ACPES Journal of Physical Education, Sport, and Health X (X) (20XX)



ACPES Journal of Physical Education, Sport, and Health



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Title of Manuscript (Subtitle if Any)

Author Name¹, Co-author Name²

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Article Info Abstract Title is written in English language and informative, concise, and not too long or short (5 -12 word). Abstract is concisely written about the most important ideas and contain the problems or research objectives, research method, and research results in 150-200 words. Containing introduction, methods, result, and conclusion. Keywords contains main words consisting of 3-5 words or phrases. Keywords: Keywords: Keyword1; Keyword2; Keyword3

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eISSN 2548-7604

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Introduction

Introduction is presented in an integrated manner without subtitle. It is written in the form of paragraphs with a length of 15-20% of the manuscript's length, and contains background or research rational, theoretical basis (literature review in brief), and research objective (Alemu et al., 2017).

Original/unique words should be italicized and explained in English for its first time mentioning in the manuscript. Example: (1) "Becak" is a three-wheeled land transportation which is pedaled from behind whose passengers sit in the front; (2) "Batik" is a traditional artistic painted cloth/fabric which is painted with liquid wax using a tool named canting; and (3) "Nasi Tumpeng" is steamed turmeric-colored rice which is shaped like a cone (Anderson et al., 2016).

METHOD

Method is written with a length of 15-20% of the manuscripts length and contain: (1) the study designs; (2) data collection techniques and data sources; and (2) method of data analysis. Studies with sensitive topic or treated human and/or other living-creatures should mention the number of Ethical Clearance Letter and the institution which declare it.

RESULT AND DISCUSION

Results and discussion are presented with a length of 60-70% of the manuscript length. The results represent a major part of scientific manuscripts containing: (1) Results of data analysis; (2) Results of hypothesis testing; (3) It can be presented with a table or graph to clarify results (located on the top or bottom of the page); (4) Discussion is an important part of the entire scientific manuscript. The purposes of the discussion: answer the research problem, interpret the findings, integrate the findings of research into the existing knowledge, and formulate a new theory or modify the existing theories; and (5) Serial number that is used is number (1), (2), (3), and so on, do not need to use composite numbers. Hyphens should not change the serial number. Figures and tables should be located in the end or in the beginning of the page. (Ayorinde & Alabi, 2019; Hayden et al., 2018).

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Table 1. Comparison between Model and Real Cases for Initial Stages, Large Scale Restriction and New Normal

Parameter	Initial			Large Restriction			New Normal		
	S ^{a)}	R ^{b)}	$\mathbf{D}^{c)}$	S ^{a)}	R ^{b)}	$D^{c)}$	S ^{a)}	R ^{b)}	$\mathbf{D}^{c)}$
			(%)			(%)			(%)
Number of testing	13,053	12,981	0.55	115,796	121,396	-4.61	757,104	759,672	-0.34

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Number of confirmed positive	1,141	1,163	-1.89	6,918	7,008	-1.28	54,594	53,733	1.60
Number of cured	65	68	-4.41	2,414	2,475	-2.46	40,767	40,705	0.15
Number of dead detected	171	179	-4.47	463	479	-3.34	1,383	1,371	0.88

^{a)}Number from simulation, ^{b)}Number from Real Case, ^{c)}Difference between simulation and real case

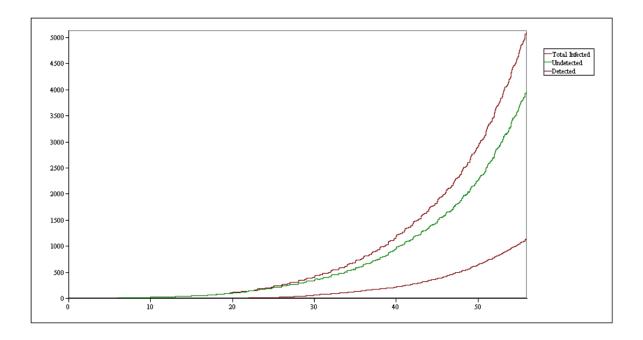


Figure 1. Number of positive cases (detected, undetected and total) in early phase

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CONCLUSION

Contain conclusions and recommendations. Conclusions contain answers to the research questions. Recommendations refer to the results of research and practical form of action, specify to whom and for what recommendation intended. Written in essay form, not in numerical form.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Mention the funding sponsor institution. Mention non-co-authors people who contribute on the study and/or the paper composing.

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