



Titles of articles in English should describe the main content of manuscripts, be informative, concise, and not too wordy (12-15 words only), and not contain formulas. Use Capital Each Word

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Article Info	ABSTRACT (10 pt)
<i>Article history:</i> Received Revised Accepted Available Online	Abstract: Written briefly in English in one paragraph of 150-200 words, containing background, research objectives, methodology, results, conclusion of the study and your research contributions to science.
<i>Keywords:</i> First keyword Second keyword Third keyword Fourth keyword Fifth keyword	Keywords: Written in English 3-5 words or groups of words, written alphabetically, use lowercase and;

INTRODUCTION

Explaining the background, problems, importance of research, brief literature review that relates directly to research or previous findings that need to be developed, gap analysis and ended with a paragraph of research purposes. A balance must be kept between the pure and applied aspects of the subject. The introduction is presented in the form of paragraphs of approximately 1000 words.

METHODS

Make sure that work can be repeated according to the details provided. It contains technical information of the study presented clearly. Therefore, readers can conduct research based on the techniques presented. Materials and equipment specifications are necessary. Approaches or procedures of study together with data analysis methods must be presented.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Well-prepared tables and or figures must be of significant feature of this section, because they convey the major observations to readers. Any information provided in tables and figures should no longer be repeated in the text, but the text should focus on the importance of the principal findings of the study. In general, journal papers will contain three-seven figures and tables. Same data can not be presented in the form of tables and figures. The results of the study are discussed to address the problem formulated, objectives and research hypotheses. It is highly suggested that discussion be focused on the why and how of the research findings can happen and to extend to which the research findings can be applied to other relevant problems.

CONCLUSION

Conclusion should be withdrawn on the basis of research findings, formulated concerns and research purposes. Conclusion is presented in one paragraph without numerical form of expression. Explain your research contributions to science.

REFERENCES

[APA style, 7th Ed.] [PLEASE USE THIS GUIDE!!!] >> APA 7th Reference<<

Bandura, A. (1997). *Self-efficacy: The exercise of control*. Freeman.

Creswell, J. W. (2012). *Educational research: Planning, conducting, and evaluating quantitative and qualitative research* (4th Ed.). Pearson.

Lin, T-J, Liang, J.-C., & Tsai, C.-C. (2015a). Identifying Taiwanese university students' physics learning profiles and their role in physics learning self-efficacy. *Research in Science Education*, 45(4), 605-624. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11165-014-9440-z>

(References must be sorted alphabetically. Everything referred to in the article must be written in the references and vice versa everything written in the references must be referred to in the article).

Use an app to make it easy to automatically generate references and citations like Mendeley, Endnote, or others. If you want to write them manually, please use this reference >> APA 7th Reference <<

Reference must contain **at least 35** scientific journal articles (Last 10 Years)

Note:

- Originality is a very important aspect of a research paper. Be careful to avoid plagiarism in your writing and ensure that any text you take from outside sources is properly cited and recorded in your reference list.
- Maximum percentage of plagiarism in Turnitin is **25%**.