

A Title should be the Fewest Possible Words that Accurately Describe the Content of the Paper **(Reflect the essence of the article, written maximum 15 words Garamond, Left, Bold, 16pt)**

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(full name without academic title, Garamond, Font Size 11, Bold)

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(11pt Normal, No Bold)

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Info Artikel	ABSTRAK
Submitted:	Abstrak ditulis dengan bahasa Indonesia dan bahasa Inggris (cetak miring) dan bahas Indonesia dengan huruf font yang sudah ada di template, ukuran font 10 dengan spasi 1. Abstrak harus ditulis dengan jelas, singkat dan deskriptif yang ditulis dalam 1 paragraf harus memberikan pengantar singkat disertai dengan; Latar belakang: Tujuan: Metode: Hasil: Kesimpulan: Abstrak ditulis dengan maksimal sebanyak 250 kata. Kata Kunci: satu, dua, tiga, empat, lima (kata kunci ditulis maksimal 5 kosa kata).
Revised:	
Accepted:	
*Corresponding author (Diisi nama penulis pertama)	
Email: (diisi email penulis pertama)	
	ABSTRACT
	<i>Abstrak ditulis dalam bahasa Inggris ditulis dengan cetak miring. Komponen isi mengikuti abstrak bahas Indonesia, latar belakang, tujuan, metode, hasil dan kesimpulan</i>
	Keywords : <i>one, two, three, four, five.</i>

Introduction **(Garamond, Font Size 12, Bold, Capitalised Each Word)**

Here, it provides an adequate background to show the gap in the research. The section headings are arranged by numbers, bold and 11 pt Garamond, single spacing. Paragraphs shall be single-spaced with no indent. Based on this template, any author(s) is expected to present a manuscript containing clarification of current research, which includes research background, problems, and research objective(s). Author(s) is suggested to avoid the use of bullets, pointers, or numbering instead of a subheading system, as well as using the first person (singular and plural) pronouns instead of the third ones.

This part also contains an elaboration of relevant previous studies resulting from a sophisticated literature review as a theoretical basis. Therefore, the author(s) is required to use adequate citation style. SHINE requires the use certain style of citation developed based on APA style. Read the following example as guidance for citation. The author(s) may write: According to Nur (2020)... or ... (Indri et al, 2021). It is also possible to write: Ratri (2019) suggested...; or "...," said Azhimia (2015) when the author(s) prefers direct quotation. To mention an unknown author of a magazine article, the author(s) can write ...stated in Jakarta

Post (2020). SHINE suggests the use of a computer application (APA) to manage the citations and references. About the length of this section, the author(s) may write an introduction only 15-20% of the total pages of the manuscript. Therefore, try to write concisely and accurately. The author(s) may provide literature pro-cons towards research issues and give his/her argumentation on the side he/she prefers to espouse. It is also suggested to mention the scope and contribution of the current research to the field of the study.

The article should be between 10-20 pages (not more than 7000 words), single-spaced, 12-point Times New Roman font, excluding references. Use no indent for the first paragraphs and do not leave a space between paragraphs.

Research Method (Garamond, Font Size 12, Bold, Capitalised Each Word)

The method section structure should: describe the materials used in the study, explain how the materials were prepared for the study, describe the research protocol, explain how measurements were made and what calculations were performed, and state which statistical tests were done to analyse the data.

This section contains the author(s)'s statements regarding the design of the research selected from one of three approaches in conducting research, i.e. qualitative, quantitative, or mixed research. Each approach offers various research designs for various research designs. For example, in quantitative studies, there are pre-experimental, true-experimental, and quasi-experimental research designs. Meanwhile, qualitative and mixed methods offer other designs. This section should be part of the section about method. Hence, it also provides a brief description of the variables of the study.

For a quantitative study, this section is used to declare the population and sample or the subject(s) selected for a qualitative study. In selecting a sample and subject, please declare your technique and/or your parameter. Furthermore, in a study using study groups, write in brief about how groups are allocated. (*Please use Population and Sample for a quantitative method and Subject for a qualitative study, omit one of the subsection titles when necessary)

Specify in brief about your instrument for data collection. Please mention if there are outcomes of any pilot studies which led to modifications to the current study. Hence, the author(s) should describe shortly about equipment, instruments or measurement tools including the model number and manufacturer being used. A detailed description should be specified chronologically regarding what action has been done and by whom.

In the data analysis section, the author(s) is required to process data from the previous stage. Different methods used may result in different models of data processing. For a quantitative study, the author(s) should show how s/he calculated derived variables (to deal with outlying values and missing data). Hence, s/he has to summarize the data. Analysis using software should be completed with details (name and version of the software). For statistical tests, please mention references for less commonly used tests and what was compared. It is also suggested to give a critical alpha probability (p) value at which differences or relationships were considered to be statistically significant.

Meanwhile, in a qualitative study, the author(s) should mention the model to be used in analysing the data. This brief explanation is further followed by the application of each stage within the selected model.

Findings (Garamond, Font Size 12, Bold, Capitalised Each Word)

In the Findings section, summarize the collected data and the analysis performed on those data relevant to the issue that is to follow. The Findings should be clear and concise. It should be written objectively and factually, and without expressing personal opinion. It includes numbers, tables, and figures (e.g., charts and graphs). Number tables and figures consecutively following their appearance in the text.

This section contains the results of research and analysis done with an emphasis on the answer to the problems. The author(s) is recommended to discuss the results according to the findings. In research findings, the author(s) is expected to report the results of procedures in the previous section and to display the data (text, tables, and/or figures) that supports further discussion. Any kind of data should be displayed chronologically as mentioned in the section about methods.

Tables and figures should be incorporated in the text as close to the reference as possible and should be in a form suitable for publication when printed with a good-quality laser printer. Figures will be printed in black and white and should be readily interpreted without the use of colour. Tables and figures may extend across both columns.

Captions should be Garamond 11-point, centred. Tables and pictures should be sequentially numbered in separate series. Captions for tables should be above the table. Captions for figures should be below the figure.

When the author(s) needs to present tables or figures, please see Table 1 and Figure 1.

Table: 1 An example of a table

An example of a heading	Column A (t)	Column B (T)
Add an entry	1	2
Add an entry	1	2
Add an entry	1	3

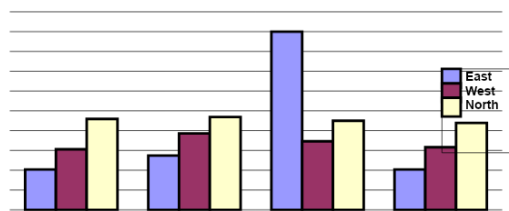


Figure 1. Number of subthemes published in SHINE
(Source: ...)

Discussion (Garamond, Font Size 12, Bold, Capitalised Each Word)

In this subsection, the author(s) comes to the main part of the article. This subsection serves as the answer to the question(s) stated in the introduction section. To support the answer, the author(s) explain by showing the relevance of the findings described earlier in this section. The author(s) is also encouraged to show how the answer(s) fits with existing knowledge about the topic. Moreover, the author(s) can use this space to convey his/her interpretations and opinions, which include the author(s)'s justification towards the essential findings, suggestions for future study, and the clinical implications of the findings. The discussion should be developed concisely whilst still clearly declaring, supporting, explaining, and defending the answers to the questions as well as other important and relevant issues. The main principle is to be punctual and focus on delivering a particular message. Bear in mind that this subsection accommodates commentary and not a reiteration of the findings.

Conclusion (Garamond, Font Size 12, Bold, Capitalised Each Word)

The main conclusions of the study should be presented in a short Conclusions section. Do not repeat earlier sections.

Acknowledgement (Garamond, Font Size 12, Bold, Capitalised Each Word)

This section is optional for any author(s) required to mention any other party's (person and/or institution) support within the whole process of the research. Please make sure that you mention the name(s) and their noteworthy contributions, such as a person(s) giving technical advice and assistance, subjects, and anyone who organizes recruitment and personnel and preparation of the manuscript. It is also recommended to mention any funding body that gives financial support (grant) to the study.

References (Garamond, Font Size 12, Bold, Capitalised Each Word)

All references should be to the most pertinent and up-to-date sources. References are written in APA - American Psychological Association 7th Edition style. Please use a consistent format for references see examples below:

(Examples)

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