<u>Tips for Finding Articles and Other Sources Using</u> <u>ABI/INFORM</u>

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Questions? Email Jim Kelly.

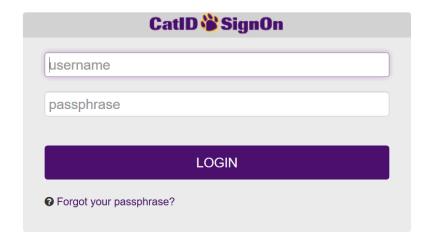
ABI/INFORM is a great tool for finding business-related sources such as articles from newspapers, magazines, trade publications, and academic journals, as well as industry and company reports.

ABI/INFORM can be accessed via Rod Library A-Z Databases list: http://guides.lib.uni.edu/az.php?a=all

Or via this direct link: http://www.library.uni.edu/gateway/owl/abi-inform-complete

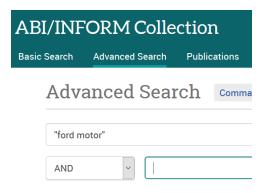
Links to ABI/INFORM and other subscription databases can also be found on various Rod Library research guides (aka LibGuides): http://guides.lib.uni.edu/prf.php?account_id=123251

Note: ABI/INFORM is accessible off campus. When using the above links off campus you will be prompted to enter your UNI CATID and password into a familiar looking UNI screen. (See image below)

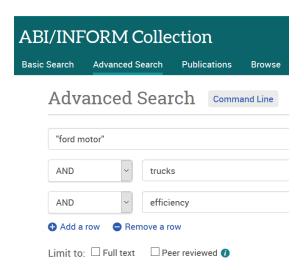


1. Searching

Use a simple search like this:

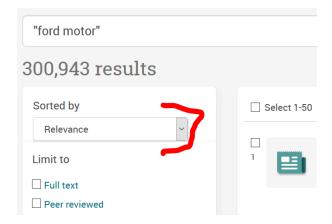


Or a more complex search like this:



2. Sorting Your Search Results

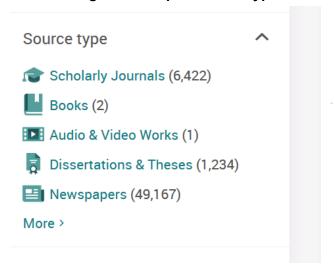
By default, ABI/INFORM sorts search results according by "Relevance." Use the dropdown menu on the left to sort your results by date (either newest or oldest at the top).



3. Narrowing Your Search Results.

Use the limiters (sometimes also called filters or facets) on the left side of the screen to narrow the number of documents in your results list. These limiters include criteria such as: publication date, publication type (articles from newspapers, magazines, trade publications, and academic journals, as well as industry reports, company reports/profiles), industry, geography, company name, and more.

Select a single source/publication type:

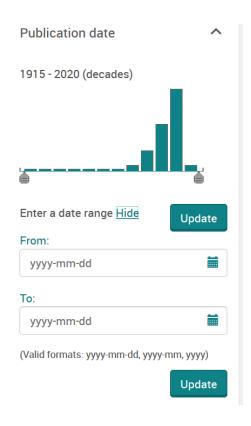


Or, click on More and select multiple types.

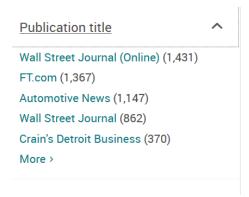
Source type

| Include | Exclude | Source type | Count ▼ |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | | Wire Feeds | 129,434 |
| \checkmark | | Trade Journals | 62,275 |
| \checkmark | | Newspapers | 49,167 |
| | | Reports | 28,470 |
| | | Blogs, Podcasts, & Websites | 12,478 |
| | | Magazines | 8,213 |
| | | Scholarly Journals | 6,422 |
| | | Other Sources | 1,786 |
| | | Dissertations & Theses | 1,234 |

Narrow your search to a specific time period:



Limit your search to a specific publication:



3. Keeping track of what you find

Finding good sources is an important first step, but keeping track of what you find is equally important.

What NOT to do:

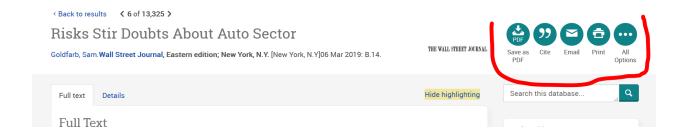
It is <u>not advisable</u> to copy web links or URLs from the address bar of your browser. These URLs are often temporary/session-based; they are typically not persistent and cannot be relied upon to lead you to the document in the future.

Don't use this:



Instead, use one of the following options to keep track of useful sources that you find.

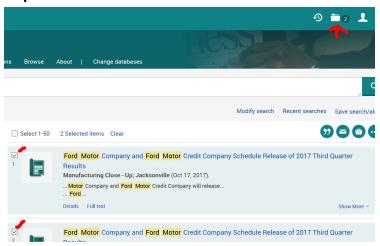
- a. Download articles.
- b. Email individual articles to yourself.



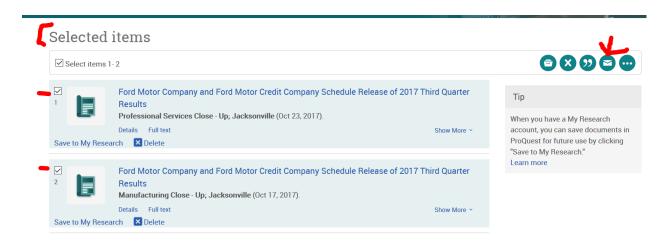
c. Email multiple articles to yourself at the same time.

Selecting multiple articles from the results list will place them in a temporary folder at the top of the screen (note red marks in image below).

Important note: this folder will not store the articles beyond this online session.

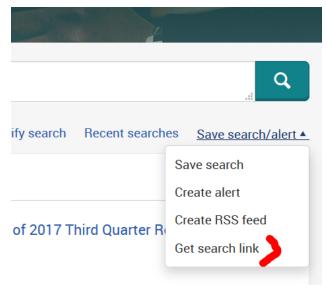


Click on the temporary folder to view the contents (as below) and email, etc. as desired.



d. To keep track of a search you have tried (or that you might want to revisit), the "Get search link" is a great option.

From your results page, click on the "Save search/alert" drop down menu on the right side of the screen. Then click on the "Get search link".



Copy and paste the link to a document, spreadsheet, email, etc.

