## To: The President of the Royal Historical Society

Re: Further Examples of Potential Plagiarism in the work of Dr. Vikram Sampath

Dear Dr. Griffin,

We write with regard to our previous correspondence dated February 11, 2022. In that letter, we sought to alert you to our findings regarding evidence of plagiarism in Dr. Sampath's work. Since our initial correspondence, the issue has been covered in Indian news.<sup>1</sup> As we mentioned in that letter, the examples we enclosed were only a few of the ones we discovered. While that letter largely focused on his earlier work, these examples pertain to his two-volume biography of V.D. Savarkar. We have also contacted the affected scholars with our findings.

Our findings are enclosed as an appendix to this letter.

Sincerely,

Dr. Ananya Chakravarti Associate Professor of History, Georgetown University

Dr. Audrey Truschke Associate Professor of History, Rutgers University

Dr. Rohit Chopra Associate Professor of Communication and Media Studies, Santa Clara University

<sup>1</sup> "Savarkar Biographer Vikram Sampath Accused of Plagiarism, Historians Say Others' Work Not Cited Fairly," *The Wire*, February 14, 2022. Available online: <u>https://thewire.in/history/vikram-sampath-savarkar-accused-plagiarism</u> (accessed February 15, 2022)

## Appendix

Catanach (1984): "The general tendency in	Sampath (2019): "The general tendency in
Poona was to assert, again, that the deeds	Poona and the rest of Bombay Presidency was
were the work of isolated cranks. But <i>Kal</i> , a	to assert that these revolutionary deeds were
newspaper edited by the impetuous S.M.	the work of isolated cranks
Paranjpe, published an editorial which	But it was the <i>Kal</i> , a newspaper edited by the
appeared to argue that the assassins in both 1897 and 1899 had acted according to what they believed to be the law of God – a higher law than the law of man. 102" p. 9	indefatigable Shivram Mahadev Paranjpe (1864–1929), that published an editorial which appeared to argue that the Chapekars had acted according to what they believed to be the law of God—a law higher than that of man. 31" p. 116

claimed that the writings in question—an	claimed that an unsigned report on the Shivaji
unsigned report on the June 1897 Shivaji	festival at which Tilak and others spoke, and a
festival, at which Tilak and others spoke, and	poem written under a pseudonym, which was
a poem written under a pseudonym, which	far from unique in subject, opinion or
was far from unique in subject, opinion or	rhetorical strategies were an incitement to
rhetorical strategies—were an incitement to	'disaffection of the Government'.33" pp.
1 0 1	0

Kamra (2016): "The poem, entitled 'Shivaji's	Sampath (2019): "The poem 'Shivaji's
Utterances' (and signed 'mark of the Bhawani	Utterances' (and signed 'mark of the Bhawani
Sword'),18 appeared in the editorial columns	Sword') appeared in the editorial columns of
of <i>Kesari</i> , but was 'treated as an editorial'.19	the Kesari. In it, the eponymous figure
In it, the eponymous figure laments the	laments the plight of India in a language that
condition of the country in language that	traffics in opacity. " p. 118
traffics in opacity, at least in its English	*Additional parts of the next several
translation.20" p. 550	pages are flagged by plagiarism
	detection software as lifted from Dr.
	Kamra.

Dr. Majumdar (1963): "The Moderates,	Dr. Sampath (2019): "The moderates, though
though not wholly satisfied, stood for	not fully satisfied, advocated ungrudging
ungrudging and whole-hearted co-operation	cooperation within the contours of the new
for working it as successfully as possible	reforms to help them succeed. A strong
within the limited sphere. A strong section	section was inclined to reject it altogether.
was inclined to reject it altogether. But Tilak,	Tilak, who by then dominated the Congress
who dominated the Nationalist Party and the	after the death of Gokhale in 1915, stuck to a
Congress, stuck to the middle way all along	middle path of 'Responsive Cooperation' that
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Dr. Majumdar (1963): "The Government offered to release Gandhi during the fast—a concession which the latter refused—but declined to set him free. There was a great commotion all over India and prominent Indian leaders appealed to the Viceroy and	Savarkar (2021): "The government offered to release Gandhi during the fast, a concession, which the latter refused. There was a lot of political uproar with prominent Indian leaders pressing the government to release Gandhi and other Congress leaders, given that they
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Prime Minister of Britain; three members of	had spent more than six months in
the Governor-General's Executive Council	imprisonment after the Quit India movement."
resigned in protest." pp. 692–93	p. 766

(MacLean 2014) "Today, Vohra, better known as 'Durga Bhabhi', is renowned for her role in assisting Bhagat Singh's escape from Lahore,	(Sampath 2021): "She had played an important role in assisting Bhagat Singh's escape from Lahore following Saunders's
following the Saunders murder in December	murder in December 1928, by posing as his
5	
1928, by posing as his wife. It is not widely	wife."
known that she took up arms herself, opening	
fire on a police officer and his wife in	
Bombay in October 1930, an attack	
subsequently known to British officialdom as	
the Lamington Road Outrage (Maclean,	
2013a). This incident was entered into the	"This incident was entered into the annals of
annals of anti-imperialism in India as 'the first	anti-imperialism in India as 'the first instance
instance in which a woman figured	in which a woman figured prominently in a
prominently in a terrorist outrage' (Note on	terrorist outrage'.57" pp. 326 and 328-29

Terrorism', 1932, IOR, L/PJ/12/404: 106)."	
pp. 29–30	

Malgonkar (2008): "Gandhi walked briskly across the lawn and climbed the five shallow semi-circular steps that led to the raised portion of the lawn where the prayer-meeting audience awaited him." chap. 11	Sampath (2021): "Walking briskly across the lawn, Gandhi climbed the five shallow semicircular steps that led to the raised portion of the lawn where the audience waited for him anxiously and greeted him enthusiastically on catching sight of his visage." p. 891 *Additional parts of this chapter were flagged by plagiarism detection software as lifted from Mr. Malgonkar
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## Sources

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