Imperfect: Part II

Remember, the imperfect is used for past actions that are not seen as completed. Use of the imperfect tense implies that the past action did not have a definite beginning or a definite end. The imperfect tells when -- in general, an action occurred.

Good news! There are only three irregular verbs in the imperfect. You must simply memorize them.

Pronouns	ser	ir	ver
Yo	era	<mark>iba</mark>	ve <mark>ía</mark>
Tú	<mark>eras</mark>	<mark>ibas</mark>	ve <mark>ías</mark>
Él/Ella/Ud.	<mark>era</mark>	<mark>iba</mark>	ve <mark>ía</mark>
Nosotros/as	<mark>éramos</mark>	<mark>íbamos</mark>	ve <mark>íamos</mark>
Vosotros/as	<mark>erais</mark>	<mark>íbais</mark>	ve <mark>íais</mark>
Ellos/as Uds	<mark>eran</mark>	<mark>iban</mark>	ve <mark>ían</mark>

To review some of the rules for using the imperfect:

- 1. The imperfect is used for actions that were repeated habitually.
- 2. The imperfect is used for actions that "set the stage" for another action.
 - 3. The imperfect is used for telling time and stating one's age.

PRACTICE LINKS:

Mini Test Basic Quiz Oral Activity Memrise

Conjuguemos Challenge Board Game