

Publication Manuscript Title Maximum 14 Words in Indonesian (font size: 16)

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Abstract

The abstract is a maximum of 200 words in Indonesian, printed in italics, in Times New Roman 10 point. The abstract must be clear, descriptive, and provide a brief overview of the problem being studied. At least the abstract must contain the research background, research gap (scientific gap), proposed method, research results, and practical application (research impact) or impact on the field of science. The abstract must end with a comment on the results' importance or a brief conclusion. What needs to be noted is that the conclusion is something that has happened, not something that is still expected. There are no citations, tables, or images in the abstract.

Keywords: 3-5 keywords, algorithm A, algorithm B, complexity

1. INTRODUCTION

The article content can be in Indonesian and English. This document is a template for the Microsoft Word version (.doc/.docx) with Times New Roman, 10-point font, and content at 10 points. Authors are advised to use this template when writing articles. The author can use the provided styles to format the article title, body, and other elements. For the JODSIE journal, use the appropriate styles for chapter titles, article content, etc. Introduction: There should be one or two sentences indicating the scientific gap (knowledge gap) from previous research, as well as the uniqueness and differences of this research compared to previous studies. The introduction should also outline the background of the problem being addressed, issues related to the problem being solved, and a review of prior research conducted by other relevant researchers. Introduction. The primary reviewer's assessment of this Introduction section is how the author discusses related research, thereby making the study's contribution and position clear. Relevant research must be papers from journal sources or seminar proceedings. Definitions do not need to be explained in detail.

2. RESEARC METHODS

Explain the research methods in general, the formulas or steps for solving the problem in detail and completely. The author is advised to use images and diagrams to support the explanation of the method. The paper should contain writing that includes 1. Introduction, 2. Research Methods (which can consist of analysis, architecture, methods used to solve the problem, and implementation), 3. Results and Discussion, 4. Conclusion 5. Suggestion (future works - optional) and Reference, containing further research in the future. Each paragraph can consist of several sub-paragraphs written with Arabic numerals, as shown in the following section. The minimum page count is 10, and the maximum is 15, in A4 size.

2.1 Review Stage

Please submit your manuscript electronically thru the website. If you don't have an account yet, you can register first and don't forget to choose Author. After registering, the author can log in and make a New Submission. The editor will check the document's plagiarism level using Turnitin software. The editor will immediately reject the article if the Turnitin results reach 25% or higher. If it passes Turnitin, the article will be forwarded to the reviewer. The review process by the reviewer will take approximately 1 to 2 months. After the reviewer completes the review, the editor will forward the review results to the author. There are three general outcomes: accepted, revised, or rejected. Revisions must be made by the author no later than 2 weeks after the editor provides the review results to the author. Please note that

emails from the JODSIE journal often end up in spam. Authors can frequently check their email's spam folder or check the status of their article on the journal's website.

2.2 Figures and Tables

All tables and images with the In Line with Text model that you insert into the document must be adjusted to a 1-column sequence or the full size of one sheet of paper, to make it easier for reviewers to examine the meaning of the images. Use captions to facilitate the numbering of images and tables. For images, use a high resolution of 300px.



Figure 1. Image Title

Table 1. Comparison of Algorithm A and Algorithm B

Data	Duration	Accuracy	Size
1	45	98 %	200 KB
2	66	95 %	415 KB
3	78	95 %	415 KB
4	80	95 %	415 KB
5	89	95 %	415 KB

(Style Table Follows the format of only Bottom and Top Borders, select the chosen cells, then choose bottom and top borders.)

Figures and tables must have appropriate sequential numbers. Tables should not use captures/screenshots from other objects to ensure their brightness. The presentation of figures must also consider the suitability of the images so they can be read and seen clearly.

2.3 Mathematical Formulas

For formulas, use the Microsoft Equation Editor or MathType, centered, and numbered with equation numbers starting from (1), (2), etc.

$$p(x, y); (0 \leq x \leq M - 1, 0 \leq y \leq N - 1) \quad (1)$$

2.4 Bibliography / Citation

Library references are made by writing [item number in the bibliography], e.g., [1], [1,2], [1,2,3]. Bibliographic citations must be included in the References list, and the References list must have corresponding citations in the text. The first source cited in the manuscript [1] must be listed as number one in the References, the second source cited must appear as number two in the References, and so on. The References list should be ordered by the order of citation appearance, not by last name. The bibliography includes only works actually cited in the manuscript.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The discussion of the research and testing results obtained is presented in the form of a theoretical description, both qualitatively and quantitatively. The experimental results should be presented in the

form of graphs and tables. For graphs, the format for diagrams and figures can be followed. Graphs and figures must be explained in the text or referenced in the text.

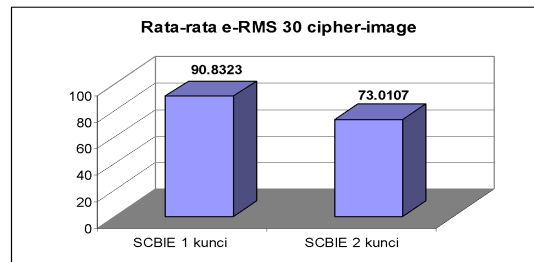


Figure 2. Comparison Chart e_{rms}

Table 2. Comparison of Algorithm A and Algorithm B

No	Type	Accuracy	Size
A	Pro	98 %	200 KB
B	Edu	95 %	415 KB
A	Pro	98 %	200 KB
B	Edu	95 %	415 KB
A	Pro	98 %	200 KB
B	Edu	95 %	415

4. CONCLUSION

The conclusion should clearly indicate the results obtained, their strengths and weaknesses, and potential for further development. The conclusion can be a paragraph, but if necessary, provide suggestions for further research to address the study's shortcomings using the final paragraph in this section. Include a narrative of the results that can describe the research in terms of numbers, percentages, and other data.

THANK YOU, SPEECH (IF ANY),

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REFERENCES

The main references are international journals and proceedings, from the last 5 years at a minimum. All references must be the most relevant and up-to-date sources. References are written in IEEE style and include the DOI of the article. Include at least 15 recent journal articles. Please use a consistent format for references - see the example below (10 points):

- [1]. Habibie, M. I. (2022). THE APPLICATION OF MACHINE LEARNING USING GOOGLE EARTH ENGINE FOR REMOTE SENSING ANALYSIS. *Jurnal Teknoinfo*, 16(2), 233. <https://doi.org/10.33365/jti.v16i2.1872>
- [2]. Mubin, M., & Moh. Arif Furqon. (2023). Pelaksanaan Program Pembiasaan Keagamaan Dalam Pembentukan Karakter Religius Peserta Didik. *Jurnal Riset Madrasah Ibtidaiyah (JURMIA)*, 3(1), 78–88. <https://doi.org/10.32665/jurmia.v3i1.1387>
- [3]. Ouchra, H., Belangour, A., & Erraissi, A. (2024). Supervised Machine Learning Algorithms for Land Cover Classification in Casablanca, Morocco. *Ingénierie Des Systèmes D Information*, 29(1), 377–387. <https://doi.org/10.18280/isi.290137>

- [4]. Supiyandi, S., & Zen, M. (2019). Sistem Pendukung Keputusan Proses Kenaikan Jabatan dan Perencanaan Karir Pada PT. ABC Dengan Metode Profile Matching. *ALGORITMA : JURNAL ILMU KOMPUTER DAN INFORMATIKA*, 3(1), 55. <https://doi.org/10.30829/algoritma.v3i1.4439>

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