Lab 3: Flame Tests

Introduction:

(Write 10 facts from Chapter 5.)

Materials:

nichrome wire strontium chloride potassium chloride water cobalt chloride copper (II) chloride 12 – 50mL beakers tin (II) chloride nickel (II) chloride HCl solution iron (III) chloride manganese (II) chloride chloride

Procedure:

- 1. PROPERLY, light the Bunsen burner. Remember to light the flame, THEN turn on the gas. Adjust the burner so that the flame is only blue.
- 2. Dip your nichrome wire in the HCl solution, then hold it in the Bunsen burner until a bright orange flame forms.
- 3. Next dip the nichrome wire in the water, and then into one of the chemicals. Make sure that some of the chemical adheres to the nichrome wire.
- 4. Hold the wire in the flame and observe the color. Record your data in a chart.
- 5. Remember to clean the nichrome wire using HCl between each chemical. Repeat this procedure until you've tested each chemical.
- 6. Clean Up: Clean the nichrome wire with HCl and turn off the Bunsen burner.

Data:

(I will show you how to do data in class.)

Questions: (Write the questions and answer them.)

- 1. What is causing the metal-containing compounds to emit light? (Be specific about energy levels)
- 2. Why do you dip the nichrome wire in the HCl between testing each chemical?

- 3. What does "nichrome" mean?
- 4. Why do the metals emit different colors of light?
- 5. What is the standard electron configuration for iron?

Conclusion:

(Write 3 sentences about any mistakes you made, anything that you learned, how the lab relates to real life, or other reactions that you have seen that are similar to this lab.)

