## C10 - Organic reactions

Question	Answer
<b>Define</b> a functional group	A group of atoms in an organic molecule that determine its characteristics and reactions.
<b>Give</b> the functional group for an alkene	C=C
Give the functional group for an alcohol	-OH
<b>Give</b> the functional group for a carboxylic acid	-COOH
<b>Give</b> the functional group for an ester	-COO-
<b>Define</b> a homologous series	A group of organic molecules that contain the same functional group but differ in the number of carbon atoms they contain.
<b>Give</b> the general formula for an alkene	$C_nH_{2n}$
<b>Describe</b> the difference between a displayed formula and a structural formula	The displayed formula shows all the bonds in a molecule, whereas the structural formula shows the number of atoms, but highlights the functional group. E.g. The structural formula for ethanol is C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH
<b>Define</b> an addition reaction	A reaction of an alkene where the double bond is opened up and other atoms are added to the free bonds.
<b>Give</b> the product of the reaction of an alkene with a halogen	A dihalo-alkane. E.g. Ethene + bromine → Dibromoethane
<b>Give</b> the product of the reaction of an alkene with hydrogen	An alkane. E.g. Ethene + hydrogen → Ethane
<b>Give</b> the conditions for reacting an alkene with hydrogen	Heat to 60°C with a Nickel catalyst
<b>Give</b> the product of the reaction of an alkene with water (steam)	An alcohol. E.g. Ethene + water (steam) → Ethanol

<b>Give</b> the conditions to react an alkene with steam	High pressure and temperature
<b>Give</b> the products of the reaction of sodium with ethanol	Sodium ethoxide + hydrogen
<b>Explain</b> why are carboxylic acids described as weak acids	They partially ionise when dissolved in water.
<b>Describe</b> how alcohols can be converted to carboxylic acids	Reacting with an oxidising agent
Describe how ethanol can be made	<ul><li>Fermentation of glucose</li><li>Reaction of ethene with water</li></ul>
Give the uses of alcohols	Fuels, solvents, alcoholic drinks
Name the products made when sodium carbonate + ethanoic acid react	Sodium ethanoate + water + carbon dioxide
<b>Give</b> the general equation to make esters	Carboxylic acid + alcohol → Ester + water
Name the products made when ethanoic acid + ethanol react	Ethyl ethanoate + water

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<b>Give</b> the functional group for a carboxylic acid	
<b>Give</b> the functional group for an ester	
<b>Define</b> a homologous series	
<b>Give</b> the general formula for an alkene	
<b>Describe</b> the difference between a displayed formula and a structural formula	
<b>Define</b> an addition reaction	
<b>Give</b> the product of the reaction of an alkene with a halogen	
<b>Give</b> the product of the reaction of an alkene with hydrogen	
<b>Give</b> the conditions for reacting an alkene with hydrogen	
<b>Give</b> the product of the reaction of an alkene with water (steam)	

<b>Give</b> the conditions to react an alkene with steam	
<b>Give</b> the products of the reaction of sodium with ethanol	
<b>Explain</b> why are carboxylic acids described as weak acids	
<b>Describe</b> how alcohols can be converted to carboxylic acids	
<b>Describe</b> how ethanol can be made	
<b>Give</b> the uses of alcohols	
Name the products made when sodium carbonate + ethanoic acid react	
<b>Give</b> the general equation to make esters	
Name the products made when ethanoic acid + ethanol react	