| My Nan | ne: | | | | | | Period | | | oate:_ | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------|--------|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|----|
| , My part | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | |
| (s): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | RUN! Pre-Lab W | /arm-Up: | | | | | | г. | | - | - · | -, |
| | | Usin | g a graph to find SPE | - | 20 PTS] | | | | | Gr | aph: | 3 ½ | pts | i |
| | | | | | | uda | | | | ι _ | - | | | |
| | | | ass collected the distances their | | out your | date | | | | | | | | |
| | _ | _ | Lightning the | no to spread | aph that | v! | | | | | | | \neg | |
| - | | | ay race. Plot the | sure to spread to make a gr to make a gr shows differer | ices easii | tle: | | | | | | | | |
| | | | line of best fit to | shows differ | | | | П | П | П | П | | | |
| create a | distance-ti | me grapn. | | | \mathbf{H} | + | \Box | \blacksquare | \blacksquare | \blacksquare | \blacksquare | + | + | H |
| Time | Speedy | Lightning | | | | # | ш | # | \Box | \Box | \Box | \perp | # | Ħ |
| (min) | Distance | Distance | | | | # | | | | \pm | \Box | | | Н |
| | Travelled (cm) | Travelled (cm) | | | | ++- | Ш | + | + | + | + | + | + | Н |
| 1 | 0.5 | 1.0 | | | | # | ш | # | \Box | \mp | \Box | \Box | \pm | Ħ |
| | | | | | | # | ш | # | \pm | \pm | \pm | | | Ħ |
| 2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | | i d | H | ++- | +++ | ++ | + | + | + | + | + | Н |
| 3 | 2.0 | 2.5 | | meæuredin | | - | | \Box | \Box | \Box | \Box | \blacksquare | + | П |
| 4 | 2.5 | 3.0 | | a l | Ш | # | ш | # | \pm | \pm | \pm | | | Ħ |
| 5 | 3.5 | 4.5 | | و ا | Ш | # | ш | | \Box | \pm | \pm | | | Н |
| | <u>!</u> | ! | ı | Distance | H | ++ | Н | + | + | + | + | + | + | Н |
| | | | find the slope of a | iā ;: | \square | # | Ш | \Box | \Box | \Box | \Box | \blacksquare | | Ħ |
| | line? (½) | | | | Ш | # | ш | \pm | \pm | \pm | \pm | \pm | 土 | Ħ |
| | | | | | HH | ++ | | ++ | + | + | + | + | + | Н |
| _ | | | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | _ | raph to find the nail (Speedy)? (½) | | Γ | X: Tin | ne . | meas | sured | in | | | \neg | |
| | arciage sp | cca or the s | ian (Specay). (72) | | L | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Key | : (who | at sym t | ool/co | lor/li | ne ty | oe is i | what |) | |
| 3. | Which class | s net is movi | ng faster ? (½) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| J. | vvinen elas | pet is movi | 118 143161 : (72) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | How can yo | nu tell inst b | y looking at the graph? | P (1/4) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 110W carr ye | a ten just b | , icoming at the graph: | (/2) | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | | ·lab t | tota | l: 6 p | ots | | | |
| 5. | | factor? (Do | sure to include <u>units!</u>) | (1/) | | | Sco | re _ | | /6 | | | | |

Run! Speed Lab

| Problem/Question: | What is the effect | of moving different ways | on a person's speed? | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Hypothesis: | | | | | | | | |
| If | | | <i>_</i> | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| then | | | | | | | | |
| Materials: | stopwatch | measuring tape | | | | | | |
| Procedure: | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Prepare . Clear your | "runway", free of a | ny obstructions. Attach the | e measuring tape securely to the floor/ground. | | | | | |
| 2. Choose roles. For e | ach trial, one team | member will track distance | travelled, one team member will measure tim | е | | | | |
| with the stopwatch, or | ne team member wi | II record data and one tear | n member will move. | | | | | |
| 3. Decide on distance. | You should pick a d | lifferent distance for each | trial. | | | | | |
| 4. Conduct the first tria | al for the movemen | t you have chosen (walking | g, running, skipping, hopping, etc). Choose a | | | | | |
| DIFFERENT type of mo | DIFFERENT type of movement for trials #2 - 4. | | | | | | | |
| 5. Calculate your speed for each trial using the speed formula. s = d/t (speed equals distance divided by time) | | | | | | | | |
| 6. Report your data by completing the data table below. | | | | | | | | |
| 7. Analyze your data by plotting your data on the graph on the next page. | | | | | | | | |
| 8. Think, discuss, complete the analysis questions with your team. | | | | | | | | |
| | | Run II ah Data | | | | | | |

(4pts)

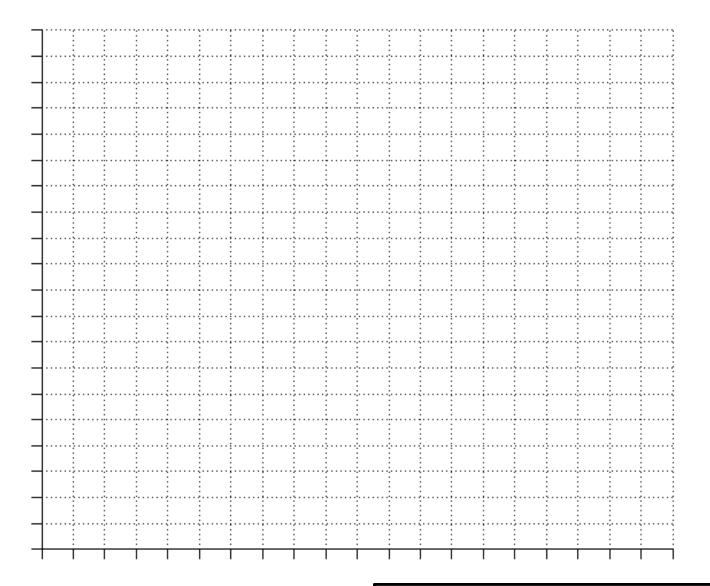
| Motion Type | Group Member Name | Distance (m) | Time (s) | Speed (m/s) |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Run! Lab Graph Instructions

1. On the next page, create a distance vs. time graph for each movement your team completed.

2. Make sure that you have clearly noted the line of best fit (draw from 0,0 to the point that your movement fell on the graph).

| Graph Rubric: | |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| -Appropriate title | /1/2 pt |
| -X/Y axis labels | /1/2 pt |
| -UNITS on axes | /1/2 pt |
| -Appropriate scale | /1/2 pt |
| -Data spread out on graph | /1/2 pt |
| -Lines of best fit included | /1 pt |
| -Clear key | /1/2 pt |



Key: (what symbol/color/line type is what)

| Summarize Your Findings | |
|---|---------------|
| 1. What does the slope of each line represent in this activity? (Think of the variables in the s=d/t formula | .) (1pt) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 2. Looking at your graph, what is special about the line that shows the highest speed? | (1/2pt) |
| | |
| 3. Looking at your graph, what type of motion had the highest speed? | (1/2pt) |
| | |
| 4. Looking at your graph, what is special about the line that shows the lowest speed? | (1/2pt) |
| | |
| 5. What type of motion had the lowest speed? | (1/2pt) |
| | |
| 6. These results should be unsurprising to you now that you know about speed. Explain the relationship | between slope |
| of the line and speed. (Make sure to support your conclusion with data/NUMBERS!) | (3pts) |
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