL'S SPARROW/DOVE IS DEAD

Tossup 17: From what Latin noun, with what meaning, do we derive "cornea"?

**CORNU** - HORN

B1: From what Latin noun, with what meaning, do we derive "retina"?

**RĒTE** - NET

B2: What diminutive form of the Latin noun meaning 'eye' is used as an affectionate address in poetry?

**OCELLUS** (accept **OCELLE**)

Tossup 18: **Subesse** and **subēsse**, spelled the same besides a long mark, are the second principal parts of two separate verbs in Latin. Give the first principal part and the meaning of one of these verbs.

**SUBEDŌ** - TO EAT UNDER OR AWAY, GNAW AT /  
**SUBSUM** - TO BE UNDERNEATH, BE NEAR, BE AT HAND

B1: Give the first principal part and the meaning of the other.

B2: Give the first principal part and the meaning of the verb whose second principal part is **subīre**.

**SUBEŌ - TO GO UNDER**

Tossup 19: Name one emperor of Rome in the year 238 C.E.

MAXIMINUS THRAX / GORDIAN I / GORDIAN II /  
PUPIENUS / BALBINUS / GORDIAN III

B1: The aptly titled “Year of the Six Emperors” was one major early event of the Crisis of the Third Century; Diocletian’s rise as emperor is generally agreed to mark the end of the crisis. What policy did Diocletian implement that split the Roman empire into two?

**TETRARCHY**

B2: The Crisis of the Third century is typically dated a bit earlier than the Year of the Six Emperors, beginning with the assassination of Alexander Severus by his own troops in 235 CE. What major natural disaster occurred around 15 years afterwards, leading to widespread death and famine across the empire?

**PLAGUE (OF CYPRIAN)**

Tossup 20: What Roman holiday am I celebrating? On the 17th of December, I go to the forum and attend a sacrifice at the temple of the god of time and wealth. I then give gifts to my friends and family and overturn Roman social norms: I might gamble, attend a feast put on by masters for their slaves, and elect a king. Catullus calls it “the best of days.”

**SATURNALIA**

B1: What Roman holiday am I celebrating? On the 15th of February, I attend a sacrifice at the cave where Romulus and Remus were said to have suckled a she-wolf. After a feast, priests take the skins of the sacrificed animals and strike women with them as a fertility ritual.

**LUPERCALIA**

B2: What Roman holiday am I celebrating? On the 27th or 28th of April, I attend games and theatrical performances in worship of the goddess of flowers and springtime.

**FLORALIA**

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### **Replacement Questions**

#### **CULTURE**

Tossup: What Roman poet, whose father was said to be a freedman, wrote *Odes*, *Epodes*, *Satires*, and *Epistles* during the first century B.C.E.?

**HORACE**

B1: In Book 2 of the *Odes*, Horace says that he fled the Battle of Philippi. Which emperor fought in the Battle of Philippi?

AUGUSTUS / OCTAVIAN

B2: While Octavian fought the Battle of Philippi with Mark Antony as his ally, he later fought the Battle of Actium against Mark Antony and the ruler of Egypt. Who was the ruler of Egypt at the time, whose death Horace has a poem celebrating?

CLEOPATRA

## HISTORY

Tossup: In 52 BCE, hired mobs of Publius Clodius Pulcher and Titus Annius Milo clashed regularly in the streets, making normal elections nearly impossible. What unprecedented, unconstitutional action did the Senate take this year in order to restore order to the city?

GNAEUS POMPEY APPOINTED SOLE CONSUL

B1: During his lifetime, Pompey “Magnus” took other unprecedented actions in the history of the Republic. What unprecedented action did Pompey take after his victory in Numidia?

ASK FOR A TRIUMPH

B2: Name one of the three major military victories that prompted Pompey’s reorganization of Rome’s eastern provinces.

VICTORY AGAINST PIRATES; DEFEAT OF MITHRIDATES;  
COLLAPSE OF SELEUCID EMPIRE

## LANGUAGE

Tossup: Identify the type of conditional in the following sentence: **Sī flūmen trānseam, sim Rōmae.**

FUTURE LESS VIVID

B1: Identify the type of conditional in the following sentence: **Sī cibum ad me tulissēs, ēdissem.**

PAST CONTRARY TO FACT

B2: Translate the previous sentence into English.

IF YOU HAD BROUGHT FOOD TO ME, I WOULD HAVE EATEN

## MYTHOLOGY

Tossup: Zeus is notorious for falling in love with women, but subjecting them to the wrath of his wife Hera. One such nymph, Callisto, was transformed first into a bear and later into what constellation?

URSA MAJOR

B1: Lycaon was transformed first into a wolf and later into what constellation?

LUPUS

B2: Who was the famous hunter killed by Apollo for having a relationship with Artemis, who is now a constellation with a famous belt?

ORION

## FINAL ROUND

Tossup 1: The Latin motto of the city of Philadelphia is **Philadelphiā manētō**. Fully identify the form of **manētō**.

THIRD PERSON SINGULAR FUTURE ACTIVE IMPERATIVE

B1: We often see the future imperative used with present sense in commands, as in the case of the famous commandment **mementō morī**. Change this phrase to its plural form.

**MEMENTŌTE MORĪ**

B2: Name one other way to express a positive command in Latin.

HORTATORY {JUSSIVE} SUBJUNCTIVE / PRESENT IMPERATIVE

Tossup 2: In Virgil's *Aeneid*, what animal are the Carthaginians and Dido compared to through simile?

BEES

B1: At what location does the father of Aeneas, Anchises, die?

DREPANUM/DREPANA

B2: Who guides Aeneas through the underworld?

THE SIBYL

Tossup 3: Which emperor, who came to power in his old age, was pinched on the cheek by Augustus as a boy and was told "You too, child, will have a nibble at this power of mine"?

GALBA

B1: Where in the city of Rome was Galba killed?

THE FORUM / LACUS CURTIUS

B2: Galba's grandfather reacted to the prediction that Galba would eventually become emperor with the quip "Very likely, when a mule has a foal." What does this phrase mean?

IT WAS UNLIKELY / NEVER GOING TO HAPPEN

Tossup 4: Which step in the **cursus honōrum** qualified a Roman for entrance into the Senate?

QUAESTOR

B1: Which step in the **cursus honōrum** qualified a Roman to be governor of a province?

PRAETOR

B2: What was the final step in the **cursus honōrum**?

CENSOR

Tossup 5: Translate into English this line adapted from Seneca's *Medea*: **fortūna fortēs metuit et ignāvōs premit**.

FORTUNE FEARS THE {BRAVE/BOLD} AND {CRUSHES/PRESSES}  
{COWARDS/LAZY PEOPLE}

B1: What common Latin phrase, which translates to “fortune favors the bold,” is Seneca riffing on?

FORTUNA FORTES/AUDENTES/AUDACES (AD)IUVAT

B2: What author’s last words, according to his nephew, were **fortūna fortēs iuvat: Pompōniānum pete**, before he and his fleet set out in an ill-fated attempt to investigate the eruption of Mount Vesuvius?

PLINY THE ELDER

Tossup 6: Frequently mentioned in Cicero’s letters, what is the name of the formerly enslaved man who published Cicero’s writings after his death?

(MARCUS TULLIUS) TIRO

B1: What is the process by which enslaved individuals became free in ancient Rome?

MANUMISSION

B2: Why are Tiro’s *nomen* and *praenomen* Marcus Tullius?

THEY ARE CICERO’S NAMES

Tossup 7: In Sophocles’s play *Oedipus Rex*, what is the name of the man who raised Oedipus as his son, after Oedipus was left to die by his birth parents?

POLYBUS

B1: In Sophocles’s play *Oedipus Rex*, where was Oedipus raised by Polybus?

CORINTH

B2: In Sophocles’s play *Oedipus Rex*, what is the name of Polybus’s wife, the adopted mother of Odysseus?

MEROPE

Tossup 8: From what Latin verb, with what meaning, is the English word *conspiracy* derived?

**SPĪRŌ** - BREATHE

B1: From what Latin noun, with what meaning, is the English word *revelry* derived?

**BELLUM** - WAR

B2: From what Latin verb, with what meaning, is the English word *exultant* derived?

**SALIŌ / SALTŌ** - JUMP

Tossup 9: Which of the following is a Latin word for a pen made from a reed: **calix**, **calamus**, **calābrix**, **calvus**?

**CALAMUS**

B1: What was a **calix** used for?

DRINKING

B2: What does the adjective **calvus** mean?

BALD / SMOOTH / BARE

Tossup 10: Who selected the members of the Seven Against Thebes?

ADSTRATUS

B1: What were the sons of the Seven Against Thebes called?

EPIGONI

B2: Which of the Seven Against Thebes was the father of Diomedes?

TYDEUS

Tossup 11: What was the name of the colony that the Romans attempted to settle on top of Jerusalem, igniting the Bar Kokhba Revolt?

AELIA CAPITOLINA

B1: Who was emperor at the time of the Bar Kokhba Revolt?

HADRIAN

B2: Who was the Roman general that crushed the Bar Kokhba Revolt?

JULIUS SEVERUS

Tossup 12: Translate into English the Latin idiom **nāvem solvere**.

TO SET SAIL (UNTIE THE SHIP FROM THE MOORINGS)

B1: Translate the idiom **nāvem dēdūcere**.

TO LAUNCH A SHIP (PUT A SHIP INTO THE WATER)

B2: Translate the idiom **ancoram iacēre**.

TO DROP ANCHOR

Tossup 13: What Roman author wrote extensively on atoms and metaphysical theory in a six-book didactic poem composed in the 1st century B.C.E.?

(TITUS CARUS) LUCRETIUS

B1: Translate into English the title of Lucretius' poem, *De Rerum Natura*.

ON THE NATURE OF THINGS

B2: What word, literally meaning "a seed," does Lucretius often use to refer to atoms?

SEMEN / SEMINA

Tossup 14: Marcus Brutus' wife Servillia was the older half-sister of which staunchly conservative late Republican politician?

CATO THE YOUNGER

B1: What political tactic is Cato known to have used to frustrate Julius Caesar's first consulship and later land reform bill?

FILIBUSTER

B2: For what reason did Cato use a filibuster against Caesar's candidacy for his first consulship, following Caesar's governorship of Hispania?

CAESAR ATTEMPTED TO STAND *IN ABSENTIA* FOR THE CONSULSHIP

Tossup 15: Who are the brothers of Antigone who die at each other's hands while fighting for the throne of Thebes?

ETEOCLES AND POLYNICES

B1: Which of Antigone's two brothers, Eteocles and Polynices, did Creon decree must not be given a proper burial?

POLYNICES

B2: To what woman, who turned to stone because of grief, is Antigone compared?

NIOBE

Tossup 16: What English derivative of the Latin verb meaning "to become" means "an ultimate decree"?

FIAT

B1: What English derivative of the Latin verb meaning "to speak" means "a formal pronouncement?"

EDICT / DICTUM

B2: What English derivative of the Latin verb meaning "to take" means "a rule, principle, or commandment"?

PRECEPT

Tossup 17: What headdress, identified as either a basket or grain-measure, is often depicted on the head of the god Serapis?

MODIUS / CALATHUS / KALATHOS

B1: Which Egyptian ruler, the son of Lagus and Arsinoe of Macedon, introduced the cult of Serapis to Alexandria?

PTOLEMY I SOTER / PTOLEMY THE FIRST

B2: Which Greek island, a duty-free trading port during the Hellenistic Period, offers the largest number of inscriptions to Egyptian deities outside Egypt?

DELOS

Tossup 18: Which of the following Latin abbreviations might you find on a prescription bottle: O.v., q.d., P.M.A., M.O.?

Q.d.

B1: Provide the full Latin phrase and its meaning for q.d..

QUAQUE DIE, MEANING "EVERY DAY"

B2: If you saw the abbreviation C.C. being used on a prescription bottle, how would you take your medicine?

CUM CIBO / WITH FOOD

Tossup 19: What major political reform for non-patricians emerged from the so-called Conflict of the Orders?

## TRIBUNICIAN POWER / TRIBŪNĪCIA POTESTĀS

B1: Name one of the two main aspects of the tribunician power, leveraged by Augustus to cement his control over Rome?

## TRIBUNICIAN VETO / SACROSANCTITY

B2: Only plebeians were allowed to hold the office of tribune of the plebs; how was Publius Clodius Pulcher, born to the *Claudii* patrician clan, able to stand for the office?

## ADOPTION INTO A PLEBEIAN FAMILY

Tossup 20: Listen to the following passage edited from Cicero's second *Philippic*, in which he speaks directly to Marc Antony. After I read the passage twice, answer the following question in English.

**Victor ē Thessaliā Brundisium cum legiōnibus revertistī. Magnum beneficium! Ibi mē nōn occīdistī. Tanta est enim cāritās patriae, ut vestrīs etiam legiōnibus sāctus essem, quod eam ā mē servātām esse meminissent.**

What is the kindness that Cicero believes Antony provided to him?

## ANTONY SPARED / DID NOT KILL HIM

B1: Identify the case and reason of **Brundisium** in the first sentence.

## ACCUSATIVE OF PLACE TO WHICH / MOTION TOWARD

B2: According to Cicero, what had he done to make Antony's legions regard him as sacred?

## HE HAD SAVED THE COUNTRY

(LIT: THE COUNTRY HAD BEEN SAVED BY HIM)

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## Replacement Questions

### CULTURE

Tossup: What major Sumerian city-state on the Euphrates in modern-day Iraq, famously visited by Agatha Christie, is a UNESCO World Heritage Site and is featured prominently at the Penn Museum?

## UR

B1: The Penn Museum houses many Greek vases in the Greek gallery. What is the name of Greek vases that have narrow necks with two arms on either side?

## AMPHORAE

B2: In the Roman gallery of the Penn Museum sits a marble block that used to display the name of the emperor Domitian before it was chiseled off by decree of the Roman senate. What is the name of the process by which people are excluded from the official historical record, which can include the destruction of monuments, inscriptions, documents, and other depictions of the person?

## DAMNATIO MEMORIAE / CONDEMNATION OF MEMORY

### HISTORY

Tossup: What indigenous Italian group, after 200 years of on-and-off warfare, did the consul Titus Manlius Torquatus battle and defeat at Volterra in 298 B.C.E.?

ETRUSCANS

B1: Etruscan religion was equally adopted and vilified by Roman conquerors. One particular source of Roman scorn involved divination using a sheep's liver: what was this practice called?

HARUSPICY

B2: In what Etruscan city is the François Tomb located?

VOLCI / VULCI

### LANGUAGE

Tossup: Provide the Latin and translation for the abbreviation Q.E.D.

**QUOD ERAT DĒMŌNSTRĀNDUM**, MEANING "THAT WHICH WAS  
DEMONSTRATED / THAT WHICH WAS TO BE DEMONSTRATED"

B1: By what group of people is this abbreviation typically used?

MATHEMATICIANS / PHILOSOPHERS

B2: Identify the form of **dēmōnstrāndum**.

GERUNDIVE

### MYTHOLOGY

Tossup: In Aeschylus's *The Libation Bearers*, part of the *Oresteia* trilogy, which god ordered Orestes to take revenge on Clytemnestra?

APOLLO

B1: In Aeschylus's *The Libation Bearers*, what is the name of Orestes's sister who helps him come up with the plan to murder Clytemnestra and Aegisthus?

ELECTRA

B2: In Aeschylus's *The Eumenides*, which goddess saved Orestes from the Fates and decided that his fate would be determined by a court trial?

ATHENA