

## Video Supplement

### Norms for Watching Video (if not using your own)

- Speak from the “I” perspective. For example: “If I could rewind the tape and ask students a question, I would ask...”
- Be inquisitive, not judgmental. For example: “I wonder what might happen if,” instead of “the teachers should have...”
- Justify your ideas and conjectures based on the video clip, and not other parts of the lesson that you didn’t see. For example: “I think that the student understands...because in the video she...”
- Focus on how what you learned from the video might help you implement this (or similar lessons) with your own students.

### School Context

- School Type: Urban Public Middle School
- School Demographic Information (approximate):
- Students of color: 60%
- Free and reduced lunch: 45%
- English language learners: 5%
- Students with special needs: 30%

### Lesson Context

- Subject: 8<sup>th</sup> Grade Mathematics
- Unit: Exponents and Exponential Identities
- Number of students in class: 24
- Lesson duration: 90 minutes
- Prior preparation: Students have been taught the exponential identities, and they completed pre-work prior to the class. This is a blended classroom, where some material is provided through video instruction.

### Video Context

This video takes place in an ICT classroom, where the opening lesson and discussion were led by the co-teacher, who did it through a mix of examples as well as video presented on a smartboard. The video focuses on talk that occurs with a group of three students as they are working to match the cards that are available in the lesson. Calculators and whiteboards were available to students for this lesson.

### Discussion Questions

**Cognitive Demand:** *How long am I given to think, and to make sense of things? What happens when I get stuck? Am I invited to explain things, or just give answers?*

1. **What do students’ explanations tell us about what they struggle with or find challenging?**
2. **As a teacher, what questions might we ask or moves might we make that help students struggle more productively by inviting them to make sense of and explain important mathematical ideas?**

**Video Transcript**

Legend		
<b>T</b>	Teacher	Per and within dialogue
<b>S1 – S4</b>	Students 1 - 4	Per and within dialogue
<b>C</b>	Class	Per and within dialogue
<b>[ ]</b>	Actions/Non-verbal	Dialogue
<b>{{x}}</b>	Sounds like	Dialogue
<b>{{}}</b>	Inaudible	Dialogue

1 S1: 0:02 What's 3 times 3 times 2 times 2, that's twice? That equals, 3 to the second, fourth  
 2 power  
 2 times 2 to the fourth power.

3 S2: Oh, and I figured out a way to do this. I think I remembered a way- Wait, it's in my  
 notebook [Checking her notes]. Wait

4 S1: 0:32 So 3 to the 4th power and 2 to the-

5 S2: Is there a, there is an easier way to do this. Wait, wait, wait, where is this? Wait.

6 S1: Oh, we could also do, can we do 3 times 2, 3 times 2 is 5, and then...

7 S2: That's what I was going to do, oh my gosh.

8 S1: 3 times 2 is 5, and then {}

9 S3: No, no, no. That one is 1-3-9, 1296.

10 S1: There is a way that [other teacher's name] taught me yesterday. It's an interesting way. If  
 you  
 11 do 3 times 2 is 5, then...

- 12 S2: 1:09 I am out of paper, no! Wait, Is it in here?
- 13 S1: Wait if we do 3 times 2 is 5-
- 14 S2: It's here [grabs the whiteboard], ok, so you do 3, what's 3 times 2?
- 15 S1: 6, 5..
- 16 S2: I know it's 5.
- 17 S3, S1: No, it's 6 [both laugh]!
- 18 S2: Wait, what? I thought you said something else, I am sorry. Ok and then this is the way, so  
3 times 2 is 6, and then {{you do}} 6 to the fourth power.
- 19 S1: 1:43 It's 6 to the fourth power.
- 20 S3: Don't write in the pencil [laughs].
- 21 S2: Yeah, and then you put the 4 here. And then answer that, we check [entering the  
number on her  
22 calculator]. No, no, no, no just look at this way, look at this way. Equals..
- 23 S1: I don't know what you're doing right now.
- 24 S2: And that equals 1-2-9-6. And then you do, and then...
- 25 S3: Wa, wa, wait, hold on, [counting] oh yeah that make sense
- 26 S1: Oh it makes sense!
- 27 S2: And then! Wait, wait, wait.
- 28 S3: That makes sense, yeah
- 29 S1: Ok. Ok.
- 30 S3: That is the number.
- 31 S2: And then you put 6, 4. I know, I am just checking. Um 6, 4
- 32 S3: It's true, it's true.
- 33 S1: 2:22 It's true, we can like show them we did it. This, this and that equals to 1296 [pointing her  
whiteboard, [Figure 1]. And then this {{6 to the 4<sup>th</sup> is also 1296}} I have it. Ok so we did  
all this-

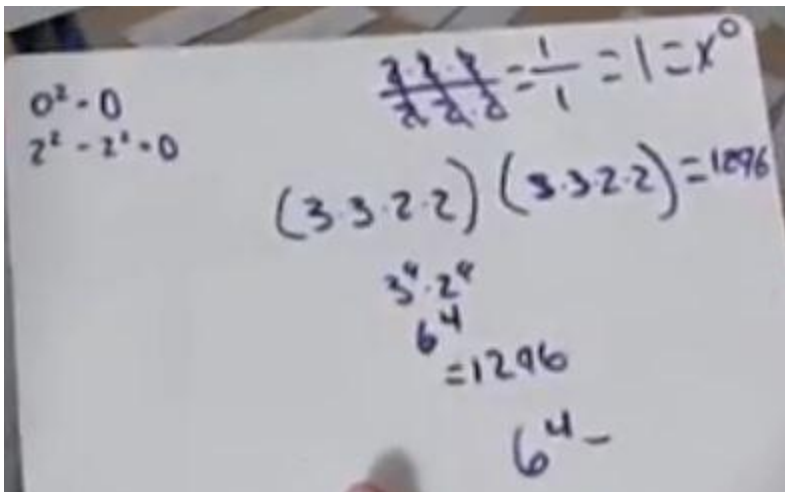


FIGURE 1