



COURSE SYLLABUS



Degree Program: BS Pharmaceutical Sciences

Program Learning Outcomes:

PLO 1: Practice pharmacy in a professional, legal and ethical manner to serve the Filipino people;

PLO 2: Effectively communicate pharmaceutical product information and research outputs in the pharmaceutical sciences to key stakeholders through different types of media;

PLO 3: Conduct ethical and relevant researches that focus on design, development, and manufacture of medicines;

PLO 4: Work collaboratively with inter- and multi-professional pharmaceutical industries and other related fields;

PLO 5: Pursue life-long learning for professional development towards nation building;

PLO 6: Apply the principles of product lifecycle management in ensuring operational efficiency;

PLO 7: Evaluate the safety, efficacy, quality, and cost of pharmaceutical products; and,

PLO 8: Formulate pharmaceutical products designed to achieve optimum therapeutic outcomes.

A. Course Catalogue Description

Course Title: Biological Assays

Course Number: Pharm Sci 160

**Credit
Units:**
1.0

**Number of
Hours:**
1 hour

**Year Level
offered:**
3rd

**Semester
Offered:**
1st semester

Meeting Type/Instructional Format: Face-to-face

Course Description: Evaluation and development of biological assay

Prerequisites: Pharmacology for Pharmacy 2 (Pharm 126)

Corequisites: None

Course Stipulation (if any)

	This course aims to develop students’ ability to select, design, and validate appropriate biological assays for specific experimental applications.												
Course Goals:													
B. Relationship of Course Learning Outcomes to Program Learning Outcomes						Program Learning Outcomes							
Course Learning Outcomes						PLO1	PLO2	PLO3	PLO4	PLO5	PLO6	PLO7	PLO8
CLO1:	Select an appropriate method of biological assay for a given situation							R			R	R	
CLO2:	Explain the process of designing an appropriate biological assay							R	R				R
CLO3:	Identify validation parameters appropriate for a new bioassay					R				R		R	
I – Introduced D- Demonstrated													
R- Reinforced													
C. Course Content													
Topics												Number of Hours	
I. Introduction to Biological Assays A. Definition and Importance of Biological Assays B. Historical Perspectives on Bioassays C. Comparison of Bioassays with Chemical Assays D. Applications for Biological Assays												2 hours	
II. Classification and Types of Biological Assays A. Qualitative Bioassays: Observation-based assays B. Quantitative Bioassays: Dose-response relationship, statistical approaches C. End-point vs. Kinetic Bioassays D. Common Assay Models: Cell-based, Enzyme-based, Animal-based												2 hours	
III. Selection of Appropriate Biological Assay A. Key Factors in Assay Selection • Nature of the analyte • Biological relevance • Throughput requirements												2 hours	

B. Ethical and Regulatory Considerations • Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) and Compliance • Ethical Concerns in Animal-based Bioassays • Reporting and Documentation Requirements C. Choosing the right bioassay for specific applications (e.g., drug discovery, diagnostics)	
IV. Design and Development of Bioassays A. Steps in Designing a Bioassay • Defining Objectives and Hypotheses • Selection of Biological Models • Control and Reference Standards • Optimization of Assay Conditions B. Analytical Tools and Techniques in Bioassays • Role of Instrumentation in Biological Assays • Techniques: ELISA, Flow Cytometry, PCR-based Bioassays • Emerging Technologies: High-throughput Screening, Multiplex Assays, Biosensors C. Statistical Considerations in Assay Design	3 hours
V. Validation of Bioassays A. Key Validation Parameters • Accuracy, Precision, Specificity, Linearity, Robustness • Limit of Detection (LOD) and Limit of Quantitation (LOQ) B. Overview of Regulatory Guidelines for Bioassays (e.g., ICH, USP) C. Troubleshooting Assay Performance Issues	3 hours
VI. Special Topics of Bioassay A. Innovations in Biological Assay Development B. Challenges in Translating Assay Development to Industry	1 hour
VII. Designing a Capsule Proposal	3 hours
D. Course Coverage	

Week	Learning Outcomes	LLOs with CLOs	Course Topics	Essential or Key Questions	Teaching and Learning Activities	Assessment Methods and Tools	Core Readings/Learning Resources
1-2	- Explain the biological assays and its historical development - Compare and contrast bioassays with chemical assays - Describe their practical applications in research and industry	CLO1	I. Introduction to Biological Assays A. Definition and Importance of Biological Assays B. Historical Perspectives on Bioassays C. Comparison of Bioassays with Chemical Assays D. Application of Bioassay	- What is a biological assay? - What are some landmark developments in the field of bioassays? - What are the advantages and limitations of each type? - What are innovative or emerging applications of bioassays?	Interactive lecture with real-world examples Q & A	Short quizzes with written analysis and problem solving	Core Readings/Learning Resources
3-4	- Classify biological assays - Determine advantages and limitations of various biological assay types - Evaluate common assay models such as cell-, enzyme-, and animal-based systems.	CLO1	II. Classification and Types of Biological Assays A. Qualitative Bioassays: Observation-based assays B. Quantitative Bioassays: Dose-response relationship C. End-point vs. Kinetic Bioassays D. Common Assay Models: Cell-based, Enzyme-based, Animal-based	- What distinguishes quantitative bioassays from qualitative ones? - What are the advantages and limitations of qualitative and quantitative bioassays? - What are the most used models in bioassays?	Interactive Lecture with examples Video demonstrations Q & A	Short quizzes with written analysis and problem solving	

5-6	- Analyze key factors influencing bioassay selection - Evaluate ethical and regulatory considerations - Plan an appropriate biological assay for specific applications such as drug discovery, diagnostics, or research studies	CLO1	III. Selection of Appropriate Biological Assay A. Key Factors in Assay Selection - Nature of the analyte - Biological relevance - Throughput requirements B. Ethical and Regulatory Considerations - Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) and Compliance - Ethical Concerns in Animal-based Bioassays - Reporting and Documentation Requirements C. Choosing the right bioassay for specific applications (e.g., drug discovery, diagnostics)	- What factors influence the selection of a biological assay? - What are the key ethical concerns in performing biological assays, especially animal-based studies? - What factors determine the suitability of a bioassay for a particular purpose?	Interactive lecture with real-world examples Q & A Guided reading Case studies and Group activities	Short quizzes with written analysis and problem solving Case study report	Core Readings/Learning Resources
7-9	- Design appropriate biological assays tailored for certain applications - Analyze various analytical techniques appropriate for bioassays	CLO2	IV. Design and Development of Bioassays A. Steps in Designing a Bioassay - Defining Objectives and Hypotheses - Selection of Biological Models - Control and Reference Standards	- What are the critical steps in designing a biological assay? - How do you choose appropriate biological models for a given assay? - How to choose the most appropriate main analytical technique in a	Interactive lecture with real-world examples Q & A Problem Solving Exercises and Group activities	Short quizzes with written analysis and problem solving Capsule Proposal	

	Applying statistical considerations		- Optimization of Assay Conditions B. Analytical Tools and Techniques in Bioassays - Role of Instrumentation in Biological Assays - Techniques: ELISA, Flow Cytometry, PCR-based Bioassays - Emerging Technologies: High-throughput Screening, Multiplex Assays, Biosensors C. Statistical Considerations in Assay Design	particular biological assays? What statistical parameters are important in bioassay design?			
10-12	Evaluate key validation parameters aligned with existing regulatory guidelines	CLO3	V. Validation of Bioassays A. Key Validation Parameters - Accuracy, Precision, Specificity, Linearity, Robustness - Limit of Detection (LOD) and Limit of Quantitation (LOQ) B. Overview of Regulatory Guidelines for Bioassays (e.g., ICH, USP) C. Troubleshooting Assay Performance Issues	- What are the essential validation parameters for a biological assay? - How are these parameters measured and interpreted in each bioassay?	Interactive Lectures with real-world examples and regulatory expectations Q&A Problem Solving Exercises and Group activities	Short quizzes with written analysis and problem solving Capsule Proposal	

13	Analyze recent innovations in bioassay development	CLO1, CLO2 CLO3	VI. Special Topics of Bioassay A. Innovations in Biological Assay Development B. Challenges in Translating Assay Development to Industry	What are the recent innovations in biological assay design and methodology?	Interactive Lectures with real-world examples and regulatory expectations Q&A Problem Solving Exercises and Group activities	Journal Reporting	
14-16	Design a capsule proposal that applies bioassay concepts to address a specific research question	CLO1, CLO2 CLO3	Designing a Capsule Proposal			Capsule Proposal	

E. Course Requirements

1	Attend at least 80% of the total lecture hours with active participation
2	Complete assignments, oral reports, and other assignments
3	Submit a capsule research proposal demonstrating understanding of bioassay concepts
4	Participate in peer evaluations to provide constructive feedback and reflect on teamwork skills

F. Assessment Plan (formative and summative evaluation)

COURSE ASSESSMENT PLAN			
Assessment Component	Course Learning Outcomes		
	CLO1	CLO2	CLO3
Capsule Proposal (40%)	Rubric	Rubric	Rubric

Quizzes (20%)	MCQs with Problem Solving	MCQs with Problem Solving	MCQs with Problem Solving
Oral Report (15%)	Rubric	Rubric	Rubric
Attendance (10%)			
Peer Evaluation (15%)	Rating Scale	Rating Scale	Rating Scale

G. References

1	Atta-ur-Rahman, M. Iqbal Choudhary, Thomsen WJ. (2001). Bioassay Techniques for Drug Development. Boca Raton: Taylor and Francis.
2	Azadeh, M., Good, J., Gunsior, M. et al. Best Practices for Development and Validation of Enzymatic Activity Assays to Support Drug Development for Inborn Errors of Metabolism and Biomarker Assessment. AAPS J 26, 97 (2024). https://doi.org/10.1208/s12248-024-00966-y
3	Hader, D-P, Erzinger,, GS. (2017). Bioassays: Advanced Methods and Applications. Netherlands: Elsevier.
4	Sabotič, Jerica & Bayram, Engin & Ezra, David & Gaudencio, Susana & Haznedaroglu, Berat & Janež, Nika & Ktari, Leila & Luganini, Anna & Mandalakis, Manolis & Safarik, Ivo & Simes, Dina & Strode, Evita & Toruńska-Sitarz, Anna & Varamogianni-Mamatsi, Despoina & Varese, Giovanna & Vasquez, Marlen. (2024). A guide to the use of bioassays in exploration of natural resources. Biotechnology Advances. 71. 108307. 10.1016/j.biotechadv.2024.108307.
5	United States Pharmacopeial Convention. The United States Pharmacopeia Revision and National Formulary.
6	Wu G. (2010). Assay Development: Fundamentals and Practices. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley.

H. List of Faculty

1	Paolo Robert P. Bueno, RChT, PhD
2	Edwin C. Ruamero, RPh, MPH

