OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT
MOCK EXAMINATION FOR STANDARD SEVEN FEBRUARY 2022
DODOMA CITY
MATHEMATICS

Duration: 2:00 2022

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This paper has sections A and B containing a total of forty-five (45) questions.

2. Answer all the questions in each section

3. Fill in all the information in the OMR form

4. Read all the instructions in the special answer form (OMR).

5. Tick each digit of your test number in the space provided in the (OMR) form.

6. Tick the letter of the correct answer to question 1 to 40 in your given answer form. For example, if the correct answer is A cast a shadow as follows:

| [A] | [B] | [C] | [D] |

7. If you notice that the letter you entered is not the correct answer, delete the shadow carefully using a clean eraser before inserting a new letter.

8. Use the HB pencil only to answer questions 1 to 40, and the blue or black ink pen to answer questions 41 to 45.

9. Cell phone and all unauthorized items are not required in the examination room.

**Choose the letter of the correct answer and tick the OMR sheet from questions 1 - 40.**

Section A:.

1. Kazimoto selected five pupils to write down the sum of the square root of the odd numbers from 1 to 11. Which is the correct answer(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5 (e) 6   [   ]

2. Find the different between 7102 and 2967. (a) 9969 (b) 4135 (c) 4135 (d) 41472 (e)10266   [   ]

3. The villeges contributed sh 325,500 for building Dispensary toilet. If each villegers contributed sh 500. How many villegers contributed?
   (a) 6051 (b) 651 (c) 325000
   (d) 6501 (e) 32600 [   ]

4. Which among the following numbers is the least?(a) -1 (b) -28 (c) 0 (d) 1 (e) 2 [   ]

5. Write the biggest number from the following digits 8,2,9,0,6,4
   (a) 984620(b) 986240 (c)908642
   (d) 98649 (e) 986420 [ ]

6. Find the different between $10\frac{2}{3}$ and $3\frac{5}{7}$. (a)
   $6\frac{20}{21}$ (b) $5\frac{20}{21}$ (c) $13\frac{20}{21}$
   (d) $7\frac{20}{21}$ (e) $4\frac{19}{20}$ [   ]

7. Tanganyika got her independence in 1961. By that time Amina was 2 years old. How old was in 2020? (Write your answer into roman number).
   (a) LIX (b) LXI (c) XLI (d) ILX (e) XIL

8. How many 0.36 are there in $1\frac{4}{5}$?
   (a) 50 (b) 2 (c) 5 (d) 20 (e) 500

9. what is the sum of 134.7 and 42.467?
   (a) 177.167 (b) 176.67 (c) 177.617
   (d) 176.716 (e) 175.617 [

10. What the different between 9.4096 and 2.39?
    (a) 6.0196 (b) 7.0196 (c) 7.1096
    (d) 7.1609 (e) 7.9016   [   ]

11. What is the product of 0.84 and 0.012?
    (a) 0.108 (b) 0.01008 (c) 0.1108
    (d) 0.018 (e) 0.1008   [   ]

12. Find the quotient of 10.89 and 0.33?
    (a) 33 (b) 330 (c) 400
    (d) 412 (e) 300   [   ]

13. Change $3\frac{1}{3}\%$ as a simple fractin
    (a) $\frac{11}{30}$ (b) $1\frac{1}{30}$ (c) $3\frac{1}{3}$ (d) $\frac{10}{3}$ (e) $\frac{1}{30}$

14. Change 0.076 into simple fraction. (a) $\frac{19}{250}$ (b)
    $\frac{76}{1000}$ (c) $\frac{18}{250}$ (d) $1\frac{19}{200}$ (e) $1\frac{19}{20}$

15. Change $1\frac{1}{8}$ into parcentage.
    (a) $100\frac{1}{2}$ (b) 120% (c) $112\frac{1}{2}\%$
    (d) 112% (e) 110% [   ]

16. A teacher gave pupils the duty to find the value of the following expression
    8 – (-3 + +8). Which is the correct answer among the following?
    (a) ⁻3 (b) ⁺19 (c) ⁺13 (d) ⁺3 (e) 13

17. Multiply 72km,850 m by 3.
    (a) 216km 2550m (b) 218 km 550 m
    (c) 241km 50m (d) 217km (e) 1550m

18. Find the lowest common multiples (L.C.M) of 25, 30 and 50 ? (a) 100 (b) 250 (c) 150 (d) 200 (e) 125[   ]

19. Which is the greatest common factor (G.C.F) of 16, 18 and 22?
    (a) 4 (b) 8 (c) 2 (d) 10 (e) 6 [   ]

20. Which is the correct order of the prime number between 53 and 70? (a) 59, 61, 63, and 65 (b) 61, 63, and 69 (c) 95, 63 and 67 (d) 59, 61 and 67 (e) 60, 63, 67 and 69[   ]

21. How many odd number are there between 116 and 125? (a) 3 (b) 4 (c) 2 (d) 5 (e) 1 [   ]

22. What is the sum of even numbers between 48 and 56?
    (a) 154 (b) 156 (c) 104 (d) 158 (e) 160 [   ]

23. If $m = 3, n = 6$ find the value of $\frac{mn^2+m^2n}{mn-n}$

24. (a) 6 (b) $13\frac{1}{2}$ (c) 17 (d) $17\frac{1}{2}$ (e)$15\frac{1}{4}$

24. What is the square root of 5184 among the following? (a) 78 (b) 68 (c) 58 (d) 62 (e) 72 [   ]

25. Find the value of "x"from the following equation:
    $\frac{1}{2}x - 3 = 8$. (a) x = 11 (b) x = 20
    (c) x = 24 (d) x = 18 (e) x = 22   [

26. If 16:20 = 20:y. Find the value of y?
    (a) 10 (b) 5 (c) 15 (d) 25 (e) 35   [   ]

27. Simplify $\frac{12a^2b^3-4b^2a^3}{3b-a}$ (a) a^2b (b) a^2b^2
    (c) $4a^2b^2$ (d) 3ab (e) $2ab^3$

28. Write MCDXCIX into Hindu arabic numerals.
    (a) 1499 (b) 1990 (c) 1599 (d) 1699 [   ]

29. Find $2\frac{1}{5}$ of sh 6000/= (a) sh 132
    (b) 130 (c) sh 230 (d) 332 (e) sh 232 [   ]

30. Which is the correct discending order of the odd numbers between 50 and 60? (a) 61, 59, 57, 55, 53
    (b) 59, 57, 55, 53, 51
    (c) 58, 56, 54, 52, 50 (d) 59, 53   [   ]
    (e) 59, 58, 57, 56, 55, 54, 53, 52, 5

31. If the degree measure of a quadrilateral are 3t - 10°, 2t + 25°, 45° - t and 4t + 60°, Find the value of T from that figure (a) 15° (b) 30° (c) 60° (d) 90° (e) 120°   [   ]
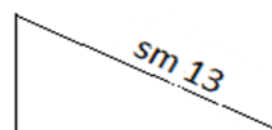
32. Find the value of x from the diagram below.
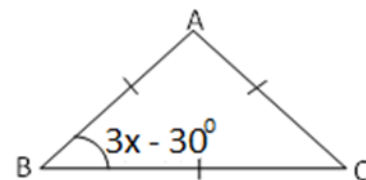
    (a) x = 30° (b) x = 60° (c) x = 90°
    (d) x = 45° (e) x = 40° [   ]

33. What is the value of n from the following triangle
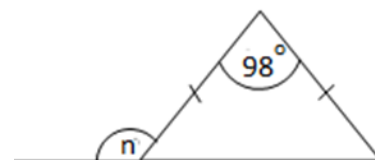
    (a) x= 160° (b) x = 139° (c) x = 159°
    (d) x = 149° (e) x = 75°   [   ]

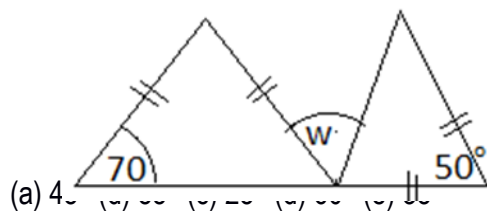34. Find the area of the right angled triangle below.

(a) sm² 60 (b) sm² 45 (c) sm² 30
(d) sm² 50 (e) sm² 35   [   ]

35. What is the value x
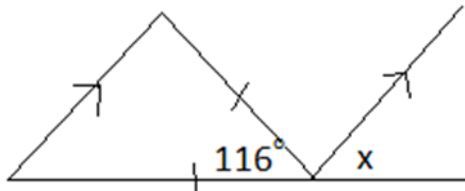
(a) 42° (b) 60° (c) 120° (d) 32° (e) 72°[ ]

36. Find the value of w from the figure below

(a) 4   (b)   (c)   (d)   (e)
37. Find the value of x

(a) 18° (b) 30° (c) 42° (d) 82° (e) 28

38. Find the price of radio at the shop is sh 2550/=
    this price is after the deduction 15 %. Find the
    price before deduction
    (a) sh 600 (b) sh 3000 (c) sh 30000
    (d) sh 3500 (e) sh 6500   [   ]

39. Find the volume of the following cyclinder (cm³
    1000 = litres 1) in litres.

(a) litres 145 (b) litres 15.4 (c) litres 1.54 (d) litres
145 (e) litres 14.5

40. The ages of four children were arranged in   the
    following series in years 13, 18, 23 na _____.
    What the the fourth children?
    (a) 12 (b) 24 (c) 41 (d) 28 (e) 22

SECTION B: CALCULATE

41. The three vertices of a farm with a   rectangular
     shape is a follows, A(-4, 1), B(-4, -2), C(3, -2).
     Find the fourth vertex

42. 12 Farmers cultivate a farm of 4 acres in 7 days.
    How many farmer can caltivate the same acres in
    3 days?

43. The age of makumba is 7 less than the age of
    Joshua. Fourteen years to come the total of their
    ages will be 63 years, Find the present age of
    makumba.

44. John was given 16,000/= to buy the following
    iterms.
    3kg of meat @ 1,200/=
    $2\frac{1}{2}$kg of onion @ 750/=
    6kg of tomatoes @ 125
    7kg of rice @ 2,200/=
    What amount of money was missing?

45. Hadija has 43 mangoes and sophia has 17
    mangoes. How many mangoes will be needed
    from Hadija in order to equalize the number of
    mangoes to make the same amount of mangoes
    for both.

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MOCK EXAMINATION FOR STANDARD SEVEN ENGLISH FEBRUARY 2022
DODOMA CITY

ENGLISH

<u>Duration: 1:40 2022</u>

<u>INSTRUCTIONS</u>

1. This paper has sections A and B containing a total of forty-

2. Answer all the questions in each section

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| [A] | [B] | [C] | [D] |

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SECTION A: LINSTENING SKILLS

Listen carefully to the passage read by invigilator and then answer questions 1-5

Questions:

1. Who are important to us?
    A) Teachers   B) parents   C) elders   D) children   E) old
2. Are we able to pay our parent for that they have done for us?
    A) Yes   B) No   C) may be   D) perhaps   E) Yes not
3. What is the best title for this passage?
    A) Pupils B) Children   C) parents   D) Relative   E) All of us
4. What should everybody do?
    A) Lead parents B) serve them C) cry with them D) respect parents E) teach them
5. Who is a millionaire?
    A) A poor person B) an important person C) an old man (D) a rich person E) none

Choose the correct word that completes the sentences by shading the letter of the correct answer in the answer sheet (OMR) provided

6. The class prefect often…. the exercise books and take then to the teacher for making.
    A)   Collects   B) collect   C) is collecting   D) collected   E) was collect
7. Halima was cooking bananas when her mother_____
    A) Arrived   B) arriving   C) was arriving   D) arrived   E) arrive
8. The old man looked for his son, but he could not find_____
    A)   Him   B) her   C) them   D) he   E) hers
9. There isn't_____sugar in the tin. A) any   B) no C) some D) many E) a lot
10. If she_____work early, she will go home.
    A)   Finish   B) will finish   C) finished   D) would finish   E) finishes
11. Juma jumped _____ the swimming pool. A) into B) onto C) over D) off   E) through
12. She was ____ill that she could not walk. A) too   B) so   C) so   D) but also E) as
13. Ujamaa Sports Club did not play well, ___ they scored a goal.
    A) That   B) yet   C) or   D) so   E) for
14. That is the boy _____book is torn. A) whom B) which C) whose D) where E) when

15. She has been working here____1999. A) at B) since   C) for D) in E) on
16. Mwanamvua will not come to school today,_____she has a dental appointment.
    A) For   B) but   C) or   D) and E) so
17. Mariamu looks for our teeth. She is a_____ A) doctor B) nurse C) sister D) dentist E) teacher
18. Travelling by air is___than travelling by train. A) expensive   B) more expensive
    C) most expensive D) fast   E) more wonderful
19. A child prefers to drink milk. The plural of underlined word is_____
    A) Childs B) childrens C) children D) childes E) child's
20. Why didn't she ____the meeting?   A) attended B) attending C) has attended
       D) attend   E) attends
21. We eat food_____live. A) In order to B) so that C) although D) in order that E) so that
22. Our teacher has been teaching us_____ seven years.
    A) For   B) about   C) at   D) on   E) since
23. She has not written to us since January. How would this sentence read in a passive form?
    A) We have not been written by her since January.
    B) She has not been written by January
    C) We have not been written by January
    D) January has not been written by her
    E) We have not been written to them since January
24. The girl said "I shall study English" How would you indirectly report what she said?
    A) The girl said that she shall study English
    B) The girl said that she will study English
    C) The girl said that I would study English
    D) The girl said that I will study English
    E) The girl said she should study English

25. The pupils display their drawings. The word display means__
    A) Praise B) take out   C) move   D) open E) show
26. Kitten is for cat,_____is for an elephant.
         A) Kid   B) calf   C) cub   D) puppy   E) chick
27. People have to distinguish facts from opinion. The word distinguish means___
    A) Compare   B) differentiate C) notice D) discover E) search
28. The lion is as dangerous_____leopards.   A) as B) and C) like D) similar E) the same
29. The evening meal is called_____
    A) Dinner   B) food C) breakfast   D) lunch   E) menu
30. One who walks on foot along the road is known as a_____
    A) Walker   B) walkman   C) pedestrian   D) road person   E) patrol
31. Juma had no book to read, so he_____ from Jack for a while.
    A) Lent   B) asked   C) borrowed   D) read E) stole
32. She ran **quickly** towards the train. The underlined word is_____
    A) A noun   B) an adverb   C) a verb   D) adjective   E) a pronoun
33. My sister is in class seven. She always goes to school_____foot.
    A) by   B) with C) in   D) on   E) at
34. The antonyms of the word "pretty" is   A) beautiful B) bad C) handsome D) stupid E) ugly
35. My friend bought a new car which_____ in 2016.
    A) Has made   B) be made   C) have made   D) was made   E) had made

SECTION B: This section has five sentences (36-40) arrange the sentences so as to make a good composition by giving them letters A, B, C, D and E.
36. When he was playing he fell down and shouted

37. He took him to the hospital.
38. He cried loudly and loudly.
39. His mother came and found that his hand was broken.
40. One day Musa was playing near their house.

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follows by writing the correct answer in the special answer sheet (OMR) provided.

Mdundiko and his wife Mazoea are farmers. They have a big farm. They have three children. One of their children is a girl and two are boys. All children study at Mwendapole Primary School.

From Monday to Thursday, Mdundiko works with his wife on the farm. After their work on the farm, they clean their house together. Their children help them with some of the house chores every evening.

On Fridays, Mdundiko and his wife go to the market. He sells oranges and pears from their farm. Mazoea sells cabbages and spinach. Sometimes they visit their family friends on Saturdays. On Sundays, the family rests at home.

Questions
41. What three things does Mdundiko do during the week?
_____
42. What does the family do on Sundays? _____
43. At what school do the family study? _____
44. How does the family get money? _____
45. What do they do on Saturdays? _____

PASSAGE

Parents are very important people in our lives. Everybody must respect his or her parents. Even our parents have passed away, we still have to remember them due to their contribution they have in our lives. You wont be able to pay them despite that you are a millionaire.

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OFISI YA RAIS

TAWALA ZA MIKOA NA SERIKALI ZA MITAA

MTIHANI WA UTAMILIFU KWA WANAFUNZI WA DARASA LA SABA FEBRUARI 2022

JIJI LA DODOMA

KISWAHILI

Muda:Saa 1:40

MAELEKEZO

1. Karatasi hii ina sehemu A na B zenye jumla ya maswali arobaini na tano (45).

2. Jibu maswali yote katika kila sehemu

3. Jaza taarifa zote katika fomu ya OMR

4. Soma maelekezo yote yaliyopo katika fomu maalumu ya kujibia (OMR).

5. Weka kivuli katika kila tarakimu ya namba yako ya mtihani kwenye nafasi husika katika fomu ya (OMR)

6. Weka kivuli katika herufi ya jibu sahihi kwa swali la 1 hadi 40 katika fomu yako ya kujibia uliyopew. Kwa mfano ,kama jibu sahihi ni A weka kivuli kama ifuatavyo:

[A]	[B]	[C]	[E]

7. Ukigundua kuwa herufi uliyoweka si jibu sahihi,futa kivuli hicho kwa umakini kwa kutumia kifutio safi kabla ya kuweka herufi mpya.

8. Tumia penseli ya HB tu katika kujibu swali la 1 hadi 40,na kalamu ya wino wa bluu au mweusi kujibu

9. Simu ya mkononi na vitu vyote visivyoruhusiwa havitakiwi ndani ya chumba cha mtihani.

SEHEMU A

Jibu maswali kutokana na habari uliyoisikiliza.

1. Nini athari za ukosefu wa mvua kama zilivyoelezwa katika kifungu hiki cha habari?
   A. Hali ya hewa B. Ukosefu wa mvua C. Ukame wa njaa D. Ukataji wa miti E. Kuwa na mahitaji mengi [   ]
2. Mwandishi anasenma ili maendeleo yawe chanya jamii inapaswa kufanya nini?
   A. Kubuni vyanzo vya nishati B. Kupanda miti kwa wingi C. Kuwa na vyombo vya habari D. Kujua majira E. Kupanda miti kwa wingi [   ]
3. Kichwa kinachofaa kwa habari hii ni _____? A. Mabadiliko ya hali ya hewa B. Mabadiliko ya hali ya hewa na athari zake C. Uhaba wa vyanzo vya maji D. Ukataji miti hovyo E. Ukosefu wa mvua [   ]
4. Chanzo cha kikubwa vha mito na vijito kukauka ni nini _____? A. ukataji wa miti B. Vijito kuwa haba C. Wingi wa magogo D. Shughuli za maendeleo E. Mwelekeo hasi katika utabiri [   ]
5. Ni jambo gani ambalo huweza kuleta athari ya ukame na nja katika habari uliyosikiliza?
   A. Mabadiliko ya hali ya hewa B. Ukosefu wa mvua C. Kuwa na maji haba D. Utabiri mbaya E. Vijito [   ]

   Katika swali la 6 – 35, weka kivuli katika herufi ya jibu lililo sahihi katika form yako ya kujibia.

6. "Baba alimwagiza Adabu, nenda dukani ukanunue kalamu." Sentensi hii ipo katika kauli ipi kati ya zifuatazo?
A.   Taarifa
B.   Mazoea
C.   Halisi
D.   Kutendewa
E.   Kutenda
 7. Katika maneno yafuatayo, lipi halilandani na mengine:
A.   Dawa

B. Posta

C. Tabibu

D. Hospitali

E. Mkunga

8. Tumelima bustani kubwa ya nyanya. Sentensi hii ni ipo katika nafsi ya ngapi?

A. Nafsi ya kwanza wingi

B. Nafsi ya kwanza umoja

C. Nafsi ya pili wingi

D. Nafsi ya pili umoja

E. Nafsi ya tatu wingi

9. Belinda alisema, "siwezi kuja kwenu". Sentensi ipi kati ya zifuatazo inatoa taarifa ya Belinda?

A. Belinda alisema yeye hawezi kuja kwenu

B. Belinda alisema kuwa yeye alikuwa hawezi kuja kwao

C. Belinda alisema kuwa yeye alikuwa anapenda kuja kwenu

D. Belinda alisema mimi siwezi kuja kwenu

E. Belinda alisema kuwa hawezi kwenda kwao

10. Kaka yangu anafanya kazi ya kufunga mitambo, kutengeneza barabara na usanifu wa nyumba. Je kaka yangu ni:

A. Tabibu

B. Sonara

C. Mwandisi

D. Mkutubi

E. Karani

11. Katika sentensi zifuatazo ni ipiiliyo sahihi kimuundo?

A. Nilikwenda kituo cha afya nilimkuta daktari hayupo

B. Nilikwenda kituo cha afya lakini nilimkuta daktari hayupo

C. Nilikwenda kituo cha afya lakini sikimkuta daktari

D. Nilipokwenda nilimkuta hayupo

E. Nilimkuta hayupo daktari

12. Mzee Tupatupa alipita hapa shuleni. Neno Tupatupa limetumika kama aina gani ya neno?

A. Kiwakilishi

B. Nomino

C. Kivumishi

D. Kielezi

E. Kitenzi

13. Nini wingi wa sentensi hii? "Analala huku akikoroma"

A. Alikoroma

B. Wanalala huku wakikoroma

C. Walilala na kukoroma

D. Wakilala watakoroma

E. Walikoroma wakalala

14. Neno ninaumwa liko katika kauli ipi?

A. Kutendewa

B. Kutendana

C. Kutendeana

D. Kutendeka

E. Kutenda

15. Chagua kundi lenye vitenzi pekee:

    A. Meupe, mrembo, mdogo, laini

    B. Vizuri, polepole, kula, ruka

    C. Kaza, funga, aga, ruka

    D. Kaza, meupe, mdogo, aga

    E. Vizuri, meupe, ruka, kula

16. "Ninakuja shuleni". Sentensi hii ipo katika kauli gani kati ya zifuatazo?

    A. Tata

    B. Taarifa

    C. Halisi

    D. Masharti

17. Ukidondosha silabi "zo" katika neno "tangazo"utaunda neno gani?

    A. Ngozo

    B. Tanga

    C. Zota

    D. Ngata

    E. Tangazo

18. Mwalimu wa taaluma alisema"kila mwalimu atafundisha masomo yote". Mwalimu mkuu akakanusha kwa kusema:

    A. Kila mwalimu alifundisha masomo yote

    B. Kila mwalimu atafundisha masomo yote

    C. Kila mwalimu hatafundisha masomo yote

    D. Kila mwalimu anafundisha masomo yote

    E. Kila mwalimu amefundisha masomo yote

19. Shangazi ameinjika chakula jikoni. Kinyume cha neno injika ni kipi kati ya haya yafuatayo:

    A. Bandika

    B. Epua

    C. Bandua

    D. Zibua

    E. Tua

20. Chagua kielezi katika sentensi hii; Ndege iliyotumbukia baharini imepatikana:

    A. Ndege

    B. Iliyotumbukia

    C. Baharini

    D. Imepatikana

    E. Hakuna jibu

21. Mdogo wangu anaimba nyimbo kwa ustadi. Nomino ipi inatokakana na kubadilishwa kwa kitenzi "imba"?

    A. Imbisha

    B. Imbiana

    C. Imbika

    D. Mwimbaji

    E. Mwimbo

22. Ukuta wa jengo la darasa la saba umechorwa ramani ya Afrika. Katika sentensi hii kisawe cha neno "ukuta" ni kipi kati ya vifuatavyo:
    A. Jengo
    B. Ufa
    C. Paa
    D. Kiambaza
    E. Kikwara

23. Neno linalotokana na kudondoshasilabi moja katika neno "gunia" ni lipi kati ya yafuatayo:
    A. Gunia
    B. Inua
    C. Nuia
    D. Guna
    E. Nia

24. "Mkuu wa shule alitoa shukrani kwamgeni rasmi" Wingi wa sentensi hii ni upi?
    A. Wakuu wa shule walitoa shukrani kwa wageni rasmi
    B. Mkuu wa shule walitoa shukrani kwa mgeni rasmi
    C. Mkuu wa shule alitoa shukrani kwa wageni rasmi
    D. Mkuu wa shule walitoa shukrani kwa mgeni rasmi
    E. Wakuu wa shule alitoa shukrani kwa mgeni rasmi

25. Baba amefyeka majani yaliyokuwa karibu na nyumba. Nominisha kitenzi kilicho katika sentensi hii kwa kutumia maneno yafuatayo.
    A. Fyekeana
    B. Fyekewa
    C. Mfyekaji
    D. Mfyekewa
    E. Mfyekeshaji

26. Waziri alitupongeza kwa kutia fora katika mtihani wetu wa darasa la saba. Yaani alitupa mkono wa:
    A. Mkono wa tanzia
    B. Mkono wa tahania
    C. Mkono wa buriani
    D. Mkono wa iddi
    E. Mkono wa shari

27. Chagua kinyume cha sentensi hii, Jumanne alisifiwa kwa utii wake shuleni:
    A. Jumanne alikashifiwa kwa utii wake shuleni
    B. Jumanne alikashifiwa kwa ukaidi wake shuleni
    C. Jumanne alikashifiwa kwa utundu wake shuleni
    D. Jumanne hakukashifiwa kwa utundu wake shuleni
    E. Jumanne alisifiwa kwa utundu wake shuleni

28. Taja aina ya maneno yaliyopigiwa mstari katika sentensi hii. "Mtoto **wangu** amehitimu na **yule** anaendelea kujiandaa na mtihani."
    A. Kiwakilishi, kivumishi
    B. Kielezi, kiwakilishi
    C. Kitenzi, kiwakilishi

D. Kivumishi, kiwakilishi

E. Kiwakilishi, kitenzi

29. Chagua kauli taarifa ya sentensi hii: "Jana niliwapa kazi gani?" Mwalimu alimuulizakiranja wa darasa.

A. Kiranja wa darasa aliulizwa na mwalimu walipewa kazi gani

B. Mwalimu alimuuliza kiranja wa darasa kazi aliyokuwa amewapa siku iliyotangulia

C. Mwalimu alimuuliza kiranja wa darasa kazi aliyowapa jana

D. Mwalimu alimuuliza kiranja wa darasa niliwapa kazi gani

E. Mwalimu aliuliza kazi aliyotoa kwa kiranja wa darasa

30. Katika vitenzi "sitalima" na "huchezi" ni silabi zipi zinazoonesha ukanushi?

A. ta na hu

B. si na hu

C. li na zi

D. ma na zi

E. li na che

31. Ali anapenda/hupenda kuchagua sana na hivyo kushindwa kufanya maamuzi. Methali ipi kati ya zifuatazo inaeleza umuhimu wa sifa ya Ali?

A. Mchagua jembe si mkulima

B. Leo ni leo asemaye kesho ni mwongo

C. Mchagua nazi huinukia Koroma

D. Polepole ndiyo mwendo

E. Mdharau mwiba mguu huota tende

32. Nyoka na jongoo walifanya kazi bega kwa bega. Nahau bega kwa bega kama lilivyotumika katika sentensi hii ina maana gani kati ya hizi zifuatazo?

A. Kufanya kazi kwa uvivu

B. Kufanya kazi kwa kupumzika

C. Kufanya kazi kwa kushirikiana

D. Kufanya kazi kwa kujituma

E. Kufanya kwa kwa uzembe

33. Ni methali gani yenye maana sawa na "Mkono utoao ndio upatao"

A. Mla nawe hafi nawe ila mzaliwa nawe

B. Jino la pembe si dawa ya pengo

C. Baada ya dhiki faraja

D. Jaza ya hisani ni hisani

E. Mtaka cha uvunguni sharti ainame

34. Shida ndogo haina budi kutatuliwa mapema kabla haijawa kubwa. Methali ipi inasadifu kifungu hiki cha maneno kati ya hizi zifuatazo?

A. Haukuchi haukuchi unakucha

B. Uzipoziba ufa utajenga ukuta

C. Mwanzo wa ngoma si mwisho wa uunzi

D. Penye miti hapana wajenzi

E. Kidole kimoja hakivunji chawa

35. "Uzurulaji umepigwa marufuku". Nahau "umepigwa marufuku" lina maana gani kati ya maneno yafuatayo?

A. Umepigwa winda

B. Umepigwa konde

C. Umekatazwa

D. Umezoeleka

E. Umekithiri

SEHEMU B:

Katika swali la 36-40 panga sentensi zifuztazo ili zilete mtiririko wenye mantiki kwa kuzipa herufi A, B, C, D na E.

36. Wanafunzi walipofika shuleni walisafisha mazingira ya shule

37. Baada ya muda mfupi, wanafunzi wakasikia mlio wa kingora kilichoongoza msafara wa mwenge

38. Wanafunzi walipokuwa njiani kwenda shuleni, walikutana na watu wengine wakienda kupokea mwenge

39. Mwalimu mkuu aliwakaribisha wageni kisha akasoma risala

40. Wanafunzi walipomaliza kusafisha mazingira ya shule walijipanga kandokando ya barabara ili kuupokea mwenge.

SEHEMU C: Ushairi

Soma shairi lifuatalo kisha jibu swali la 41-45.

Tumeingia uwanjani, kukutana na vijana
Tahiyatuni kaeni, kusikia yenye mana
Akili zifungueni, mpate kutulizana
Sigara si ya kuigwa, vijana fikirieni.

Si mema msidhani, mtaanza kuugua
Maradhi ya vifuani, mapafu yataungua
Sijitie ubabeni, kujitia mnajua
Sigara si ya kuigwa, vijana fikirieni

Ulevi nao acheni, twataka kuwazindua
Mtaingia hatiani, hivyo mnajizuzua
Wengi hawawathamini, walevi wanapojua
Ulevi msitamani, vijana fikirieni

Uvivu nao acheni, utakuja wasumbua
Vitabu kavishikeni, mazuri mtayavuna
Heshima muithamini, si watu kuwatibua
Haki zenu zijueni, vijana fikirieni

Maswali.

41. Kichwa kinachofaa kwa shairi hili ni kipi ?...

42. Vina vya kati na mwisho katika ubeti wa pili ni vipi? ………………………..

43. Kila ubeti wa shairi hili una mishororo mingapi? ……………………………

44. Neno "tahiyatuni" kama lilivyotumika katika ubeti wa kwanza lina maana gani? ………………………………………………

45. Mshairi anatoa funzo gani katika ubeti wa tatu? ………………………………

SIKILIZA KWA MAKINI HABARI HII KISHA UJIBU SWALI LA 1-5 KWA KUCHAGUA JIBU SAHIHI:

Mabadiliko ya hali ya hewa yamekua makubwa kiasi cha kutisha. Zamani Mababu zetu walitabiri mvua wao wenyewe pasinakuwa na vyombo vya kisasa. Suala linalozungumziwa sana siku hizi ni mabadiliko ya hali ya hewa na athari zake kwa jamii nzima. Kila mtu ana wasiwasi na mvua ambazo huchukua muda mrefu bila kunyesha. Ukosefu wa mvua ambao mwishowe huleta ukame na njaa umechangiwa kwa kiasi kikubwa na shughuli za binadamu ambazo zinaongezeka haraka siku hadi siku. Shughuli hizo mbali mbali ambazo kwa upande mmoja zimeonekana kama za kimaendeleo ni kuongezeka kwa mali asili. Mifano mbalimbaliambayo inaonesha matumizi hayo ni pamoja na ujenzi wa nyumba nyingi zaidi, kupata nishati ya kutosha kwa ajili ya kupikia na upatikanaji wa mbao na magogo kwa wingi kwa matumizi ya ndani na hata ya nje ya nchi. Hata hivyo ili maendeleo hayo yawe na mwelekeo chanya jamii inalazimika kupanda miti kwa wingi ili kukidhi mahitaji hayo. Aidha ni vyema kuzingatia kuwa ukataji wa miti kwa wingi ni chanzo kikubwa cha mito na vijito kuwa na maji haba au kukauka kabisa.

SIKILIZA KWA MAKINI HABARI HII KISHA UJIBU SWALI LA 1-5 KWA KUCHAGUA JIBU SAHIHI:

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SIKILIZA KWA MAKINI HABARI HII KISHA UJIBU SWALI LA 1-5 KWA KUCHAGUA JIBU SAHIHI:

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT
MOCK EXAMINATION FOR STANDARD SEVEN FEBRUARY 2022
DODOMA CITY
CIVIC AND MORAL

Duration: 1:30 2022

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This paper has sections A and B containing a total of forty-five (45) questions.

2. Answer all the questions in each section

3. Fill in all the information in the OMR form

4. Read all the instructions in the special answer form (OMR).

5. Tick each digit of your test number in the space provided in the (OMR) form.

6. Tick the letter of the correct answer to question 1 to 40 in your given answer form. For example, if the correct answer is A cast a shadow as follows:

| [A] | [B] | [C] | [D] |

7. If you notice that the letter you entered is not the correct answer, delete the shadow carefully using a clean eraser before inserting a new letter.

8. Use the HB pencil only to answer questions 1 to 40, and the blue or black ink pen to answer questions 41 to 45.

9. Cell phone and all unauthorized items are not required in the examination room.

Choose the letter of the correct answer and tick the OMR sheet from questions 1 - 40.

1. If you have been offered a chance to be a community leader and your community is facing a famine, what kind of help would you advise the government to provide? A. Agricultural land B. Education C. Accommodation D. Food E. Drugs

2. How do social networks help us in the process of providing services to people with special needs? A. The poor use different messages and have fun B. Sharing the various information needed C. Showing love in the family D. Watching the drama E. entertaining people

3. The following are school resources **except;** A. Books B. Garden C. Library D. Furniture E. Highway

4. A tendencies of making someone with sorrow or challenges to feel better is known as ……? A. Collection B. Forgiveness C. Thanksgiving D. Compassionate E. Comfort

5. The following are the qualities of a good leader. Except …… A. Commitment B. Vision C. Truthfulness and Transparency D. Integrity E. Doing extravagance

6. How many pillars are there in the structure of the Tanzanian government? A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5 E. 6

7. There is an adequate security in Tanzania so people use their properties without worry. Which of the following explanation is true? A. Peace B. Development C. Peace Violence D. Court E. Plan

8. The following promotes good relations in your community except; A. Helping B. Love C. Strength D. Greeting E. Collaborating

9. School development plan and implementation strategies are one of the responsibilities of… .. A. School committee B. Parent meeting C. ward development committee D. Headteacher E. School academic committee

10. Based on the following factors, one of them means not attending school without good reason. A. Due to inequality B. Uncertainty C. Vary D. violence E. absenteeism

11. Mwalimu Mushi asked the students to send him clothes that they do not use and also asked their parents to donate even a little money. He later went with the students to visit an orphanage. What exactly is the meaning of this action? A. Building good relationships in the community B. Protecting the dignity of the school C. Distinguishing the poor from the rich D. Educating all people E. Showing students the poor people in the community

12. Why is every family member obliged to participate in productive activities? A. To show neighbors that they are working B. To make a rich father C.To follow the laws of the land D.To avoid poverty and dependence E. To build a good neighborhood

13. If you find out that your neighbor is harassing your friend, harassing him and depriving him of his basic services, how will you help him? A. Tell your friend to hide B. You will tell your friend to run to the street C. You will tell your parents to help him or sue the police D. Stop the friendship E. The counselor should not love his parents

14. The limit number of a school committee members is…… A. 3 B. 4 C. 20 D. 9 E. 16

15. What is the national symbol used as a seal in government documents? A.National Emblem B. National anthem C. National flag D. Freedom torch E. National currency

16. Which of the following numbers is used to report acts of corruption to the PCCB? A. 999 B. 0800 C. 113 D. 222 E. 900

17. What can help you to avoid arguing in school and to increase discipline? A. Two head teachers B. Cleaning C. Following school rules D. Attending school regularly E. severe

18. The act of recruiting children under the age of 18 to work is ……. A. Giving them the opportunity to get rid of economic hardship B. Depriving them of their basic rights C. Giving them work skills and knowledge D. Preparing them to become responsible adults E. Enabling them to buy basic necessities

19. Who is responsible for providing family services and comfort especially in difficult time? A. Parents B. Government C. Children D. Neighbors E. Village chairman

20. One man went to a health centre to get tested. The gatekeeper asked him to give him a little money to allow him to be in the front row. What is this evil act called? A. Corruption B. Liar C. Cheating D. Insults E. Quarrel

21. An Educated one must be generous, just and adhere to the rules of ethics that will enable him or her to be accepted in the community. This situation is known as….? A. Behavior B. Integrity C. Creativity D. Obedience E. Confidence

22. Which of the following actions affects planning and implementation? A. Free market B. Evaluation C. By-elections D. Democracy E. Corruption

23. Which of the following actions should be taken if you have experienced life's challenges? A. Relaxation B. Cleansing C. Neglecting D. Patience E. Calmness

24. What are the benefits of criticizing others in the following areas? A. Make them quarrel B. Make them rich C. Make them aware of their mistakes D. The critic can be a teacher E. Avoid unnecessary friendships

25. Identify behaviors that may not help you achieve your goals in the following areas; A. Evaluation B. Curiosity C. Deep thinking D. Getting good advice E. Laziness

26. Which of the following tools shows us the information and professional events that happen every day in school? A. Billboard B. Television C. Radio D. Street advertising E. School committee meetings

27. Identify the most tolerant group among the following groups of people; A. People of the same tribe in traditional dances B.Two rich people living together C. Parents who love their children D. People of different religions living together E. Haya living together in the United States

28. As a good child what will motivate you to keep advising and helping your friend on how to deal with the problems he or she is facing? A. Willingness to pay you well B. Origin and status of his family C. Religion and race D. Culture and ethnicity E. Willingness to agree with your advice

29. If you have been visited by a Kenyan and asked where he can get copies explaining all the rights of Tanzanians to freedom of expression . Which of the following will you direct him to use for self-study? A. Citizenship books B. Freedom torch C. Journals D. Magazine E. Constitution

30. Among the following is not the right of student in school. A. Eat food on time B. Selecting prefect C. Teachers attention D. The right to get academic information

31.The following bodies defend human rights in Tanzania except; A. TAWLA B. TAMWA C. Central Bank D. Parliament E. Court

32. What is the evil of the act of hypocrisy in society among the following? A. Makes us poor B. It simplifies business C. It breaks friendships D. Attracts guests E. Destroys school property

33. Which district leader is appointed by the President whose responsibilities include organizing national celebrations within the district? A. Divisional Officer B. District Chairman C. District Director D. Police Chief E. District Administrative Secretary

34. The district commissioner responsible for ensuring the health laws in the district are complied with, visited us here in our village and explained to us the importance of sanitation. Who is this leader? A. District education officer B. District business officer C. District health officer D. District agricultural officer E. District police officer

35. Which of the following international communities is based on British colonial rule? A. UNHCR B. Southern African Union C. African Union D. United States E. Commonwealth

36. Which of the following features shows that the world is like a village due to the development of Science and Technology? A. Democracy B. Globalization C. Embassy D. Market E. Information analysis

37. CCM, CHADEMA, CUF and ACT- PATRIOTS are all political parties in Tanzania. Which of the following brings the parties together peacefully? A. Winning the election B. Befriending the President C. Termination of cooperation D. Fear of arrest E. Respect for the ideology of each party

38. The following local believes can lead to HIV except; A. Inheriting widows B. Female genital mutilation C. Child sex D. Adultery and circumcision E. Child marriage

39. Which of the following ethnic groups are most common in Tabora region? A. Nyamwezi B. Ha C. Hehe D. Maasai E. Nyakyusa

40. Due to the availability of pottery soil in their areas, Pare are involving in pottery; Due to availability of oak tree around them   Makonde are involving in…..; A. Fishing B. Livestock C. Harvesting D. Curvings E. Hunting

SECTION B: Answer question 41-45 by filling in the blanks in OMR

41. Who is the leader that advise the regional commission in Tanzania?

42. Name the national emblem that identifies the authority of the President of Tanzania?

43. In Tanzania, what law was enacted in 2015 that exposes all offenses and penalties for the misuse of computer systems and information communication technology?

44. A draft of a proposed law presented to parliament for discussion is known as………………

45. Iden
tify two challenges facing the Africa union (AU

I…………………………………………………………………………………………………..

II……………………………………………………………………………………………………

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT
MOCK EXAMINATION FOR STANDARD SEVEN FEBRUARY 2022
DODOMA CITY
SCIENCE.

Duration: 1:30 2022

INSTRUCTIONS

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SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE

1.A normal human body temperature is 36.9 °C. The body temperature of a bird is equivalent to
_____Fahrenheit.
A.140 °F B. 104 °F C. 104.5 °F D. 98.6 °F E. 212 °F

2. The part of the human brain that controls involuntary actions is known as medulla oblangata. Juma experinces difficult in learning process. What part of the Juma's brain that is responsible in learning activities.

brum B. Medulla Oblangata C. Cerebellum D. Spinal cord E. Nerves

3. Decaying of a fruit is an example of chemical change. Rusting of iron can be categorized as_____
ysical change   B. Chemical change   C. Change of matter
ange of iron E. Mechanical change.

4. Milk is the good source of protein and minerals including calcium and vitamins. What is an importance of mother's milk to her baby?
ncreases body immunity to her baby B. It regulates temperature
build baby's body D. It strengthen teeth and bones
 E. Prevents a baby from crying

5. Hemoglobin contribute in blood colour. What chemical is necessary for blood clotting of the injured person among the following?

orine B. Acid C. Base   D. Fibrinogen   E. Hemoglobin

6. Cigarette poison that affects health of the human being that comes from the tobacco plants is known

A. Nicotine B. Caffein C. alcohol D. cocaine E. insulin

7. The grand that control all activities of other glands in the human body which is responsible to secrete pituitary mone is known as_____

A. Adrenalin B. Pituitary C. Ovary D. Pancreas E. Thyroid

8. If seed fail to germinate in environment that has enough air, What can be the source of that problem?

Sunlight and manure B. Water and optimum temperature

C. Manure and water D. Sunlight and heat E. Manure and heat

$CO_2C_6H_{12}O_6 + H_2O$ + Y. Letter "Y" represents? $\xrightarrow[Chlorophyll]{Sunlight}$

A. Iron B. Moisture C. Carbon dioxide D. Acid E. Oxygen.

10. A standard seven student blew air into a test tube containing a clear solution , then he/she shock the test tube. After shaking the test tube,the colour of the solution become white, which chemical was in the clear solution?

ochloric acid B. sulphur C. sulphuric acid D. hydrogen

E. Calciun hydroxide

11. Razorblade, axe, knife and chisel are types of simple machines known as____

ges B. Leavers C. axle D. roller E. pulley

12. Standard seven pupil opened a gas cylinder and directed it to the fire. The flame increased. What kind of gas was in the cylinder?

A. Oxygen B.Hydroxide C.Carbon dioxide D. Carbon monoxide E. Wind gas

13. Find the value of "t" to the figure below.
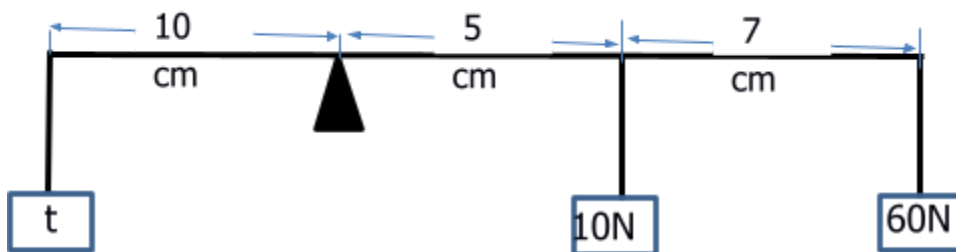
A. 156 N B. 115 N C. 96 N D. 82 N E. 77N

14. A small chip that is inserted into a phone to access network is called_____

A. SIM card B. Charger C. Memory card D.Battery E. CPU

15. The part of the computer that is used to display information is called__

A. Monitor B. Adapter C. Key board D. Mouse E. Modem

16. Base + Acid ⟶ Y + Salt, the letter "Y" represents

   A. Lactic acid B. Water C. Alcohol D. Mercury E. Bile

17. Why is the voice of radio and television broadcasts not heard outside the broadcasting room through the walls?_____

A. The walls are painted with sound absorbs

B. The walls are constructed with sound absorbers

C. The walls are painted with sound reflectors

D. The walls reflect absorbed sound

E. The walls refract sound.

18. The human being breath in oxygen and breath out carbon dioxide by using lungs. Due to lack of oxygen in bucket fish died, Which organ is used by fish to breath in oxygen in water?

A. Gills B. Mouth C. Skin D. Nose and mouth E. Fins

19. Warning or command sign are represented by which colour among the following?

A. Yellow B. Red C. Blue D. Green E. White

20. In scientific research, at which stage do scientists use data to accept or reject hypothesis?......
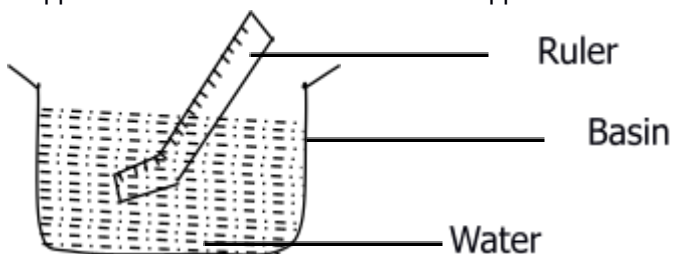
A. experimentation B. data analysis C. drawing conclusion

D. Data interpretation E. Problem Identification

21. Heat travels by conduction through which matter among the following?

A. water and iron B. iron and aluminium C. aluminium and steam

D. air and water E. air and iron

22. A ruler was dipped in water as shown below and it appeared to be bend

Ruler

Basin

Water

Which property of light is shown in the diagram above?...........
   A. Absorption B. conversion C. dispersion D. refraction E. reflection

23. Asha wrote a chemical symbol for Iron which is Fe and Amina wrote a chemical symbol for Mercury. Which among the following symbols represents a chemical symbol wrote by Amina.

A. Hg   B. Fe C. Me D. Cu E. Ag

24. Kisusu immersed a stone in an Eureka can full of water. The displaced water had a volume of 200cm³Which sentence is true of these actions?

A. Water is heavier than stone

B. Stone is heavier than water

C. the remaining water is less than the displaced water

D. volume of stone is equal to volume of displaced water

E. Weight of displaced water is equal to that of remaining water

25. For plants to continue growing in their habitat they need some important things which are:_____

A. air and soil B. Soil and fertilizer C. Water and soil D. Thermometer and air E. air and water

26. The relationship between magnetism and electricity is_____

A. The source of magnetism is atomic energy

B. Electricity is the same as magnetism

C. wherever there is magnetism there is electricity

D. Wherever there is electricity there is magnetism

D. Magnetism generates electricity

27.Records of experiments are important because they help to do the following except _____

A. Compare experiments of one experiment and others

B. To give information of the experiment

C. To be used as the reference by other experts

D. To enable other experiment to be conducted

E, To ensure unconfirmed reports

28. In a leaver a load of 50kg was put three meters from the fulcrum. What is the distance required from the fulcrum to put an effort of 20 kg in order to balance the lever

A. 7.5m B. 75m C. 7.5m D. 2.5 m E. 3m

29. Study carefully the diagram of a computer below and answer the question that follows.

Which pair among the following represents input devices?_____

A. A and B   B. B and C   C. C and D   D. D and B   E. A and D

30. If there are more carnivores than herbivores in an area what will happen?_

A. grass will decrease B. Grass will remain as before

C. grass will dry D. grass will increase E. grass will be eaten

31. In a research done by class Seven pupils 2022, the heights of 6 plants were obtained as follows: 12cm, 16 cm, 6 cm, 20 cm, 14 cm and 10 cm. Find the average height of the plants.

A. 12 cm B. 14 cm C. 11 cm D. 13 cm E. 17 cm

32. Which one of the following is the difference between plant and animal cells?

A. Plant cells have a nucleus while animal cells have no nucleus

B. Plant cells can make their own food while animal cells can not make their own food

C. Animal cells have cell membrane while plant cells have no cell membrane

D. Plant cells have vacuole while animal cells have no vacuole

E. Animal cells have no metochondria while plant cells have metochondria

33.We have many warning signs. what does the sign below represent? _____

A. X-rays B. Container with sample of pathogens of diseases

C. Dangerous samples D. Corrosives sample. E. Flammable samples

34. The process by which plants loose water into the atmosphere through leaves is called
   A. Diffusion B. Osmosis C. Evaporation D. Respiration E. Transpiration

35. The best liquid to use in thermometer in the process of measuring temperature is known as _____ that is a metal found in liquid state?

   A. Mercury B. Copper C. Silver D. Argon E. Diamond

36. All organisms are made up of the smallest unit called cells, The smallest unit of all matter is known as_____

   A. Molecule B. Atom C. Compound D. Tissue E. proton

37. What does the following electrical symbol represents_____

   A. Switch B. Earth wire C. fuse D. dry cell E. Adapter

38. In which part along the alimentary canal is water and minerals absorbed?

   A. duodenum B. colon C. ileum D. mouth E. appendix

39. The major component of biogas energy which has high composition is _____

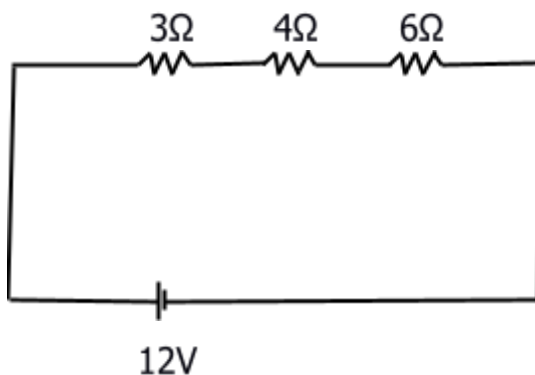   A. Carbondioxide B. Oxygen C. Nitrogen D. Methane E. Steam

40. Makusudi was forbidden by her mother from playing with a snail. Which disease do you think her mother was preventing her from.

   A. Malaria B. Sleeping sickness C. Diarrhea D. Bilharzia   E. AIDS

SECTION B:

Fill the blanks with the correct answer.

41. Calculate the total resistance in the circuit below
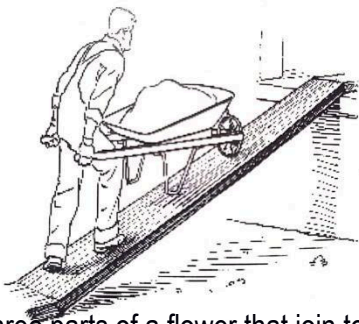

42. Explain in brief two (2) uses of nitrogen gas

   i._____

   ii._____

43. What are three raw materials necessary for photosynthesis?

  i._____

 ii._____

iii._____

44. Mr Makande always use a wheelbarrow in his farm. Which class of lever Mr Makande's wheelbarrow can be classified. _____

45.Three parts of a flower that join together to form pistil are_____, _____ and _____

Duration: 1:30 2022

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This paper has sections A and B containing a total of forty-five (45) questions.
2. Answer all the questions in each section
3. Fill in all the information in the OMR form
4. Read all the instructions in the special answer form (OMR).
5. Tick each digit of your test number in the space provided in the (OMR) form.
6. Tick the letter of the correct answer to question 1 to 40 in your given answer form. For example, if the correct answer is A cast a shadow as follows:

[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]

7. If you notice that the letter you entered is not the correct answer, delete the shadow carefully using a clean eraser before inserting a new letter.
8. Use the HB pencil only to answer questions 1 to 40, and the blue or black ink pen to answer questions 41 to 45.
9. Cell phone and all unauthorized items are not required in the examination room.

1. Environment is everything which surrounds human beings. Which activities conducted by human being can destruct the environment?
    A. Mining B. Domestic keeping C. Garbage's collection D. Recycling E. Robbering.
2. Oldvai George is very famous in Tanzania where the skull of the early man discovered. Who was the founder of the skull?
    A. Karly Peters B. Dr. Louise Leaky C. Charles Darwin D. William Macknoon E. Donard Carmeroon.
3. The equator passed through the central African continent. Which side of Tanzania is?
    A. Northern side B. Southern side C. Eastern side D. Western side E. South-west side.
4. Eathquakes, tsunami, fire, floods, and droughts are natural hazard. Which hazard can occur due to cutting down of the trees?
    A. Fire B. Tsunami C. Floods D. Droughts E. Earthquakes.
5. Multiparty system in Tanzania was formed 1992. The first multiparty system election was conducted in which year?
    A. 1992 B. 1998 C. 1995 D. 1990 E. 1991
6. Earth has two movements, revolution and rotation. What do we get when the earth revolves around the sun?
    A. Day and night B. Season of the year C. Waterfalls and rapids D. Equinox E. Lunar eclipse.
7. In ensuring that Africans are ruled by different Europen countries, Colonialists used different methods including false treaties. Who among the following signed the false treat with Carl Peters?
    A. Abushiri B. Makunganya C. Mangungo D. Mkwawa E. Isike.
8. Some pastoralist communities do activities per head moving from one area to another. What is their goal?
    A. Exercise B. Will add fertilizer to soil C. Finding better housing D. Searching for grazing E. Searching for vaccination.
9. Tanzania is a word derived from the union of Tanganyika and Zanzibar.Which year did they unit?
    A. 1961 B. 1977 C. 1954 D. 1957 E. 1964
10. The parliament of united republic of Tanzania is divided into two party. Who is a leader of all government activities in the parliament?
    A. Vice president B. Spiker C. Prime minister D. President E. Cabinet.
11. East African community is formed by six countries. Who is a current chairperson of East African Community?
    A. Uhuru Kenyatta B. Jomo Kenyatta C. Paul Kagame D. Samia Suluhu Hassan E. Yower Msaveni.
12. The German leader who conducted Berlin conference was chancellor Von Bismark. In which year was Berlin conference held?
    A. 1884-1885 B. 1882-1890 C. 1885-1887 D. 1886-1888 E. 1890-1895
13. Recycling is the processing of waste materials in order to make new products. Which among of the following is not an advantage of recycling?

A. Cleanness of the environment B. To reduce the cost of buying raw material C. To get new product D. To increase employment E. To pollute the environment.

14. Which is the major activities conducted along the rivers, ocean, dams and lakes?

    A. Mining B. Fishing C. Pastoralism D. Trade E. Bee keeping.

15. Mr. Chapakazi lives with his wife, two sons and one of his brother's daughter. Which type of family is this?

    A. Nuclear family B. Single parent family C. Parent family D. Extended family E. Orphans family.

16. Cave drawings were used to teach children and young people variety subjects. In which region in Tanzania are this cave drawing found?

    A. Arusha B. Kagera C. Dodoma D. Singida E. Iringa.

17. Which one was among of the methods used by European countries to get new African colonies since the beginning of the 19 century?

    A. Negotiation between African chief and European B. To educate the Africans important of being ruled C. False treaty and spreading Christianity D. Co-operation between Africans and Europeans E. Slave trade.

18. The highest mountain in African continent is Kilimanjaro. Which is the highest mountain in the world?

    A. Kilimanjaro B. Elgon C. Everest D. Atlas E. Meru.

19. The political party which fought for south Africa to get her independence was ANC. Which party fought for the independence of Mozambique?

    A. FRELIMO B. KANU C. ZANU D. TANU E. SWAPO

20. Stone Age has been divided into three periods that is early Stone Age, Middle Stone Age, and Late Stone Age. Man discovered fire in which Stone Age?

    A. Middle B. Late C. Early D. Old stone E. Iron.

21. A century is a period of 100 years. What do we call a period of 1000 years?

    A. Century B. Millennium C. Decade D. Ten thousand E. One thousand.

22. The state of one country to dominate another country politically economically and socially is called?

    A. Colonialism B. Communalism C. Feudalism D. Socialism E. Slavery.

23. Thermometer is used to measure the degree of hotness or coldness. Which instrument is used to measure atmospheric pressure?

    A. Barometer B. Anemometer C. Octas D. Thermometer E. Hygrometer.

24. Maji maji war was fought during 1905-1907. Who was the leader of the war?

    A. Bwana Heri B. Abushiri C. Kinjekitile Ngwale D. Mkwawa E. Chief Mangungo.

25. Tanzania has many resources which includes minerals, mountains and national parks. Which minerals are used as source of nuclear energy?

    A. Copper B. Coal C. Diamond D. Uranium E. Gold.

26. In the process of making tools, human can discover fire by scratching two sticks. What is the name given to those two sticks?

    A. Palm and coconut B. Mangrove and gum tree C. Ulindi and Ulimbombo D. Mangrove and palm E. Coconut only.

27. The grid line of latitude 0^0 is called equator. What is the name given to the grid line longitude 0^0?

    A. Greenwich B. Tropic of Capricorn C. Tropic of cancer D. Antlantic E. Equator.

28. Census in Tanzania was conducted in 2002. In which year will this exercise be held again?

    A. 2017 B. 2025 C. 2012 D. 2022 E. 2024

29. Central zone comprises two region of Dodoma and Singida, these regions experiences drought every time and then. What do you think is the Couse of this problem?

A. Destruction of environment B. Heavy rainfall C. Earthquake D. More crop cultivation E. Gold mining activities.

30. In the year 2020 the Earthquake occurred in Kagera region which resulted in destruction of buildings and infrastructure. Which instrument was used to measure the magnitude of the earthquake?
   A. Barometer B. Seismometer C. Thermometer D. Hygrometer E. Rain gauge.

31. In 4th July every year the earth becomes far away from the sun. This is known as?
   A. Aphelion B. Ocean tides C. Perihelion D. Solar eclipse E. Lunar eclipse.

32. Cotton is one of the crop product which contribute to rise the economy of a country. Which regions are famous in cotton production in Tanzania?
   A. Shinyanga and Mwanza B. Shinyanga and Geita C. Simiyu and Mwanza D. Geita and Mwanza E. Shinyanga and Simiyu.

33. Production activities practices along the river can cause some effects to the nearby community. Which effects are caused by cutting down trees near by the river?
   A. Decrease of fishing B. Drying of water sources C. Loose of land fertility D. Air pollution E. Lack of water in the industries.

34. Wazo is a farmer who wants to start agriculture in the area which is semi-desert. As a land officer which advice will you give to Wazo?
   A. Use of manure only during cultivation B. Use of fertilizers from the industries during cultivation C. Planting during rain season only D. Not to engage in Agriculture activities E. Cultivate crops which tolerate.

35. The school farm of Kilimani primary school is along the hill, has experienced loose of fertile because of land degradation. As an environmental expert what can be the cause of this situation?
   A. Crop rotation B. Mixed farming C. Application of manure in the farm D. Farm to have many trees E. Farm to be in the steep slope.

36. A person who sets up business or bussineses, taking on financial risks in the hope of profit
   A. Farmer B. Fisherman C. Pastoralist D. Entrepreneur E. Smelter.

37. I am a third planet from the sun located at 149 million from the sun, I am using 365 days revolving the sun, I have one moon and three times bigger than the first planet. Who am I?
   A. Mars B. Uranus C. Neptune D. Earth E. Jupiter.

38. A standard seven teacher guided pupils to mold a pot and gave them methods of drying it. What is the important of drying the pot?
   A. To make it easy/Portable B. To make it smell bad C. To make it attractive D. To make it be black in color E. To make it strong.

39. Improvement of transport infrastructure is one of the benefit of the SADC members. Which country among the following does not benefit from SADC?
   A. LESOTHO B. ZAMBIA C. UGANDA D. TANZANIA E. MALAWI.

40. A teacher taught the pupils on how to use needle and thread to make different things. Which art was the teacher tought?
   A. Painting B. Plaiting C. Cooking D. Sewing E. Laundry.

SECTION B: FILL IN THE BLANKS.

41. Colonialism is the situation of one country to dominate another country politically, economically and socially. What type of colonialism the African countries still experiencing? ………………..

42. Mention two effects which can be caused by landslide in your home environment.
   A ………………………………… B …………………………………..

43. Wind direction is measured by the instrument called …………………….
44. Iron Age started around 3500 BC and still existing. During this period man discovered and produced different iron tools used for different purposes. Mention two benefits of Iron tools   A …………………….. B ………………………….
45. Presence of multiparty has a lot of advantages. Mention two advantages of multiparty system A ……………………………………………… B………………………