How to Choose the Right Sandblasting Media: The Ultimate Guide (2025 Edition) 🚀



Introduction:

The media you use can **make or break** your sandblasting results. Each media has unique <u>sandblasting</u> properties like hardness, shape, and reusability, making it suitable for specific materials, be it rusted steel, fragile glass, or old paint on wood. Choosing poorly can lead to:

- Irreparable surface damage
- Wasted money
- Ineffective cleaning or profiling

Let's avoid that.

# **®** Key Factors When Choosing Sandblasting Media

#### 1. Surface Material

Know what you're blasting:

• Steel/Metal: Garnet, aluminum oxide

• Glass: Sodium bicarbonate (baking soda)

Wood or Plastic: Walnut shells, corn cob

## 2. Objective of Sandblasting

• Cleaning: Crushed glass, soda

• Surface profiling: Garnet, steel grit

- Paint or rust removal: Aluminum oxide, glass bead
- Polishing or smoothing: Glass bead, plastic media

#### 3. Media Hardness

Use the **Mohs scale** to align media hardness with substrate resistance:

Media	Mohs Hardness
Soda	2.5
Walnut Shells	3.0
Crushed Glass	5.5
Garnet	6.5–7.5
Aluminum Oxide	9.0

### 4. Recyclability

Media cost varies by how many times it can be reused:

• Single-use: Soda, crushed glass

• Reusable: Glass bead, steel grit, aluminum oxide

### 5. Cost & Availability

Budget-conscious? Go for **crushed glass or garnet**. High-performance? Try **aluminum oxide or steel shot**.

# Common Types of Sandblasting Media

### 🧂 Sodium Bicarbonate (Baking Soda)

- Best For: Delicate surfaces like chrome, fiberglass, and wood
- Pros: Non-destructive, water-soluble, eco-friendly
- Cons: Single-use, not ideal for paint profiling

#### **Mainut Shells**

- Best For: Wood restoration, mold removal
- **Pros:** Biodegradable, non-toxic
- Cons: Can clog nozzles, limited reusability

### Crushed Glass

- Best For: Paint and rust removal
- **Pros**: Angular shape provides excellent abrasion
- Cons: Single-use, can generate dust

### **♦ Aluminum Oxide**

- Best For: Industrial paint removal, profiling
- Pros: Extremely hard, reusable, fast-cutting
- Cons: Expensive, may cause damage to softer materials

### Glass Beads

• Best For: Polishing, finishing

• Pros: Reusable, smooth finish

• Cons: Not suitable for heavy-duty cleaning

#### **☼** Steel Shot/Grit

• Best For: Tough jobs, heavy equipment

• Pros: Durable, highly reusable

• Cons: Heavy equipment needed, higher cost

### Plastic Media

• Best For: Aerospace, automotive

• Pros: Gentle yet effective, low heat

• Cons: Specialized use only

# Safety & Environmental Considerations

- Wear Protective Gear: Eye shields, gloves, and proper respirators are *non-negotiable*.
- Ventilation & Dust Collection: Prevent airborne health hazards.
- Media Disposal: Follow local disposal laws some media like soda or walnut are eco-friendly, others aren't.
- Avoid Silica Sand: It's banned in many places due to silicosis risk.

# Conclusion: Your Media Selection Checklist

Before purchasing any blasting media, confirm the following:

What is the substrate I'm blasting?
What's the purpose — cleaning, profiling, or polishing?
Can I reuse the media or is it single-use?
Do I have the equipment to support the chosen media?
Am I compliant with safety and environmental regulations

When in doubt, **start with test blasting** in a controlled zone.

# 💡 Key Takeaways

- Match the media type to your surface material and project goal.
- Consider the **Mohs hardness** to avoid damaging your substrate.
- Don't ignore safety protocols or local disposal laws.

Reusable media saves money in long-term industrial jobs.

# ? FAQs About Sandblasting Media

What is the most commonly used sandblasting media?

**Crushed glass and aluminum oxide** are the most widely used due to their affordability and versatility.

Can I reuse sandblasting media?

Yes — glass beads, aluminum oxide, and steel shot are highly reusable. Soda and crushed glass are generally single-use.

Is sandblasting with baking soda safe?

Yes, it's one of the **safest and most eco-friendly** media types. It's even used for graffiti removal on sensitive surfaces.

What media should I avoid for wood?

Avoid any hard or angular media like aluminum oxide or garnet. Use walnut shells or baking soda instead.

Can I use regular sand?

It's **strongly discouraged** due to health risks associated with silica dust, which causes **silicosis**. Many regions have banned it.