

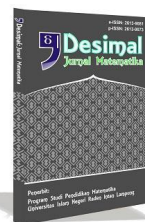


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### Title, font type Cambria-16 Bold, Align Left

First author<sup>1,\*</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> author<sup>2</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> author<sup>2</sup>, etc<sup>3</sup> ← cambria 12pt

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#### ABSTRACT

Abstract english version, written using Cambria-11, italic. Abstract contain introduction(optional), research aim/purpose, method, and reseach results; written in 1 paragraph, single space among rows, using past tense sentences.

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#### INTRODUCTION

Contains background, rationale, and or research urgency. References (related literature or research), should be included in this section, in relation to the justification of the research urgency, the emergence of the research problem, alternative solutions, and the chosen solution. Writing sources in the text should clearly indicate the name of the author and the citation of the source, in the form of the year of publication and the page where the manuscript is located. An example is ..... the results of the study show that more than 70% of students are

unable to recognize authentic problems.... (Wei, 2023).

Material sophistication is referred by looking at the proportions of the last 10 years and referring to the main literature. Problems and/or hypotheses, expected results or research objectives in this article are written narratively in paragraphs, there is no need to provide a special term. Likewise operational definitions, if deemed necessary, are also written narratively.

The introduction is written in Cambria-12, with 1 space. Each paragraph begins with indent to 5 digits, or about 1 cm from the left edge of each column. The

proportion for the introduction is not more than 10% of the entire manuscript.

## METHOD

Contains the type of research, time and place of research, targets/objectives, research subjects, procedures, instruments and data analysis techniques as well as other matters related to the research method. targets/objectives, research subjects, procedures, data and instruments, and data collection techniques, as well as data analysis techniques and other matters related to research methods can be written in sub-chapters, with sub-headings. Sub-subheadings do not need to be annotated, but are written in lower case with an uppercase letter, Cambria-11 unbold, aligned to the left (Hiebert et al., 2023).

Specifically for qualitative research, the time and place of research must be written clearly and completely (for quantitative research, it is also necessary). Research targets/subjects (for qualitative research) or sample-population (for quantitative research) should be clearly explained in this section. It is also necessary to write down the technique of obtaining subjects (qualitative research) and/or the sampling technique (quantitative research).

Procedures should be described according to the type of research. How the research will be conducted and the data will be obtained, should be explained in this section.

For experimental research, the type of design (experimental design) used should be written in this section. The type of data, how the data is collected, with which instrument the data is collected, and how the technique of collecting it, should be clearly described in this section.

How to interpret the data obtained, in relation to the problems and research

objectives, needs to be explained clearly. The proportion of the Method section does not exceed 15% of the entire manuscript.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

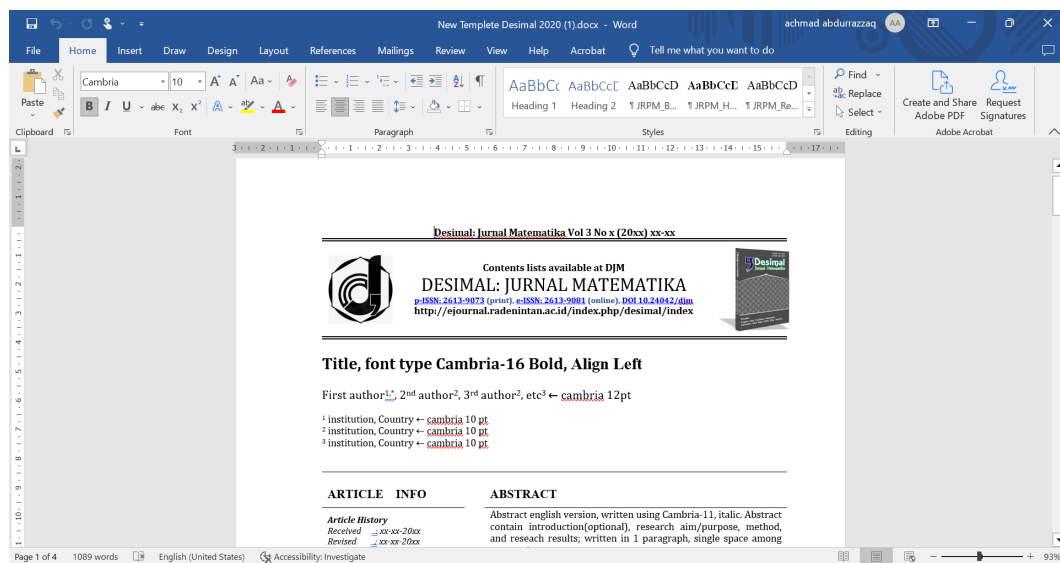
The results of the study are presented in the form of graphs, tables, or descriptive. Analysis and interpretation of these results is necessary before they are discussed (Chen & Hong Ren Wu, 2001).

The table is written in the middle or at the end of each text describing the research results/findings. If the Table is not wide enough to be written in half a page, it can be written in a full page. Table titles are written from left to center, all words begin with a capital letter, except for conjunctions. If more than one line is written in single space. For example, can be seen in Table 1 (Abdurrazzaq et al., 2016, 2020).

**Table 1.** *Style and the function*

No	Style	Fungtion
1.	Desimal_Title	Title
2.	Desimal_Author	Authors
3.	Desimal_AbstractBody	Abstract
4.	Desimal_AbstractTitle	Abstract Title
5.	Desimal _AbstractKeyword	Keywords
6.	Desimal_Heading 1	Title 1
7.	Desimal_Body	Paragraph
8.	Desimal_Picture Capture	Figure Caption
9.	Desimal_Table Capture	Table Caption
10.	Desimal_Reference etc.	Reference

The results are in the form of images, or data made from images/schemas/graphics/diagrams/equivalent, presentation also according to existing rules; the image title or name is placed below the image, from the left, and 1 space away from the image. If more than 1 line, each line is single space. For example, it can be seen in Figure 1.



**Figure 1. Showing Style in Template**

The discussion focused on relating the data and analysis results to the problem or objective of the study and the broader theoretical context. Perhaps the discussion is the answer to the question of why such facts are present in the data.

A written discussion is attached to the data discussed. The discussion is done so as not to be separated from the data discussed. The proportion of the Results and Discussion section is 35% of the entire manuscript.

## CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

Briefly contains about: (1) enough to answer the problem or research objectives (do not discuss further); (2) is the author's conclusion based on the facts obtained; (3) Implications or suggestions for future research. Write in one paragraph. The proportion for this section is not more than 5% of the entire manuscript.

## REFERENCES

Written at the end of the manuscript, in accordance with the style of this journal, as stated in the journal's Guideline (**APA VII Edition**).

Written in single space (bibliography 1 space apart. Some examples of how to write references in the bibliography are given below.

durrazzaq, A., Junoh, A. K., Wan Muhamad, W. Z. A., Yahya, Z., & Mohd, I. (2020). An overview of multi-filters for eliminating impulse noise for digital images. *TELKOMNIKA (Telecommunication Computing Electronics and Control)*, 18(1), 385.  
<https://doi.org/10.12928/telkomnika.v18i1.12888>

durrazzaq, A., Mohd, I., & Junoh, A. K. (2016). *Isomorphism on Noetherian module matrix*. 030080.  
<https://doi.org/10.1063/1.4965200>  
 en, T., & Hong Ren Wu. (2001). Adaptive impulse detection using center-weighted median filters. *IEEE Signal Processing Letters*, 8(1), 1–3.  
<https://doi.org/10.1109/97.889633>

ebert, J., Cai, J., Hwang, S., Morris, A. K., & Hohensee, C. (2023). *Doing Research: A New Researcher's Guide*. Springer International Publishing.  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-19078-0>

ei, H.-C. (2023). Mathematical modeling of tumor growth and treatment: Triple negative breast cancer. *Mathematics and Computers*

*in Simulation, 204, 645–659.*

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[5](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.matcom.2022.09.005)