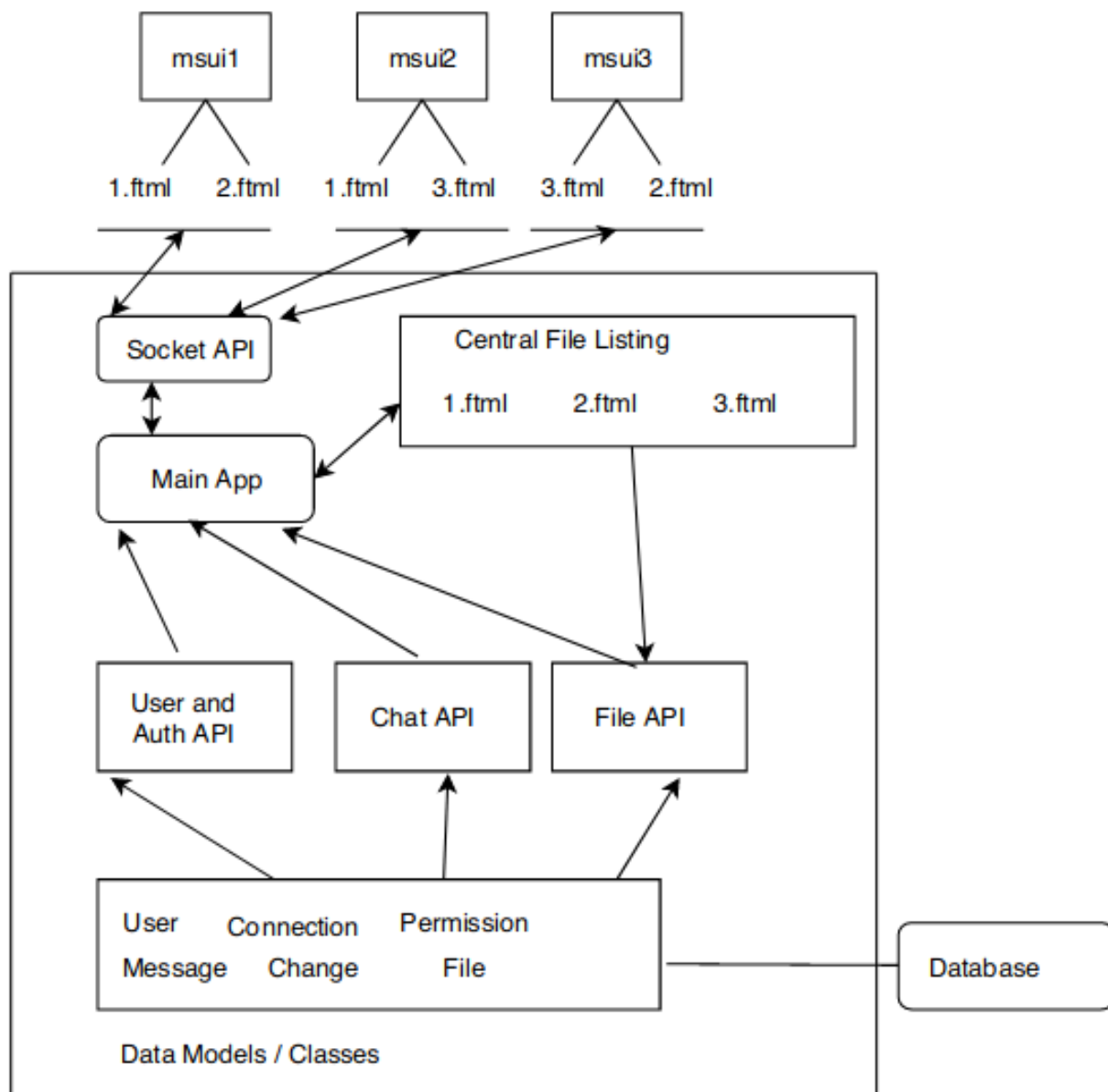


Developer documentation - Mscolab(development version)

Note: Connection class and database model was scrapped because it wasn't necessary to keep track of connections.

Dataflow Model



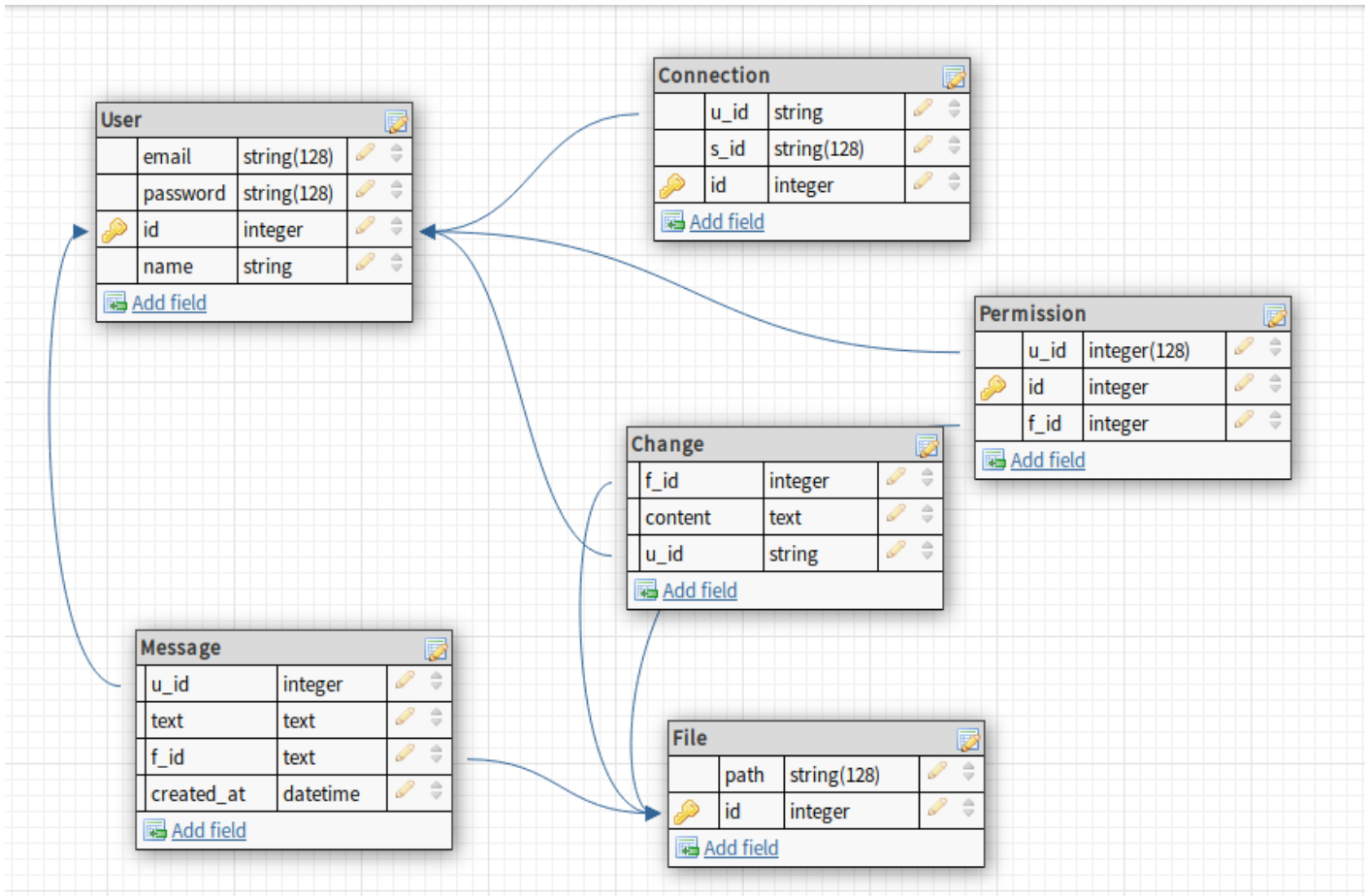
mscolab has four major components:

- Data Models / Classes
- Main App

- APIs
- UI

Among these, the first three modules would be developed within mscolab server. UI of this software would be integrated with msui module of mss software.

Data Models



The project needs six basic models named:

- User
This class represents a user of mscolab.
id: user-id
email: email-id of the user
name: Screen name of the user
password: bcrypt hashed password
- Permission
This data represents the authorization of a user to collaborate on a file.
u_id: user-id
f_id: file-id
access_level: enum["admin", "collaborator", "viewer"]

- Message
 Message represents a single message unit, linked with a chat(further linked to a file).
 u_id: user-id
 f_id: file-id
 text: message content
 created_at: used to order the messages in a conversation
- Change
 Change represents a change in .ftml file submitted by an authorized user.
 u_id: user-id
 f_id: file-id
 content: 'diff' of file made by the user
 created_at: used to sort the changes w.r.t time
- File
 File represents an .ftml file.
 id: to be used as fileId
 path: filepath - unique
 description: description of the file, stating its purpose of creation.

APIs

Some of the major APIs and their functionalities are listed as follows:

- Socket API
 - connect_user
 Checks email-id and password, if authorized saves user-id and socket-id to Connection table.
 - disconnect_user
 Removes connection associated to the socket
 - message
 Notifies main app about incoming message from one of connected socket clients.
 - emit
 Emits 'file change' or 'message' events to other users to change their local data in real-time, sent by main-app.
 - is_online
 Used to check if an user is online by looking for an entry in connection
- User and Authentication API
 - add_user
 Add email-id, name, and password to 'User'
 - remove_user
 Remove user from 'User' table.
 - change_password
 Change password of user

- authenticate
Checks if an email-id and password passed as parameters are valid, and matching with one in the database.
- user_exists
Checks if an email-id exists in 'User'

- File API

File API will be based on [fs](#) library, and the storage options can be modified as per need. A configuration file would be used to control the same.

- file_save
Adds an entry in the 'Change' table.
'\$name.ftml' is tweaked to append 'Change-Id' to change-log attribute inside each <Waypoint/> tag. This would help to display information specific to this waypoint in UI.
Saves the new file atomically, (this process will be made efficient by saving only the 'diff' at the right file cursor)
- get_file
Returns file as ASCII string or buffer, as instructed in the parameter.
- get_authorized_users
Returns a list of users who are authorized to collaborate on file identified by f_id/f_name.
- get_change_log
Returns a list of changes by collaborating users sorted by timestamps from Change table with f_id as key.
- exists
Returns boolean value if the file with 'file-name' exists or not.
- list
Returns an array of 'File' data with permission level for each file. This data can be used to view projects dashboard in client's side, as a list of projects the user is admin of and another list of projects the user is collaborating on.
- delete_file (access_level = admin)
Deletes file from file-path and 'File' table, preferentially delete entries related to this file from 'Message', 'Permission', 'Change'.
- add_permission (access_level = admin)
Checks if user with user-id exists. If yes, add user-id and file-id to 'Permission' table.
- remove_permission (access_level = admin)
Checks if user with user-id exists. If yes, remove entries of 'user-id and file-id together' in 'Permission' table.
- rename_file (access_level = admin)
Rename a file, would basically change 'path' in 'File' table corresponding to file-id.

- Chat API

- message_save
Adds an entry in the 'Message' table.

- get_messages
Return an array of messages corresponding to a file_id (chat_id as each file can have one 'Chat' entry), sorted by 'created_at' values.

Main App

This module orchestrates all other services and APIs and regulates the data-flow.

A pseudo-code of main app is as follows:

```
import socketManager
import fileManager
import authManager
import chatManager
import Flask
app = Flask(__name__)

@socketManager.sio.on('connect')
def connect(sid, env):
    # check auth here by authmanager
    socketManager.connect_user()

@socketManager.sio.on('disconnect')
def connect(sid, env):
    socketManager.disconnect_user()

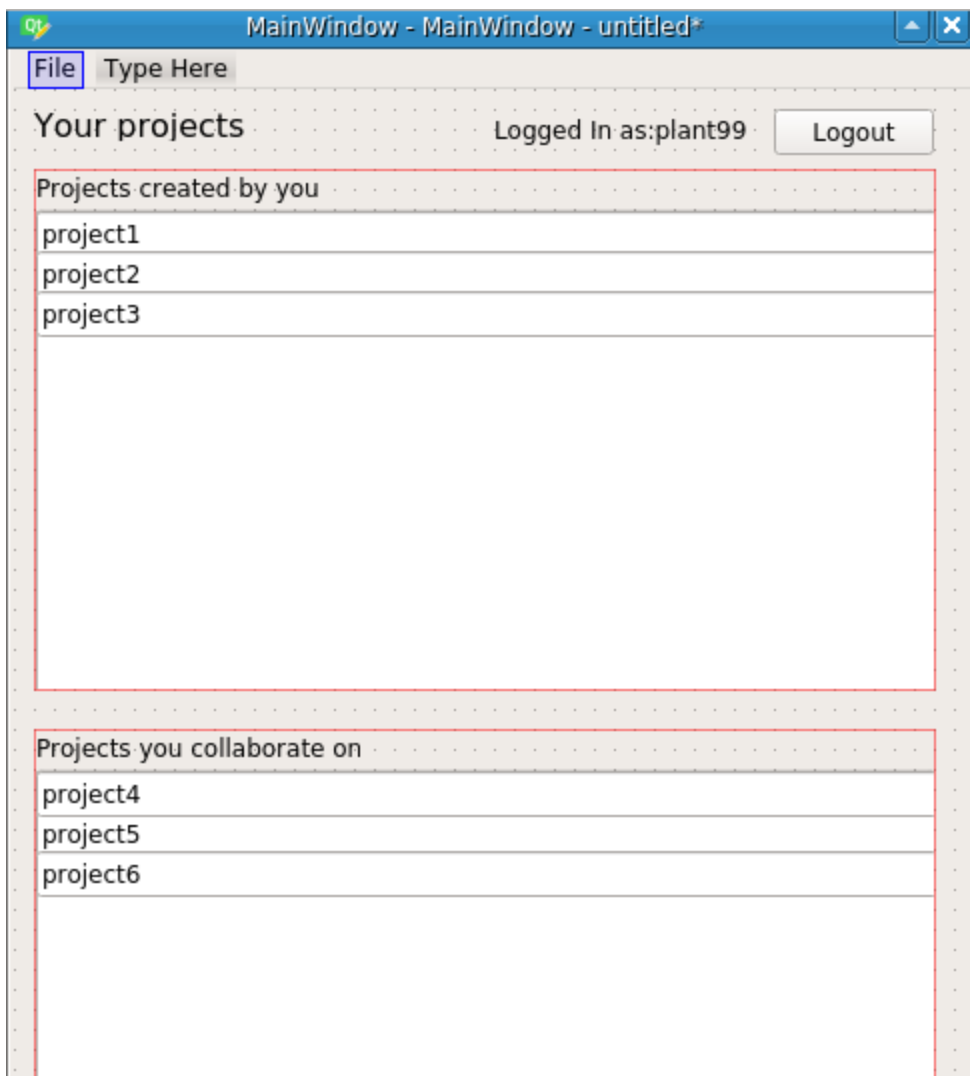
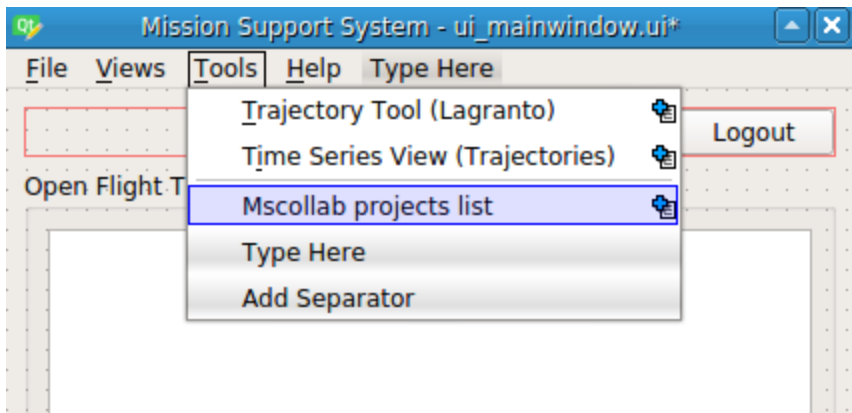
# use decorator to check auth
@sio.on('message')
def message(sid, data):
    if data.type == "file":
        # fileManager handles file here
        pass
    else:
        # data.type = message
        # chatManager handles messages here
        pass

app.route('/user')
def user_handler():
    args = request.args
    # authManager handles the rest
    # would be used to add remove user, etc
```

UI

UI module of mscolab will be integrated with msui, the core UI module of mss software. The temporary files would be stored in '~/.mssdata' directory or as configured in 'mss_wms_settings.py'.

A list of projects which the user is working on can be displayed as illustrated below, which can be activate by clicking on Tools->mscolab projects list, on MSS' main window.

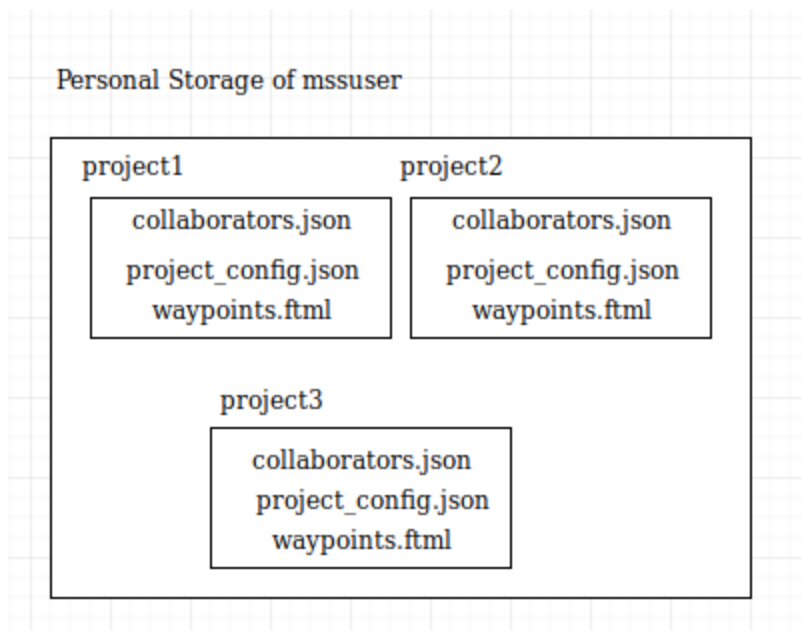


Double clicking on a project opens the mscolab-ui window as shown on page 11.

Project

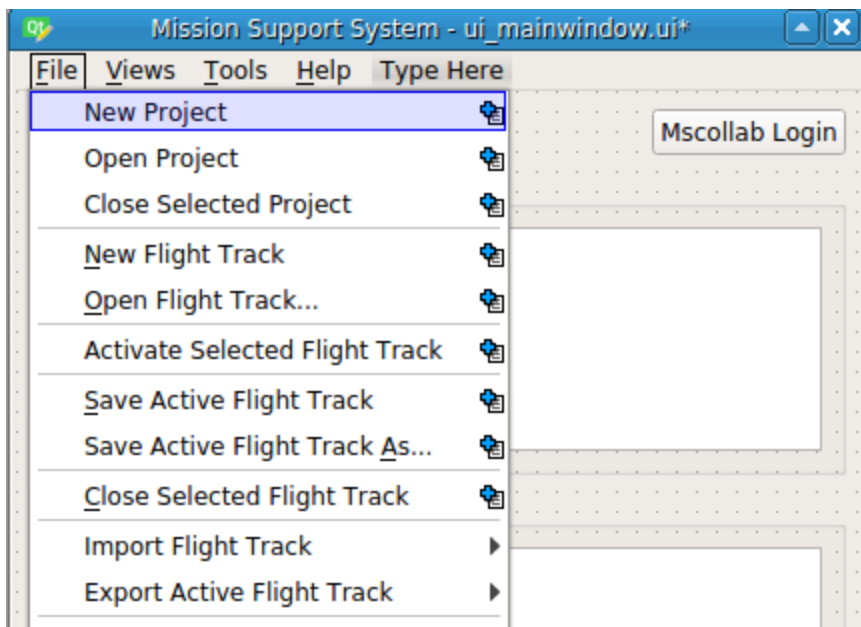
- A 'project' is a data storage model implemented by popular code IDEs, like vscode, pycharm etc.

- In this case, instead of treating a '\$filename.ftml' as a project, since it won't be aesthetic to store configuration data in ftml file, it would be better if we introduce a project as a collection of some files.
- To start with, it will have a flightpath related file, and a configuration file, and a contributors file showing waypoint details and collaborators who contributed to change of the waypoint.
- An illustration is shown below.



- To integrate this with mss, [create_new_view](#) function can be modified to open a flightpath in a particular view mode. The attribute `self.active_flight_track` can be changed to `self.active_project`. And each window opened would have a flightpath with some configuration obtained from `project_config.py`, and contribution details of each waypoint from `project_config.py`.

Projects can also be opened/created directly from main-window.



The configuration for a new project can be input by the user in a graphical manner.

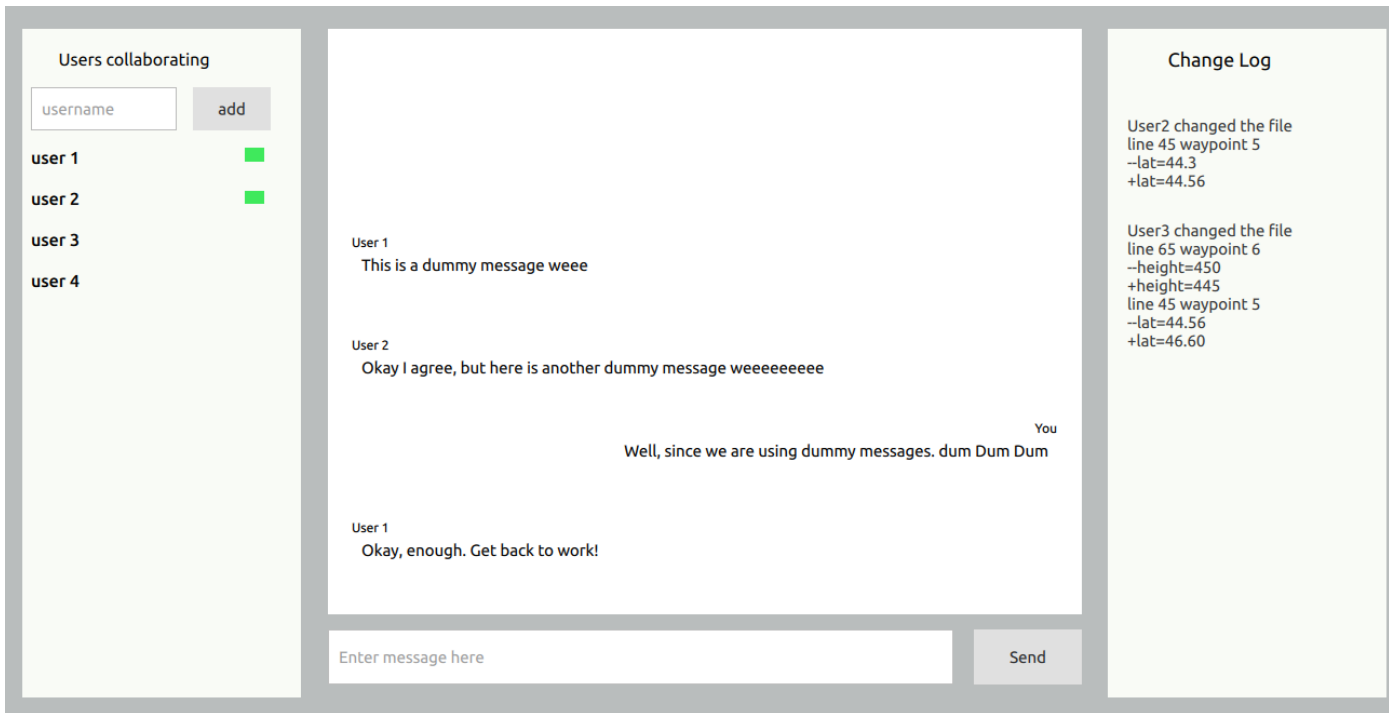
The screenshot shows a window titled 'MainWindow - untitled.ui*' with a standard OS title bar. The main area has a light gray background with a dotted grid. At the top left, there is a label 'Type Here' above a text input field. Below this, the form is organized into sections. The first section has a label 'Project Name' followed by a text input field. The second section has a label 'About' followed by a larger text input field. The third section has a label 'Flightpath's location' followed by a button labeled 'Select Flightpath file'. The fourth section has a label 'Add Collaborators' followed by a text input field, a dropdown menu currently showing 'admin', and a button labeled 'Add User'. Below these is a checkbox labeled 'Enable mscollab'. At the bottom of the form are two buttons: 'Discard' and 'Create Project'.

This creates a project on mscolab server with a single administrator.

Clicking on 'mscolab Login' would show a dialogue-box with email-id and password, for login. If the User with email-id doesn't exist in the mscolab database, user registration dialogue-box is opened. Once login is completed, login button gets replaced by the following display.

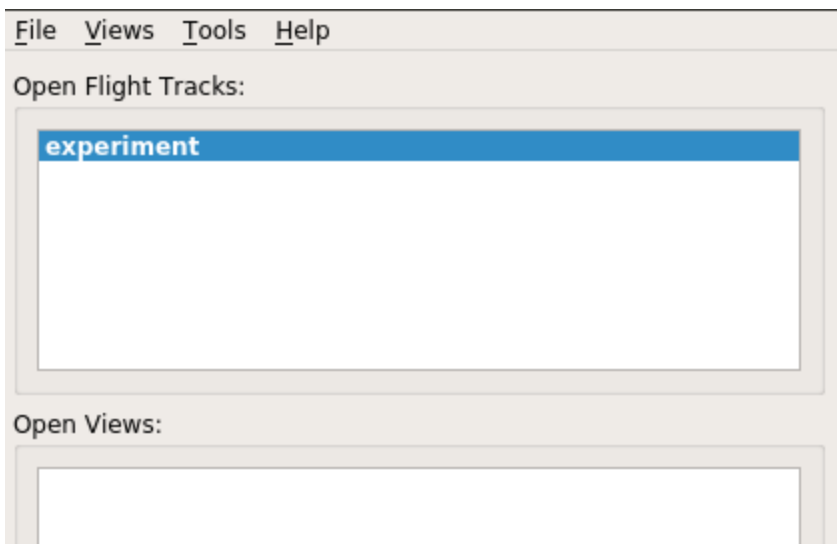
The screenshot shows a small rectangular area with a light gray background and a dotted grid. It contains the text 'User: screenname' followed by a button labeled 'Logout'.

Opening a project which the user is administrator of would open the following window. Clicking on a project which the user is the collaborator of, opens a similar window, without options to add/remove collaborators.



- Left side of the window as seen by the user, has a list of users collaborating on the experiment.
- Right side of the window as seen by the user, has a log of recent history of changes.
- Central space lists the group chat messages which will support important markdown syntax (e.g bold, italics) during editing.

Once a new file is created or a file is opened with `mscolab`, say 'experiment.ftml', `msui` window gets updated with new file in the listing which can be edited in an usual manner and each change gets saved in `mscolab` server after a certain duration. The continuous backup can be disabled/enabled by the user by an UI element.

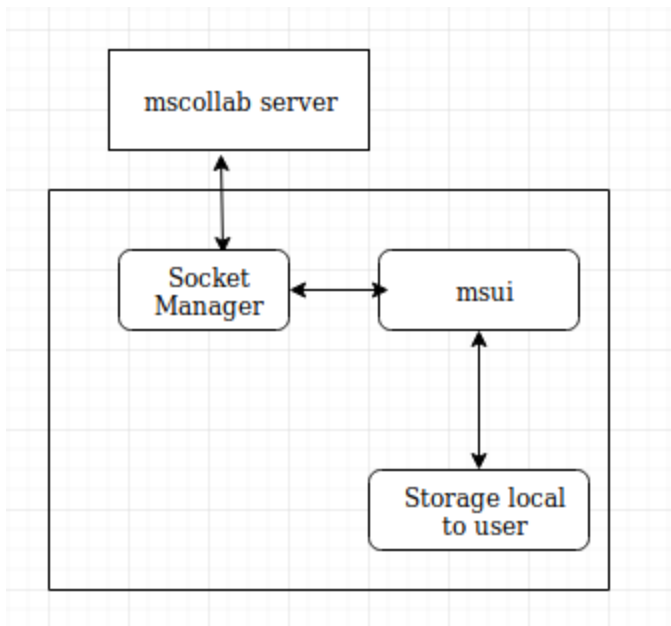


If one opens an old stored file, say 'old-experiment.ftml', following API calls are made with filename/file-id as parameter.

- `/get_file` handled by `FileManager`
If file is not found in `$data_dir`, it's created in `$data_dir` as an intermediate save point.
- `/get_authorized_users` handled by `FileManager`
- `/get_log` handled by `FileManager`

- `/get_messages` handled by ChatManager

Once this data is received, it is suitably rendered to a new `mscollab-ui` window as shown in the mock-up. The overall data-flow diagram in front-end would resemble the following.



SocketManager class would be a simple class, with two major functions:

- `connect()`
Used to start connection after authentication is complete and the client receives a token
- `on_message()`
Used to handle messages incoming from mscollab server (when `SocketManager.emit()` is called). Event handlers would be written in `'msui/mscollab_ui.py'`.