

UNIT 3: CREATIVE, INVENTIVE MINDS

Lesson 6: The Brain Drain

- In a foreign country.
- Immigrants.
- Cause the water or other liquid in (something) to run out, leaving it empty, dry, or drier.
- Give (something, especially money) in order to help achieve or provide something.
- General direction in which a situation is changing.
- Skill in a particular field.

- Look for.
- Movement from one part of something to another.
- Break free from confinement or control.
- The action of coming to live permanently in a foreign country.
- A complete change of direction or action.
- A flowering plant's unit of reproduction, capable of developing into another such plant.

- The conclusion that can be drawn from something, although it is not explicitly stated.
- Encouragement.
- An improvement in the condition or strength of something.
- Hostility and ill-treatment, especially because of race or political or religious beliefs.
- Make (something needed or wanted) available to someone; provide.
- Not agreed upon.

Abroad
Expatriates
Drain
Contribute
Trend
Expertise

Seek
Migration
Escape
Immigration
Reverse
Seeds

Implication
Incentive
Revival
Persecution
Supply

Contentious/ controversial

So... that (so + adjective + that)

It expresses a cause and result

So that

it expresses a purpose or a goal

it answers the question **why** something is done

Reverse Brain Drain

Brain drain can occur when scientists, engineers, or other intellectual elites migrate to a more developed country to learn in its universities, perform research, or gain working experience in areas where education and employment opportunities are limited in their home countries. In other words, they migrate to develop skills overseas that can be used in their home country. These professionals then return to their home country after several years of experience to start a related business, teach in a university, or work for a multi-national corporation in their home country. Their return is thus "Reverse Brain Drain". It is a form of brain drain where human capital moves in reverse from a more developed country to a less developed country that is developing rapidly.

Pros (+) advantage of Brain Drain

- Developing countries can take advantage of the economic benefits that their expatriates bring home, like foreign currency and investment.
- “Brain Gain” can be achieved when researchers and highly-skilled workers learn and improve their skills in developed countries and come back to invest their newly-acquired knowledge and abilities in developing their homelands.

Cons (-) disadvantages = drawbacks

- A great number of brainy people stay in developed countries and never come back to their motherlands while their mother countries have invested much money in order to provide them with the needed education.
- Instead of working in their home countries and helping revolutionize their various sectors, a great number of highly skilled people leave their homelands and contribute to the development of other countries.
- Brain drain can prevent developing nation from advancing.
- Developed countries use these brilliant people to create industrial and electronic inventions that the underdeveloped nations pay much money to buy.
- Brain drain has resulted in further widening the gap between developed and developing nations which has made the rich countries richer and the poor ones poorer.