

Standard for the week (**bold** → emphasized; \equiv → important on regents)

CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSG.GPE.A.2

\equiv Explain why the x -coordinates of the points where the graphs of the equations $y = f(x)$ and $y = g(x)$ intersect are the solutions of the equation $f(x) = g(x)$; find the solutions approximately, e.g., using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive approximations. Include cases where $f(x)$ and/or $g(x)$ are linear, **polynomial**, rational, absolute value, exponential, and logarithmic functions.*

\equiv **Sketch graphs of functions given verbal description, interpret key features of graphs and tables (F-IF.B.4) [I]**

= Calculate and interpret average rate of change of a function over an interval (F-IF.B.6) [I]

= Graph and show features of graphs (F-IF.C.7)

= **Graph cube root, exponential, log** (show intercepts, end behavior), ((F-IF.C.7e)

– **Compare properties of two functions represented in different ways (F-IF.C.9) [I]**

Rational and Radical Equations

\equiv **Justify steps in solving radical and rational equations**

\equiv Solve rational and radical equations, identify extraneous roots

Students are grouped by test scores Randomization used to increase equity

Thursday:

[Seating Chart](#)

[pow 12 linear programming](#)

Friday:

[Lesson 39 - Word Problems with Systems of Equations \(Day 2\)](#)

[1.3 - 2 Variable Systems Word Problems](#)

Monday:

[practice alg 1 exam for dec 2019.docx](#)

[answers to practice exam](#)

Tuesday: test corrections

Wednesday: