
TITLE (TNR 14, Bold, Uppercase Letters Per Word, Bold, Middle)

Author

Affiliation

Corresponding Author:

Keywords:

Keyword 1, Keyword 2,
Keyword 3

Abstract

The abstract is written in a single paragraph without subheadings, consisting of 150 to 200 words. It must be written in English using an academic, objective, and clear style to comprehensively reflect the substance of the research. The abstract should be formatted in **Times New Roman, size 10 pt, with single spacing (1.0)**. References or citations are not allowed. The abstract should end with a list of **three to five keywords** that are relevant to the content of the research and easily indexed.

The content structure of the abstract includes several main components, namely background, objective, method, findings and implications, and conclusion.

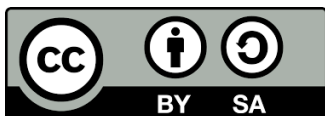
Background: provides a brief overview of the issue or problem underlying the research and its relevance to the field of study.

Objective: is briefly stated to indicate the direction and focus of the research conducted.

Method: describes the approach, design, and techniques of data collection and analysis used in the study.

Findings and Implications: present the main results of the research along with their impact or contribution to the development of knowledge, practice, or policy.

Conclusion: contains the final statement that answers the research objective and, if necessary, provides recommendations or directions for future research.



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INTRODUCTION

The introduction includes mainly: (1) background of the research; (2) concept and problem-solving plan. The template for this article format was saved in doc format. This template helps the article writers to write the articles in accordance with the rules relatively, quickly and accurately.

This section should very briefly outline the following information: What is already known about the subject, related to the paper in question? What is not known about the subject and hence what the study intended to examine (or what the paper seeks to present). In most cases, the background can be framed in just 2–3 sentences, with each sentence describing a different aspect of the information referred to above. The purpose of the background, as the word itself indicates, is to provide the reader with a background to the study, and hence to smoothly lead into a description of the methods employed in the investigation.

The Introduction is the statement of the problem that you investigated. It should give

readers enough information to appreciate your specific objectives within a larger theoretical framework. After placing your work in a broader context, you should state the specific question(s) to be answered. This section may also include background information about the problem such as a summary of any research that has been done on the problem in the past and how the present experiment will help to clarify or expand the knowledge in this general area. All background information gathered from other sources must, of course, be appropriately cited.

METHOD

The methods section is usually the second-longest section in the abstract. It should contain enough information to enable the reader to understand what was done, and important questions to which the methods section should provide brief answers. This section has to tell research methodology; and research formulation

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

This section is the main part of the research findings and is usually the longest part of an article. The research findings presented in this section are “clean” results. In the subheadings of this section, there are detailed parts in the form of sub-topics without number format. In this article there are no subheadings such as “the research findings,” “the research methodology,” but the subheadings are in the form of topics and the direct discussion based on the research topic. As a result, the writers are free to make subheadings based on their research findings.

The discussion in this article aims to: (1) answer the problem formulation and the research questions; (2) show how the findings were arrived at; (3) interpret the findings; (4) relate the findings with established theoretical structure and knowledge; and (5) bring up new theories or modify the existing theories.

The research findings in the field are integrated/linked with the results of previous research or with existing theories. The interpretation of the findings is carried out using logic, related theories, and relevant research. For this purpose, there must be journal references from the relevant research consisting of a recommended 80% of all references made in the article.

Here the researcher presents summarized data for inspection using narrative text and, where appropriate, tables and figures to display summarized data. Only the results are presented. No interpretation of the data or conclusions about what the data might mean are given in this section.

Data assembled in tables or figures should supplement the text and present the data in an easily understandable form. Do not present raw data. If tables or figures are used, they must be accompanied by narrative text. Do not repeat extensively in the text the data you have presented in tables and figures. But, do not restrict yourself to passing comments either. (For example, only stating that "Results are shown in Table 1." is not appropriate.)

The text describes the data presented in the tables and figures and calls attention to the important data that the researcher will discuss in the Discussion section and will use to support

quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote.

Explanation of the quote can be written here

CONCLUSION

The results section describes experiments that were completed before the paper was written. Therefore, the simple past tense is the natural choice when describing the results obtained.

FUNDING

The author(s) declared that financial support was not received for this work and/or its publication.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The author(s) declared that this work was conducted in the absence of any commercial or financial relationships that could be construed as a potential conflict of interest.

AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

If applicable, the Author's Contribution Statement.

GENERATIVE AI STATEMENT

The author(s) declared that generative AI was used in the creation of this manuscript. The author(s) wish to acknowledge the use of Generative AI for refining the language clarity and grammatical structure of this manuscript. This application was conducted in adherence to established ethical guidelines regarding the use and disclosure of generative AI in scholarly research. Each author has provided substantial intellectual contributions to the work, which has been rigorously vetted for accuracy, and the author(s) assume full responsibility for the integrity and final content of the manuscript.

Any alternative text (alt text) provided alongside figures in this article has been generated by Frontiers with the support of artificial intelligence and reasonable efforts have been made to ensure accuracy, including review by the authors wherever possible. If you identify any issues, please contact us.

REFERENCES

The main references are international journals and proceedings. All references should be to the most pertinent, up-to-date sources **and the minimum of references are 15 entries** (for original research paper) and **50 entries** (for review/survey paper). References are written in **APA 7th style**. For more complete guide can be accessed at (<http://ipmuonline.com/guide/refstyle.pdf>). Use of a tool such as **EndNote**, **Mendeley**, or **Zotero** for reference management and formatting, and choose **American Psychological Association (APA) 7th style**. Please use a consistent format for references-see examples (10 pt):

See the examples:

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