

Neonatal Intensive Care Skills Checklist

This profile is for use by Neonatal Intensive Care nurses with more than one year's experience in their discipline and specialty. It will not be a determining factor for the DB Healthcare program.

Please enter your full legal name as it appears on your Social Security Card.

First Name: _____

Last Name: _____

Date: Month _____ Day _____ Year _____

Social Security No. _____

Email: _____

Please indicate your level of experience

- A. Theory, no practice
- B. Intermittent experience
- C. One - two years experience
- D. Two plus years experience

A. CARDIOVASCULAR

1. Assessment

- a. Auscultation (rate, rhythm, volume) A B C D
- b. Blood pressure/invasive (arterial line) A B C D
- c. Blood pressure/non-invasive A B C D
- d. Heart sounds/murmurs A B C D
- e. Perfusion A B C D
- f. Pulses A B C D

2. Equipment & procedures

- a. EKG interpretation A B C D
- b. Defibrillation/cardioversion A B C D
- c. Invasive hemodynamic monitoring A B C D
- d. Central venous pressure A B C D

3. Care of the neonate with:

- a. Cardiac arrest A B C D
- b. Cardiac transplant A B C D

- (6) Extubation A B C D
- (7) Intubation A B C D
- (8) Nasal airway/suctioning A B C D
- (9) Oral airway/suctioning A B C D
- (10) Tracheostomy/suctioning A B C D
- b. Apnea monitor A B C D
- c. Cardiac resuscitation A B C D
- d. Chest tube (assist with)
 - (1) Insertion A B C D
 - (2) Removal A B C D
 - (3) Set-up A B C D
- e. ECMO (extracorporeal membrane oxygenation) A B C D
- f. O₂ therapy delivery systems
 - (1) Bag (anesthesia) & mask A B C D
 - (2) Bag (self-inflating) & mask A B C D
 - (3) Nasal cannula A B C D
 - (4) Nebulizer A B C D
 - (5) Oxyhood A B C D
 - (6) Tent A B C D
 - (7) Trach collar A B C D
- g. Obtaining blood gases
 - (1) Arterial A B C D
 - (2) Heelstick A B C D
 - (3) Peripheral A B C D
 - (4) Umbilical line A B C D
- h. Thoracentesis A B C D
- i. Use of artificial surfactant A B C D
- j. Ventilator care

(1) CPAP/PEEP

A B C D

(2) High frequency jet ventilator

A B C D

(3) Home ventilator

A B C D

(4) IMV

A B C D

(5) Oscillating

A B C D

(6) Pressure ventilator

A B C D

(7) Volume ventilator

A B C D

k. Weaning

A B C D

4. Care of the neonate with:

a. Bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD)

A B C D

b. Cardiogenic/hypovolemic shock

A B C D

d. Fresh tracheostomy

A B C D

e. Meconium aspiration

A B C D

f. Persistent pulmonary hypertension (PPHN)

A B C D

g. Pneumothorax

A B C D

h. Respiratory distress syndrome (RDS)

A B C D

i. Respiratory failure

A B C D

5. Medications

a. Aminophylline

A B C D

b. Prostaglandin

A B C D

C. NEUROLOGICAL

1. Assessment

a. Intracranial pressure monitoring

A B C D

b. Neurological status

A B C D

2. Care of the neonate with:

a. Brain death/organ procurement

A B C D

b. Externalized VP shunt/reservoirs

A B C D

c. Increased intracranial pressure

A B C D

d. Meningitis

A B C D

e. Seizures

A B C D

3. Medication - Anticonvulsant medication

A B C D

D. GASTROINTESTINAL

1. Assessment

A B C D

a. Abdominal girth

b. Bowel sounds

A B C D

c. Palate

A B C D

d. Suck/swallow

A B C D

2. Equipment & procedures

a. Care of gastrostomy tube

A B C D

b. Feedings

(1) Assist with breast feeding

A B C D

(2) Bottle

A B C D

(3) Breast milk handling/storage

A B C D

(4) Gavage

A B C D

c. Hospital grade electric breast pump

A B C D

d. Placement of intestinal tubes

(1) Jejunal gastro

A B C D

(2) Nasogastric/orogastric

A B C D

e. Test for occult blood

A B C D

3. Care of the neonate with:

a. Cleft palate

A B C D

b. Colostomy/ileostomy

A B C D

c. Gastroschisis/omphalocele

A B C D

d. GI bleeding

A B C D

e. Inguinal hernia

A B C D

f. Necrotizing enterocolitis (NEC)

A B C D

g. Post abdominal surgery

A B C D

h. Reflux precautions

A B C D

i. Tracheoesophageal fistula (TEF)

A B C D

E. ENDOCRINE/METABOLIC

1. Assessment

a. Finnegan

A B C D

b. Fluid & electrolyte balance

A B C D

2. Interpretation of lab results

a. Bilirubin

A B C D

b. Test urine and interpret

(1) Glucose

A B C D

(2) Labstix

A B C D

(3) Occult blood

A B C D

(4) pH

A B C D

(5) Specific gravity

A B C D

3. Equipment & procedures

a. Collection of urine specimens

(1) Assist with supra pubic tap

A B C D

(2) Catheter

A B C D

(3) Diaper/bag

A B C D

b. Phototherapy for jaundice

A B C D

c. Post circumcision care

A B C D

4. Care of the neonate with:

a. Acute renal failure

A B C D

b. DIC (disseminated intravascular coagulation)

A B C D

c. Disorders of internal/external organs

A B C D

d. Drug addiction/withdrawal

A B C D

e. Hypo/hyperkalemia

A B C D

f. Hypo/hyponatremia

A B C D

g. IDM (infant of a diabetic mother)

A B C D

(1) Hyperglycemia

(2) Hypoglycemia

A B C D

h. Malformations of the GU tract, kidney

A B C D

i. Peritoneal dialysis

A B C D

F. INFECTIOUS DISEASES

1. Interpretation of lab results

a. CBC/differential

A B C D

b. Culture reports

A B C D

c. Maternal lab results

A B C D

2. Equipment & procedures

a. Assist with lumbar puncture

A B C D

b. Collect culture specimens

A B C D

c. Isolation techniques

A B C D

d. Standard (universal) precautions

A B C D

3. Care of the neonate with:

a. Hepatitis surface antigen+ mother

A B C D

b. HIV positive mother

A B C D

c. Neonatal sepsis

A B C D

4. Medications – Immunizations

a. HBIG

A B C D

b. HBV

A B C D

c. Hib

A B C D

d. Polio

A B C D

e. DPT

A B C D

f. RespiGam/synergis prophylaxis

A B C D

G. PHLEBOTOMY/IV THERAPY

1. Equipment & procedures

a. Administration of blood/blood products

(1) Cryoprecipitate

A B C D

(2) Packed red blood cells

A B C D

(3) Plasma/albumin

A B C D

(4) Whole blood

A B C D

b. Delivery systems

(1) IV pump

A B C D

(2) Syringe pump

A B C D

c. Drawing blood from central line

A B C D

d. Drawing venous blood

A B C D

e. Hyperalimentation/TPN

A B C D

f. Intralipid

A B C D

g. Managing IV therapy

(1) Discontinuing

A B C D

(2) Dressing & tubing change

A B C D

(3) Rate calculation

A B C D

(4) Site & patency assessment

A B C D

h. Starting IVs

(1) Angiocath

A B C D

(2) Butterfly

A B C D

(3) Heparin lock

A B C D

2. Care of the neonate with:

a. Central line/catheter/dressing

- (1) Broviac
- (2) Groshong
- (3) Hickman
- (4) Portacath
- (5) Quinton

- b. Percutaneous arterial line
- c. Percutaneous venous line
- d. Peripheral line/dressing
- e. PICC (peripherally inserted central catheter)
- f. Umbilical artery line
- g. Umbilical venous line

- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D

H. PAIN MANAGEMENT

- 1. Assessment of pain level
- 2. Care of the neonate with sedation, i.e., morphine

- A B C D
- A B C D

I. MISCELLANEOUS

- 1. Assessment
 - a. Apgar scoring
 - b. Eye exam (r/o retinopathy)
 - c. Gestational age
 - (1) Ballard
 - (2) Dubowitz
 - (3) Other (specify)

- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D
- A B C D

- d. Maternal history
 -
 - e. Screen for hearing loss

-
- A B C D
 - A B C D

- 2. Equipment & procedures

a. Bereavement/postmortem care A B C D

b. Consents
(1) Immunization A B C D

(2) Procedural A B C D

(3) Treatment A B C D

c. Cord care A B C D

d. Neonatal skin care A B C D

e. Positioning devices A B C D

f. Preparation for transport/transfer A B C D

g. Thermoregulation
(1) Isolette with humidity A B C D

(2) Radiant warmer A B C D

(3) Temperature (axillary, rectal, skin) A B C D

(4) Weaning to open crib/bassinet A B C D

h. Weights

Can ensure a safe environment reflecting specific needs of various age groups.

My experience is primarily in: (Please indicate number of years.)

- Level II Nursery year(s)
- Level III Nursery year(s)