Year 8: Curriculum Intent

The History department aims to empower pupils to understand both their place in the world and how they fit into the story of human development and to understand what has shaped the identities of diverse peoples, groups and nations. Our curriculum is designed to help students understand the complexity of people's lives in both the present and the past and promote inclusivity by studying the diversity and commonality of human experiences across time and place. Students also learn how the past is recorded and how accounts of the past can change in different contexts. In Year 8 students continue to deepen their understanding of the features of power. Pupils begin by looking at challenges faced by Stuart monarchs and the increasing power of parliament. Pupils then look at the changing world in the modern period, focusing on issues of industrialisation, representation, slavery and empire. Pupils can then apply this understanding to the long term factors that led to WW1 and a study of the key events and features of the war.

Year 8 Essential Knowledge Summary

Schemata 1: How did Stuart power diminish over

<u>Composite Knowledge:</u> Pupils will develop their understanding of how the power of monarchy and other institutions declined in the 17th century

Component Knowledge:

Foundational Knowledge:

Declarative Knowledge:

- Challenges faced by Stuart monarchs-Parliament, Church, protest, economic
- England as a monarchy and as a Republic
- Increasing power of Parliament over time

Procedural Knowledge:

- Sequence events chronologically to confirm understanding of change and continuity of who held power and what factors affected this
- Identify appropriate causation factors and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain fully
- Identify consequences of historical events and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain the impact
- Use sources to retrieve information relevant to the enquiry
- Analyse interpretations using contextual knowledge to explain differences in view
- Apply enhanced knowledge of key features of power in the Stuart era to develop concept map

Upper Hierarchical Knowledge

- 17th century views- belief on regicide and superstition
- Constitutional monarchy and comparisons to government today

Schemata 2: How did the experiences of British people change in the late 18th to early 20th century?

<u>Composite Knowledge:</u> Pupils will understand the impact of the Industrial Revolution and the struggle for the vote on British society

Component Knowledge:

Foundational Knowledge:

Declarative Knowledge:

- Factors that led to the Industrial Revolution
- Changes to people's way of work and living
- Local study: living conditions, machines, transport with a Manchester focus
- Problems with democracy and the fight for male suffrage in the 1800s
- The women's suffrage movement in the late 19th and early 20th century

Procedural Knowledge:

- Describe key features of the time period
- explain change and continuity across the period of industrialisation
- Identify appropriate causation factors and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain fully
- Identify consequences of historical events and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain the impact
- Use sources/ academic texts to retrieve information relevant to the enquiry
- Analyse interpretations using knowledge of the time in which it was produced to understand and explain differences in view

<u>Upper Hierarchical Knowledge</u>

How institutions of British power changed as a result of modernisation

Schemata 3: What were the experiences of those involved in the slave trade and its abolition?

<u>Composite Knowledge:</u> Pupils will gain an understanding of the processes of the Transatliantic slave trade and why this was made illegal in Britain from 1807.

Component Knowledge:

Foundational Knowledge:

Declarative Knowledge:

- Medieval African kingdoms with a focus on Mansa Musa and Mali.
- How the Transatlantic slave trade operated
- The experiences of enslaved peoples
- The abolitionist movement and reasons why the slave trade ended in 1807 and was abolished across the empire by 1833.

Procedural Knowledge:

- Sequence events chronologically to confirm understanding of change and continuity and cause and effect
- Identify appropriate causation factors and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain fully
- Use sources/ academic texts to retrieve information relevant to the enquiry
- Analyse interpretations of an event using knowledge of the time in which it was produced to understand differences in view

Upper Hierarchical Knowledge

- The use of social darwinism as an attempt to justify enslaving people for profit
- Origins of institutional racism in Britain

Schemata 4: What was the impact of British imperialism in the 18th-20th century?

<u>Composite Knowledge:</u> Pupils will gain an understanding of why Britain wanted an empire and study how specific colonies and peoples were treated

Component Knowledge:

Foundational Knowledge:

Declarative Knowledge

- How Britain gained an empire and why this benefited the government of the time
- The discovery of New Zealand and treatment of the Maori
- Transportation and the colonisation of Australia
- The Scramble for Africa
- The Opium trade and colonisation of Hong Kong
- British rule in India

Procedural Knowledge:

- Identify appropriate causation factors and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain fully
- identify consequences of historical events and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain the impact
- Use sources/ academic texts to retrieve information relevant to the enquiry
- Analyse interpretations of an event using knowledge of the time in which it was produced to understand differences in view

Upper Hierarchical Knowledge

• Legacy issues of race, class and migration as a result of the British Empire

Schemata 5: WW1

<u>Composite Knowledge:</u> Pupils will gain an understanding of the events and consequences of WW1and the long and short term impacts of this

Component Knowledge:

Foundational Knowledge:

Declarative Knowledge:

- Long and short term factors leading to the declaration of war
- How the war was fought
- How the state increased its power and the effect this had on the war effort
- The events and impact of the battle of the Somme
- The contributions of the Commonwealth to the war effort
- Why the war ended

Procedural Knowledge:

- Sequence events chronologically to confirm understanding of change and continuity and cause and effect
- Identify appropriate long term and short term causation factors and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain fully
- identify consequences of historical events and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain the impact
- Use sources/ academic texts to retrieve information relevant to the enquiry
- Analyse interpretations of an event using knowledge of the time in which it was produced to understand differences in view

Upper Hierarchical Knowledge

• The link between 19th and 20th century imperialism and nationalism and the inevitability of a world war

Year 8 Final Composite Knowledge End Point

- How and why the power of the monarchy had declined by the end of the 17th century
- The impact of industrialisation on Britain, including a local study on Manchester
- The fight for electoral reform and representation of both men and women throughout the 19th and 20th centuries

- Why and how Britain became involved in the Transatlantic slave trade and empire building and the impact of this in Britain and its colonies
- How and why WW1 broke out and how the war was fought
- Identify relevant causation factors and evidence these
- Analyse sources and academic texts to retrieve information relevant to the enquiry
- identify consequences of historical events and apply accurate/ relevant historical evidence to explain the impact
- Analyse interpretations of key events using knowledge of the time in which it was produced to understand differences in view
- Apply Stuart knowledge to develop power concept map
- Apply Y8 knowledge to a concept map focused on the modernising world