

Nh jiiLiving Word - Collaborative Task

Explain how living things are suited to their particular habitat and how they respond to environmental changes, both natural and human-induced.

Natural Environmental Changes	Human-induced Environmental Changes
<i>Flouds, Landslides, Earthquakes, Tornadoes and Tsunamis</i>	<i>Over- poperlashion, Deforestation, Pollution, Oil spills.</i>

Student Names:	What natural environmental changes have affected this habitat?	What human-induced environmental changes have affected this habitat?	What animals come from this habitat?	Does this habitat have an impact on other habitats?
Max, Lucas and Ethan (Mountains)	Landslides, Earthquakes, wind and asteroid	Population, deforestation	Mountain Goats, Deer, Birds, Wolf, Foxes, Bears, Leopard, Mountain Gorilla,	Yes, because if there was a landslide then some other habits will be destroyed. Also sometimes a Mountains can block the sun for other habitats.
Lincoln,Tash,Mimi, Travis and Lara (sea)	Droughts,Earthquakes,living organism's,Tsunami, Floods.	Pollution, Oil spills, Global warming,Illegal fishing.	Fish, Mammals, some reptiles, Octopus, Crabs, Squid.	Yes, because Tsunamis come from the sea and destroy other habitats.
Frank, Grace, Kate and Caoimhe (Rivers and Lakes)	Droughts, floods, Global warming, landslides,	Polluting, Dams,	Fish, Snails, worms, turtles, frogs, marsh birds, mollusks, alligators, beavers, otters, snakes, Squids, ducks, crocodiles etc.	Yes, because if there's a landslide then the water will go to other habitats and can affect its habitat.

Alice, Cooper, Lily, Charlie and Maia (Antarctica)	Avalanches, Glaciers, carving,	Global warming, pollution, fishing	Seals penguins whales sea lions fish krill birds narwhals	
Noah, Tama Antarctica.	Pollution has affected Antarctica.		Fish birds	
Mille, Ebony and Jasmine. (rainforest)	Earthquakes, Landslides, Tsunamis,	Deforestation, Pollution, Oil spills.	Mountain gorilla, Blue morpho butterfly, Jaguar, Capybara, Scarlet Macaw, Poison dart frog & Green anaconda, Brown-Throated Three-Toed Sloth, Black Howler Monkey, SULAWESI BEAR CUSCUS, Green Anaconda.	Yes because the animals need to eat and if all the plants are gone some of them eat plants and the ones that eat the plants will die so the animals that prey on them will die too.
William, Cory and Rupeni (Desert)	Drought, no rain and heat (35+ degrees)		African Lion, Camels, snakes, scorpions, coyotes, desert bighorn sheep, elephant desert recluse spiders, thorny devil,	Yes because all the plants die if it gets too hot and then herbivore/omnivore die and then the carnivore/omnivore die off soon after