

QAD High Quality Learning and Teaching Definition	تعريف التّعلّم والتّعليم العالي الجودة في أكاديميّة قطر-الدّوحة
High quality learning begins with building healthy relationships and cultural identities within the school community through meaningful collaboration. It is a process which includes using a range of strategies to engage and empower students to have agency over their learning. Our focus is on creating a positive environment which encourages academic success, personal growth, risk-taking and resilience.	ينطلق التّعلّم العالي الجودة من بناء علاقات صحّيّة وهوّيات ثقافيّة داخل المجتمع المدرسيّ خلال التّعاون الهادف. إنّه عمليّة تتضمّن توظيف مجموعة من الإستراتيجيّات بهدف إشراك المتعلّمين وتمكينهم من أن يكونوا القوّة المحرّكة في تعلّمهم. ينصبّ تركيزنا على توفير بيئة إيجابيّة تشجّع على النّجاح الأكاديميّ، النّموّ الشّخصيّ، المجازفة والمرونة.
The learning process incorporates: -Making connections to prior knowledge, within and between disciplines -Developing conceptual understandings, knowledge, skills and attributes -Reflecting on new understandings, acting on new knowledge and applying new skills and attributes	عمليّة التّعلّم تتضمّن: - إنشاء روابط مع المعرفة المتابقة وبين المعارف - تطوير الاستيعاب المفاهيميّ، المعرفة، المهارات والصّنفات - التّأمّل في فهم جديد، الفعل في معرفة جديدة وتطبيق مهارات وصفات جديدة
The teaching process incorporates: -Using evidence based practices -Using effective differentiation -Providing opportunities to self-assess -Using authentic and rigorous data that is qualitative	عمليّة التّعليم تتضمّن: - توظيف الأدلّة القائمة على الممارسات - التّوظيف الفعّال للفروق الفرديّة - توفير الفرص للتّقييم الذّاتيّ - توظيف بيانات أصيلة ودقيقة وتكون نوعيّة وكمّيّة

Prompts: Planning



Learning goals and success criteria

What is it we want students to know, understand and be able to do? How are learning goals and success criteria co-constructed between teachers and students?

(PYP Scope and Sequence, National Arts Curriculum, AERO, NGSS, Ministry etc)



Prior learni

How are we assessing students' prior knowledge, conceptual understandings and skills?

How are we using data and evidence of prior learning to inform planning?

How does our planning embrace student language profiles?



Teacher questions

What teacher questions and provocations will inform the lines of inquiry? (Factual, Conceptual, Debatable)



Student questions

What student questions, prior knowledge, existing theories, experiences and interests will inform the lines of inquiry?



Question

Teacher questions

What additional teacher questions and provocations are emerging from students' evolving theories?

Student questions

What student questions are emerging from students' evolving theories?

Supporting student agency

Designing engaging learning experiences

What experiences will facilitate learning? For all learning this means:

- developing questions, provocations and experiences that support knowledge and conceptual understandings
- creating authentic opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate approaches to learning and attributes of the learner profile
- building in flexibility to respond to students' interests, inquiries, evolving theories and actions
- integrating languages to support multilingualism
- identifying opportunities for independent and collaborative learning, guided and scaffolded learning, and learning extension.

How do we recognize and support student agency in learning and teaching? For all learning this means:

- involving students as active participants in, and as co-constructors of, their learning
- developing students' capacity to plan, reflect and assess, in order to self-regulate and self-adjust learning
- supporting student-initiated inquiry and action.





Ongoing assessment

What evidence will we gather about students' emerging knowledge, conceptual understandings and skills? How are we monitoring and documenting learning against learning goals and success criteria? How are we using ongoing assessment to inform planning, and the grouping and regrouping of students?



Ongoing reflections

For all teache

- How are we responding to students' emerging questions, theories, inquiries and interests throughout the inquiry?
- How are we supporting opportunities for student-initiated action throughout the inquiry?
- How can we ensure that learning is purposeful and authentic and/or connects to real-life challenges and opportunities?
- How are we nurturing positive relationships between home, family and school as a basis for learning, health and well-being?



Student self-assessment and peer feedback

What opportunities are there for students to receive teacher and peer feedback? How do students engage with this feedback to self-assess and self-adjust their learning?

OVERVIEW

Title (Theme Acronym): HWOO - Government Systems

(Duration): 8 Weeks



Theme: How We Organize Ourselves

Theme Focus (see descriptions):

Which parts of the transdisciplinary theme will the unit of inquiry focus on?

An inquiry into the interconnectedness of human-made systems and communities.

The structure and function of organizations.

Societal decision-making.

Economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment.

Grade-level: 5

Collaborative teaching team: Ikhlas, Greg, Hanifa, Charity, Julez



Initial reflections

How can our initial reflections inform all learning and teaching in this unit of inquiry?

We have moved this unit to the first unit this year, so we hope it works well. It is a heavy topic as the first one of the year, but with what is going on politically right now in the world (Afghanistan), we hope that they can make a lot of connections to the real-world. We are hoping to start a student council in Grade 5, so we also hope that this unit will last throughout the whole year.

Description (Your unit description can be shared with your class):

This unit focuses on the roles and responsibilities of governments and citizens around the world and within Qatar. Students examine the parts of the systems within governments and how that might apply in all aspects of their lives, including the classroom.





Connections: Transdisciplinary and past

Links to previous planners.

Connections to past and future learning, inside and outside the programme of inquiry.

How can we ensure that learning is purposeful and connects to local and global challenges and opportunities?



Making flexible use of resources

How will resources add value and purpose to learning?

formative-assessment-tools-levy-county.pdf

Link to COVID-19 POI 2020-2021

Topic Arrangements of the Next Generation Science Standards

Unit 1 Newsletter



Central Idea: Government systems influence the lives of citizens



Lines of Inquiry:

An inquiry into...

Government systems,

The impact of government decisions on our daily life,

The rights and responsibilities of citizenship



Key Concepts: Responsibility, Form, Function



Related Concepts: Systems, Citizenship, Governance



Learner Profile:

Knowledgeable, Reflective, Communicator



Communication, Self-Management

			INQUIRY CYCLE UNIT PLA	NNING		
Subject	Making Conclusions	Taking Action				
Duration	.5 week	1.5 weeks	2 weeks	2 weeks	2 weeks	
		(Provocation, Questions: Factual Qu	estions, Conceptual Questions, Debata	ble Questions, Learning Engagements, \	/irtual Lessons)	
	Prior Learning: Provocation: What if there were no laws? Brainstorm Getting to know the key concepts Questions:	Line of inquiry 1: Systems (Key Concept) Form Identify different systems (transportation, body, government) Define systems - a group of related things or parts that function together as a whole.	Line of inquiry 2: The impact of government decisions on our daily life (Key Concept) Function Inquire into how various governments operate in different countries.	Line of inquiry 3: The rights and responsibilities of citizenship (Key Concept) Responsibility Questions: Factual Questions: What are the consequences of not following a law or government	Summative Assessment Task: Inquire into the different Ministries of Qatar and be able to describe: Form, Function, and Responsibility Complete on A3 poster - Include Arabic/Islamic/Qatar History	Possible: Visit an Afghan refugee camp? Do something with a family (adopt a family)? Pen-pals? Create games and share Video call?
	Factual Questions: What is chaos? What are systems? How do we define government?	Unpack Central Idea Begin research into different	Factual Questions: What kind of government does (select a country) have? What type of government does	rules? Conceptual Questions: What is my responsibility as a	Summative Task Parent Engagement: Parents who work in the Ministry will share their roles and responsibilities in video	Year-long Action: Create a student council, including having grade 5 participate in the

Science/Social Studies/UOI

Topic Arrangements of the Next **Generation Science Standards**

How do we define government?

Conceptual Questions:

How do systems have an impact on chaos?

What would the world be like without systems/government?

Debatable Questions:

Is all chaos negative? Should everything be governed?

Learning Engagements/Resources:

- Getting to know me
- **Big Ideas in Inquiry**
- What if there were no
- Brainstorm a list of what it would look like without laws (or illustrate)
- Chaos: Looks like, Sounds like, Feels like?

Assessment

Observations. Establishing routines

government systems. (i.e monarchy, democracy, oligarchy, dictatorship)

Questions:

Factual Questions:

What is a system? What is a Monarchy, democracy, oligarchy, etc? What types of government do different countries have? What type of government is Qatar?

Conceptual Questions:

What is a Central Idea? Are there governments in schools, businesses, sports?

Debatable Questions:

Does everything need a system to operate successfully? Is one system better than another?

Learning Engagements/Resources:

HWOO tic tac toe menu

Online dictionary Mind Map for Unpacking the Central Idea - Spider Map Explicitly explain Form - What is it Step Book for Government Systems

Websites for government research:

What type of government does Qatar have?

Conceptual Questions:

How do the laws/rules in Qatar affect me as a student? What current events are happening in the world today? What role does the government have within the current events? How does our school (QAD) operate? What type of government does QAD have?

Debatable Questions:

Should governments have more or less control?

Learning Engagements/Resources:

Current Event website Response Sheet **Different governments** What is my responsibility as a citizen/student? What are the benefits/challenges with each type of government?

Debatable Questions:

Are all laws good? Necessary? Helpful? What should I do if I don't agree with a type of government? A law? Is one type of government better than others?

Learning Engagements/Resources:

Pros/Cons Flash Cards Citizenship What can a citizen do Just a Dream read aloud roles and responsibilities in video form to be shared with the students for an inquiry into the Ministries of Qatar.

Reflection:

Review all of the inquiries and learning. What could be our Central Idea?

Design a page in the UOI book that includes a Central Idea, LOI, Key Concepts, Atl Skills, Learner Profile

voting process.

Questions:

What government system does our council relate to? How is the democratic process different from what happens in the government of Qatar?

Padlet of student Central Ideas

Assessment - Gummy Bear Governments? Rubric		
typesofgovernmentreadingan		
https://www.nationalgeographic.or g/maps/forms-government-2018/		
https://kids.kiddle.co/Government		
https://mocomi.com/types-of-government/		

For all teachers:

Ongoing Reflections

How are we responding to students' emerging questions, theories, inquiries and interests throughout the inquiry?

Teachable moments arose often during the unit, such as "What is a jury" when discussing the responsibilities of citizens within a government. The teacher's response was to create and role-play a jury and make this part of the culture of the class.

 $How\ are\ we\ supporting\ opportunities\ for\ student-initiated\ action\ throughout\ the\ inquiry?$

This year, the situation in Afghanistan and Qatar's involvement offered an opportunity for student action. Students created a campaign to collect and deliver backpacks and supplies to Afghan children in the refugee camps.

In the future, we can look for similar citizenship opportunities that allow student agency and action.

How can we ensure that learning is purposeful and authentic and/or connects to real-life challenges and opportunities?

As long as we make sure to connect the Central Idea and Lines of Inquiry to local issues, students find purpose and authenticity in the learning engagements.

Applying what students learn at the macro level about governments to the micro level of the school community helps students understand and find the real-life connections to the UOI concepts and knowledge.

How are we nurturing positive relationships between home, family and school as a basis for learning, health and well-being?

This unit, it was hard to include parents due to the Pandemic. Some involvement occurred during the student-initiated action. In the future, we can send an opening newsletter with more calls for parent involvement, volunteers, inquiries at home, etc.

General Reflections:

- -Stagger assessments so that they don't all hit at the end of the unit.
- -Resources are very American-centered. It's a challenge to find Qatari resources on students' levels about government, but it is important as it is easier to relate to for the students.
- I -In the future we might collaborate more with the Qatar History and make this unit more integrated.
- -Assessment is working well it includes an Islamic component

	WEEKLY PLANNING (Sessions, Standards, Objectives, Guiding Questions, Learning Engagements, Assessments, Virtual Lessons)										
Dates	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8			
	Unit 1 Interpretation Book	Sessions:	Unit 1 Interpretation Book	Unit 1 Interpretation Book	Unit 1 Interpretation Book	Unit 1 Interpretation Book	Unit 1 Interpretation Book	Unit 1 Interpretation Book			
	Clubs		Clubs: Bend I- Sessions 6,7	Clubs: Bend II- Sessions	Clubs: Bend II- Sessions	Clubs: Bend II- Sessions	Clubs: Bend III- Sessions	Clubs: Bend III- Sessions			
	Objective: 5.R.I.10, 5.R.F.4	Objective: 5.R.L.1, 5.R.L.2		8,9,10	11,12	11,12,13,14	15,16	17,18			
	Daily Plan (link here)	Daily Plan (link here)	Objectives: Session 6-								
			Learning to think	Objectives: Session 8-	Objectives: Session 11-	Objectives: Session 13-	Objectives: Session 15-	Objectives: Session 17-			
			analytically. Session 7-	Launch Book Clubs. 9-	Building theories and	Debating for rich book	Comparison study. Session	Comparing character's			
			Revising Writing about	Characters and Readers,	interpretations. Session 12-	conversation. Session 14-	16- Rethinking themes for	connection to themes.			
F 19 . I.			Reading	finding meaning in the	Reading on, with	Reflection.	more complexity.	Session 18- Studying			
English				midst of struggle. 10-	interpretations in mind.			author's choices.			
Language Arts			Standards: 5.L.5 , 5.R.L.4,	Seeing a text through the		Standards: 5.SL.1, 5.R.L.1,	Standards: 5.R.L.5, 5.R.L.2,				
(Reading)			5.R.F.4, 5.R.F.3	eyes of other readers.	Standards: 5.SL.1, 5.R.L.1,	5.L.5	5.L.6	Standards: 5.R.L.4 , 5.R.L.3,			
· 0/					5.L.5			5.L.6			
				Standards:		Guiding Questions: How do					
				5.SL.1, 5.R.L.2,5.R.I.10	Guiding Questions: How	we debate to create rich					
					do we build theories and	conversations about books?					
				Guiding Questions: What is	interpretations? How do	What can we do to become					
				a book club? How do we	we read while keeping our	better book club					
				find meaning in a character's struggles? What	interpretations in mind?	participants?					

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			Guiding Questions: How does perspective affect writing? How do we think about reading analytically? How do we revise our writing? Learning Engagements: Session 6- How to think Analytically Chart Read aloud "Home of the Brave" pages 25-38. See page 53 in the Teacher's Workbookguide students to think analytically about HOTB, Session 7- Read aloud "Home of the Brave" pages 39-50 paying close attention to imagery. Display anchor chart. Students write about imagery in the text, citing specific examples. Work in pairs, reading their writing to each other and working to each other and working together to revise their writing. Using the "My Editing Checklist" ask students to self edit. Play Home of the Brave part #1 Kahoot. Student's complete HOTB Reading Comprehension quiz 1	do other readers think when they're reading this text? Learning Engagements: Session 8- Guided Reading Centers 1. Spelling practice 2. Quiet sustained reading 3. Book discussion 4. Vocab Session 9-Students read HOTB pages 61-69 (Chapters: School Clothes, Once There Was, and New Desk) Answer these questions about Kek's character. • What is Kek's problem in this section of reading? • What details from this section help us understand Kek? • How has Kek changed since the beginning of the book? Session 10- Read HOTB pages 70-75 "Ready and Lunch". After reading, students go to this Padlet, to share what they're	Learning Engagements: Mini Lesson- Share and discuss this anchor chart. Session 11- Guided Reading- Group 1- Read HOTB pages 76-84 (Lunch, Fries, Not Knowing). Group 2- Discuss- We still don't know if Kek's mom is ok. What theories do you have? What information are you using to create your theories? What evidence can be found in the book so far? Group 3- Reading and making predictions worksheet 1. Group 4- quiet sustained reading individual leveled books. SESSION 12- Complete predictions worksheet 2 in writing copy books. Assessments: MAP testing	Learning Engagements: SESSION 13- Mini Lesson- How to grow complex ideas using these prompts. Guided Reading- Group 1- Read HOTB pages 85-95 (Home, Time, Helping, How Not To Wash Dishes). Group 2- Discuss using these prompts Group 3- Grammar- Separating Items with Commas worksheet. Group 4- quiet sustained reading individual leveled books. SESSION 14- IXL practice identifying details that support an argument during a discussion. Assessments: MAP testing	Guiding Questions: What is a comparison study and how do we compare two texts? What can we do to find more complexity within the book? Learning Engagements: Assessments: MAP testing	Guiding Questions: What are the connections between the characters and the theme of the book? Why do authors choose to write the way they do? Learning Engagements: Assessments:
		Reading "Home of the Brave" discussing refugees-	HOTB Reading	pages 70-75 "Ready and Lunch". After reading,	Reading "Home of the Brave" discussing refugees-	Reading "Home of the Brave" discussing refugees-	Reading "Home of the Brave" discussing refugees-	Reading "Home of the Brave" discussing refugees-
Reading UOI Integration		connection to government and government systems/ failures/change	connection to government and government systems/ failures/change	connection to government and government systems/ failures/change	connection to government and government systems/ failures/change	connection to government and government systems/ failures/change	connection to government and government systems/ failures/change	connection to government and government systems/failures/change
English Language Arts (Phonics/Word Work/Grammar)	English/UOI To get to know students Seesaw activity-Back to School Task Cards English/UOI To get to know students Share 5 things your teacher should know about you - Seesaw Activity							

Unit 1 Narrative Craft **Bend I Session 1 Starting with Turning Points**

Objectives: W5.3, W5.4, SL5.1

Guided Questions:

What are some ways in which we write powerful stories? What are some turning point moments in your life?

Learning Engagements:

- -Generating ideas on the strategies chart: Important Person (already on board). Discuss.
- -Mini Lesson: Demonstrate a list for students from your life (first time/last time/time you realized something)
- Student Writing- Jot in the notebook: fast list of "The first time...", the last time.. -Share- Pair share or group share: best and worst writing times.

English

Language

Arts

(Writing)

-Close- Remind students of writing strategies again and be sure strategies are on the anchor chart.

Pre on-demand writing prompt

Assessment:

Narrative writing in writing journals.

Narrative Student Checklists Narrative Writing Rubric

Unit 1 Narrative Craft Bend I Sessions 2 & 3 **Dreaming the Dream of** the Story

Objectives: W5.3, W5.3a, SL5.1

Guiding Questions:

What is a special place that matters to you? What emotions do you feel when you think of this

Learning Engagements:

-Mini Lesson: Discuss how writers can use ideas from other authors to write their own stories. Link to Reading 'Home of the Brave' where the author uses imagery to describe the opening scene. - Student Writing : Refer to

the metaphor used in the opening of 'Home of the Brave' and ask students to go back to their work from session 1 to add their own similes, metaphors or emotions to each moment/event.

-Close: Share 'Techniques for Raising the Level of Narrative Writing' and how these strategies can be used in their own writing.

Assessment: Writing Journal

Session 3 **Letting Authors' words** awaken our own.

Objectives: W5.3, W5.3b, SL5.1

Guiding Questions:

How does the story start? Where is the story taking place? Who else is present at this time?

Learning Engagements:

Unit 1 Narrative Craft Bend I Sessions 4 & 5 **Telling the Story from the** Inside **Taking Stock and Setting**

Goals **Bend II Session 6** Flash-Drafting: Putting our

stories on the page. Objectives: W5.3, W5.3d,

Guiding Questions:

What writing techniques will help put you 'inside the skin of the writer?' When writing a personal narrative, what does perspective mean and what are some of the ways you could demonstrate this?

Learning Engagements:

-Mini Lesson : The focal point for today is for students to understand that telling a story through a narrator's eyes means keeping a consistent point of view throughout the piece. Point of view in this context is what the storyteller is perceiving as they write the story. Share examples on pgs 35-36 from the Lucy Calkins book or use your own example. -Student Writing: Use the tasks on pages 36-37 titled

'Active Engagement'. Students then work in pairs to continue the story focusing on keeping the point of view of the narrator with attention to detail.

Give students a copy of Kim-Yung's extract. He writes about moving into a new house. Highlight the parts where she allows the reader to see the house as she sees it and doesn't just describe the number of

Unit 1 Narrative Craft Bend II Session 7 & 8 What's this story really about? Redrafting to bring out meaning. **Bringing Forth the Story** Arc.

Objectives: W5.3a, W5.5 5W.7

Guiding Questions:

What is the effect of telling a story from a different perspective? Think about Home of the Brave and where you have reached. What is the author really trying to show?

Learning Engagements:

-Mini Lesson : Share the chart, 'Thinking up a whole new way to tell a story.' Focus on one or different ways your students could change their flash draft. Spend some time referring to the Narrative Checklist too from the beginning of the unit.

-Student Writing: Give students a blank piece of paper, they can fold the side and glue it as a flap over the section they are going to edit. They edit just one section of their flash draft onto the flap. They can do this in a different colour or on coloured paper.

-Close: Discuss the home learning which is related to the task completed. Go to your google classroom / writing and click on the document titled, 'Angling Your Writing As You Draft.'

Assessment:

Writing Journal **Narrative Student** Checklists Narrative Writing Rubric

Unit 1 Narrative Craft Bend II Session 9 Elaborating Important Adding scenes from the past and future

Objectives: W5.3b, W5.3d W5. W7. W8.

Guiding Questions:

What would you elaborate on when retelling your story? Does the narrator's perspective influence the choice of vocabulary?

Learning Engagements:

Mini Lesson: (S9) Share this article with the students (there is also a short clip in the article). Allow them to discuss their thoughts and feelings in pairs/groups, then take feedback.

Student Writing: Students plan their letter to a child on the camp. (This is an informal letter). The letter will need to be organised in paragraphs (optional planning template). Discuss the purpose of the letter to show a connection, to show support, optimism.

Share the checklist with vour students.

Close: Students share their ideas with the class, add descriptive phrases/adjectives to a class list to help other students at the editing stage.

Assessment:

Informal Letter Writing Checklist

Bend II Session 10 Adding Scenes from the past and future.

Unit 1 Narrative Craft Bend III Sessions 13 Reading with a Writer's Eye Objectives: W5.3a, W5.3b **Bend III Session 17 Every Character Plays a**

Guiding Questions:

Role

What has the author done? How has she done it?

Learning Engagements:

-Mini Lesson : Revisit HOTB pages 70-75 "Ready and Lunch" (this lesson will follow on from the writing lesson). Go to the Padlet and share student responses.

-Student Writing : Rewrite

the section 'Ready,' use 'Lessons from a Mentor's Narrative' to select a technique(3rd 7 last one are most suited). Ask your students to use metaphors to explain that insiders see differently. Remind students about 'Elaborating on Ideas' and completing one thought in one sentence before moving to the next.

2 paragraphs will be sufficient for this task.

-Close

Assessment:

Self Assess written work using:

'Lessons from A Mentor's Narrative' (3rd and last points).

Bend III Sessions 14 Taking Writing to the Workbench

Objectives: 5W.5

Guiding Questions:

What are the different stages of the writing process?

Unit 1 Narrative Craft

Bend III Session 16 Catching the Action or Image that produced the **Emotion**

Objectives: 5W3, 5W3.d

Guiding Questions:

What techniques does the author use to show you the story from the inside?

Learning Engagements:

-Mini Lesson: Share this excerpt from the 'Fries', (reading from previous reading/writing lesson) 'As a memory pokes me like a knife in my back.' What techniques has the author used here to create an image in the mind of the reader? (Flashback, metaphor)

-Student Writing : Read 'Home' & 'Time' copy phrases from the text that compare the lives of Kek, his aunt and Ganwar to their lives in America. "...telling time....why not use the sun and stars?' -Close

Assessment:

Writers make connections between time and place.

Bend III Session 19 Mechanics

Objectives: Research to build and present knowledge. W7. W8.

Guided Questions:

How can you use the writing process effectively?

Learning Engagements:

Mini Lesson: Tell your writers it is now their opportunity to combine all their learning into one final piece of narrative writing.

Bend III Session 20 Reading Aloud your Writing:A Ceremony of Celebration

Bend II Sessions 11 Ending Stories Bend II Sessions 12 Putting on the Final Touches

Bend III Session 19 Mechanics

Objectives: 5W.3, 5W3.a, 5W.b, 5W.d 5W.5.

Guided Questions:

How can you tell the story from the inside? Do you have a similar or different perspective to the other characters in your story?

Learning Engagement:

Mini Lesson: Writers review their plan, do they want to change any parts of it? What did they feel was missing from the beginning of their narrative? Identify components they will include/improve in the last part of their writing.

Student Writing: Writers begin to write their personal narrative using the information from their research and from their writers tool kit.

Close:

Assessment: Questions to Ask Yourself & 'Lessons from a Mentor's Narrative'

Bend III Session 20 Reading Aloud your Writing: A Ceremony of Celebration

Guided Questions:

What features of narrative craft can you identify in your partner's narrative?

-Mini Lesson : Talk about how writers read great stories in order to write great stories. An author's stories and ideas can spark the readers' stories and ideas. Share 'Techniques for Raising the Level of Writing.'

-Student Writing: Read the opening of Home of the Brave (a portion suitable for your class), students complete, 'Text Features in a Personal Narrative.' Refer to 'Strategies for **Generating Personal** Narrative' and share the last technique. This technique is the focus for this session. Students capture one moment and write about a time when they arrived somewhere for the first time. They will only write an opening paragraph as personal narrative, taking inspiration from Katherine Applegate. -Close: Recap 'Techniques for Raising the Level of Writing.'

Assessment:

Writing Journal, has the student used: -A storyteller's voice? Included the internal thinking as a narrator. -Is there dialogue?

rooms, etc.

-Close: Revisit the student narrative checklist shared in Session 1, students self assess their writing and identify a goal for themselves from the checklist (based on their current writing). -Connection : The home learning is explained on

Assessment: Writing Journal

this Link

Bend II Session 6 Flash-Drafting: Putting our stories on the page.

Objectives: W5.3a, W5.3b, W5.3d.

Guiding Questions:

What are some of the ways that writers can get deeply absorbed by their stories?

Learning Engagements:

-Mini Lesson : Tell the students that this is a new bend in the writers workshop and instead of thinking of new stories each day, they will decide on one idea. This idea will be the 'seed idea' which will grow over a number of days.

-Student Writing: Students select one seed idea from their home learning, 'Making and Using Topic Lists' or they could select another moment that is important to them. Students write a flash draft, remind them of what they have learnt so far; Use 'Techniques to Raise the Level of Writing.' -Close: Students share an

extract which shows their

use of a component from

the Narrative Checklist.

Bend II Session 8

Objectives: W3.a

Guiding Questions:

What are some of the techniques writers use to raise the level of their writing?

Learning Engagements:

-Mini Lesson : Students brainstorm what they already know about 'How Stories Tend to Go. Then share the chart. Use the example on pages 77-79 'Peter's Chair' or create your own one to map a story mountain. -Student Writing: Display a summary of the story 'Goosebumps.' The students then use this to map out a story mountain either individually or in pairs. You can opt to let students choose their own story to map out or depending on how far we have progressed with 'Home of the Brave' they could use that too. -Close : Students compare their Story Arcs with a partner.

Assessment: Story Arc

Objectives: 5W3.b

Learning Engagements:

-Mini Lesson : Reread the chapters from HOTB called, 'Paperwork and Information.'

Your task is to write the scene of the conversation between Dave, Diane and

-Student Writing:

- Kek. You can either; a) Write the dialogue following the storyline (they haven't been able to find Kek's mum yet) OR
 - b) Change the conversation and Diane reveals some information about Kek's mum.

-Close Compare the different dialogues, between those that kept the same storyline and those that changed it.

Assessment:

Correct use of quotation marks in dialogue.

-Mini Lesson: Give students 'The Writing Process' and ask them to order them.

-Student Writing : Discuss how your students as writers have worked through the writing process. Reflect on each stage of the process used so far LINK and complete the table.

Assessment:

Ordering of the Writing

commas

Guided Questions:

on writing? How?

Learning Engagements:

Watch this video on using commas in independent clauses video. Remember that you can also only use a comma without a conjunction.

Copy out the sentences and

Assessment:

Use of comma after the first independent clause and before the conjunction. Use this anchor chart to help you check your work,

Learning Engagements

-Close

Process. Reflection on the writing process so far **LINK**

Bend III Session 18 Editing: the power of

Objectives: Using commas to combine two independent clauses. 5W3

Do commas have an impact

combine the independent clauses using a comma and a conjunction/connecting word or just a comma. Task

This will be the Post Writing Assessment about imagined an experience based on factual information gathered from their research.

Student Writing: Students begin their research for their Post Writing Narrative Assessment.

Students will need to research about their two chosen places,

- 1. Their home country.
- 2. The country they relocate to.

They can record research in a way that suits them, mind map, chart, draw or optional planning quide. You can use this Anchor Chart to remind you of the stages you will need to include. LINK

Assessment:

Self Assessment: Have the key points been addressed?

Bend III Sessions 15 Stretching Out the Tension

Objectives: 5W.3, 5W3.a, 5W.b, 5W.d 5W.5.

Guided Questions:

Does your narrative follow the plan? How have you built tension?

Learning Engagements:

Mini Lesson: Discuss the features of a story mountain/plan.

Student Writing: Students use their research from the previous lesson to create a plan for their personal narrative. Optional <u>Template</u>

How has your partner 'Angled their Writing?' Have the emotions and actions been captured?

Learning Engagements:

Asynchronous Lessons: Students meet in groups in breakout rooms. Take turns to read their narratives with each other in breakout rooms. Then provide peer feedback, you can make a **copy** of this slide deck if you would like to use (add each student's name to each slide).

Repeat the following day with the second half of the group.

Assessment:

provide feedback to their group. **Narrative Student Checklists** Narrative Writing Rubric

Writers use the checklist to

Bend III Session 21 Transferring Learning: Applying Narrative skills across the curriculum.

			Assessment: Writing Journal, look for: -Writing from the narrator's perspective Write from Inside your story Write about the true things that happenedDecide how you're going to start your story (there where and how)Keep your minds fixed on		'Questions to Ask Yourself When You Edit.'	Close: Students share their narrative plan with a partner. Assessments Narrative Plan	
Vriting UOI ntegration	Discuss how we use systems when writing (pre-writing, drafting, etc.)	Discuss rules of Narratives and how all areas of our lives (government, writing, etc) follow rules.	the event.	Taking Action 'School Starter Bags' for the Afghani children in the camps in Doha.	The writing process must be combined to be successful and effective - any one component would not function independently.	How government decisions can impact the lives of citizens - allowing travel from one country to another for those in situations in their home country. Research Skills from Uol Lessons this week.	

Math	Objectives: -Assess students' mastery of concepts and skills2.1 Identify values of digits in a multidigit number. Write numbers in expanded form. Standards: 5.NBT.1, SMP2, SMP7, SMP6, SMP1, 5.NBT.5, 5.OA.2, 5.NBT6 Guiding Questions: How do I identify the value of digits? What is the difference between place and value? How do I write a number in different forms? Learning Engagements: Home Link 2.1 Math Boxes 2.1 Google Slide Math Centers -Guided Teacher -Activity - Revision games/flash cards/task cards Assessments: Math Journal Math Masters Assessment Check-in Differentiation Support Ixl Skill practice Beginning Year Assessment	Objectives: 2.2 Represent powers of ten in exponential notation. 2.3 Estimate with powers of ten to solve multiplication problems and check the reasonableness of products. Standards: 5.NBT.1, SMP2, SMP7, SMP6, SMP1, 5.NBT.5, 5.OA.2, 5.NBT6 Guiding Questions: How do I represent powers of ten in exponential notation? How do patterns let you know how to write in exponential notation? How does writing powers of ten help you use basic facts to solve problems? Learning Engagements: Home Link 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 Math Boxes Assessments: Math Journal Math Masters Assessment Check-in Differentiation Support IXL skill practice	Objectives: 2.4 Students use U.S. traditional multiplication to multiply 2-digit numbers by 1-digit numbers. 2.5 students use U.S. traditional multiplication to multiply multiple numbers by 1-digit numbers. Standards: 5.NBT.1, SMP2, SMP7, SMP6, SMP1, 5.NBT.5, 5.OA.2, 5.NBT6 Guiding Questions: How do I multiply 2-digit by 1-digit using the traditional method? Using partial -products method? Compare strategies of multiplying. How are they different? How are they the same? Learning Engagements: Home Link Math Boxes Assessments: Math Journal Math Masters Assessment Check-in Differentiation Support IXL skill practice	Objectives: 2.6 Students use unit conversions within the U.S. customary system to solve multi-step problems. Standards: 5.NBT.1, SMP2, SMP7, SMP6, SMP1, 5.NBT.5, 5.OA.2, 5.NBT6 Guiding Questions: What do you like about the different multiplication strategies? Learning Engagements: Home Link Math Boxes Assessments: Math Journal Math Masters Assessment Check-in Differentiation Support IXL skill practice	Objectives: 2.7 Students use U.S. traditional multiplication to multiply 2-digit numbers by 2-digit numbers. 2.8 Students use U.S. traditional multiplication to multiply multi digit numbers. Standards: 5.NBT.1, SMP2, SMP7, SMP6, SMP1, 5.NBT.5, 5.OA.2, 5.NBT6 Guiding Questions: What are different multiplication strategies? How do I choose a strategy? Learning Engagements: Home Link Math Boxes Assessments: Math Journal Math Masters Assessment Check-in Differentiation Support IXL skill practice	Objectives: 2.10 Students use the relationship between multiplication and division to mentally divide multi digit numbers. Standards: 5.NBT.1, SMP2, SMP7, SMP6, SMP1, 5.NBT.5, 5.OA.2, 5.NBT6 Guiding Questions: How are multiplication and division related? Can I use division to solve/check multiplication? Learning Engagements: Home Link Math Boxes Assessments: Math Journal Math Masters Assessment Check-in Differentiation Support IXL skill practice	Objectives: 2.11 Divide multi digit whole numbers 2.12 Explain solutions to division problems Standards: 5.NBT.1, SMP2, SMP7, SMP6, SMP1, 5.NBT.5, 5.OA.2, 5.NBT6 Guiding Questions: What is division? How do I divide larger numbers? What does the solution/quotient mean? Learning Engagements: Home Link Math Boxes Assessments: Math Journal Math Masters Assessment Check-in Differentiation Support IXL skill practice	Objectives: Students complete Unit 2 Assessment Standards: 5.NBT.1, SMP2, SMP7, SMP6, SMP1, 5.NBT.5, 5.OA.2, 5.NBT6 Guiding Questions: Can I show what I know about place value? Learning Engagements: Home Link Math Boxes Assessments: Math Journal Math Masters Assessment Check-in Differentiation Support IXL skill practice
Math UOI Integration								

				Γ	T			
	Unit 1: Empathy & Respect	Unit 1: Empathy & Respect	Unit 1: Empathy & Respect	Unit 1: Empathy & Respect	Unit 1: Empathy & Respect			
	Learning Objective :	Learning Objective : To	Learning Objective :	Learning Objective :	Learning Objective : Predict h	now others might feel as a resu	It of their own actions.	
	To define empathy and	learn how we can show	To think how we can	To identify attentive		<u> </u>		
	respect.	respect by our words and	recognise emotions	listening skills.	Whole class :			
	·	actions.	without words.		Students select emotion card	ds and show an emotion withou	ut speaking. The rest of the clas	ss/in partners they have to
	Whole class :			Whole class :	guess each other's emotions		, ,	, ,
	Click on the <u>link</u> to watch a	Whole class : Refer to your	Whole class :	Discuss the difference				
	video by some students in	Tree of Respect and discuss	Listening attentively helps	between listening and	Task: This week you will be the	hinking about predicting other	people's feelings. Click on this	link and have some fun with
	America and what they	the examples you thought	us to understand what	attentive listening.	this activity.		people o realinger chemical and	
	think about Empathy.	of.						
	timik about Empathy.	0	others are trying to	Task:	Learning Objective To prodi	ct feelings from reactions and e	yprossions	
	Task: Complete Handout 1	Task: From your 'Tree of	communicate to us.	Handout 2 Click on the <u>link</u>	Learning Objective 10 predic	ct reenings from reactions and e	expressions.	
	from lesson 1.	Respect' choose 2-3	Sometimes it can be using	for the task.	Whole class :			
	1101111033011 1.	actions/words that you will	words, other times it can			ut. Pause before the emotion is	s rayaalad ta 'Cuass tha Ematic	an'
	Learning Objective: To	use in your day today.	be using facial expressions	Learning Objective : To	watch this <u>clip</u> from hiside O	ut. Pause before the emotion is	s revealed to Guess the Emotit	on.
	learn how we can show	Actively try and	and body language.	understand the difference	Tools On none house some f		-tt: !!tt	
	respect by our words and	demonstrate these in your	and body language.	between being assertive		un by creating your own charac		lotions you saw. Use colours,
	actions.	actions today.		_	tnink of facial expressions an	d hairstyles when designing yo	ur character.	
	actions.	actions today.	Task: Complete the	and aggressive.				
	Whole class :	Loaming Objective	questions about the	Whole class :				
		Learning Objective : To feel calm and develop	different scenarios which					
	Click on the <u>link</u> and listen	'	show/do not show	Click on this <u>link</u> and watch				
	to this song. As you are	self care.	attentive listening.	the video about being				
	listening, write down			assertive, aggressive and				
Second Step	examples of how you can	Whole class:		passive.				
	show respect.	Discuss the importance of						
	Now think about how	feeling relaxed and		Task: Now go to flipgrid				
		developing techniques to		(join code :14a0955c) and				
	others have shown you	help achieve this.		record your response to				
	respect or times when you			· '				
	have shown others respect.	Task: * Find a relaxing		the 2 scenarios.				
		place, sit comfortably and		Remember to choose your				
	Task :	set a timer for 3 minutes.		words carefully so they are				
	To Create a 'Tree of	* Breath deeply, in and out		appropriate for school.				
	Respect.' Here are some	while playing attention to						
	examples of how your tree	any sensations you notice						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	or sounds you hear.						
	could look <u>(link).</u> You can	· ·						
	use paints, markers,	*Take another slow deep						
	crayons, paint.doc, be	breath, imagine the air						
	creative!	moving down into the						
		lungs and back up.						
		*Take one more deep						
		breath and hold for a						
		moment, then release.						
		*Continue until the timer is						
		up.						
Socond Stor								
Second Step UOI								
Integration								
Art								
Art UOI								
Integration								
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l	!	

	Music/UOI Connection	Music Standalone:	(3 online activities,	2020-2021 Government		
	ividsic, oor connection	ividsic Standarone.	3 in-school activities over 6	Systems Unit ppt		
	Arabic Music Unit	Objective:	week period.	Systems ome ppt		
	(Includes singing, arabic	Develop an awareness of	week period.			
	instrument names and	their personal music and				
	classification, history of	instrument preferences.				
	arabic music)	l listrament preferences.				
	Standard: (MU:Pr4.3.5a)	Guiding Questions: What				
	Demonstrate and explain	kind of music interests you,				
	how intent is conveyed	what do you want to learn				
	through interpretive	more about/of?				
	decisions and expressive	What makes a great				
	qualities (such as dynamics,	Performance? -What is a				
	tempo, timbre , and	performance? -What is the				
	articulation/style).	purpose of a "Dress				
		Rehearsal?" -What				
	Objectives:	happens if you make a				
	Review instrument families	mistake or something goes				
	Identify the members of	wrong during a				
	each of the Instrumental	performance? _How does				
	families.	the human voice work?				
	-Identify unique	-Why do voices change as				
	characteristics of each	we get older? -What is				
	family of instruments.	meant by good "Tone				
	-Identify the tone color and	Quality?" - Why is				
	timbre of each of the	everyone's voice				
Music	instrumental families.	unique/different? -Can the				
IVIUSIC	-Identify how sound is	human voice be considered				
	produced by each of the	an instrument? -What is				
	instruments in the family	the difference between a				
	Identify the difference	speaking voice and a				
	between an orchestra and	singing voice? -What are				
	a concert band in and	some different types of				
	Arabic ensemble	voices in terms of quality?				
	.	-What is the difference				
	Guiding Questions:	between harsh sounds vs.				
	(Takht, Oud, Nye, Qanun,	loud sounds? -What does				
	Rabab, Riq, Dumbek)	the term annunciation				
	-What are the four instrument families?	mean? -What different effects can we produce				
	(Review)	with the human voice?				
	-What instruments make	-What does proper				
	up the four families?	breathing do to help the				
	(Review)	vocalist? What does it				
	-What does each	mean to "Blend", in terms				
	instrument family	of musical sound? -What				
	contribute to the	character traits must				
	ensemble? -Can you	ensemble members				
	identify individual	possess? -What does a				
	instruments/instrumental	good rehearsal include?				
	families while listening to a					
	piece of music? -What	Activities/Learning				
	should you be listening for	Engagements:				
	when trying to determine	Various Performance				
	the instrumentation used	Opportunities -Grade 5				

in a piece of music?

-What are the tools you could use to help determine the instrumentation?

-What is the difference between an orchestra and concert band?

Activities/Learning

Engagements: -Demonstration of instruments -Listening demonstrations and Activities -Identifying instruments by listening to recording or live performances. -Tone Color drill -Instrumental Bingo Game -Matching Games (Instrument with sound) -Tuning exercises -Audio examples of orchestras, Arabic ensembles and orchestra Attend school concert

drum ensemble.
-Participation in Solo singing

-Participation in Arabic

-Field Trips QMA (virtual)

their individual instruments

Students demonstrating

-Videos of instrumental ensemble performances -Posters of instruments -

Assessments:

to classmates.

-Students ability to identify an instrument in terms of:
-Appearance -Family
-Method of tone production -Tone color
-Parts -Range
-Characteristics -Size
-Students ability to understand the importance of tuning when involved in an instrumental ensemble . -Students ability to identify the differences between an orchestra and a concert band ensemble.

Choir -Vocal warm-ups and exercises, repertoire **Elementary Band** Instrument -Guitar, ukulele, drum, piano (student choice with teacher support) **Guitar Recorder Ensemble** Solo Opportunities Score Reading Skills Instrumental lessons Solo Music Festivals Stage/Theater Experience Attend performances (pre covid) Watch and discuss recorded Performances in

Discuss Character Traits necessary to be a good musician and ensemble member (LP)

Assessments:

Students will demonstrate their performance skills by doing just that...performing!
Students will be graded during their lessons and rehearsals.
Students will be graded on the following:

1. Preparation
2. Enthusiasm/Effort
3. Attendance

Resources:

4. Musicianship5. Performance

Bass Guitar Lesson Plan
Sequence
Guitar Lesson Plan
Sequence
Ukulele Lesson Plan
Sequence
Piano Lesson Plan
Sequence
Drum Lesson Plan
Sequence
Drum Lesson Plan
Sequence

	-Students ability to identify the instrumental families which make up an orchestra and concert bandStudents' ability to recognize that certain styles of music use specific instrumentation. Resources QMA QPO							
Music UOI Integration								
P.E.								
P.E. UOI Integration								
Arabic								
Arabic UOI Integration								
Islamic	السنة الهجرية الجديدة							
Islamic UOI Integration		The new Islamic year	Quran reciting	Quran reciting	The first Islamic Country with government	The first Islamic Country with government	The prophet Mohammed built the first country for Muslims	The prophet Mohammed built the first country for Muslims
Qatari History								
Qatar History UOI Integration								
Cultural Studies								
Library								

	Generic Assessment Rubric									
	Emerging	Developing	Proficient	Exceeding						
Conceptual Understanding (Ex: Central Idea, Related and Key Concepts)	Non-scorable - Does not yet	Meets 3/5 of the criteria in the	Understanding/Concepts: 1. Student is able to explain the central idea.	Meets and exceeds proficient						
Knowledge (Ex: Facts, figures, names and terminology etc)	approach standard	standard	Content/Knowledge: 2. Student has acquired knowledge of the content as shown through 3. Student has acquired knowledge of the content as shown through	criteria. Meets all proficient criteria plus Examples						
Skills (Ex: Mathematical process, scientific process, writing process, ATLs or content related skills etc)			Process/Skills: 4. Student is able to (verb) 5. Student is able to (verb)							

Some Effective Strategies to Consider:

- -Situation cards with scenarios
- -Reflection Questions
- -Interview members
- -Visible thinking routines
- -Open-mind portraits
 -Inner circle- outer circle (observing how others speak)
- -Sketch to stretch
- -Class book of....
- -Deep listening of a lifted text, reflection questions, guiding questions
- -Trailing the source, visuals with arrows
- -Chart paper carousel
- -Data analysis, collecting data
- -Teacher leaves room for student ownership after a prompt
- -Scenarios on chart paper
- -Collecting artefacts
- -Frayer Model

-Socratic Dialogue

- -Role play a skit/scenario (how did you feel?)
- -Cooperative learning JIGSAW
- -Barrier games
- -Gamification
- -Manipulatives for Math
- -Conceptual maps
- -Flow chart
- -Outlines
- -Diagram of concentric circles
- -Creating movie trailers
- -Caption a photograph
- -Diptych of synonyms/antonyms/homophones
- -Sketchnoting