Grade 6 Islamic Studies Study Sheet

Test on Oct 29

1. Salah (Prayer)

What is Salah?

- Salah is the obligatory prayer and one of the five pillars of Islam.
- Salah is a major act of worship through which Muslims remember and worship Allah.
- Salah is a way to communicate with Allah through recitation, supplication, and remembrance.
- Muslims should perform their prayers on time and with sincerity and focus (khushu‘).
- Allah knows and sees everything we do, so we should pray sincerely, even when no one else is watching.

The importance and rewards of Salah

1. Salah is one of the most important acts of worship in Islam.
2. On the Day of Judgment, a person's Salah will be among the first deeds for which they are held accountable.
3. Salah brings great rewards (hasanat).
4. Salah is a means of seeking Allah's forgiveness.
5. Establishing Salah helps Muslims remember Allah and avoid sinful behavior.
6. Salah teaches discipline, humility, patience, and obedience to Allah.

Jummah prayer

- Jummah: The Friday congregational prayer that replaces Dhuhr for those obligated to attend.
- Khutbah: The sermon delivered before the Friday prayer.
- Khatib: The person who delivers the khutbah.

Remember: Salah is not simply a routine. It is an act of worship that should influence our character and daily behavior.

2. Lies and Dishonesty

What is lying?

Lying means deliberately saying something untrue. Dishonesty also includes cheating, stealing, betraying trust, and breaking promises without a valid excuse.

A lie may seem like an easy way to escape trouble, but it can damage our relationships, weaken trust, and lead to further wrongdoing.

Why should Muslims be honest?

- Allah commands believers to speak the truth.
- Honesty earns the trust of others and helps build strong relationships.
- Telling the truth, even when it is difficult, demonstrates courage and good character.
- Allah knows what we say and do, whether people are watching or not.
- If we make a mistake, we should admit it, seek forgiveness, and try to correct it rather than cover it up with another lie.

Qur'an: Surah At-Tawbah, 9:119

> “O you who have believed, fear Allah and be with those who are truthful.”

This verse teaches Muslims to fear Allah, speak truthfully, and keep company with people who are honest.

Translation+1

Hadith: The signs of a hypocrite

The Prophet Muhammad ﷺ said:

> “The signs of a hypocrite are three: Whenever he speaks, he tells a lie; whenever he promises, he breaks his promise; and whenever he is entrusted, he betrays the trust.”

— Sahih al-Bukhari 33

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This hadith warns against three serious behaviors:

1. Lying when speaking.
2. Breaking promises.
3. Betraying a trust.

These are warning signs of hypocrisy in one's behavior. We should correct these traits in ourselves rather than label other people hypocrites.

The angels who record our deeds

Kiraman Katibin refers to the noble recording angels who record people's deeds by Allah's command. Islamic teachings commonly explain that the angel on the right records good deeds and the angel on the left records bad deeds.

How can we practice honesty?

- Tell the truth even when you are afraid of the consequences.
- Never claim something is true when you do not know whether it is true.
- Do not cheat on tests, steal, or take things that belong to others.
- Keep promises and protect anything entrusted to you.
- Choose friends who encourage good behavior.
- Avoid arguments and respond calmly, even when you believe you are right.

Remember: Honesty leads to righteousness, and righteousness leads to Paradise. Muslims should be truthful in their words and actions.

3. Truth and Honesty

Truth and honesty are closely connected to good character (akhlaq).

Benefits of honesty

- It earns the trust of other people.
- It brings rewards from Allah.
- It helps maintain friendships and family relationships.
- It develops courage and responsibility.
- It protects us from the harm caused by lies and deception.

Honesty versus dishonesty

Honesty	Dishonesty
Builds trust	Damages trust
Demonstrates courage and responsibility	Avoids responsibility
Strengthens relationships	Can harm relationships
Is encouraged by Allah	Is forbidden when it involves lying, cheating, or betrayal

The reward for avoiding lies

The Prophet ﷺ said:

> “I guarantee a house in the middle of Paradise for a man who avoids lying even if he were joking.”

— Sunan Abi Dawud 4800; commonly graded hasan (sound) by hadith scholars.

This teaches that even joking should not become an excuse for lying.

Choosing good friends

Friends can influence our habits, language, and behavior. Muslims should seek friends who encourage truthfulness, kindness, and obedience to Allah.

We should also treat people respectfully when correcting their mistakes. Being truthful does not give us permission to insult, humiliate, or mistreat others.

Important distinction: Telling the truth is essential, but Islam also teaches wisdom, kindness, and respect. Serious situations involving safety, privacy, or accusations should be handled responsibly rather than through careless speech.

4. Sadaqah (Voluntary Charity)

What is Sadaqah?

Sadaqah is charity given voluntarily for the sake of Allah. It includes giving money or possessions, as well as many other acts of kindness.

- Fard: An action that is obligatory.
- Nafl: An optional act of worship.
- Sadaqah: Voluntary charity, which is generally a form of nafl worship.
- Zakah: Obligatory charity that eligible Muslims must pay when the required conditions are met.
- Sadaqah Jariyah: Ongoing charity whose benefits continue over time.

Sadaqah versus Zakah

Sadaqah	Zakah
Generally voluntary	Obligatory when its conditions are met
Can be given at any time	Due according to specific rules and conditions
Can be money, goods, or acts of kindness	Financial worship with specific eligibility and distribution rules
Can be given to eligible people, including non-Muslims in appropriate circumstances	Must be distributed to the eligible categories specified in the Qur'an

Important: Zakah is not always paid exactly once a year by every Muslim. Its timing depends on the type of wealth and the applicable rules. For qualifying monetary wealth, the common rate is 2.5% after the required conditions are met, including the applicable nisab and, generally, the passage of one lunar year.

Types of Sadaqah

Sadaqah is not limited to donating money. Examples include:

- Giving money, food, clothing, or other useful items to those in need.
- Smiling at someone and speaking kindly.
- Helping someone who is struggling.
- Teaching useful knowledge.
- Making du'a for others.
- Helping parents and caring for family members.
- Visiting the sick.
- Respecting elders and treating younger people kindly.
- Removing harmful objects from a walkway.
- Helping people resolve disagreements fairly.

The Prophet ﷺ taught that every good deed is a form of Sadaqah. For example, a kind word and removing something harmful from the road are acts of charity.

Sunnah.com+1

Benefits and etiquette of Sadaqah

1. It earns rewards when given sincerely for Allah's sake.
2. It helps people in need and strengthens communities.
3. It develops generosity, compassion, and gratitude.
4. It may bring Allah's blessings and forgiveness.
5. Ongoing charity can continue to benefit a person after death.
6. Giving secretly can protect sincerity and help avoid showing off.

Allah describes the multiplied reward of spending in His cause in Surah Al-Baqarah, 2:261.

Translation+1

Important reminders:

- Give for Allah's sake, not to impress people.
- Do not remind recipients of your generosity or hurt their feelings.
- Give according to your ability.
- Do not assume that charity guarantees a particular worldly outcome, such as the immediate disappearance of an illness. Muslims may give charity while also seeking appropriate medical treatment.
- Avoid claiming that every act of Sadaqah automatically receives exactly three times its reward. Allah may multiply rewards as He wills.

5. Health in Islam

Taking care of our health

Islam teaches moderation and responsibility. Our bodies are a trust from Allah, and we should take care of them.

The Prophet ﷺ said: “Your body has a right over you, your eyes have a right over you, and your wife has a right over you.”

This hadith teaches that worship should not lead us to neglect our health, rest, eyesight, or responsibilities toward others.

Ways to maintain good health

- Eat nutritious and halal food.
- Avoid overeating.
- Drink sufficient water.
- Get adequate sleep and rest.
- Exercise and stay physically active.
- Maintain personal hygiene.
- Seek medical care when needed.
- Balance worship, schoolwork, family responsibilities, and recreation.

Eating in moderation

The Prophet ﷺ taught Muslims not to overfill their stomachs and encouraged moderation in eating.

A well-known hadith in Jami' at-Tirmidhi 2380 describes dividing the stomach into portions for food, drink, and breathing. Its lesson is to avoid excess and maintain balance.

A du'a for well-being

A supplication reported from the Prophet ﷺ asks Allah for well-being in this life and the Hereafter. One authentic version is:

> “O Allah, grant me well-being in my body, well-being in my hearing, and well-being in my sight.”

Muslims should ask Allah for health while also taking practical steps to protect it.

6. Love for Prophet Muhammad ﷺ

What does it mean to love the Prophet ﷺ?

The Prophet Muhammad ﷺ said:

> “None of you is a believer until I am dearer to him than his child, his father, and the whole of mankind.”

This teaches that love for the Prophet ﷺ is an essential part of faith. A Muslim's love for him should be demonstrated through obedience to Allah, following the Prophet's teachings, and adopting his excellent character. Love for the Prophet does not mean worshipping him; worship belongs to Allah alone.

How can we show our love for the Prophet ﷺ?

1. Follow his authentic teachings.
2. Practice his Sunnah in everyday life.
3. Obey his commands and avoid what he prohibited.
4. Send blessings and peace upon him (salawat).
5. Learn and teach his Seerah.
6. Show kindness, patience, honesty, humility, and mercy.
7. Treat others fairly and avoid arrogance and prejudice.

Key vocabulary

- Seerah: The life story and biography of the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ.
- Hadith: A report about the Prophet's words, actions, approvals, or characteristics.
- Sunnah: The Prophet's teachings, practices, and way of life.
- Taqwa: Consciousness of Allah that leads a person to obey Him and avoid disobedience.

Equality and Taqwa

People have different skin colors, languages, ethnic backgrounds, and cultures. These differences are not grounds for arrogance or discrimination.

Allah says in Surah Al-Hujurat, 49:13, that the most honored people in His sight are those with the greatest taqwa. Muslims should appreciate Allah's blessings, remain humble, and remember that life includes tests. Gratitude means recognizing Allah's blessings and using them in ways that please Him.

Quick revision: Key facts to remember

- Salah: Obligatory prayer and one of the five pillars of Islam.
- Khushu‘: Humility, attentiveness, and concentration in prayer.
- Khatib: The person who delivers the Friday khutbah.
- Kiraman Katibin: The noble recording angels.
- Honesty: Truthfulness in words and actions.
- Sadaqah: Voluntary charity, including acts of kindness.
- Zakah: Obligatory charity subject to specific conditions.
- Sadaqah Jariyah: Charity with continuing benefits.
- Nafl: Voluntary worship.
- Fard: Obligatory action.
- Seerah: The Prophet's biography.
- Hadith: Reports about the Prophet ﷺ.
- Sunnah: The Prophet's teachings and example.
- Taqwa: Consciousness of Allah expressed through obedience and righteous conduct.

SALAH

Hadith about salah: “ Salah is dhikr. We establish salah to establish dhikr. It is the highest Ibadah. No ibadah can match salah.”

- The first thing Allah will ask in the day of judgment is about salah
- Don’t delay your prayer/salah is how you talk with Allah

THE MAIN REWARDS OF SALAH

- You get protection from Hellfire
- You get hasanat
- Your sins get forgiven

- We should always make sure that we have good focus because Allah is always watching

- Salah reminds muslims to be respectful to each other and help each other everyday

In a jummah prayer there is someone who does a khutbah

Khatib: the person who makes a khutbah at a jummah prayer

LIES & AND DISHONESTY

- Lying Might seem like a quick way to get out of trouble
- But lies make our hearts feel sad and heavy
- Always tell the truth even when you are scared of the consequence
- Allah will always have mercy on us so always tell the truth
- Never say something is true when you don't know if it actually is true

- Only the people who are honest communicate and stand in front of Allah
- Allah does not guide who always lie and are ungrateful
- Being honest is like having a superpower
- Allah loves the people who tell the truth
- Allah sees and hears everything, even in the dark
- Even we get a little consequence, our heart stays clean and happy because we chose the right path
- People will respect us for being brave and honest
- Kiraaman Katibeen:
    - The angel on our right records our good deeds
    - The angel on our left records our bad deeds

QURAN AYAH:" O you who have believed, fear Allah and be with those who are truthful."
(Surah At- Tawbah)

- Honesty is an important quality of a good muslim
- We should always choose truthful friends because we will eventually adapt their habits and become the best version of ourselves
- Every time we choose to speak the truth, we are taking one giant step closer to Paradise
- Honesty leads to goodness, and leads straight to Jannah
- Dishonesty leads to evilness, and evilness leads to hellfire

TRUTH AND HONESTY

- When we tell the truth we earn good deeds
- We also earn other people's trust

Hadith about honesty:" When he speaks, he lies; when he makes a promise he breaks it; and when he is trusted, he betrays his trust."

Signs of a hypocrite are that " When he speaks, he lies; when he makes a promise, he breaks it; and when he is trusted, he betrays his trust."

HONEST: You will gain people's trust and more people will start to like you, And Allah will be happy and proud of you

DISHONEST: People will not trust you with anything and people will start to hate you, Allah and The prophet
(SAW) will be very mad at you for lying

- Allah loves people who are honest, so always be honest no matter what

Always have good friends because if they have good behavior and never lie you will adapt their actions and become a better version of yourself.

You can not take anything that is not yours , even if it is really small.

Muslims should never lie, cheat, and steal because they will enter jahanam and get their punishment

The prophet (SAW) said “ A house in the middle of paradise for a man who avoids lying even if he were joking.”

You should never argue, no matter if you are right or wrong.

People will respect and honor you if you tell the truth.

- Every word you say should be true, unless your life is at risk or you are being accused.

SADAQAH

- Sadaqah is a voluntary charity given for the sake of Allah
- It is a way to show kindness
- It is a way to help others

VOLUNTARY: Doing something without being paid / doing something extra

FARD: SOMETHING YOU HAVE TO DO

ZAKAT IS SOMETHING YOU HAVE TO DO / FARD

SADAQAH IS NOT SOMETHING YOU HAVE TO DO/ DOING SOMETHING EXTRA WITHOUT BEING ASKED

BENEFITS OF SADAQAH

- Sadaqah helps you achieve Taqwah
- If you are sick your illness will be gone
- You can even get Sadaqah from people when you are in the grave (Sadaqah Jariyah)
- Protects against hearts/ it protects you
- It opens doors if Rizq

DIFFERENT TYPES OF SADAQAH

- Making dua for others
- Spreading knowledge among people who find it hard to afford it
- Talking,smiling, and greeting the people you meet
- Helping the poor and helping the people who cannot help themselves

- Taking time out for your parents , wife/husband, and children
- Being patient in difficult times and remember Allah
- Guiding non believers to Islam
- Respecting elders and people younger than you
- Visiting the sick

- Sadaqah is mentioned in the Quran 13 times

- Sadaqah acts as a shield that protects you from badness and the anger of Allah

- You can get rewards just from a simple smile and kind words

- Give Sadaqah anonymously to protect yourself from jealousy

- Sadaqah is for the sake of Allah, not for bragging/ being a show off

- You give Zakat once a year
- You can give Sadaqah anytime you want
- Zakat has to be given to only muslims
- Sadaqah can be given to anyone even non- muslims

SADAQAH	ZAKAT
• Voluntary/ optional/ Nafl	• Mandatory/ compulsory/ Fard

• You can give Sadaqah anytime	• You only get Zakat for the needy and poor people
• You can give Sadaqah to anyone even non- muslims	• You have to give 2.5 of zakat
• You can give any amount	• You give zakat once a year

NAFL: Voluntary/ optional

FARD: Mandatory/ compulsory

Every Sadaqah you give you will have triple the reward

HEALTH IN ISLAM

DUA: “ Oh Allah grant me wellness for my body wellness in my sight, and make it lasting with in me”

The prophet (SAW) said “ Your **BODY** has rights over you, your **EYES** have a right over you, and your **WIFE** has a right over you.”

The worst thing to fill is your stomach

Love for the prophet mohammad (SAW) By Jemila Babe

Prophet Muhammad ﷺ stated: ***"None of you truly believes until I am more beloved to him than his father, his child, and all mankind"*.**

This means you should love the prophet more than everything, except for Allah

HOW WE CAN SHOW OUR LOVE FOR THE PROPHET

- Practice his way of life everyday into your daily routine
- Obey his commands
- Adopt his habits
- Send salawat (blessings)
- Learn or teach his Seerah

Seerah: Life story of Prophet SAW
Hadeeth: Words of Prophet SAW
Sunnah: Actions or words of Prophet SAW
Taqwa: Fear and love of Allah

The prophet said that the best of all of us is the person with the most **Taqwa**

Even though we are different skin colors it doesn't make a difference between us.

Allah is always testing us so always appreciate what you have before it is gone.

1. Pride: Good Pride and Bad Pride

Good pride — Izzah (عِزَّة)

- Means self-respect and dignity.
- A Muslim should have self-respect while remaining humble, kind, and respectful toward others.

Bad pride — Kibr (كِبْر)

- Means thinking you are better than other people and looking down on them.
- A Muslim should avoid arrogance, cruelty, greed, and jealousy.

Hadith about pride

Allah Almighty says in a Hadith Qudsi:

“Pride is My cloak and greatness is My garment, so whoever competes with Me in these two will be thrown into the Hellfire.”

Remember:

- The people of Paradise are described in this lesson as kind, humble, modest, and gentle.
- The lesson describes the people of Hellfire as cruel and greedy.
- Feeling happy about an achievement is not necessarily Kibr. Thinking you are better than others and treating them disrespectfully is arrogance.

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2. Hygiene and Cleanliness

Hygiene means the conditions and daily practices that help maintain cleanliness and promote good health.

Daily hygiene practices

- Wash your hands with soap and warm water for at least 20 seconds before, during, and after handling food.
- Wash your hands before and after using the restroom.
- Stay home when sick and keep your distance from others.
- Cover your mouth and nose when coughing or sneezing.
- Keep your body, clothes, home, and surroundings clean.
- Clean up messes instead of leaving them for others.

Islam and cleanliness

Hadith 1:

“Allah is pure and He loves purity, He is clean and loves cleanliness, He is noble and He loves nobility, and He is generous and He loves generosity, so clean your homes.”

Hadith 2:

“Purity is half of Iman (faith).”

Remember: Cleanliness is important in Islam because it supports good health, good character, and our faith.

3. Good Actions and Bad Actions

Islam teaches Muslims to perform good deeds and stay away from bad deeds. Hasanat (حَسَنَات) means good deeds or good actions.

Rewards for good deeds and consequences of bad deeds

- A good deed can be rewarded ten times or more.
- A bad deed is recorded as one bad deed.
- Every action, no matter how small, is known to Allah and will be accounted for.
- Allah says in Surah Az-Zalzalah that whoever does an atom's weight of good will see it, and whoever does an atom's weight of evil will see it.

Examples of good deeds

- Giving compliments.
- Being kind and helping others.
- Praying Salah.
- Reading the Qur'an.
- Making Wudu.
- Fasting.
- Having a positive attitude.
- Showing good character.
- Speaking respectfully to parents and others.
- Telling the truth.

Examples of bad deeds

- Lying.
- Showing disrespect.
- Making fun of people.
- Being envious or jealous of others.
- Spreading rumors.
- Looking down on others.
- Giving false testimony.

Honesty

- Allah loves honesty.
- Muslims should tell the truth even when doing so may lead to consequences.
- If a friend asks you to lie, you should tell the truth respectfully rather than help hide the truth.

Remember: Good deeds bring rewards from Allah and can bring peace and joy into our lives.

4. Major Sins and Minor Sins

Major sins — Al-Kaba'ir (الْكَبَائِر) Major sins are serious actions that Allah has forbidden. Muslims are expected to avoid them.

Minor sins — As-Sagha'ir (الصَّغَائِر) Minor sins are sins that are less serious than major sins.

Important points

- Muslims should avoid both major and minor sins.
- Good deeds can be a means of having sins forgiven, but major sins should not be assumed to disappear automatically because a person performs good deeds.
- Muslims should sincerely repent to Allah when they sin.
- Allah is extremely merciful and forgives those who sincerely turn to Him.

Three major sins from the lesson

1. Shirk (الشِّرْك)

- Worshipping someone or something besides Allah, or associating partners with Allah.
- Worship belongs to Allah alone.

2. Disrespecting parents

- Islam commands Muslims to respect and be kind to their parents.
- Hurting parents or treating them with severe disrespect is a serious sin.
- When you disagree with your parents, speak respectfully and calmly.
- Thank your parents for what they do for you.
- If your parents ask you to commit a sin, including Shirk, do not obey that request. However, continue to treat them respectfully.

3. False testimony and lying

- Lying means deliberately saying something untrue.
- False testimony means giving an untrue statement as testimony, especially when it can harm others or deny them their rights.
- Muslims must be truthful and avoid giving false testimony.

Modesty and relationships

- Islam teaches Muslims to protect their modesty and follow Islamic guidelines regarding relationships.
- Muslims should be mindful of their behavior, speech, and interactions with others.

5. Ways to Avoid Major Sins

1. Pray regularly: Maintain your Salah and strengthen your relationship with Allah.
2. Read the Qur’an: Learn Allah’s guidance and apply it to your life.
3. Learn authentic Islamic knowledge: Study with qualified, trustworthy scholars and reliable Islamic sources.
4. Remember Allah: Keep Allah in mind before making decisions.
5. Choose good friends: Spend time with friends who encourage you to do what is right.
6. Repent sincerely: When you make a mistake, turn back to Allah and try to correct your behavior.

Quick Review: Key Terms

Term	Meaning
Izzah	Self-respect and dignity
Kibr	Arrogance; thinking you are better than others
Hygiene	Practices that maintain cleanliness and good health
Iman	Faith
Hasanat	Good deeds
Al-Kaba'ir	Major sins
As-Sagha'ir	Minor sins
Shirk	Associating partners with Allah or worshipping others besides Him
False testimony	Giving an untrue statement as testimony

Check Your Understanding

Make sure you can answer these questions without looking at your notes.

1. What is the difference between Izzah and Kibr?
Izzah is self-respect and dignity. Kibr is arrogance and thinking you are better than others.

2. How long should you wash your hands with soap and water?
For at least 20 seconds.

3. What does 'Purity is half of Iman' teach us?
Cleanliness and purification are important in Islam and connected to our faith.

4. What are Hasanat?
Good deeds or good actions.

5. What does Surah Az-Zalzalah teach about small deeds?
A person will see even an atom's weight of good or evil.

6. What are Al-Kaba'ir and As-Sagha'ir?
Al-Kaba'ir are major sins; As-Sagha'ir are minor sins.

7. What is Shirk?
Associating partners with Allah or worshipping someone or something besides Allah.

8. How should you behave when you disagree with your parents?
Speak respectfully and calmly, and do not obey them if they ask you to commit a sin.

9. Name three ways to avoid major sins.
Any three: pray regularly, read the Qur'an, learn from authentic scholars, remember Allah, and choose good friends.

10. What should you do if a friend asks you to lie?
Tell the truth respectfully and encourage your friend to be honest.

OLD NOTES

PRIDE

Allah the almighty said , “ Pride is my cloak and greatness is my garment so whoever competes with these two will be thrown into hellfire.”

The people of paradise are the people who are kind, humble, modest and gentle

The people of hellfire are the people who are cruel, greedy and humble

{ Izzah} self respect - good pride

{Kibr} thinking you are better than everybody - bad pride

HYGIENE

The conditions and daily practices that help maintain cleanliness, and promote good health.

Clean and wash your hands with soap and warm water for at least 20 seconds before, during and after handling food

Always wash hands before and after the restroom
Stay at home when sick and keep your distances from others

Cover your mouth and nose when coughing or sneezing

“ Allah is pure and he loves purity, He is clean and loves cleanliness, He is noble and he loves nobility, and He is generous and He loves generosity, so clean your homes.”

“ Purity is half of iman (faith)

GOOD ACTIONS BAD ACTIONS

In islam allah asks to do good actions and staying away from bad actions

Good actions are called (Hasanat)

If you do a good deed you will be rewarded for 10 times as much

Whoever comes with a bad deed will be punished for only one

Every single good or bad thing you do, no matter how tiny it is it will be noticed and remembered

Whoever does an atom's weight of good actions will see it

Whoever does an atom’s weight of bad actions will see it

Allah loves honesty so, always tell the truth even if you will be punished

Good actions are deeply loved by Allah and bring peace and joy in your

Bad actions include lying, showing disrespect, making fun of people or having envy/ jealousy etc.

Good deeds:

- Giving complements
- being kind
- helping others
- Praying
- reading quran
- Making wudu
- Having a positive attitude
- Fasting
- Having good character

MAJOR SINS

- Major sins are actions Allah has forbidden
- As muslims we are expected to stay away from these sins
- Major sins in arabic is called Al-Kaba'ir
- Minor Sins are called As-Sagha'ir
- When you do good deeds, your minor sins are automatically forgiven
- Even if you do good deeds, your major sins will not be forgiven automatically.
- Worshiping another person, object, or being instead of Allah is considered shirk
- Islam teaches muslims to respect and being kind to your parents
- Being extremely disrespectful or hurting your parents for no reason, is considered a serious sin
- Even if you don't agree with your parents, you should try to speak respectfully and calmly
- Always thank your parents for what they have done for you throughout your
- Never be disrespectful to your parents even if they ask you to do bad deeds, even like Shirk
- `Islam teaches muslims to protect their modesty and follow rules about relationship
- Even though major sins are serious, Islam teaches that Allah is extremely merciful

WAYS TO AVOID MAJOR SINS

1. Pray regularly
2. Read the Quran
3. Learn about Islam from authentic scholars, not from AI.
4. Remembering Allah
5. Having good friends

MAJOR BAD SINS

1. Shirk: Worshipping other things besides Allah
2. Being disrespectful to your parents
3. False witness and lying