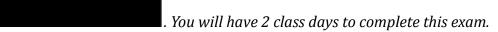
US Government Exam – The Executive Branch 60 points possible

Create a new Google Doc titled "USGOV U5 Exam – last name". Be sure to either copy and paste the entire question or the question number before typing your answer. When you are ready to turn the exam in, share it with me – my email is '



Instructions:

You have several scenarios to choose from to complete the exam. Some are more simple and therefore worth fewer points. For each scenario, you must explain how the Executive Branch could and should act based on the US Constitution and what we have learned in class. Your writing needs to be descriptive in nature – tell the reader what you believe and what backs your argument.

You must complete a total of 60 points worth of questions. **You must answer at least one 30 point question.**

10 points: (1 paragraph minimum)

- 1. Congress passes HB 104 (House Bill #104) and sends the bill to the President, but the President is not in favor of HB 104. What options does the President have?
- 2. The President is assassinated. What will happen to the Executive Branch in the following days?
- 3. The President commits a federal crime. Specifically, what could happen to the President and who would be in charge of that action?

20 points: (2 paragraph minimum)

- 4. The President has signed HB 349 (House Bill #349) into law. This law puts a new educational system into place called Common Core State Standards. How will the President utilize the Cabinet to take action and what actions may the Cabinet take?
- 5. The day after a terrorist attack on the US, what actions could the President make in working with different parts of the Executive Branch and military?

30 points: (3 paragraph minimum)

- 6. The President wants \$50 million to be given to Ukraine to aid the nation in their protests against Russia. What options does the President have to get this to happen?
- 7. Write a letter to the President of the United States explaining your opinion on the use of torture that was authorized by members of the Executive Branch in the wake of the attacks on Sept. 11th, 2001.