

Unit (7)

Lessons (1&2)

Our World

Key vocabulary

قناة مスター
حِمَادِه حِنْتِينِنْ
اشترك وفعّل الجرس

word	meaning	word	meaning
world	العالم	grassland	أرض عشبية
habitat	موطن	polar	قطبي
animals	حيوانات	rainforest	غابة استوائية
coastal	ساحلي	wetland	أرض مبللة

Vocabulary

حِسْنِيْش

word	meaning	word	meaning
location	موقع	wildlife	الحياة البرية
natural	طبيعي	polar bear	الدب القطبي
wonders	عجائب	desert	الصحراء
area	منطقة	turtle	سلحفاة
Nile Delta	דלתا النيل	earth	الأرض
desert	صحراء	coast	الساحل
caracal	الكاراكال (نوع من القطط)	orangutan	إنسان الغاب
top	قمة	protect	يحمي
oases	واحات	mountains	الجبال
local	محلي	national	قومي
colours	ألوان	park	حديقة
change	يغير	shooting star	نيزك
planet	كوكب	rocks	صخور
surrounded by	محاط بـ	appearance	مظاهر
shapes	أشكال	lake	بحيرة

tourists	سياح	palm trees	النخيل
volunteers	متطوعين	a day - trip	رحلة لليوم واحد
beach	شاطئ	furniture	اثاث
environment	البيئة	destroy	يدمر
pollute	يلوث	respect	يحترم
meteorite	شهاب - نيزك	reach	يصل

Definitions (4)

The Kharga **Oasis** is surrounded by desert, far from the River Nile. It is visited by more and more **tourists** every year. Hundreds of **date palm** trees are grown here. The dates are sold in many shops in the **area**. You can also fill your bags with the baskets, shoes and **furniture** that are also made from the date palm trees. The Kharga Oasis is one of Egypt's natural **wonders**.

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Reading (2)

Natural wonders of Egypt

Egypt is visited by more than 14 million tourists every year. We have made a list of the natural wonders of Egypt that we think visitors should know about.

The White Desert National Park

This huge desert starts on the western border of Libya. It contains five **oases**, with **canals** that the wind has made into strange **shapes**. The colours change **times** of day and make them **beautiful** to look at.

Al - Nayzak Lake

This natural **lagoon** is a three - hour drive from Hurghada. The lake is called the **shooting star** by locals because it is believed that a piece of a star (a **meteorite**) fell into it. The Lake is cut out of the **rock** in the **shape** of an eye and is filled with the **bright** blue water of the Red Sea. It is **described** by the visitors as one of the best places to dive and swim.

Gebel Elba

This national park is **surrounded by** grassland between the Red Sea **Coast** and the mountains. This national park takes its name from the **mountain** in the middle of it. It is **unusually** green and home to many animals and birds. However, as it isn't easy to reach, it isn't visited often. Its **location** should help to protect the **wildlife** there.

Words & definitions

habitat	موطن	the natural home of a plant or animal
wonder	أعجوبة	something that makes you feel surprise and admiration
area	منطقة	a particular part of a country, town etc
natural	طبيعي	existing in nature and not made by people
polar	قطبي	relating to the North Pole or the South Pole
oasis	واحة	a place with water and trees in a desert

Synonyms and antonyms

word	synonym	antonym	
far	remote	near - close	بعيد - قريب
natural	normal	manmade - artificial	طبيعي - صناعي
huge	enormous	small - tiny	ضخم - صغير
protect	save	destroy - damage	يحمي - يدمر

Prefixes and suffixes

prefix		suffix	
unnatural	غير طبيعي	nation ^{al}	قومي
disadvantages	عيوب	city ^{an}	بسرعه

Word expressions

is surrounded by	محاط بـ	are made from	مصنوع من
far from	بعيد عن	Egypt's natural wonders	عجائب مصر الطبيعية
is visited	يتم زيارته بواسطة	wonders of Egypt	عجائب مصر
trees are grown	الأشجار تزرع	make a list of	يكتب قائمة بـ
in many shops	في محلات كثيرة	should know about	يجب أن يعرف عن
in the area	في المنطقة	starts on	يبدأ من
fill.....with	يملأ بـ	continue into	يستمر إلى
by locals	بواسطة المحليين	it contains	يحتوي على
a piece of	قطعة من	with rocks	به صخور
fell into	وقع على	made into shapes	يتحول إلى أشكال
is cut out of	يقطع من أو ينحت	a three - hour drive	3 ساعات لـ

in the shape of	على شكل	is called	يسمى
takes its name from	يأخذ اسمه من	at different times	في أوقات مختلفة
in the middle of	في وسط	the best place	أفضل مكان
easy to reach	سهل الوصول اليه	is home to	موطن لـ

Confusing words

list	قائمة من	menu	قائمة طعام
reach	يصل	rich	غنى
change	يغير	charge	يشحن
desert	الصحراء	dessert	الحلو - حلوى
date	بلغ	date	تاريخ

مستر حماده حنتينش

Irregular verbs

grow	grew	grown	يزرع
make	made	made	يصنع
think	thought	thought	يعتقد
know	knew	known	يعرف

Language

1. list / menu قائمة طعام / قائمة من

- They have made a list of the natural wonders.
- The waiter gave us a menu to choose our food.

2. wonder / wander يتجول

- The sun is a natural wonder in Egypt.
- He wondered in the street alone.

3. a three - hour drive يقود لمدة ثلاثة ساعات

- The lake is a three - hour drive from Hurghada.

4. star / planet نيزك / كوكب

- The sun is a big star.
- The earth is our planet.
- Some meteorites hit the earth.

5. beach / coast شاطيء / الساحل

قناة مستر
حماده حنتينش
اشترك وفعّل الجرس

قناة مستر
حماده حنتينش
اشترك وفعّل الجرس

- We enjoyed the **beach** very much.
- Hurghada is on the Red Sea **Coast**.
- We walked along the **bank** of the river at night.

Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1. An is a place with water and trees in a desert.

<input type="radio"/> a. island	<input type="radio"/> b. ocean	<input type="radio"/> c. oasis	<input type="radio"/> d. bank
---------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------------------------	-------------------------------
2. The natural home of a plant or an animal is called a

<input type="radio"/> a. habit	<input type="radio"/> b. habitat	<input type="radio"/> c. project	<input type="radio"/> d. predict
--------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------
3. An means a particular part of a country, town etc.

<input type="radio"/> a. era	<input type="radio"/> b. region	<input type="radio"/> c. area	<input type="radio"/> d. art
------------------------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------	------------------------------
4. Relating to the North Pole or the South Pole means

<input type="radio"/> a. solar	<input type="radio"/> b. rural	<input type="radio"/> c. polar	<input type="radio"/> d. lunar
--------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------------------------	--------------------------------
5. means existing in nature and not made by people.

<input type="radio"/> a. handmade	<input type="radio"/> b. man-made	<input type="radio"/> c. natural	<input type="radio"/> d. industrial
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6. A is something that makes you feel surprise and amazement.

<input type="radio"/> a. wander	<input type="radio"/> b. usual	<input type="radio"/> c. norm	<input type="radio"/> d. wonder
---------------------------------	--------------------------------	-------------------------------	---------------------------------
7. palm trees are grown in the Oasis.

<input type="radio"/> a. Late	<input type="radio"/> b. Date	<input type="radio"/> c. Date	<input type="radio"/> d. Brought
-------------------------------	-------------------------------	-------------------------------	----------------------------------
8. The Great Pyramid is one of Egypt's

<input type="radio"/> a. wanders	<input type="radio"/> b. wonders	<input type="radio"/> c. orders	<input type="radio"/> d. borders
----------------------------------	----------------------------------	---------------------------------	----------------------------------
9. People have made a new of the wonders.

<input type="radio"/> a. menu	<input type="radio"/> b. menu	<input type="radio"/> c. views	<input type="radio"/> d. list
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10. We went on a drive by car.

<input type="radio"/> a. hours	<input type="radio"/> b. hours'	<input type="radio"/> c. hour	<input type="radio"/> d. an hours
--------------------------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------	-----------------------------------
11. People who live in a place are called

<input type="radio"/> a. strangers	<input type="radio"/> b. locals	<input type="radio"/> c. thieves	<input type="radio"/> d. robbers
------------------------------------	---------------------------------	----------------------------------	----------------------------------
12. It isn't to reach, we go there with great difficulty.

<input type="radio"/> a. difficult	<input type="radio"/> b. hard	<input type="radio"/> c. easy	<input type="radio"/> d. far
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13. The word beautiful and ugly are

<input type="radio"/> a. equal	<input type="radio"/> b. the same	<input type="radio"/> c. synonyms	<input type="radio"/> d. antonyms
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14. We form the of "easy" by adding "ily".

<input type="radio"/> a. noun	<input type="radio"/> b. verb	<input type="radio"/> c. adjective	<input type="radio"/> d. adverb
-------------------------------	-------------------------------	------------------------------------	---------------------------------
15. We should protect our environment. The word protect means

<input type="radio"/> a. damage	<input type="radio"/> b. destroy	<input type="radio"/> c. kill	<input type="radio"/> d. save
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المبني للمجهول في المضارع البسيط والماضي البسيط

تذكر أن

- صيغة المبني للمعلوم (active) تبدأ الجملة بالفاعل
- صيغة المبني للمجهول (passive) تبدأ الجملة بالمفعول (نائب الفاعل)

المضارع البسيط present simple

1 - يتكون المضارع البسيط من المصدر بدون اضافات
اذا جاء الفاعل

I - We - You - They -

2 - ويكون من المصدر + (s - es - ies) اذا جاء
الفاعل

He - She - It -

They **visit** Egypt every day.
He **plays** football on Friday.

3 - في حالة سؤال يكون الفعل **don't / doesn't** وبعدهم المصدر
بدون اضافات

We **don't** speak English.
She **doesn't** cook meat.

4 - في حالة السؤال بمعنى (هل) تكون الاجابة **yes / no** ويكون
السؤال كالتالي

Do / Does +

Do you eat fish?
Yes, I eat.
No, I **don't** eat fish.

Does he eat fish?
Yes, he eats fish.
No, he **doesn't** eat fish.



5 - في السؤال بكلمة استفهام يكون الشكل
كالتالي

فاعل + مصدر بدون اضافات + do / does + كلمة استفهام ...

Where do you come from?
I come from Egypt.

- Where does he come from?
- He **comes** from Egypt.



صيغة المبني للمجهول في المضارع البسيط

1 - في حالة الجملة يكون الشكل
كالاتي

الفاعل + مفعول + am - is - are + P.P....by +

Tourists visit Egypt.

Egypt is visited by tourists.

Ali mends cars.

Cars are mended by Ali.

للمنزل تابعونا على قناة



مستر حماده حشيش

الفاعل + مفعول + am - is - are + not + P.P....by +

04



اشترك وفعّل الجرس

They don't use mobiles.

Mobiles aren't used by them.

She doesn't cook meat.

Meat is not cooked by her.

للمنزل تابعونا على قناة
مستر حماده حشيش
01287423456

3 - في حالة السؤال بمعنى هل في ...
الشكل كالاتي

Am - Is - Are + مفعول + P.P.by

Do they speak English?

Is English spoken ...?

Does Ali mend cars ...?

Are cars mended by Ali?

4 - في حالة السؤال بكلمة استفهام في المبني للمجهول يكون
الشكل كالاتي

+ am - is - are + P.P...? + مفعول + كلمة استفهام

Where do we make cars?

Where are cars made?

How does she make tea?

How is tea made?

- الماضي البسيط

1 - الماضي البسيط هو التصريف الثاني للفعل أي المصدر + (d - ed - ied) + يوجد أفعال شاذة

They **played** football yesterday.
She **met** her friends an hour ago.

2 - في حالة النفي نستخدم (didn't) ويأتي بعده مصدر بدون أي اضافات

They **didn't go** to Aswan in 2020.
He **didn't write** the email last week.

3 - في حالة السؤال بمعنى (هل) يكون السؤال كالتالي

.....فاعل + مصدر بدون اضافات Did +

Did he swim in the sea?

Yes, he **swam** in the sea.

No, he **didn't swim** in the sea.

Did they find the money?

Yes, they **found** the money.

No, they didn't find the mon

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4 - في حالة السؤال بكلمة استفهام يكون الشكل كالتالي

.....فاعل + مصدر بدون اضافات + **did** + كلمة استفهام

How did they go to school?

They **went** to school on foot.

صيغة المدى، المحمل، في الماضي، البسيط

1 - في حالة الجملة يكون
الاتي

الفاعل + P.P.....by + مفعول

She **buys** the tickets.

The tickets were bought by her.

They sold the house.

The house was sold by them.



2 - في حالة النفي نضع (not) بعد (-) was - (were)

الفاعل + was - were + not + P.P.....by + مفعول

They **didn't write** the email.
The email **wasn't written** by them.

She **didn't wash** the dishes.
The dishes **weren't washed** by her.

3 - في حالة السؤال بمعنى هل في المبني للمجهول يكون
الشكل كالتالي

Was - Were + مفعول + P.P.by + الفاعل ?

Did Ali find the books?
Were the books **found** by Ali?
Did she cook lunch?
Was lunch **cooked** by her?

4 - في حالة السؤال بكلمه للمجهول يكون
الشكل كالتالي

Where did you buy the pen?
Where **were** the pens?
How did you win the competition?
How **was** the food?

Exercises on Language

1. Complete the sentences with the correct form
1. Egypt is..... (**visiting**) by more than 14 million tourists.
2. Cars (**is**) made in Cairo.
3. The National Park is..... (**surround**) by grassland.
4. Hundreds of fossils were..... (**find**) in 1902.
5. It was..... (**discover**) that they belonged to the same family.
6. (**Did**) lunch cooked by her yesterday?
7. Where..... (**do**) mobiles made? - In China.
8. Arabic..... (**doesn't**) spoken in France.

9. Football is.....(playing) all over the world.

10. Salma.....(didn't) seen by her friends at school last week.

-2. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or

1. Books.....of paper.

a. made b. making c. are made d. are making

2. Are the emails.....by Hala?
a. send b. sending c. sends d. sent

3. The Pyramids.....by the ancient Egyptians.
a. were built b. was built c. is built d. built

4. The book.....written by her.
a. isn't b. weren't c. didn't d. doesn't

5. The zoo is.....by many people.
a. visit b. visits c. visiting d. visited

ملخص المبني للمجهول ماضٍ ومذكور في نقاط

المضارع البسيط

1 مفعول + am - is - are + P.P..... Egypt is visited by

2 مفعول + am - is - are + not + The story isn't **all**.
P.P.....

3 Am - Is - Are + مفعول + + ' Seen by them?
P.P.....?

الماضى اللى

..... 4 مفعول + was - were The house was built by them.

5 مفعول + not + P.P..... Cars weren't cleaned by her.

٦) مفعول + P.P.....؟ Was the email sent by them?



Unit (7)

Lessons (3&4)



word	meaning	word	meaning
depression	منخفض	preserved	محفوظ
fossils	حفريات	belong	ينتمي إلى
species	أصنف	weather	بعيد
whales			الطقس

Vocabulary

	meaning	word	meaning
south	جنوب غرب	beauty	الجمال
ancient	قديم	international	دولي
surprise	مفاجأة	winter	الشتاء
crocodiles	تماسيح	terrible	سيء
Wadi al - Hiton	وادي الحيتان	windy	العاصف
scientist	عالم	night	الليل
land	أرض	stables	اسطبلات خيول
UNESCO	منظمة اليونسكو	lucky	محظوظ
as a result	نتيجة لـ	owner	مالك

Egyptian	مصري	warm	دافئ
latest	الأحدث	wait for	ينتظر
technology	تكنولوجيا	treat	يعامل
pull	يجر	different	مختلف
horse	حصان	design	يصمم
Rome	روما عاصمة ايطاليا	builder	عامل بناء
burn down	يحرق	roof	سقف
pipes	مواسير	light	ضوء
heritage	تراث	site	موقع

Reading

The Fayoum Depression is an area of desert, southwest of Egypt. Many ancient fossils are often found here, but the species of animal fossil might surprise you; crocodiles, turtles and whales. The most amazing fossils are the whale fossils. At Wadi al - Hitan, The Valley of the Whales, hundreds of fossils of ancient whales were found by scientists in 1902. The scientists were surprised to find that these whales had legs, so they once walked on land.

In 2005, the fossils at Wadi al - Hitan were studied by a team of international scientists. The fossils were preserved really well. Some of them were 21 meters in length. It was discovered that these fossils belong to the same family of animals as camels and giraffes. The fossils are important that Wadi al - Hitan was called a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1987. However, it is very remote. As a result, it is only visited by about 100 people a year.

Today, some scientists are studying some of the fossils at Mansoura University using some of the latest technology, and they hope to learn more about these amazing whales of the desert.

Reading (2)

Black Beauty

Anna Sewell



The next winter was very hard for all the horses. The weather was terrible. There was rain every day and it was often windy. Some of the drivers were very poor, so their horses worked all night. Other horses didn't have stables. They stayed out all night and got wet and cold. I was lucky because Jerry was a kind owner and I was always put in a warm stable.

One day Jerry and I waited for work next to a park. I watched as an old carriage drove up next to us. It was **pulled** by a horse who was thin and looked tired. I looked again and saw that it was my old friend, Ginger. She looked terrible. We walked for a short time. Ginger was very unhappy. She had had many **different** homes and worked very hard. All her owners were **unkind** to her and **treated** her badly. "You are my only friend" Ginger told me before her owner drove her away. I understood that I had a much better life than many other horses.

Words & definitions

remote	بعيد	far from towns or other places where people live
fossil	حفريّة	a preserved animal or plant
species	فصائل	a group of animals or plants that belong to the same family
owner	مالك	someone who owns something
stable	اسطبل	a place where horses live
carriage	حُنطُور	a vehicle with wheels that is pulled by a horse
treat	يُعامل	to behave towards someone in a particular way
depression	منخفض	a part of a surface that is lower than the other parts

قناة مسلسل
حماده حنتشن
اشترك وفعّل الجرس

Synonyms and antonyms

word	antonym	antonym
ancient	old	modern - new
remote	far	near - close
hard	difficult	easy
terrible	very bad	nice - wonderful

Prefixes and suffixes

prefix		suffix	
infamous	غير معروف	windy	العاصف
unhappy	حزين	surprised	مندهش

Words and expressions

an area of	منطقة في	belong to	ينتمي إلى
southwest of	جنوب غرب	the same family	نفس العائلة
are found here	توجد هنا	as a result	لذلك
the species of	فصائل او انواع من	the latest technology	أحدث تكنولوجيا
were surprised to	اندهشوا أن	hope to	يتمنى
find out	يكتشف	learn more about	يعرف الكثير عن
walk on land	يمشي على الأرض	have stables	له اسطبلات
a team of	فريق من	pulled by horses	تجرها الخيول
were preserved well	محفوظة جيداً	wait for	ينتظر
21 meters in length	طولة 21 متر	treat badly	يعامل بشكل سيء
is very remote	بعيد جداً	stay out	يبقى خارج

مفردات حماقة غشيش

Confusing words

weather	الطقس	whether	اذا
own	يملك	owe	يدين بـ
hole	حفرة	hall	صاله
part	جزء	port	ميناء
species	فصائل	sr:	توابل

find	four	found	يجد
put	put	put	يضع
see	law	seen	يرى
have	had	had	يملك / يتناول
burn	burnt	burnt	يرحق

Language Notes

1. **species** / **spices** / **فصائل او انواع**

There are many species of animals and plants.
My mother puts different spices on food.

2. **really** + صفة / **really** + حال

He is really good.
He did really well.

قناة مستر
بحماده جنتينتن
اشترك وفعّل الجرس

3. as a result = so لذلك / as a result of = because of بسبب

He studied hard as a result he got high marks.

He got high marks as a result of studying hard.

4. own يدين لـ / يملك owe to

He owns a car.

We owe much to our parents.

5. belong to ينتمي الى

These animals belong to the same family.

This car belongs to my brother.

قناة مستر
دعاوه حتىش
اشترك وفعّل الجرس!

مشترى حلبيش Exercises

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1. Finish the following dialogue

Ali What is your favourite sport?

Samy (1).....

Ali Is football a team or pair sport?

Samy (2).....

Ali (3).....

Samy We win at football because we score the most goals.

Ali (4).....?

Samy My favourite footballer is Mohamed Salah.

Ali Who is your favourite player?

Samy

2. Choose the correct answer from a, b c or d

1. A.....is a place where horses are kept.

a. menu b. stable c. stadium d. studio

2. Someone who owns something is called an.....

a. owner b. sailor c. engineer d. pioneer

3.mean a group of animals and plants of the same family.

a. Spoke b. Spices c. Species d. Spring

4.means far from towns or other places where people live.

a. Near b. Close c. Easy d. Remote

5. A.....is preserved animal or plant.

a. fossil	b. foil	c. fuels	d. coat
6. A.....is a part of a surface that is lower than the other parts.			
a. expression	b. intention	c. invention	d. depression
7. To behave towards someone or something in a particular way means.....			
a. treat	b. creep	c. clear	d. create
8. A.....is a vehicle with wheels that is pulled by a horse.			
a. plate	b. carriage	c. encourage	d. fridge
9.are enormous sea animals.			
a. Elephants	b. Lions	c. Whales	d. Fossils
10. We form the adjective from "surprise" by adding the suffix.....			
a. al	b. ed	c. ing	d. B & C
11. The antonym of "close" is.....			
a. near	b. remote	c. easy	d. local
12. This mobile.....to my sister.			
a. longs	b. brings	c. belongs	d. owns
13. He won the prize so he was happy. The word "so" means.....			
a. because	b. because of	c. as a result of	d. as a result
14. We should.....animals kindly.			
a. kill	b. damage	c. destroy	d. treat
15. My father owns this car. He is the.....			
a. seller	b. owner	c. car	d. sender

3. Write a review of about 100 words

A visit to Siwa Oasis"

قناة مستر دحماقو بتنينيش



Unit (7)

Lessons (5,6&7)



word	meaning	word	meaning
mongoose	النمس	skill	مهارة
thick	كثيف	avoid	يتجنب
fur	فرو	danger	خطر
appearance	المظاهر	bite	يعض

word	meaning	word	meaning
snakes	الcobras	Europe	أوروبا
famous for	مسخر	endangered	معرض للخطر
fighting	قتال	mainly	بشكل أساسى
Africa	أفريقيا	rocks	صخور
Asia	آسيا	several	عديد
forest	غابات	control	يتحكم
part	جزء	island	جزيرة
grassland	أرض عشبية	deforestation	ازالة الغابات
seeds	بذور	habitat	موطن
frog	ضفدع	nuts	بندق
birds	طيور	role	دور
groups	مجموعات	lifestyle	أسلوب حياة
the young	الصغار	tongue - twister	صعب النطق

look after	يعتنى بـ	understand	يفهم
shells	فواقع	confused	متحير
gold - coloured	ذهبى اللون	feet	أقدام
active	نشيط	kitten	قطة صغيرة
confusing	مربك - محير	include	يشمل

Reading

Mongooses

There are about 30 different **species** of mongooses in the world. A mongoose has a long body, with short legs and a long tail. Their bodies are **covered** by thick **fur**. Mongooses can see and hear very well, which helps them to find food and **avoid** danger. Mongooses are famous for **fighting** snakes. They are able to kill snakes by **biting** them.

The mongoose is found in Africa, Asia and parts of **Europe**. It lives in forests, wetlands or grassland, under the ground or rocks. In the 1800s mongooses were taken to live in **several** islands in Hawaii and the Caribbean to **control** the rat **populations** there. However, they are **endangered** because of **deforestation** and loss of habitat. Mongooses eat **small animals** such as rats, birds, frogs and lizards and also seeds, eggs -

Mongooses are active during the day **and** at night. Although some live alone, many live in **large groups** of **up to ten** where each one has a role to play. Some hunt and others look after the young. They can live for up to ten year in the wild.

Listening

Hania: The **rhyme** in this poem is a **tongue - twister**

Malak: A **tongue - twister**! I am not sure I understand what you mean by that.

Hania: I mean that it is very **difficult** to say.

Malak: Could you give me an example?

Hania: Yes, I read it: She sells sea shells on the sea shore.

Malak: So when you say it's a tongue - twister, do you mean the letters are the same?

Hania: They are not all the same, but they are **hard to read**.

Malak: No, I am still **confused**. Could you say that another way?

Hania: Ok, In a tongue - twister, the words are hard to say **together** quickly.

Malak Ah, I see. I understand that now.

Words & definitions

mongoose	النمس	a small furry tropical animal that kills snakes and rats
fur	فرو	the thick soft hair that covers the bodies of some animals
bite	يعض	to use your teeth to cut something
endangered	معرض للخطر	to put someone or something in danger
deforestation	ازالة الغابات	the cutting or burning down of all the trees in an area
tongue twister	صعب النطق	a word or phrase that is difficult to say quickly

Synonyms and antonyms

word	synonym	antonym	
several	many	few	عديد - قليل
large	big	small	كبير - صغير
confusing	not clear	clear	محير - واضح

Prefixes and suffixes

prefix	معرض للخطر	ذو معنى
endangered	معرض للخطر	ذو معنى
uncovered	معرض للخطر	ذو معنى

And expressions

species of	فقاريات أو اسما	found in Africa	توجد في أفريقيا
in the world	في العالم	parts of Europe	أجزاء من أوروبا
with st	له أرجل قصيرة	in the 1800s	في القرن الـ 19
be ab	قادر على	several islands	جزر عديدة
covered by	مغطى بـ	because of	بسبب
hear very well	يسمع جيدا	are endangered	معرض للخطر
avoid danger	يتجنب الخطر	such as	مثل
at night	في الليل	in large groups	في مجموعات كبيرة
next to the sea	بجوار البحر	well preserved	محفوظ جيدا
a tongue - twister	صعب النطق	hard to say	صعب ان تقوله

Confusing words

world	العالم	word	كلمة
thick	كثيف	sick	مريض
fight	يقاتل	flight	رحلة جوية
habit	عادة	habitat	موطن
role	دور	rule	يحكم / قاعدة

Irregular verbs

fight	fought	fought	يقاتل
take	took	taken	يأخذ
catch	caught	caught	يمسك
find	found	found	يجد

Language Notes

1. **endangered** = (be) in danger في خطر أو معرض للخطر

Some animals are **endangered**.

Some animals are **in danger**.

2. **with** = have / has له أو يملك

A mongoose is an animal **with** short legs.

= A mongoose **has** short legs.

3. **avoid** + اسم / V + ing يتجنب

You should **avoid** many snakes.

Try to **avoid** danger.

4. **The** + صفة + people تشير الى طبقة أو فئة من الناس

The old should respect the old.

The young people should respect old people.

5. **The** + اسم حيوان مفرد تشير الى نوع أو فصيلة من الحيوانات

The lion is the king of forest.

The caracal is a beautiful gold-coloured cat.

Exercises

1. Read and complete the text

belong - groups - staff - found - finding - habitat

Lions are strong animals. They are (1).....in Africa. Their main (2).....is the desert. They sometimes live in large (3).....They (4).....to the cat family. People take them as a symbol of courage.

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d

1. A.....is a small furry tropical animal that kills snakes and rats.
a. mongoose b. lion c. octopus d. mouse
2. The thick soft hair that covers the bodies of some animals is called.....
a. fair b. ferry c. fur d. jar
3. Tomeans to use your teeth to cut something.
a. fight b. kill c. joke d. bite
4. To put someone or something in danger means.....
a. safe b. save c. rescue d. endanger
5.means the cutting or burning down of all the trees in an area.
a. Flood b. Deforestation c. Civilization d. Applications
6. Tongue.....is a word or phrase that is difficult to say quickly.
a. forest b. twister c. poster d. taste
7. The opposite of " lazy " is.....
a. active b. naughty c. happy
8. Some animals arethey are in danger.
a. beautiful b. active c. funny d. endangered
9. Some words ate tongue- twister. They aresay quickly.
a. easy b. not difficult c. hard d. normal
10.can result in the death of many animals.
a. Recycling b. Deforestation c. Happiness d. Classes
11. Mongooses are famoussnakes.
a. fighting b. saving c. laughing d. marrying
12. Animals are endangered because of deforestation and loss of
a. hair b. weight c. games d. habitats
13. The word "....." is the synonym of the word " cut " .
a. right b. tight c. bite d. kite
14. The sum isI can't understand it.
a. confused b. clear c. easy d. confusing
15. We should avoidup late.
a. stay b. stayed c. staying d. stays
16. Some animals havefur to protect them.
a. thick b. sick c. sail d. seed

Test on Unit (7)

1. Finish the following dialogue (5 M)

Basant is reading a novel called "Black Beauty"

Mohamed	What are you doing?
Basant	(1).....?
Mohamed	What is the title of the novel?
Basant	(2).....
Mohamed	(3).....?
Basant	It was written by Anna Sewell.
Mohamed	What is it about?
Basant	(4).....
Mohamed	I like horses . How should we treat animals like horses?
Basant	(5).....

2. Read and complete the text with words from the list*

Tourists like visiting many places around the world. Egypt (1).....visited by millions of tourists. They enjoy visiting natural (2).....in Egypt. They want to see animals in their natural (3).....in Egypt. The (4).....of Egypt which is fine all the year.

3. Read the following text, then answer the questions (6 M)

A man lived in a big house with a garden. One day, he was reading an interesting story. When it got darker, he switched on the light. Suddenly, he heard a loud cry of "Help! Help" coming from the garden. He looked out of the window but he couldn't see anything. He heard the voice again. He thought that one of the neighbors' boys had climbed a tree and couldn't get down. He took his torch and walked to the garden. He searched it very well, but he couldn't find anybody. Finally, he thought that someone was playing a trick on him. So he went back to the house. As soon as he sat down, he heard the sound from behind him. It was sitting on the bookshelf, a large green and red bird. It was a parrot.

a. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d.

1. Ali heard the voice.....

b. Answer the following questions

4. Find a word in the passage that means "turn on"

5. Why did he take a torch with him?

6. Where was the parrot sitting

4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d (3 M)

5. Composing sentences with the correct form (5 M)

1. The books were.....(buying) by my father.
2.(Does) the book read yesterday?
3. Lunch.....(are) cooked by her.
4. Egypt.....(visits) by many tourists.
5. The thief.....(didn't) seen by the police.

6. Write a review of about (110) words on: (7 M)

" a story you have read"

