Playbook: Sell your SaaS for multi-millions

How to sell your SaaS company for the highest amount of money without the headache (no gatekeeping)

Main Overview

Context on Me (@mattespoz)

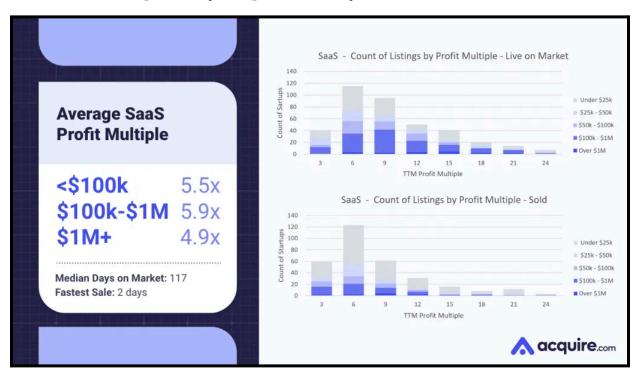
- At 19 years old, first company was acquired by a \$50M business.
- My second company, Journey+, was acquired by private equity just 3 months after launch.
- Reinvested earnings into Halation, my personal holding company.
- Currently, my latest venture, 1Price.co, is the #1 app on the Stripe App Store.

"Everything I wish someone told me when I sold my first company at 19."

Main Topics

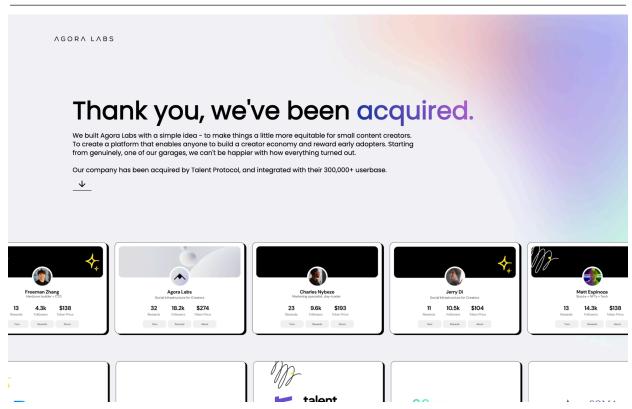
- Understanding of SaaS Multiples
- Breakdown of Company Exits (5 examples)
- Tiers of Who (A/B/C)
- What to Prepare when selling
- Types of Acquisitions (to Company, to Private Equity)
 - Strategic
 - o Rolls-up
- (Extra Time)
 - Q&A
 - Individual Company Examples

SaaS Multiples (Inspiration)

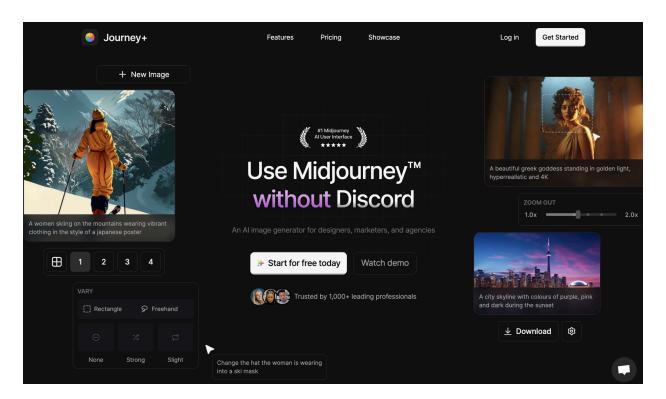


FROM MATT: In general, I've personally seen an average range of 4x - 9x ARR. For context, a doctor's office will only sell for 2-3x

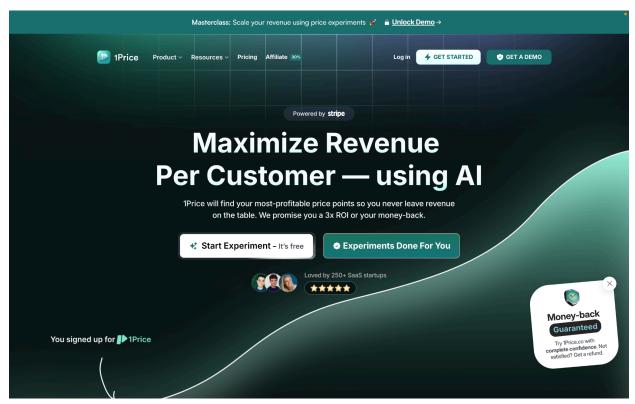
Company Breakdown Examples



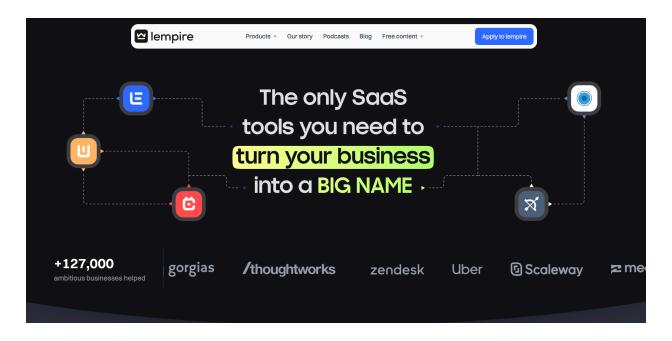
Agora Labs // bought by strategic partner



Journey+ // bought for the roll-up

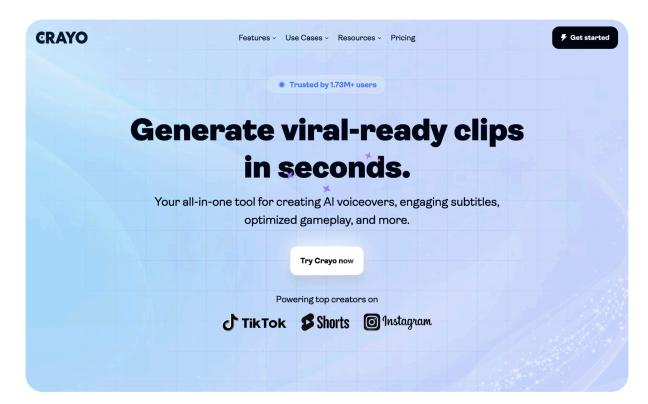


My newest bet - 1Price.co



Lempire // acquired businesses

Deal structure	
Cash upfront	7 figure
Stock options	X% - quick vesting
Earnout	Company performance + Time based
Operating margin w/o founders	X%
Yearly founder's salary	6 figure
Company Performance	
Milestone	Earnout
€2,000,000.00	6 figure
€3,000,000.00	6 figure
€4,000,000.00	7 figure
€6,000,000.00	7 figure
€8,000,000.00	7 figure
€10,000,000.00	7 figure
Time based	
Time	Earnout
Year 1	6 figure
Year 2	6 figure
Deal Recap	
Total earnout	8 figure
Cash upfront	7 figure
BSPCE	X% – quick vesting



Crayo // built proprietary software

Formula for Exit

My Formulas

- [Seller Discretionary Earnings]
 - SDE = (Revenue Operating Expenses Cost of Goods) + Your Compensation x Multiple
- 2. [Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA)]
- **EBITDA =** Net Profit + Interest + Taxes + Depreciation and Amortization
- 3. [Revenue Pure]
 - Pure Value = Revenue x Multiple

Pro Tip: get a valuation firm // and you've got an accurate, fair number that will hold water under intense buyer scrutiny.

LEARNING: The Hart-Scott- Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 is a law that requires that each and every US merger and

acquisition transaction over \$90 million must be reviewed by the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) or Department of Justice (DOJ) before the deal can close!

Tiers of Who (A/B/C)

C-Tier - Marketplaces

- Microns (<u>link</u>)
- Flippa (link)
- Rejigg | privately sourced (link)
- MicroAssets (link)
- LittleExits (link)
- Acquire.com (<u>link</u>)

B-Tier - Private Equity Newsletters

BuySellStartup (<u>link</u>)

A-Tier - Direct Message / Pitchbook / Databases

- PitchBook / Database
- Partnerships
- 'Software Private Equity Firms' (vertical specific)
 - o Tiny.com
 - o Bigbandsoftware.com

Stages of Selling

Stages

- LOI (Letter of Intent)
 - o Purchase price
 - Due diligence requirements
 - o Applicable deposit
 - o Exclusivity period

- Due Diligence
- Purchase Agreement
- Transfer of Ownership

What to Negotiate

- Vesting Terms
- Liquidation Preferences
- Earnouts
- Exclusivity period

Other Values to Consider

- CAC
- LTV
- Revenue you're doing (MOM)
- Churn Rate (per product)
- Profit Margins (per product)
- Channels of Opportunity

What To Do Today

Main Steps (homework)

- Main more partnerships
- Stabilize the 'Brand'
- Diverse your Growth Channels
- Move away from the business
- Find your optimal price with <u>1Price.co</u>
 - o Book a call & try first experiment for just \$1

2 Types of Acquisitions

To Company

• Strategic

To Private Equity

• Rolls-up

To Growth PE

• 10M -> 100M e.g.

Always Happy to Help 🙂

Tag @MattEspoz from Community