

FAQ – Spot Trading

What is Crypto Spot Trading?

Crypto Spot trading is a transaction between buyers and sellers to trade one cryptocurrency for another at the current market price.

Taking BTC/USDT as an example, the price of the trading pair represents how many units of USDT need to be paid to buy 1 BTC, or how many units of USDT can be obtained by selling 1 BTC.

What are the differences between Spot Trading and Futures Trading?

Spot Trading and Futures Trading in the crypto market have distinct differences. In Spot Trading, traders must own the underlying asset. It involves the buying and selling of cryptocurrencies at the current market price. In Spot Trading, the buyer and seller exchange the quote and base tokens right away.

Conversely, Futures Trading is a form of trading where the parties involved agree to buy or sell a cryptocurrency at a predetermined price on a specific future date in the Derivatives market. In this scenario, traders don't directly trade the actual asset but rather speculate on the asset's price. They can choose to go long if they predict an increase in the asset's value, or go short if they foresee a decrease. While no physical assets are exchanged in Futures Trading, traders are still required to hold a certain amount of assets, known as margin (dependent on the leverage used), to cover potential losses.

What is the difference between Spot Trading and Margin Trading?

Spot Trading and Margin Trading are both trading methods used in the Spot market, but they operate differently. Spot Trading refers to the direct buying and selling of one crypto for another.

On the other hand, Margin Trading involves borrowing funds to purchase or sell more assets than you could with just your own capital. This magnifies a trader's profits and losses due to the increased quantity of assets that can be long or short. Please note that interest is charged on the borrowed funds in Margin Trading.

What is the Bybit Spot trading fee?

Bybit charges a 0.1% trading fee for every executed order. There is no trading fee for unfilled parts of orders and cancelled orders.

For more details, please refer to [Spot Trading: Fees Explained](#).

What is Maker/Taker?

Traders preset the quantity and order price and place the order into the order book. The order waits in the order book to be matched, thus increasing the market depth. This is known as a Maker, which provides liquidity for other traders. A Taker occurs when an order is executed instantly against an existing order in the order book, thus decreasing the market depth.

Which account should I transfer my funds into to perform Spot Trading?

Please transfer your funds into the UTA to carry out Spot Trading.

How do I deposit funds to my Unified Trading Account?

There are two (2) primary methods you can use to deposit funds into your [Unified Trading Account](#):

1. **Deposit:** If your account currently doesn't hold any crypto assets, you can perform a direct deposit of funds.
2. **Fund Transfer:** If you have another account with funds, you can transfer them to your Unified Trading Account.

Please refer to the following articles for detailed instructions on how to make a deposit or transfer assets:

- [How to Make a Deposit](#)
- [How to Transfer Assets on Bybit](#)

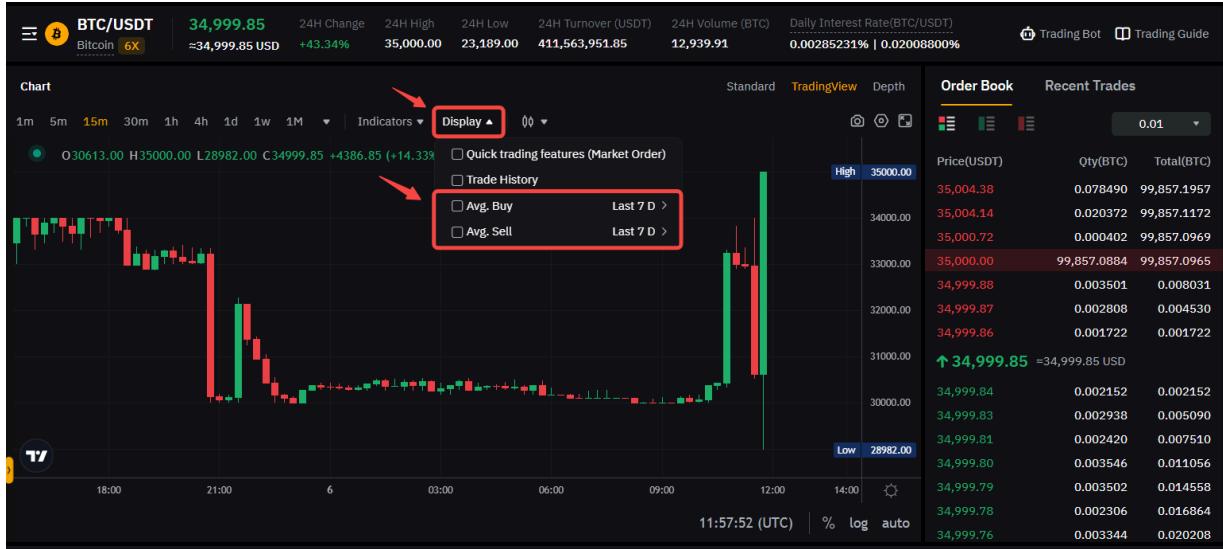
What order types does the Spot market support?

In the Spot Market, various types of orders are supported. These include: Market Order, Limit Order, Conditional Order, and [TP/SL Order](#). For more detailed information about these order types, please visit [this article](#).

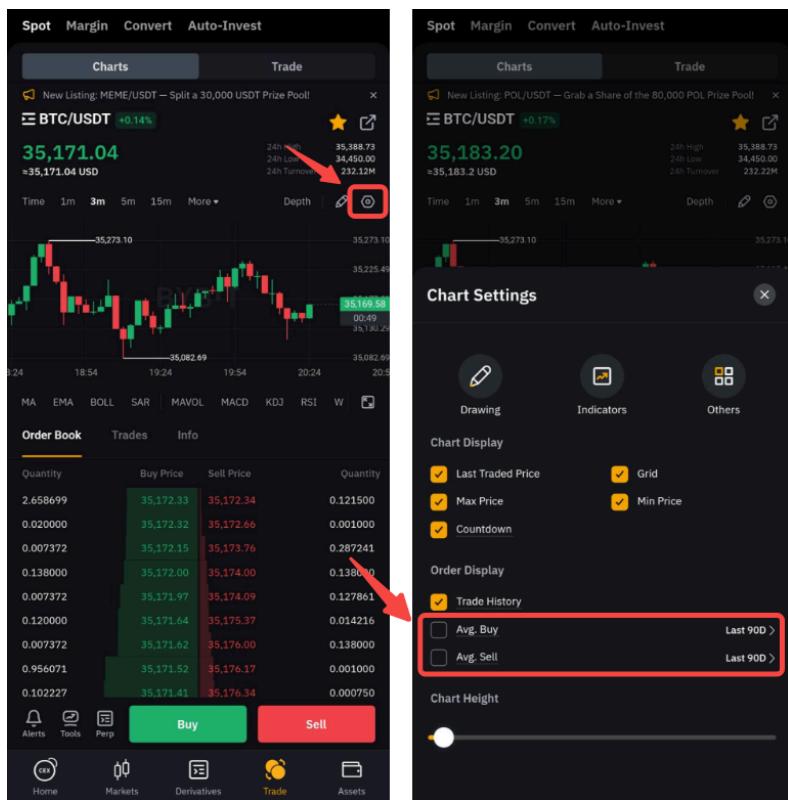
Where can I check the average Buy and Sell prices for my spot trading orders?

When trading on Spot, you can display the average price of your Sell and Buy orders directly on the trading chart. To activate it, click on **Display** and tick the average price you would like to see. You can also select the period on which the average will be calculated (last 7, 30, 60 or 90 days). Please note that the average price will be calculated from the current day to the last day of the selected period.

On the website



On the app



Why can't I enter the quantity (or value) of cryptocurrency that I wish to purchase (or sell) when using Market Buy (or Sell) Orders?

Market Buy and Sell Orders are filled with the best available price in the order book. Hence, it would be more accurate for traders to fill in the amount of assets (base or quote token) they wish to use to purchase or sell the cryptocurrency, instead of the amount of cryptocurrency to purchase.

Are there any trading limits for Bybit spot trading?

Yes. For more information, please refer to [Bybit Spot Trading Rules](#).

Is there a maximum amount of assets I can hold after purchasing from Spot market?

Due to the higher investment risks and price volatility, the maximum holding amount per token in the Adventure Zone is capped at the equivalent of 100,000 USDT.

However, for tokens that are listed outside of the Adventure Zone, there are no imposed maximum limits on the amount you can hold.

How many orders can a trader be placed at most?

- A maximum of 500 active orders can be placed, of which the latest 50 orders will be displayed in the order records zone.
- Up to 10 conditional orders can be placed, and all orders will be displayed in the position tab.

Is there a minimum/maximum order limit on trading volume per transaction?

Yes. Please refer to the [Bybit Spot Trading Rules](#).

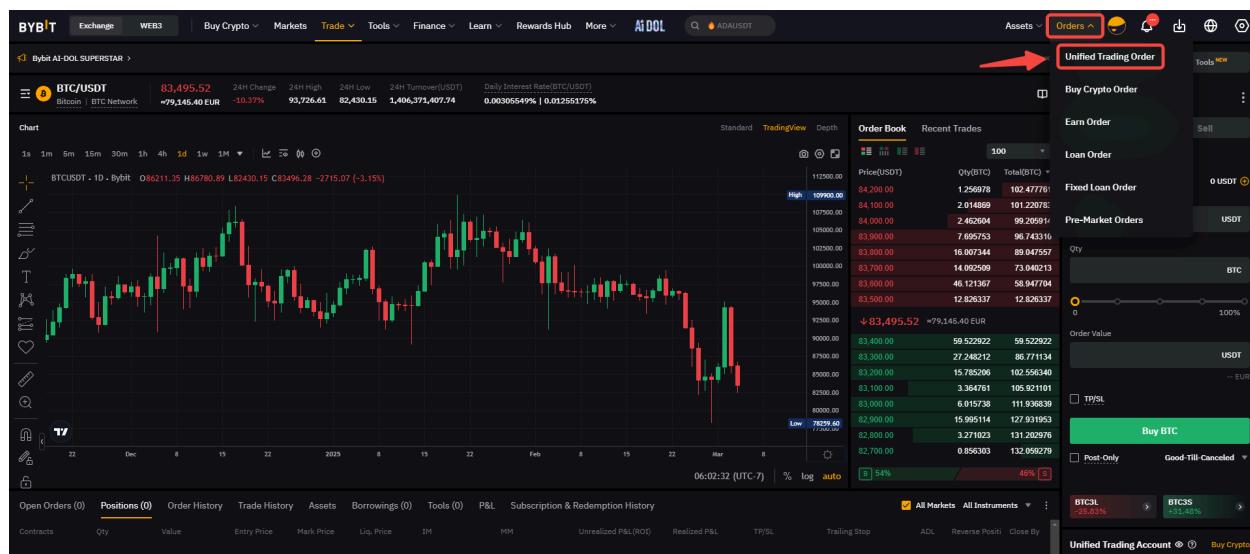
Can I conduct Spot Trading through my Subaccount on Bybit?

Yes, you can perform Spot Trading through your Subaccount on Bybit. However, please ensure that the **Unified Trading Account** of your Subaccount has sufficient funds before you begin Spot trading.

To transfer funds to your Subaccount, please navigate to **Account & Security** located in the upper right-hand corner of the Bybit page. From there, select **Subaccount** and proceed to **Transfer Assets** to move funds to your respective Subaccount. For more details, please refer to [this article](#).

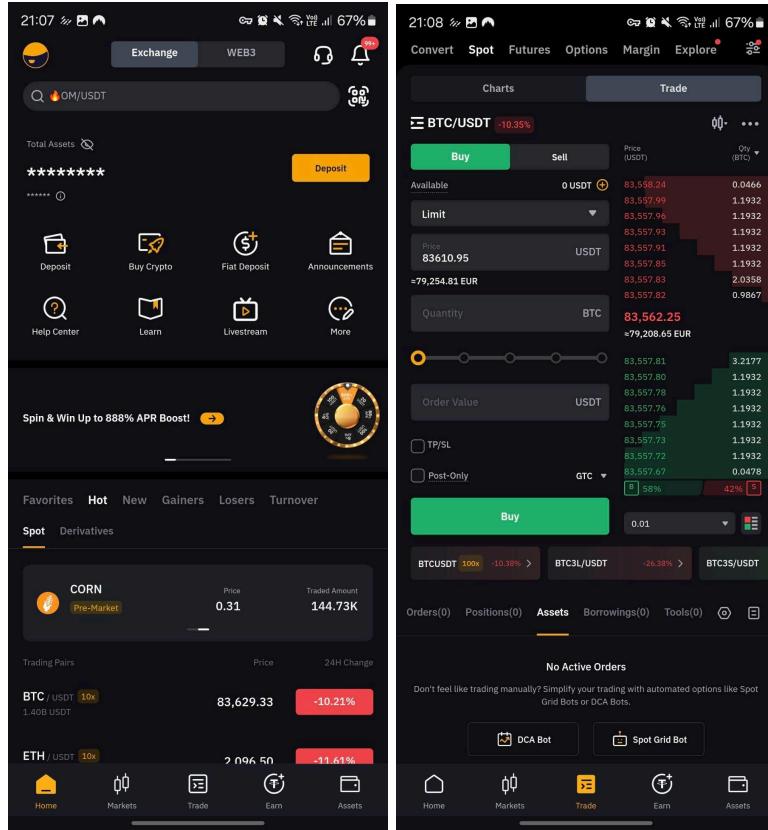
How do I view my order history?

On the Bybit website, please click on **Orders → Unified Trading Order** to view your order history.



The screenshot shows the Bybit Web Platform interface for the BTC/USDT market. The top navigation bar includes 'BYBIT', 'Exchange', 'WEB3', 'Buy Crypto', 'Markets', 'Trade', 'Tools', 'Finance', 'Learn', 'Rewards Hub', and 'More'. The 'Trade' tab is selected. The main content area displays a candlestick chart for BTC/USDT on a 1D timeframe. To the right of the chart is the 'Order Book' section, which lists current bids and offers with their respective prices and quantities. Below the Order Book is the 'Unified Trading Order' section, which includes fields for 'Qty (BTC)', 'Total (BTC)', 'Price (USD)', and 'Order Value'. There are also buttons for 'Buy BTC' and 'Sell'. The bottom of the page features a navigation bar with links for 'Open Orders (0)', 'Positions (0)', 'Order History', 'Trade History', 'Assets', 'Borrowings (0)', 'Tools (0)', 'P&L', 'Subscription & Redemption History', and 'Contracts'. The 'Order History' link is highlighted.

On the Bybit App, go to **Trade**, open the **Spot Trading** page and tap on **Trade**. Tap on the **Order History** icon on the top right corner of the Position tab section to view your order history and trade history.



What is the difference between the Current Orders, Order History and Trade History?

The difference between Current Orders, Order History, and Trade History lies in the status and execution of the orders:

- **Current Orders:** This section displays the orders that are still pending to be filled or triggered.
- **Order History:** This shows the history of orders that have either been filled or canceled.
- **Trade History:** This section presents the trades that have been successfully executed and filled. If an order is large, it might be filled by several trades, all of which will be shown in this history.

Can I borrow funds to trade in the Spot market?

Yes, borrowing funds to trade in the Spot market is possible through the feature of Spot Margin Trading. You can activate this by switching to the Margin Tab in the order zone and turning on Margin Trading.

However, please note that interest will be charged on the borrowed funds. In addition, liquidation will be initiated when the Loan-To-Value (LTV) reaches 92% or when the Maintenance Margin Ratio (MMR) hits 100%.

For more information, please refer to [this](#).

