Theatre Safety and You Student Notes

1.	What does OSHA stand for?
2.	OSHA Guideline 1: Employers must have health and
	guidelines and communicate the program to all_students
3.	OSHA Guideline 2: Must _ all chemicals on the site. Obtain
	Make available to all
4.	OSHA Guideline 3: Employers must have a
	to protect employees from
5.	OSHA Guideline 4: One person each shift must be certified in
	and
6.	SDS Stands for _SafetyDataSheet
7.	"Right to Know Laws": The employee has the right to know.
	what chemicals are on the worksite and how to protect
	yourself
8.	The theatre program must provide a clean, safe, environment for all.
9.	A written emergency plan should include information about what to do in case of an emergency, fire, and injury to workers.
	When calling for help you should do the following four things: a.state your name
	b.describe your emergency
	c. Location of the problem, including building name and number
	d. make sure you hang up only when directed by 911 operator
11.	Where does the theatre evacuate DURING school hours?

12. Where does the theatre evacuate AFTER school hours?

The corner(?)

Anywhere you are instructed too. 13. If a fire alarm goes off, make sure you are safe from flames and smoke. 14. Keep all exits free of all debris and items. 15. Keep theatre aisles clear-- do not add seats in the aisles. 16. Who should have flashlights at all times? _____, _____, _____ and ____. 17. Fire Suppression: 18. Type "A" fires burn wood, paper and cloth. 19. Type "B" Fires: Burning flameable liquids. Gasoline, Oil and grease. NEVER throw water on a "B" fire. 20. Type "C" Fires are current or electrical caused. NEVER throw Water on a "C" fire. 21. P.A.S.S means P <u>pull pen</u> A <u>aim</u> S <u>squeeze</u> S Sweep. 22. Each pound of chemical gives the user how much time? One second. 23. What does Flame Retardant mean? Material that has been treated and will burn but extinguish itself after the flame is removed. 24. What does Flame Proof mean? A material that has been treated and will NOT burn. Protection from Fire Effects on-stage 25. When candles are approved for use, assign a technician with a <u>Fire extinguisher</u> to stand backstage. Physical Hazards

26. Use glow tape to prevent injuries around stairs,

depressions, corners and edge of the stage and platforms

- 27.3 ways to charge Glo-Tape:
 - a. Lights
 - b. Flashlight
 - c. Phone flash
- 28. Keep stairs and walkways free of debris and items.

Dressing Room Hazards

- 29. Never share make-up.
- 30. Make-up technicians should use make-up <u>sponges</u> or <u>brushes</u> and not fingers and hands.

First Aid and Blood Diseases

- 31. All blood and <u>bodily fluids</u> must be considered <u>infectious</u> and be treated as such.
- 32. What is the EPA Bleach solution recipe?

 One part bleach ten parts water
- 33. Stage Lighting Safety: For safety, each instrument is fitted with a_____ that

goes on first and comes off last

- 34. Notify the <u>teacher</u> immediately if equipment is broken or <u>Unsafe</u>.
- 35. Ladders need to be made of <u>wood</u> or <u>fiberglass</u> to reduce the severity of electrical shock.
- 36. Halogen lamps should not be touched by the human <u>hand</u> because: <u>dirt</u> and oil can get on the lamps.
- 37. Use of Personal Safety Equipment is a non-negotiable expectation.
- 38. Proper shoes are closed toed shoes.
- 39. Examples of PPE are eye goggles, ear protection, gloves and
- 40. When using a tool, ask yourself four questions:
 - a. What does this tool do
 - b. What does this tool not do?
 - c. How to use it properly?
 - d. How can it hurt me?
- 41. When in doubt, ask. Don't be a victim of operator error.
- 42. No horse play or allowed when working.
- 43. Do not talk or touch anyone using a power tool.
- 44. Tie Back Long hair.
- 45. Horse play is never allowed.

46. Hearing loss is totally preventable.		
47. Two types of Hearing Protection:a. <u>Earmuffs</u>b. <u>Foam earplugs</u>		
48. At the end of a work call, return tools to their original place		
and report any broken equipment to the teacher.		
49. Remove nails, screws and out of	_ lumber.	
50. Good housekeeping is		