C. & M. A. Chui Chak Lam Memorial School 2024-2025 1st Term P.5 Revision Guidelines---Unit (6)

Class: P.5 Name:	()
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Target vocabulary (重點生字)

1. Students can recognize, read aloud and spell vocabulary 1-12.

學生能正確地辨認、朗讀及串出生字1-12。

2. Students can recognize and read aloud extended vocabulary.

學生能正確地辨認及朗讀到延伸生字。

3. Students can find the pictures of the words (1-12) on Book P. 49.

學生可在此找到生字的意思及圖畫: Book P.49, 3000+ Words (Level 5): P.23-26

A. Museums 博物館 / Parks 公園 / Places 地方 and Relevant Activities 相關活動

Museums / Parks / Places	Relevant Activities
1. the Science Museum	7. look at the displays
2. the Space Museum	8. watch a sky show
3. the Cultural Centre	9. watch a ballet
4. Hong Kong Wetland Park	10. look at the plants and animals
5. Ocean Park	11. ride on the cable car
6. Disneyland	12. take photos with cartoon characters

Extended (延伸):

Museums: the Museum of Art / the Museum of History / the Railway Museum

Places: Aberdeen / Cheung Chau / Sai Kung / Wong Tai Sin Temple

Activities: eat seafood / admire the collections of art and historical objects / see the old Tai

Po Railway Station

B.□ Extended Vocabulary延伸生字

Refer to: 3000+ Words (Level 5): P.23-26 (sightseeing spots and activities)

Target sentence structures (重點句式)

1. □ **Have** you **ever been to** Ocean Park?

Yes. I have.

No, I have <u>never</u> been there / to Ocean Park.

- **2.** □ **How many times** have you been to Ocean Park? I have been to Ocean Park once / twice / (X) times. 3. □ What did you do at Ocean Park / there? I rode on the cable car. **P.1** Language focus (語文知識) Students can apply the following language items flexibly in four language aspects: Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing. 學生須靈活運用以下的語文知識於聽、說、讀、寫四個語文範疇 Use the auxiliary verb 'have' to seek information. 運用助動詞'have'來尋找資料。 Use the present perfect tense to relate past events to the present. **2.** □ 運用現在完成式將過去和現在的事情連繫起來。 Use adverbs 'ever' / 'never' when using the present perfect tense. 3. □ 運用副詞 'ever'/ never' 時須配合現在完成式。 e.g. Have you ever been to Ocean Park? Yes, I have. No, I have never been to Ocean Park. Use the interrogative adverb 'how many times' to ask about frequency. **4.** \Box 運用疑問代名詞 'how many times' 來詢問進行某些事情的次數。 Use adverbs 'once / twice / three times ...' to talk about the number of visits. **5.** □
 - 運用副詞 'once / twice / three times' 來表示探訪 / 參觀的次數。
 - e.g. **How many times** have you been to Ocean Park? I have been to Ocean Park once / twice / (X) times.
 - Use the interrogative pronoun 'what' to find out specific information about a **6.** □ person. 運用疑問代名詞 'what' 去找出某人的詳細資料。
 - **7.** □ Use the simple past tense to talk about past activities. 運用過去式敍述過去的事情。
 - Use adverbs to indicate places. **8.** □ 運用副詞來表示地方。
 - e.g. What did you do at Ocean Park / there? I rode on the cable car.

Phonics (拼音)

Self-learning (自學)

Students are encouraged to learn by themselves after school. 鼓勵學生在課餘時進行自學

□ Read aloud words on 3000+ Words (Level 5) P.23-26 (Unit 3) to parent.

朗讀3000+ Words (Level 5) P.23-26 (第三課) 的生字, 並請家長於以下位置加簽

*Students may visit the following website for the recording of the words.

http://3000wfw.pearson.com.hk/index.php?section=1

Parent's signature:

Remark (備註)

Students should evaluate what they have learnt with their parents by ticking the box beside each learning item regularly.

學生須定時與父母一同評估是否已掌握所學。如已掌握, 可在每個學習重點旁的格子內打上**√**號。