

UNIT 1 Day 1 四合院的常识

看完史上最完整四合院, 整个人都精神了 ----- 第一篇文章

<https://www.weibo.com/ttarticle/p/show?id=2309404179005447241886>

【第一篇】

四合院的常识

四合院是我国古老传统的文化象征

“四”指东、西、南、北四面

“合”是四面房屋围在一起

形成一个‘口’字形



四合院至少有三千多年的历史

是汉族的一种传统合院式建筑

一个院子的四边建有房屋

庭院则在中间

所以叫做四合院



老北京的四合院

一般的胡同坐北朝南

大门位于东南方

也就是“风”位

是八卦中的巽位

有“紫气东来”的寓意

可以让温暖的东南风吹进来

象征吉祥平安

四合院中间是宽敞的庭院

是四合院的中心

也是人们休息聊天劳动的地方



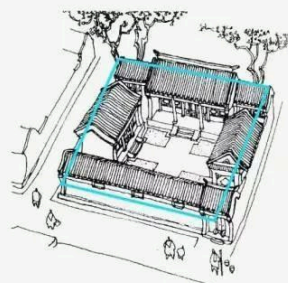


“口”字形的称为一进院

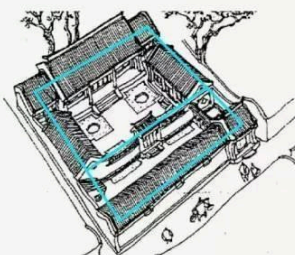
“日”字形的称为二进院

“目”字形的称为三进院

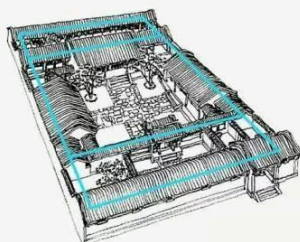




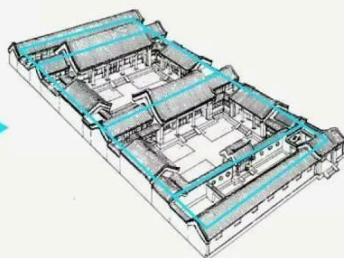
一进院落



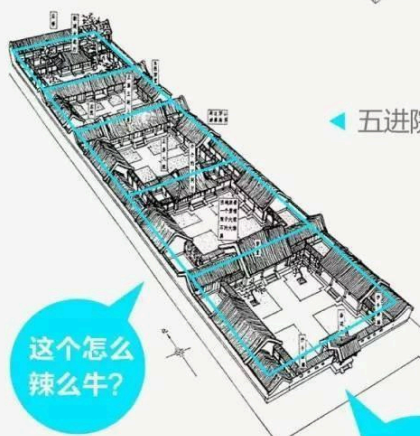
二进院落



三进院落



四进院落



五进院落

这个怎么辣么牛？

当然牛了
这是《红楼梦》里
贾母住的地儿

Article adapted from <https://www.weibo.com/ttarticle/p/show?id=2309404179005447241886>



Picture source: <https://m.gujianchina.cn/news/show-6207.html>

UNIT 1-1 四合院的常识

Vocabulary	Pinyin	English Meaning
常识	cháng shí	common sense, general knowledge
四合院	sì hé yuàn	courtyard house (a type of traditional Chinese residence in quadrangular style)
象征	xiàng zhēng	to symbolize; to emblem
合院式建筑	hé yuàn shì jiàn zhù	quadrangle building (architecture term-rectangular space enclosed by buildings)
庭院	tíng yuàn	courtyard
胡同	hú tòng	narrow street or alley (commonly associated with northern Chinese cities, especially Beijing)
坐北朝南	zuò běi cháo nán	(a construction) situated on the north, facing the south

八卦	bā guà	Eight Trigrams (<i>Bagua</i>) (The Eight Trigrams are widely used in the practical applications of the Chinese art of geomancy, Feng Shui. The <i>Bagua</i> is a primary aspect of the theory of Feng Shui)
紫气东来	zǐ qì dōng lái	The purple air (a propitious omen in Chinese culture) comes from the East
寓意	yù yì	implied meaning, implication
吉祥平安	jí xiáng píng ān	auspicious and safe
宽敞	kuān chǎng	spacious
劳动	láo dòng	work, manual labor
称为	chēng wéi	be known as; be called as
进(量词)	jìn	measure word for the number of yard(s) in a Chinese courtyard house

Grammar Structure:

1. 象征 *v.* to symbolize, to emblem

structure 1: A (sth. concrete) 是 B (abstract concept) 的象征

e.g. 四合院是中国传统建筑文化的象征。

structure 2: A 象征 B

e.g. 四合院象征中国传统建筑文化。

2. 坐.....朝..... *adj. phrase* sitting +(direction), facing +(direction)

e.g. 坐北朝南

四合院一般坐北朝南。

3. 有.....的寓意 *v. phrase* to have an implied meaning of

e.g. 风从东南方吹来有紫气东来的寓意。

4.称为..... *v.* to be known as

e.g. “口”字形的四合院称为“一进院”。