

Title “Book Antiqua 14pt, Capitalize Each Word, Bold”

Author¹; Author²; Author³; Author⁴

^{1,2,3,4} *Author Affiliation or Institution*

¹*Contributor or Corespondence Email: author@email.com*

Abstract

Abstract solid contains a summary of the problem and research objectives, research subjects, research methods, and the findings. Maximum length 200 words.

Keywords *contains the basic concepts of the field under study, up to 5 keywords*

:

Introduction

The introduction explains the main points discussed as the research problem background, which contains the research issues, research objectives, and a summary of relevant theoretical studies. The preliminary presentation in the article does not include the title. Contains a variety of theories relevant to the research variables that contain the indicators used to measure, as well as the description of the relationships among the variables.

The introductory section of a research paper typically provides the contextual background and rationale for undertaking the study. The exposition is presented clearly and concisely, devoid of superfluous introductory details. Propositions concerning the subject of inquiry and anticipated results introduce through deductive reasoning.

The problem phenomenon explicates through field observations, the research object, or the gap theory phenomenon. The literature references should primarily comprise primary sources, with a preference for pertinent journal articles and patents that are both contemporary and authentic. Primary references do not include lecture notes or textbooks. The literature review is a comprehensive and organized analysis of the theoretical and conceptual frameworks, research findings, principles, postulates, assumptions, and pertinent research outcomes that support the research problem or ideas. Its purpose is to enhance comprehension of the research problem and its resolution. The composition of the problem statement and research objectives is typically placed toward the conclusion of the academic work and formulated utilizing quantifiable and perceptible action words.

Research Method

The results present the results of the final data analysis instead of unprocessed raw data.

Result and Discussion

The results present the results of the final data analysis instead of unprocessed raw data.

Discussion is an explicit affirmation of the interpretation of the results of data analysis, linking findings to previous theories or research, and the implications of the findings are linked to current circumstances.

The description exposure can be accompanied by images, photos, tables, and graphs all of which include the title, and the reference source if necessary.

Discussion is an explicit affirmation of the interpretation of the results of data analysis, linking findings to previous theories or research, and the implications of the findings are linked to current circumstances.

The description exposure can be accompanied by images, photos, tables, and graphs all of which include the title, and the reference source if necessary.

Table X : The structure of article as "IMRaD" format

No .	Section	Length (%)	Note
1.	Introduction	20	Maximum, include Title and Abstract
2.	Research Method	20	If quantitative studies may be up to 15%.
3.	Result and Discussion	50	Minimum
4.	Conclusion	10	Approximately
5.	References		Minimum 15 references (international journals) and within the last 5 years

About the Journal



Figure 1 is a visual depiction. The accompanying schemes are subjected to similar formatting.

In order to ensure clarity and avoid any potential confusion for readers, it is imperative to furnish a succinct and logically organized depiction of the information contained within tables and figures. This figure will facilitate the reader's comprehension and interpretation of the visual aspects presented in the manuscript.

Conclusion

In closing, write the statement paragraph style narrative – author Stating the research findings' conclusions limiting research and future research.

References

APA 7th style with alphabetical order. Authors can use reference manager applications such as Mendeley Reference Manager, Zotero Reference Manager or Google Scholar Citations Tool. Details concerning this

referencing style can also be found at <https://apastyle.apa.org/blog/basics-7e-tutorial>.

Reference sourced from publications published within the last five years and 80 % were referred from primary reference.

Example:

Books:

Machmud, S., & Sidharta, I. (2019). Kewirausahaan dan Kemampuan Berinovasi. Yogyakarta: Diandra Kreatif.

Journal:

Tannenbaum, S. I., & Cerasoli, C. P. (2013). Do team and individual debriefs enhance performance? A meta-analysis. *Human factors*, 55(1), 231-245.

Machmud, S., & Sidharta, I. (2023). The relationship between regional development, human development and poverty: A perspective from the Indonesian province. *Nurture*, 17(3), 157-165. <https://doi.org/10.55951/nurture.v17i3.283>

Proceeding:

Rahayu, N. P., Rahman, R. S., Manik, E., Arisandy, J., & Sidharta, I. (2023, May). Customer Satisfaction: The Rules of Mediating Effect of Price and Service Quality, A Perspective from Local Tourists. In International Conference of Economics, Business, and Entrepreneur (ICEBE 2022) (pp. 257-266). Atlantis Press.

LIST OF APPENDICES (IF ANY)