Calculus Unit #7: Integration (Ch 6)

<u>Area and Volume</u> - I can find the area between curves and the volume of a solid of revolution.

Day	Lesson	Assignment
Day 1	6.1 Area of a Region Between Two Curves	
Area and	I can evaluate definite integrals to find the area between curves.	p. 413: 1-6, 13-23 odd (evaluate by hand) Advanced: 6, 15, 21, 23
Volume	Khan: Area between two curves given end points	/ tavancear 0, 15, 21, 25
Day 2	6.1 Area of a Region Between Two Curves	p. 413: 27-37 odd, 41, 49, 51
Area and Volume	I can use a graphing calculator to help find the area between curves.	(use calculator to evaluate) Advanced: 33, 37, 49, 51
Volume	Khan: Area between two curves, horizontal area between curves	
Day 3	6.2 Volume: The Disc (Washer) Method	
Area and	I can find the volume of a solid using the disc/washer method.	p. 423: 1-10 all (evaluate by hand)
Volume	Khan: Disc method: revolving around x- or y-axis, washer method: revolving around x- or y-axis	Advanced: 1-10 evens
Day 4	6.2 Volume: The Disc (Washer) Method	
Area and	I can find the volume of a solid using the disc/washer method.	p. 423: 11-21 odd, 24 (evaluate by hand)
Volume	Khan: Disc method: revolving around other axes	Advanced: 11, 13, 15, 21
Day 5	6.2 Volume: The Disc (Washer) Method	
Area and	I can find the volume of a solid using the disc/washer method.	p. 423: 29-35 odd, 39, 40, 47 (use calculator to evaluate)
Volume	Khan: Washer method: revolving around other axes	Advanced: 29, 35, 39, 40
Day 6	6.3 Volume: The Shell Method	
Area and	I can find the volume of a solid using the shell method.	p. 432: 1-10 all (evaluate by hand)
Volume	Khan: Shell method	Advanced: 1-10 evens
Day 7	6.3 Volume: The Shell Method	
Area and	I can find the volume of a solid using the shell method.	p. 432: 13-21 odd, 29 (evaluate by hand)
Volume	Khan: Shell method challenge	Advanced: 17, 19, 21, 29
Day 8	Khan Academy Review Day	Work on Khan sections from this chapter

Day 9	Assessment 17: Area and Volume	Assessment
Day 10	7.7 Indeterminate Forms and L'Hopital's Rule	500 7 0 40 45 40 04
	I can find the limit of an indeterminate function using L'Hopital's Rule.	p. 530: 7, 9, 13, 15, 19, 21, 29-35 odd, 55, 56
	Khan: L'Hôpital's rule: 0/0, L'Hôpital's rule: ∞/∞	Advanced: 7, 29, 33, 35, 56