

Appendix A

TITLE: Van der Linden (2007) model , B-GLIRT formulation

DATA:

FILE IS data.dat;

VARIABLE:

NAMES ARE y1-y10 t1-t10;

USEVARIABLES ARE y1-y10 t1-t10;

CATEGORICAL ARE y1-y10;

ANALYSIS:

ALGORITHM=INTEGRATION;

ALGORITHM=ODLL;

MODEL:

abil by y1-y10*;

! link responses to ability factor

speed by t1-t10* (phi1-phi10);

! link response times to speed factor

abil by t1-t10* (load1-load10);

! link response times to the ability factor, we

! constrain these below

abil with speed@0;

! no covariance between the factors

[y1\$1-y10\$1] (bi1-bi10);

! item difficulties

[t1-t10] (icept1-icept10);

! time intensity parameters

abil@1;

! fix the variance of the ability factor to 1

speed* (varT);

! define the variance of the speed factor which is

! constraint below

MODEL CONSTRAINT:

NEW(rho);

! introduce a new parameter rho (which is rho_1 on

! Equation 9)

varT = 1- rho*rho;

! constraining the variance of the speed factor to put

! the parameters on the same scale as the

! hierarchical model

load1=-rho*phi1;

! specifying $f(\theta_p; \boldsymbol{\rho})$ for each item

load2=-rho*phi2;

load3=-rho*phi3;

load4=-rho*phi4;

load5=-rho*phi5;

load6=-rho*phi6;

load7=-rho*phi7;

load8=-rho*phi8;

load9=-rho*phi9;

load10=-rho*phi10;

Appendix B

TITLE: Thissen (1983) model

DATA:

FILE IS data.dat;

VARIABLE:

NAMES ARE y1-y10 t1-t10;

USEVARIABLES ARE y1-y10 t1-t10;

CATEGORICAL ARE y1-y10;

ANALYSIS:

ALGORITHM=INTEGRATION;

ALGORITHM=ODLL;

MODEL:

abil by y1-y10* (ai1-ai10);

! link responses to ability factor

speed by t1-t10*;

! link response times to speed factor

abil by t1-t10* (load1-load10);

! link response times to the ability factor, we

! constrain these below

abil with speed@0;

! no covariance between the factors

[y1\$1-y10\$1] (bi1-bi10);

! item difficulties

[t1-t10] (icept1-icept10);

! time intensity parameters

abil@1;

! fix the variance of the speed and ability factors

speed@1;

! to equal 1

MODEL CONSTRAINT:

NEW(rho);

! introduce a new parameter rho (which is rho_1 on

! Equation 12)

load1=-rho*ai1;

! specifying $f(\theta_p; \boldsymbol{\rho})$ for each item

load2=-rho*ai2;

load3=-rho*ai3;

load4=-rho*ai4;

load5=-rho*ai5;

load6=-rho*ai6;

load7=-rho*ai7;

load8=-rho*ai8;

load9=-rho*ai9;

load10=-rho*ai10;

Appendix C

TITLE: The IRTtree model

DATA:

FILE IS data.dat;

VARIABLE:

NAMES ARE y1-y10 t1-t10;

CATEGORICAL ARE y1-y10;

ANALYSIS:

type=RANDOM;

MODEL:

abil by y1-y10*;

! link responses to ability factor

speed by t1-t10* ;

! link response times to speed factor

abil by t1-t10* (d) ;

! link response times to the ability factor, this
! is rho_1 in Equation 13

speed with abil@0;

! no covariance between the factors

abil@1;

! fix the variance of the speed and ability factors

speed@1;

! to equal 1

quad | abil xwith speed;

! define the interaction between speed and ability

t1 on quad (c);

! the interaction effect for each item, this will result

t2 on quad (c);

! in rho_2 in Equation 13

t3 on quad (c);

t4 on quad (c) ;

t5 on quad (c);

t6 on quad (c);

t7 on quad (c);

t8 on quad (c);

t9 on quad (c);

t10 on quad(c);

Appendix D

TITLE: B-GLIRT Distance-Difficulty model for dichotomous data

DATA:

FILE IS data.dat;

VARIABLE: NAMES ARE y1-y10 t1-t10;

CATEGORICAL ARE y1-y10;

ANALYSIS:

ALGORITHM=ODLL;

ALGORITHM=INTEGRATION;

type=RANDOM;

MODEL:

abil by y1-y10*1 (a1-a10);

! link responses to ability factor

speed by t1-t10*;

! link response times to speed factor

abil by t1-t10 (cross1-cross10);

! link response times to the ability factor, we

! constrain these below

[y1\$1-y10\$1] (bi1-bi10);

! item difficulties

[t1-t10] (icept1-icept10);

! time intensity parameters

abil@1;

! fix the variance of the speed and ability factors

speed@1;

! to equal 1

speed with abil@0;

! no covariance between the factors

f2sq | abil xwith abil;

! define the squared ability factor, θ^2

t1 on f2sq (qload1);

! the θ^2 effect for each item, this will be constrained
!below

t2 on f2sq (qload2);

t3 on f2sq (qload3);

t4 on f2sq (qload4);

t5 on f2sq (qload5);

t6 on f2sq (qload6);

t7 on f2sq (qload7);

t8 on f2sq (qload8);

t9 on f2sq (qload9);

t10 on f2sq (qload10);

MODEL CONSTRAINT:

new(rho);

! define the cross-relation parameter

cross1 = -2*rho*a1*bi1;

! this will give ρ_1^* from Equation 17 subject
to

cross2 = -2*rho*a2*bi2;

! Equation 15 as we have dichotomous data.

cross3 = -2*rho*a3*bi3;

! In addition, we use -2 instead of 2 as Mplus uses

cross4 = -2*rho*a4*bi4;

! the parameterization $\alpha\theta-\beta$ instead of $\alpha\theta+\beta$

cross5 = -2*rho*a5*bi5;

cross6 = -2*rho*a6*bi6;

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cross7 = -2*rho*a7*bi7;  
cross8 = -2*rho*a8*bi8;  
cross9 = -2*rho*a9*bi9;  
cross10 = -2*rho*a10*bi10;
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qload1 = rho * a1^2;  
qload2 = rho * a2^2;  
qload3 = rho * a3^2;  
qload4 = rho * a4^2;  
qload5 = rho * a5^2;  
qload6 = rho * a6^2;  
qload7 = rho * a7^2;  
qload8 = rho * a8^2;  
qload9 = rho * a9^2;  
qload10 = rho * a10^2;
```

! this will give rho_2^star from Equation 17

Appendix E

TITLE: B-GLIRT Distance-Difficulty model for Likert scale data

DATA: FILE IS data.dat;

VARIABLE:

NAMES ARE y1-y10 t1-t10;

CATEGORICAL ARE y1-y10;

ANALYSIS:

ALGORITHM=ODLL;

ALGORITHM=INTEGRATION;

type=RANDOM;

MODEL:

ability by y1-y10*1 (a1-a10);

! link responses to ability factor

speed by t1-t10*;

! link response times to speed factor

ability by t1-t10 (cross1-cross10);

! link response times to the ability factor, we

! constrain these below

[y1\$2-y1\$3] (b1_2-b1_3);

! label the middle two threshold parameters

[y2\$2-y2\$3] (b2_2-b2_3);

! to enable constraining them below

[y3\$2-y3\$3] (b3_2-b3_3);

[y4\$2-y4\$3] (b4_2-b4_3);

[y5\$2-y5\$3] (b5_2-b5_3);

[y6\$2-y6\$3] (b6_2-b6_3);

[y7\$2-y7\$3] (b7_2-b7_3);

[y8\$2-y8\$3] (b8_2-b8_3);

[y9\$2-y9\$3] (b9_2-b9_3);

[y10\$2-y10\$3] (b10_2-b10_3);

[t1-t10] (icept1-icept10);

! the time intensity parameters

ability@1;

! fix the variance of the speed and ability factors

speed@1;

! to equal 1

speed with abil@0;

! no covariance between the factors

f2sq | abil xwith abil;

! define the squared ability factor, θ^2

t1 on f2sq (qload1);

! the θ^2 effect for each item, this will be constrained

t2 on f2sq (qload2);

!below

t3 on f2sq (qload3);

t4 on f2sq (qload4);

t5 on f2sq (qload5);

t6 on f2sq (qload6);

t7 on f2sq (qload7);

t8 on f2sq (qload8);

t9 on f2sq (qload9);

t10 on f2sq (qload10);

MODEL CONSTRAINT:

new(rho);

! define the cross-relation parameter

cross1 = 2*rho*a1*((b1_2+b1_3)/2);
cross2 = 2*rho*a2*((b2_2+b2_3)/2);
cross3 = 2*rho*a3*((b3_2+b3_3)/2);
cross4 = 2*rho*a4*((b4_2+b4_3)/2);
cross5 = 2*rho*a5*((b5_2+b5_3)/2);
cross6 = 2*rho*a6*((b6_2+b6_3)/2);
cross7 = 2*rho*a7*((b7_2+b7_3)/2);
cross8 = 2*rho*a8*((b8_2+b8_3)/2);
cross9 = 2*rho*a9*((b9_2+b9_3)/2);
cross10 = 2*rho*a10*((b10_2+b10_3)/2);

! this will give rho_1^star from Equation 17
! subject to Equation 18 as we have polytomous
! items

qload1 = rho * a1^2;
qload2 = rho * a2^2;
qload3 = rho * a3^2;
qload4 = rho * a4^2;
qload5 = rho * a5^2;
qload6 = rho * a6^2;
qload7 = rho * a7^2;
qload8 = rho * a8^2;
qload9 = rho * a9^2;
qload10 = rho * a10^2;

! this will give rho_2^star from Equation 17