

Article Title

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Abstrak Pastikan abstrak Anda ringkas, jelas, dan langsung pada poin-poin penting berupa kalimat pengantar tentang topik dan pentingnya penelitian, tujuan atau pertanyaan penelitian, metode yang digunakan dan hasil atau penemuan penelitian. Panjang abstrak antara 150-200 kata. (Indonesia, Justify, Cambria, 10 Font)

Kata kunci : Kata Kunci 1, Kata Kunci 2, Kata Kunci 3, Mak. 5 Kata Kunci (Justify, Cambria, 10 Font)

Abstract Ensure your abstract is concise, clear, and directly addresses the main points, including an introductory sentence about the topic and the importance of the research, the research objective or question, the methods used, and the results or findings. The length of the abstract should be between 150-200 words. (English, Justify, Cambria, 10 Font)

Keywords: Keyword 1, Keyword 2, Keyword 3, Max. 5 Keyword (Justify, Cambria, 10 Font)

Begin with a brief introduction that captures the reader's attention. Provide an overview of the architecture topic to be discussed. Explain the context and background of the research focus. Include information on the historical context or recent developments relevant to the topic. Identify and outline specific problems or challenges you aim to address. Explain why these issues are important to investigate.

Describe the potential benefits of this research, both for architectural practice and academic contributions. Review literature relevant to your research topic. Include previous studies directly related to your research. Use this literature to highlight research gaps you intend to fill. Explain the approach you will use in your research. Highlight the novelty of your research compared to previous studies. Explain specific aspects you will focus on in this study. Provide the theoretical foundation supporting your research.

Present a compelling argument for why this research is engaging and important to read. Convince readers that this research makes a significant contribution to the field of architecture. Conclude the introduction by restating the research objectives and their implications. Transition smoothly to the research methods section. (Justify, Cambria 11.5 Font)

METHODS

Describe in detail the research methods you used (e.g., case study, experimental, survey, or qualitative). Explain why you chose this method and how it supports your research objectives. Identify the population or group that is the focus of your research. Explain the sample selection process and the reasons behind your sample selection. Discuss the characteristics of the sample and how it represents a larger population.

Explain the techniques or methods used to collect data (e.g., observation, interviews, surveys, or document analysis). Describe the steps or procedures followed in conducting the research. Include information about the study location, time period, and any other specific requirements relevant to your research.

Explain the approach or technique used to analyze the collected data. Discuss the tools or software used for data analysis and the reasons behind the choice of analytical techniques. Describe the steps taken to ensure the validity and reliability of your research findings. Identify and explain any limitations that may affect the interpretation of your research findings. Discuss ways to address or minimize the impact of these limitations. (Justify, Cambria, 11.5 Font).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Begin by presenting the research findings systematically and clearly. Use tables, figures, or graphs, if necessary, to support your data presentation. Tables and figures should be placed within the text group after the table or figure is referenced. Each figure should have a caption below it and be sequentially numbered followed by the figure title (Figure 1). Each table should have a title and be sequentially numbered above the table followed by the table title (Table 1). Ensure that figures are eligible for printing (font size, resolution, and line size should be clear). Tables and figures should preferably be placed between text columns. (Justify, Cambria, 11.5 Font).



Gambar 1. Figure Title (Center, Cambria, 9 font, Resolusi 300 DPI)
 Sumber: Xxxxx Xxxxxxx (Year)

Table 1. Informative Description (Cambria 9 Font).

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1.	Data 1	Data 1	Data 1	
2.	Data 2	Data 2	Data 2	
3.	Data 3	Data 3	Data 3	
so on	so on	so on	so on	

Sumber: Xxxxx Xxxxxxx (Year)

Explain the meaning or significance of your research findings. Directly relate the findings to the research objectives and questions you posed. Discuss key findings that may stand out from your research. Explain how these findings support or challenge your hypotheses or existing theories. Compare your results with findings from relevant previous studies. Discuss the implications of your findings for theory, practice, or policy in the field of architecture. Explain how your research findings can make a significant contribution to understanding and development in this field.

A. General Manuscript Guidelines

The manuscript must contain the following components of a scientific article in order: (a) Article Title, (b) Author Names (without titles), (c) Author Affiliations, (d) Abstract and Keywords, (e) Introduction, (f) Methods, (g) Results and Discussion, (h) Conclusion, (i) Acknowledgments (if any), and (j) References.

The manuscript can be written in Indonesian or English with a minimum of 10 pages including figures and tables. The manuscript must be prepared according to this article template in a camera-ready format. Articles should be written on A4 paper size (210 x 297 mm) with left margin 0.75 cm, right margin 0.75 cm, bottom margin 1 cm, and top margin 1.3 cm. The manuscript should be written in Cambria font size 11.5 pt (except for the article title, author names, and abstract title), single-spaced, and in a single-column format (except for the article title, author names, and abstract).

Italicize foreign words or terms. Start new paragraphs 10 mm from the left margin, with no spacing between paragraphs. All numbers should be written in Arabic numerals, except at the beginning of a sentence.

B. Guidelines for Writing Citations/References in the Text of the Article

Whenever data is taken or statements are quoted from other references, the author must cite the source. References or citations are written within the text by mentioning the author's name and year (Irwan and Salim, 1998). If there are more than two authors, only the first author's name is written followed by "et al." (Bezuidenhout et al., 2009; Roeva, 2012). Everything referenced in the text must be listed in the References section; similarly, everything listed in the References section must be referenced in the text (Wang et al., 2011).

C. Guidelines for Submitting Manuscripts Online

Manuscripts should be submitted through one of the following methods (the second method is preferred):

1. Manuscripts should preferably be submitted using the Online Submission System on the E-Journal Nature portal (<http://journal.uin-alauddin.ac.id/index.php/nucturenature/login>).
2. First, authors should register by filling out the form provided in the author guidelines section.
3. After logging in as an Author, click on "New Submission". The article submission process consists of 5 steps: (1) Start, (2) Upload Submission, (3) Enter Metadata, (4) Upload Supplementary Files, (5) Confirmation.
4. In the Start section, select Journal Section (Full Article) and check all checklists.
5. In the Upload Submission section, please upload the manuscript article file in Microsoft Word format. (Journal Template)
6. In the Enter Metadata section, enter the data of all authors and their affiliations, followed by the title and abstract, and indexing keywords.
7. In the Upload Supplementary Files section, you may upload supporting data files, cover letters, or other documents.
8. In the Confirmation section, click on "Finish Submission" if all the data is correct.

If authors encounter difficulties in submitting manuscripts through the online system, manuscripts can also be submitted via email to the Editorial Journal Nature (jurnalnature@uin-alauddin.ac.id); however, this method is not recommended.

CONCLUSION

The conclusion should be presented in the form of general statements and should not include a recapitulation of research data. This section should no longer present a restatement of research data as presented in the previous sections. If there are recommendations, they can be included as part of the discussion or as part of the conclusion. The conclusion should be in paragraph format and should not use numbered lists. Remove introductory sentences in the conclusion. In this section, authors may also include acknowledgments of their research findings, novelty of the research, strengths and weaknesses of the research, and recommendations for further research.
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REFERENCES

All references cited in the text of the article must be listed in the References section. The References section should contain primary references (scientific journals and should account for at least 80% of the total references) published within the last 10 years. Each article must have at least 20 reference listings.

Writing Guidelines for Reference Lists should use reference management applications such as Mendeley. The writing format used in the Nature journal is according to the APA Style 7th edition or above. (Justify, Cambria, 10 Font)

1. References in the form of magazines / scientific journals:

Zulkarnain AS. "Wujud Arsitektural Rumah Tradisional Duri Asli di Kabupaten Enrekang." Nature: National Academic Journal of Architecture 2, no. 2 (2015): 130-37.

2. References in the form of book titles:

Marwati. (2015). Transformasi Konsep Perancangan. Gowa: Universitas Islam Negeri Alauddin Makassar, Gowa: Universitas Islam Negeri Alauddin Makassar.

3. References in the form of Seminar Proceedings:

Roeva, O. (2012). Real-World Applications of Genetic Algorithms. In the International Conference on Chemical and Material Engineering (pp. 25-30). Semarang, Indonesia: Department of Chemical Engineering, Diponegoro University.

4. References in the form of dissertations / theses / papers:

Istadi, I. (2006). Development of A Hybrid Artificial Neural Network – Genetic Algorithm for Modelling and Optimization of Dielectric-Barrier Discharge Plasma Reactor. PhD Thesis. Universiti Teknologi Malaysia.

5. References in the form of patents:

Primack, H.S. (1983). Method of Stabilizing Polyvalent Metal Solutions. US Patent No. 4,373,104

6. References in the form of Handbooks:

Hovmand, S. (1995). Fluidized Bed Drying. In Mujumdar, A.S. (Ed.) Handbook of Industrial Drying (pp.195-248). 2nd Ed. New York: Marcel Dekker.