

Midterm Prep Guide (Fall 2023)

Here is some information on what to expect from the midterm. See the table of contents for high-level sections.

We will hold two review sessions for the midterm, where we will review concepts from class and practice problems (bring questions!):

- **Nick:** Thursday, October 19 from 7-8pm, Kassir Fox Auditorium ([recording](#))
- **Paul:** Monday, October 23 from 7-9pm, Salomon 003

Logistics

When: Tuesday, October 24 from 7-9pm EDT

Where: [85 Waterman St](#) Room 130. This is an **in-person**, paper exam.

Instructions: You can view the exam instructions page [here](#).

You must bring your ID – proctors will check it as you turn in your exam

Special notes

- *If you have a letter through SAS/SEAS for time-accommodations, you should have received an email about where you should report to take the exam. You will get whatever extra time is due to you according to your letter.*
- *If you are registered as a fully-remote student, we will reach out to you shortly about logistics for how you will take the exam.*
- *Otherwise, you must take the exam in-person on the scheduled day and time. **If there are extenuating circumstances that would prevent you from taking the exam, contact Nick ASAP at cs200-profs@brown.edu***

Overview

The exam will focus on conceptual questions, design choices, analysis, and other questions that are better answered on paper rather than in code. While you might be asked to read some code or identify problematic parts of code that has been given to you, you will not be asked to write more than a line or two of code on the written exam. The questions will be a mix of multiple choice, fill in the blank, draw a diagram of something, and free response.

The questions are not designed to trick you, nor will they introduce new content.

Notes and references: You may bring one 8.5x11in sheet of paper with notes (written or typed). You may write on both sides.

The exam will be self-contained, in that it won't expect that you remember any details of specific examples from class or lab. In other words, a notes page will not be necessary.

What if I need a clarification during the exam? Raise your hand and a proctor will come over to you.

Practice Exams

We have several old exams and solutions available that you can use to practice. Please note that some of these exams were given online (some via Gradescope, some not)--**your exam will be in-person and on paper**. Also, some exams are from CS18, which is an older course with similar content to CS200.

Here's a guide to what exams are available and where you can find them:

If the Canvas link doesn't work: just log into Canvas and go to the **Files** section for our course--you need to be logged in to Canvas with your Brown account to view the files.

Exam	Format	Where to find	Solutions	Note
CS200 Spring 2023 #1	Paper	Canvas	Canvas	There were two versions of this exam, #1 and #2.
CS200 Spring 2023 #2	Paper	Canvas	Canvas	
CS200 Spring 2022	Online	Gradescope	Canvas	• These were 90 minute exams. You will have two hours, so your exam could be longer. • Gradescope is really picky about answer formats--see this note for details, but don't worry too much since your exam will be on paper
CS18 Spring 2021	Online	Gradescope	Canvas	
CS18 Spring 2020	Paper	Canvas	Canvas	

There are also some study questions in this [Recap on Lists](#).

Note about the practice exams on Gradescope: If you try the practice exams in Gradescope, be aware that Gradescope is very picky when auto-grading fill-in-the-blank and multiple-choice answers--**we will not be picky on your exam, so long as we can understand what you've written**. For example, if we asked you which kind of list to use and you typed "array list" whereas our default answer for Gradescope to check was "arraylist", Gradescope would mark it wrong even though it is fine. When these exams were given, we audited all the grades and manually gave full credit for such situations--so pay attention to the *substance* of the answers in Gradescope, not the *points* that Gradescope's limited power suggests on the practice exams.

What do you need to know?

The exam will cover material up through the Friday, October 13th lecture material on Hashmaps, and any clarifications that occur in class on Monday, October 16 related to Hashmaps).

Data Structures: We expect that you know the data structures we have studied so far (Linked Lists, Arrays, Dynamic Arrays/ArrayLists, Doubly-Linked Lists, Trees, and essentials of HashMaps). You should be able to choose from or argue for or against these data structures for a given problem. You should be able to talk about the running times for operations that we have discussed on these data structures (at the level of big-O, not line-by-line time annotations).

For those data structures that you implemented on homework or projects, we expect you to be able to discuss roughly how those implementations work (but you won't be asked to reproduce or remember the corresponding code in detail).

The exam will **not** include details of how the runtime on Hashmaps works out to be constant.

Object-Oriented Design and General Programming: You should understand

- what classes and interfaces are and when they get used.
- what it means to extend a class or implement an interface
- which class a computation should be in
- how constructs like loops, assignment operations, and exceptions work
- how recursion works across related classes
- how and when to throw (or catch) an exception

How Memory (Heap) and the Environment Work: You should understand how different constructs impact each of the environment and the heap. You should be able to draw the heap contents that result after a sequence of lines of code and talk about how objects in the heap are accessed through different names and expressions via the environment. You may be asked to draw a memory diagram, similar to those that you see in the practice exams.

Programming with Mutable vs Immutable Lists: You should understand the difference between using an immutable (functional/our LinkList) list and a mutable (Java built-in lists) from a programmer's perspective. For example, you should be able to discuss the difference in how a piece of code would run depending on which kind of list was being used.

The key ideas from assignments and project 1: We expect that you understand how your solutions to hwk 2 and project 1 actually work. You won't be expected to reproduce code, but we could show you part of a homework/project solution and ask what that part does or why it was important to solving the problem.

What do you NOT need to know?

- Syntax details -- you won't be asked to write more than a line or two of code, and even then, missing or incorrect bits of syntax won't matter
- Specific examples or code from class, homeworks, or lab -- the exam will be self-contained, rather than say things like "remember the Dillos? ..."
- The exact names of built-in methods on Java data structures -- as long as we understand what operation you are trying to do, you'll get credit for your answer.
- How to define exception classes
- How to annotate code line by line for runtime
- Specifics from the separate tracks the first two weeks.

- **How** the runtime of accessing a hashmap works out to be constant (but you should remember that it is constant)

Basically, this isn't a memorization exercise, or paper-based versions of questions that would be more easily answered in a programming environment. This is about the “bigger picture” rather than details of code.

What sort of questions might be asked?

Here are examples of what you might be asked to do (this list is not exhaustive):

- Given a problem scenario, describe the tradeoffs among various data structures (that we've covered) for use within the problem. For this, you would want to know the running time of standard operations of various data structures.
- Given a collection of classes and interfaces, discuss whether the various methods and variables are in the right places, or whether they should be organized differently.
- Given a partially-filled-in heap, show how it would change after running a given couple of lines of code.
- Given a piece of code, answer questions about what it would do.
- Explain what aspects of a data structure implementation or problem statement achieve certain goals (e.g., what part of an immutable list implementation allows adding an element to be constant time).

As you can see from these examples, the focus here is on concepts -- do you understand the material we covered so far this semester in a way that lets you make good design decisions?

How will this be graded?

There will be partial credit on all questions.

As a general rule, we are looking for you to demonstrate what you understand about the material so far. If you are asked to “justify your answer”, say on a question about which data structure you would choose, don't just say “it's faster” – give a specific runtime instead. Don't just say “it's easier” – tell us what operation is easier and for who (the programming who is using the data structure, the person building the data structure, etc). Details are where you earn your points.