

The Title is Written Concisely, Straightforwardly, Easier to Understand, Unique, and Describes the Contents of the Article

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Abstract. *Abstracts must be representative or describe the entire content of the article consisting of the background, research objectives, research methods, and research results or conclusions. The background section describes the researcher's motivation to conduct research or explains the gap between expectations and reality. The research objective section only conveys the main purpose of the research. The research methods section contains the type of research (and research design if any), population and sample (or research subject), research instruments, and data analysis techniques. The results or conclusions section explains the findings or conclusions of the study as well as recommendations or contributions to scientific treasures.*

Keyword: *Consists of 3-5 important and distinctive words or phrases that are mentioned in the title, abstract or body part of the article*

INTRODUCTION

The introduction section must contain 7 things, namely: (1) general introduction, namely introduction of general problems to specific problems, (2) problem definition, namely exposure of the main research topic, (3) gaps in literature, namely gaps found through comparison with relevant previous research, (4) problem solution, namely the solution offered by the researcher, (5) study motivation, namely the motivation of the researcher to conduct research, (6) aim and objectives, namely the main purpose of research, and (7) the significant contribution and advantages of the study, namely an explanation of the benefits expected from the research.

Some other things that need to be considered in writing the introduction include the novelty of the literature (maximum of the last 10 years except the main reference sources that are no longer

published), the literature used must be analyzed critically or not only definitions, using indirect quotes and using paraphrasing techniques.

METHOD

The method section contains the selected method (and research design), population and sample (or research subject), data collection techniques, instruments and their quality (validity and reliability), and data analysis techniques. All sections are presented clearly so that this research can be repeated by other researchers to obtain relatively the same results.

FINDINGS

Some of the provisions in writing research findings include: the findings are presented briefly but sufficient to support conclusions that are in accordance with the research objectives; data can be presented using tables, charts or graphs so that it is easier to read but the same data is not presented repeatedly with different representations; and interpret research findings supported by sufficient evidence, so it is not just an assumption.

DISCUSSION

The discussion section is the most important part of a scientific article. Therefore, this section must pay attention to the following: (1) comparisons, namely comparing research results with previous studies and theories related to research; (2) causal arguments, namely arguments that explain why the findings can occur; (3) contributions, namely an explanation of the contribution of research to science; (4) limitations, namely the limitations of the study; and (5) research agenda and recommendations, namely explanations regarding further studies or their implementation.

(Title Heading 2)

This template has been set based on the style and format of the articles to be published in Tarbawi.

(Title Heading 3)

Picture and Tabel

All figures and tables must be centered and numbered sequentially as shown in Figure 1 and Table 1.



Figure 1. Write Title of the Figure

Make sure the table is untruncated and simple. The table only presents the required data.

Table 1. Write the Title of Table

No	Parameter	Quantity	Price	Quality	Percentage
1	A	12	30	6	15
2	B	6	15	3	7.5
3	C	14	35	20	50
	Total	40	10	40	100

CONCLUSION

Conclusions focus on answers to the formulation of the problem or research objectives and the impact of research results on science and its implementation. Conclusions must be in line with the findings and discussion, findings and discussion can be paraphrased into one paragraph as a conclusion. In addition, the conclusion must include recommendations and explanations regarding further studies that can be carried out or their implementation. Avoid numbering in writing conclusions.

REFERENCES

Please use a reference management application such as Mendeley, Zotero, or EndNote in APA 6 or 7 (American Psychological Association 6 or 7) format. Use relevant references honestly. Do not force citations to yourself or others that are not relevant to the research topic. References used should be a maximum of the last 10 years. It is recommended to **include a DOI or a link to the page of the article** being referred to.