NameAnswer Key	/
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#### Part 1) <u>Investigate waves</u>

Create a data table identifying a clear relationship between wavelength and frequency. Must include at least four data sets.

Wavelength (cm)	Frequency (Hz)
1378.9	0.067
337.9	0.296
198.5	0.504
106.9	0.936

### Waves Investigation

When the frequency increases then the wavelength decreases.

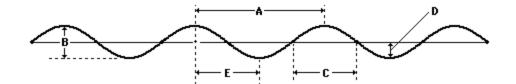
### Part 2) Answer the following questions and submit.

- 1) What happens to the speed of the **sound wave** when the wavelengths get shorter? **Nothing-no change**
- 2) What happens to the frequency of the wave when the wavelengths get shorter?

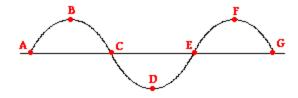
## It gets higher

- 3) What is a wavelength? The distance from crest to crest.--one complete wave cycle or oscillation
- 4) What is frequency? The number of waves that past a given point in one second
- 5) What speed does sound travel at? 343m/s What speed does light travel at?3.8\*108m/s
- 6) What happens to the energy when the wavelengths get shorter? The energy gets higher

# Part 3) Consider the diagram below in order to answer questions #1-2 below.



- 1. The wavelength of the wave in the diagram above is given by letter \_\_\_A\_\_\_.
- 2. The amplitude of the wave in the diagram above is given by letter \_\_D\_\_\_.
- 3. Indicate the interval that represents one full wavelength.



- a. A to C
- b. B to D
- c. A to G
- d. C to G