

Mental Health Warning Signs

According to the National Institute of Mental Health (NIH)

Older children and adolescents may benefit from an evaluation if they:

- Have lost interest in things that they used to enjoy.
- Have low energy.
- Sleep too much or too little or seem sleepy throughout the day.
- Spend more and more time alone and avoid social activities with friends or family.
- Diet or exercise excessively, or fear gaining weight.
- Engage in self-harm behaviors (such as cutting or burning their skin)
- Smoke, drink alcohol, or use drugs.
- Engage in risky or destructive behavior alone or with friends.
- Have thoughts of suicide.
- Have periods of highly elevated energy and activity and require much less sleep than usual.
- Say that they think someone is trying to control their mind or that they hear things that other people cannot hear.

Mental illnesses can be treated. If you are a child or teen, talk to your parents, school counselor, or health care provider. If you are a parent and need help starting a conversation with your child or teen about mental health, find <u>resources for families</u> from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. If you are unsure where to go for help, ask your pediatrician or family doctor or visit NIMH's Help for Mental Illnesses webpage.

It may be helpful for children and teens to save several emergency numbers to their cell phones. The ability to get immediate help for themselves or for a friend can make a difference.

- The phone number for a trusted friend or relative
- The non-emergency number for the local police department
- 988 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline: 988
- Crisis Text Line: Text the word "HOME" to 741741

If you or someone you know needs immediate help, call or text the <u>988 Suicide</u> & <u>Crisis Lifeline</u> at **988**. The Crisis Text Line is for any mental health crisis.