

GEOGRAPHY
Class Test - XI

Time: 90 min

MM: 35

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:-

1. The question paper contains three sections (A,B & C)
2. Section A has 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions.
3. Section B has 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions.
Map section (Q.No.-25-29) is mandatory to attempts
4. Section C has 12 questions. Attempt any 10 question. First part of C section (Source based has 4 questions (Q.No.- 49-52) and all need to be attempted.
5. All question carry equal marks.
6. There is no negative marking.

SECTION - A

There are 24 questions in this section attempt any 20 questions.

- Q.1 :** Alexander Von Humboldt was
(A) German geographers (B) French geographer
(C) American geographer (D) British geographer
vyadtsaMj okWu gEcksYV gS \
- (A) teZu HkwxksyosRrk (B) ÝsUp Hkwxksy osRrk
(C) vesfjdh Hkwxksy osRrk (D) fczfV”k Hkwxksy osRrk
- Q.2 :** GEO informatic consist of ?
(A) GIS (B) G.P.S.
(C) LIS (D) All of them
Hkw&lwpuk ds izeq[k mikxe gS\
- (A) GIS (B) G.P.S.
(C) LIS (D) All of them
- Q.3 :** Economic Geography does not study the subject.
(A) Agriculture (B) Industries
(C) Trade and transport (D) Population and settlement
vkfFkZd] Hkwxksy fdl fo’k; dk v/;~;u ugh djrk gS\
- (A) d’f’k (B) m|ksx
(C) O;kikj vkSj ifjogu (D) tula[;k vkSj cLrh
- Q.4 :** In 1920 Edwin Hubble provided evidence for ?
(A) Big Bang Theory (B) Binary theory
(C) Nebular Hypothesis (D) None of these
1920 esa ,mfou gCcy us fdl fl)kUr ds izek.k fn;s Fks \
- (A) fcx cSax fl)kar (B) }Srkjd fl)kar
(C) uhgkfjdk ifjdYiuk (D) buesa ls dksbZ ugha
- Q.5 :** The event of Big Bang took place years Ago ?
(A) 13.7 billon years (B) 13.8 billion years
(C) 13.9 billing years (D) 13.0 billion years
fcx cSax dh ?kVuk vkt ls o’kksZa igys gqbZ FkhA
- (A) 13-7 vjc o’kZ (B) 13-8 vjc o’kZ
(C) 13-9 vjc o’kZ (D) 13-0 vjc o’kZ
- Q.6 :** Who gave the concept of “steady state”
(A) Hoyle (B) Edwin Hubble
(C) Immanuel Kant theory (D) Carl Weizsäcker
fdlus fLFkj voLFkk ladYiuk izLrqr dh Fkh \
- (A) gkW;y (B) ,mfou gCcy
(C) beSuqvy dk.V (D) dkyZ okbtkLdj

- Q.7 :** The Deepest drill at Kola is in ?
 (A) Indian Ocean (B) Pacific Ocean
 (C) Atlantic Ocean (D) Arctic Ocean
 vkt rd lcls xgjk izos/ku fdl egkuxj esa gSA
 (A) Hkkjrh; egklkj (B) iz"kkUr egklkj
 (C) vaVkyf.Vd egklkj (D) vkdZfVd egklkj
- Q.8 :** With the increasing distance from the surface towards the interior in deeper depths of earth increases in
 (A) Temperature (B) Pressure
 (C) Density (D) All of them
 i' Foh ds /kjkry esa xgjkBZ c<+us ds lkFk&lkFk c<+rs gSa\
 (A) rkieku (B) ncko
 (C) ?kuRo (D) ;g lHkh
- Q.9 :** The super continent began to split.....
 (A) 200 million year Ago (B) 250 million year ago
 (C) 300 million year Ago (D) 350 million year ago
 cM+s egk}hi iSaft;k dk foHkktu "kq: gqvk Fkk
 (A) 20 djksM+ o'kZ igys (B) 25 djksM+ o'kZ igys
 (C) 30 djksM+ o'kZ igys (D) 35 djksM+ o'kZ igys
- Q.10 :** We can calculate the time of Rock formation with the help of--
 (A) Radiometric Dating (B) Carbon dating
 (C) Isotop dating (D) All of them
 pV~Vkuksa ds fuekZ.k ds le; dk irk bl fof/k ls fd;k tk ldrk gSA
 (A) jsfM;ksfV^ad dky fu/kkZj.k (B) dkcZu dky fu/kkZj.k
 (C) vkblksVkwWi dky fu/kkZj.k (D) ;g lHkh
- Q.11 :** The Number of Rock forming minerals are
 (A) 5 (B) 6
 (C) 7 (D) 8
 "kSy dk fuekZ.k djus okys [kfut dh la];k gSA
 (A) 5 (B) 6
 (C) 7 (D) 8
- Q.12 :** Choose the right match of the following options.
 (A) Granite - Soft
 (B) Soapstone - Hard
 (C) Gabbro - Blue
 (C) Quartzite - Milky white
 fuEufyf[kr esa ls lgh lqEesfyr pqfu,\
 (A) xzsukbV & eqyk;e
 (B) "kSy [kM+h & dBksj
 (C) xzscks & uhyk
 (D) DokVZtkbV & nwf/k;k lQsn
- Q.13 :** 1 nautical mile is ?
 (A) 1.6 km (B) 1.8 km
 (C) 1.9 km (D) 2 km
 ,d leqnzh ehy gS\
 (A) 1-6 fdeh0 (B) 1-8 fdeh0
 (C) 1-9 fdeh0 (D) 2 fdeh0
- Q.14 :** The time difference between Itanagar to Gandhi Nagar is
 (A) 2 hrs (B) 3 hrs
 (C) 4 hrs (D) 5 hrs
 xka/kh uxj vkSj bZVvk uxj esa le; esa varj gS

- (A) 2 ?k.Vs (B) 3 ?k.Vs
(C) 4 ?k.Vs (D) 5 ?kaVs
- Q.15 :** The distance between north to south India is ?
(A) 3200 km. (B) 3214 km.
(C) 3250 km. (D) 3285 km.
- Hkkjr dk mRrj ls nf{k.k ds chp dh nwjh gSA
(A) 3200 fdeh0 (B) 3214 fdeh0
(C) 3250 fdeh0 (D) 3285 fdeh0
- Q.16 :** Indian standard time is a head of Greenwich Mean time is
(A) 5 hrs (B) 5.30 hrs
(C) 5.45 hrs (D) 6 hrs
Hkkjrh; ekud le; xzhufop ek/; le; ls fdruk vkxs gS\
(A) 5 ?k.Vs (B) 5-30 ?k.Vs
(C) 5-45 ?k.Vs (D) 6 ?k.Vs
- Q.17 :** Which Indian state is called land of rising Sun ?
(A) Arunachal Pradesh (B) Nagaland
(C) Manipur (D) Mizoram
^^mxrs lw;Z dk {ks=** fdl Hkkjrh; jkT; dks dgk tkrk gS \
(A) v:.kkapy izns"k (B) ukxkyS.M
(C) ef.kiqj (D) fetksje
- Q.18 :** Sri Lanka is separated from India by the.
(A) Gulf of Mannar (B) Palk strait
(C) Both of them A & B (D) None of these
Jhyadk Hkkjr ls fdlds }kjk vyx gqvk gS\
(A) eUukj (B) ikd ty laf/k
(C) ;g nksuksa A & B (D) buesa ls dksbZ ugha
- Q.19 :** An Area drained by a river and its tributaries is called ?
(A) Catchment Area (B) Drainage Area
(C) Watershed Area (D) All of them
,d unh ,oa mldh lgk;d ufn;ksa }kjk viokfgr {ks= dks dgrs gS\
(A) tyxzg.k {ks= (B) xaxk unh
(C) ty laHkj (D) buesa ls dksbZ ugha
- Q.20 :** Water shed line goes through which Mountain range?
(A) Delhi ridge (B) Aravalis
(C) Sahyadri (D) All of them
ty laHkj js[kk fdu igkM+h ij ls xqtjrh gSA
(A) fnYyh dVd (B) vjkoyh
(C) lg;kfnz (D) ;g lHkh
- Q.21 :** Minor river basins with catchment area of less than ?
(A) 1000 sq.km. (B) 2000 sq. km.
(C) 3000 sq.km. (D) 4000 sq.km.
y?kq unh nzks.kh ftudk viokg {ks= de gS
(A) 1000 oxZ fdeh0 (B) 2000 oxZ fdeh0
(C) 3000 oxZ fdeh0 (D) 4000 oxZ fdeh0
- Q.22 :** Main features of Himalayan drainage is ?
(A) Gorges (B) V-shaped valleys
(C) Rapids (D) All of these

fgeky; viokg ra= dh fo"ks'krk,a gSaA

(A) egk[kM

(B) V-vkdj dh ?kkVh

(C) f{kfizdk,a

(D) ;g lHkh

Q.23 : While entering the plains river form depositional features like.

(A) Ox-bow Lakes

(B) Flood Plains

(C) Deltas

(D) All of them

tc unh eSanku esa izos" k djrh gS] rks fu{ksi.kkRed LFkykd`fr cukrh gS &

(A) xks[kqj >hy

(B) ck<+ eSanku

(C) MsYVk

(D) ;g lHkh

Q.24 : Namami Gange programme started in-

(A) May 2014

(B) June 2014

(C) July 2014

(D) September 2014

uekfe xaxs dk;ZØe dh 'kq:vkr gqbZ &

(A) ebZ 2014

(B) twu 2014

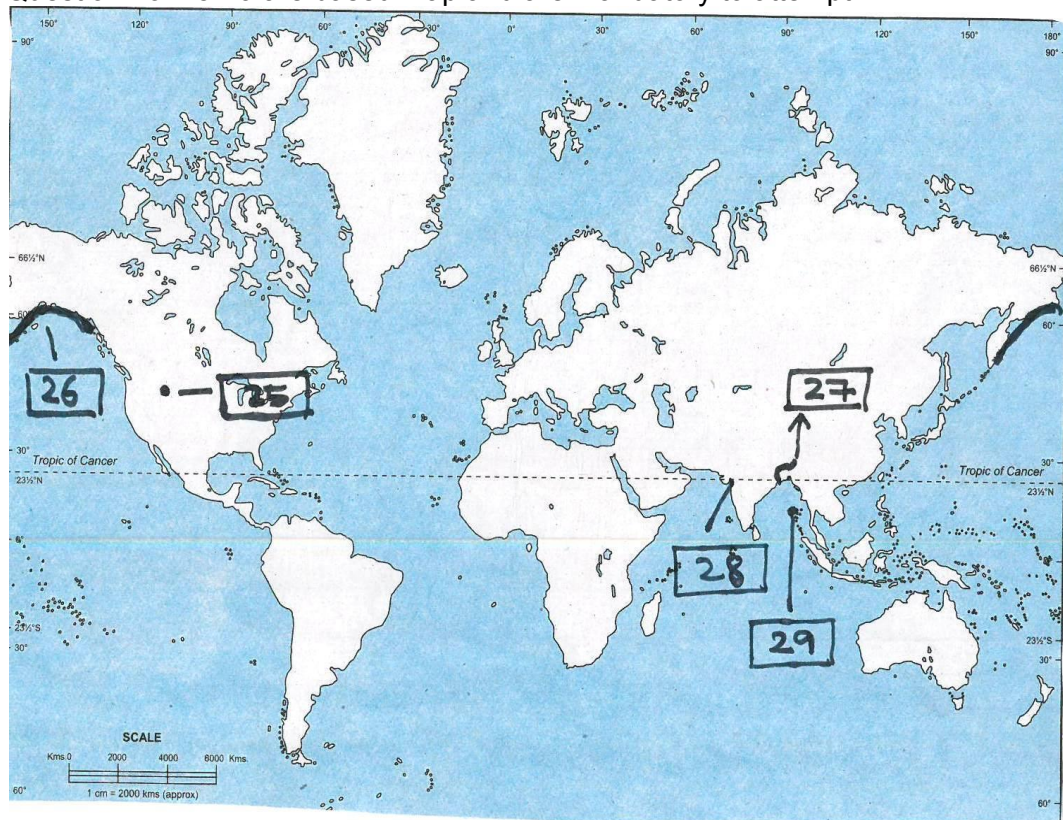
(C) tqykbZ 2014

(D) flrEcj 2014

SECTION- B

These are 24 questions in this section. Attempt an 20 question.

Question no. 25-29 are based map and are mandatory to attempt.



Q.25 : Identity this place Hotspots in North America

- (A) Yellow stone (B) Rocky Mountain
(C) Colarado (D) Grand Canyon

mRrjh vesfjdk ds bl rlr LFky dks igpkfu;s

- (A) ;yksLVksu (B) jkWdh ioZr
(C) dksykjkMks (D) xzk.M dSfu;u

Q.26 : A famous chain of Volcano in world ?

- (A) Ring of fire (B) Ring of snow
(C) Range of hotspot (D) Hawaii series
fo"o dh izfl) Tokykeq[kh dh J`[kayk
(A) Tokykeq[kh ioZrekyk (B) fgekuh ioZrekyk
(C) rlrLFky J`a[kyk (D) gokbZ J`a[kyk

Q.27 : Main tributaries of Brahmaputra river is-

- (A) Lohit river (B) Mans river
(C) Tista river (D) Tapi river
czgeiq= unh dh eq[; lgk;d unh gS
(A) yksfgr (B) ekul unh
(C) rksLrk unh (D) rkih unh

Q.28 : Identify this gulf in Gujrat ?

- (A) Gult of khambat (B) Gult of mannar
(C) Ranu of kutch (D) Palk strait
xqtjkr dh bl [kkM+h dks igpkfu, \
(A) laHkkr dh [kkM+h (B) eUukj dh [kkM+h
(C) dPN dk ju (D) ikd tylaf/k

Q.29 : Dead Volcano of India is ?

- (A) Narcondam (B) Barren
(C) Sentineel (D) Car nicobar

Hkkjr dk e`r Tokykeq[kh gS

- (A) ukjdksMu (B) cSju
(C) lasVhfu;y (D) dkj fudksckj

Question No.- 30- 48 (Attempt any 15)

Q.30 : Consider the following statements and choose the correct options from the given options.

- (1) The Major approaches to study geography have been, systematic and regional.
(2) In systematic approach we study in physical geography are geomorphology
climatology. Hydrology and soil geography.

Options:-

(A) Only 1 is correct
 (B) Only 2 is correct
 (C) Both the statements are incorrect
 (D) Both statements are correct and statement 2 correctly explain the statement.

fuEufyf[kr dFkuksa ij fopkj djsa vkSj lgh fodYi dk p;u djsaA
 (1) Hkwksy ds v/;;u ds nks izeq[k mikxe gS Øeo) vkSj izknsf'kdA
 (2) Øec) mikxe esa HkkSfrd Hkwksy esa Hkw&vkd`fr foKku] tyok;q foKku] ty foKku vkSj e`nk Hkwksy dk v/;;u gksrk gSA

fodYi&

(A) dsoy 1 lgh gS (B) dsoy 2 lgh gS
 (C) nksuksa dFku xyr gS (D) nksuksa dFku lgh gS vkSj 2 dFku izFke dFku dk lgh O;k[k djrk gSA

Q.31 : Which of the following pair is not correctly matched.

(A) Anthropology – Cultural Geography
 (B) Ecology- Human Ecology
 (C) Pedology – Soil Geography
 (D) Meteorology – Geomorphology

fuEufyf[kr tksM+ksa esa ls dkSu lk lqesfy ugh gS \

(A) ekuo “kkL=& lkaLd`fr Hkwksy
 (B) ikfjLFkfr foKku& ekuo Hkwksy
 (C) e`nk foKku& e`nk Hkwksy
 (D) ekSle foKku& Hkw&vkd`fr foKku

Q.32 : “The tiny ball exploded violently.

This led to huge expansion,

This mention line is related to theory of

(A) Steady State (B) Binary Theory

(C) Big Bang Theory (D) Nebular hypothesis

^^vfr NksVs xksyd esa Hkh`k.k foLQksV gqvka bl izdkj dh foLQksV izfØ;k ls o`gr foLrkj gqv**

mijksDr o.kZfur dFku bl fl)kar ls tqM+k gSA

(A) fLFkj voLFkk (B) }Srkjd fl)kUr
 (C) fcx cSax fl)kUr (D) uhgkfjd ifdYiuk

Q.33 : Pluto was considered a dwarf planet in the year of-

(A) August 2006 (B) August 2007
 (C) August 2008 (D) August 2009

bl o`kZ ly~Vks xzg dks cksus xzg ekuk x;k Fkk

(A) vxLr 2006 (B) vxLr 2007
 (C) vxLr 2008 (D) vxLr 2009

Q.34 : An instrument who records earthquake waves called.

(A) Seismograph (B) Polygraph
 (C) Ecograph (D) Line graph

Hkwdeih; rjaxkas dks vfHkysf[kr djus okyk ;a= gSA

(A) lhLeksxzkQ (B) ikWyhxxzkQ
 (C) bdkxxzkQ (D) ykbZuxzkQ

Q.35 : The shadow zone of earthquak is

(A) 105° to 145° (B) 106° to 146°
 (A) 107° to 147° (B) 108° to 148°

Hkwdeih; dk Nk;k {ks= gSA

(A) 105° to 145° (B) 106° to 146°
 (A) 107° to 147° (B) 108° to 148°

Q.36 : Match the column I with column II and choose the correct option.

Column I	Column II
I. Abraham ortelivs	German Meteorologist
II. Altred Wegener	Computer Programme
III. Bullard	Convection current
IV. Arthur Holmes	Dutch Map Maker

	I	II	III	IV
A.	4	1	2	3
B.	3	4	1	2
C.	1	2	3	4
D.	2	3	4	1

dkWye I dks dkWye II Is lqesfyr dhft, vkSj fn;s x;s fodYiksa dh lgk;rk Is lgh fodYi pqfu;sA

dkye I		dkye II		
I	vczkge vkWjVsfy;l	1.	teZu ekSle fcUnq	
II	vYYsM osxuj	2.	dEI;wVj izksxzke	
III	cqyMZ	3.	laogu /kkjk	
IV	vFkZj gksEI	4.	Mp ekufp= osRrk	
	I	II	III	IV
A.	4	1	2	3
B.	3	4	1	2
C.	1	2	3	4
D.	2	3	4	1

Q. 37 : Pangaea first broke into two large continental Masses.

- (A) Laurasia (B) Gondwana Land
(C) Both A and B (D) None of them
iSft;k igys nks cM+s egk}hiksa fiaMks esa foHkkftr gqvka
(A) ykjsf"k;k (B) xksaMokuk ySaM
(C) nksuksa A vkSj B (D) buesa Is dksbZ ugh

Q. 38 : Non ferrous metals are

- (A) Copper Zinc
(A) Aluminium All of these
vykSfgd /kkq gSA
(A) rkez (B) ftad
(C) ,Yehfu;e (D) ;g lHkh

Q. 39 : Which of the following column is not matched correctly ?

- (A) Mechanically formed- Sand stone
(B) Organically forward- Coal
(C) Chemically formed- Line stone
(D) Physically formed – Granite

fuEufyf[kr esa Is dkSu&lk dkWye lgh lqesfyr ugh gSA

- (A) ;kaf=dh :i Is fufeZr& ckyw iRFkj
(B) dkcZfud :i Is fufeZr&dks;yk
(C) jlk;fud :i Is fufeZr&pwuk iRFkj
(D) HkkSfrd :i Is fufeZr&xzsukbZV

Q. 40 : Consider the following statement and choose the correct answer from the given options.

I- The Himalayas have acted as formidable physical barrier.

II- It has contributed towards the involving of a unique regional identity of the Indian sub continent.

Options:-

- (A) Only statement I is correct
- (B) Only statement II is correct
- (C) Both the statement are incorrect
- (D) Both statements are corrected statement II correctly explains statement I

fuEufyf[kr ij fopkj djsa vkSj fn;s x;s fodYiksa esa ls lgh mRrj dk p;u djsaA

- (I) fgeky; etcwr HkkSfrd vojks/kd dh Hkwfedk fuHkkrk jgk gSA
- (II) fgeky; ioZr us Hkkjrh; miegk}hi dks ,d vf}rh; {ks=h; igpku LFkknfir djus esa lgk;rk nh gSA

fodYi

- (A) dsoy dFku I lgh gSA
- (B) dsoy dFku II lgh gSA
- (C) dsoy dFku III lgh gSA
- (D) nksuksa dFku lgh gS vkSj dFku II dFku I dh lgh O;k[k;djrk gS

Q. 41 : Capitals on tropic of cancer from east to west are -

- (A) Aizawal, Agartala, Ranchi, Bhopal, Gandhinagar.
- (B) Agartala, Aizawal, Ranchi, Bhopal, Gandhi nagar
- (C) Aizawal, Agartala, Bhopal, Ranchi, Gandhi nagar
- (D) Gandhi nagar, Bhopal, Ranchi, Agartala, Aizwal.

ddZ js[kk ij fLFkr jkt/kkf; k; iwoZ ls if'pe gSA

- (A) vkbtksy] vxjryk] jkaph] Hkksiky] xka/kh uxj
- (B) vxjryk] vkbZtksy] jkaph] Hkksiky] xka/kh uxj
- (C) vbtksy] vxjryk] Hkksiky] jkaph] xka/kh uxj
- (D) xka/kh uxj] Hkksiky] jkaph] vxjryk] vkbZtksy

Q. 42 : Which south Indian state had a same capital.

- (A) Telangana
- (B) Andra Pradesh
- (C) Punjab
- (D) Both A & B

fdl nf{k.k Hkkjrh; jkT; dh jkt/kkuh ,d gS

- (A) rsyaxkuk
- (B) vka/kz izns"k
- (C) iatkc
- (D) ;g nksuksa A vkSj B

Q. 43 : The Length of Indus river in India is about.

- (A) 1114 km
- (B) 1215 km
- (C) 1350 km
- (D) 1410 km

Hkkjr esa fla/kq unh dh yEckbZ gS

- (A) 1114 km
- (B) 1215 km
- (C) 1350 km
- (D) 1410 km

Q. 44: Gaumukh place is in district of Uttarakhand is

- (A) Uttarkashi
 - (B) Tehri
 - (C) Chamoli
 - (D) Rudra Prayag
- xkse[k LFkku mRrjk[k.M ds bl ftys esa gS
- (A) mRrjkd{kh
 - (B) Vsgjh
 - (C) pekSyh
 - (D) :nziz;kx

Q. 45 : The river Mandakini also called

- (A) Kali ganga
 - (B) Vishnu Ganga
 - (C) Chandra Bhaga
 - (D) Dhauli
- eankfduh unh dk nwlj k uke gSA
- (A) dkyh xaxk
 - (B) fo'.kq xaxk
 - (C) panz Hkkxk
 - (D) /kkSyh

Q. 46 : Gandhi Sagar has constructed on.

- (A) Chambal River
- (B) Betwa River

- (C) Narmada (D) Tapi River
 xka/kh lkxj cka/k cuk;k x;k gSA
 (A) pEcy unh (B) csrok unh
 (C) ueZnk unh (D) rkih unh

Q. 47 : In Nepal Himalayas this River is known as the Goriganga.

- (A) Sarda River (B) Kali River
 (C) Kosi River (D) Gandak River
 usiky fgeky; bl unh dks xkSjh xaxk ds uke ls tkuk tkrk gSA
 (A) "kkjnk unh (B) dkyh unh
 (C) dkslh unh (D) xaMd unh

Q. 48 : Once a river known as the sorrow of Bengal is

- (A) Damodar River (B) Tista River
 (C) Ganga River (D) Hugli River

,d tekusa esa bl unh dks ^^caxky dk "kksd** ekuk tkrk Fkk\

- (A) neksnj unh (B) rhLrk unh
 (C) xaxk unh (D) gqxyh unh

SECTION - C

Source based questions.

Question Number 49 to 52 are compulsory to attempt

India was a large island situated off the Australian coast in vast ocean. The Tethys sea separated it from the Asia Continent till about 225 million years ago. India is supposed to have started her northward Journey about 200 million years ago at the time when Pangaea broke. India collided with Asia about 40-50 million years ago causing rapid uplift of the Himalaya. About 140 million years before present true sub continent was located as south as 50°s, Latitude. The two major plates were separated by the tethys sea and the Tibetan block was closer to the Asiatic landmass, During the movement of the Indian Plate towards the Eurasian plate a major event that occurred was the outpouring of Lava and formation of the deccan traps.

Q. 49: Indian have started her north ward journey in year ago.

- (A) 200 million years (B) 300 million years
 (C) 400 million years (D) 225 million years

Q. 50 : India colloided with Asia about

- (A) 30-40 million years (B) 40-50 million years
 (C) 50-60 million years (D) 30-60 million years

Q. 51 : The two major plates were separated by which sea

- (A) Tethys Sea (B) Indian Sea
 (C) Arabian Sea (D) Red sea

Q. 52 : During the movement of the Indian plate towards the Eurasian state Major event was.

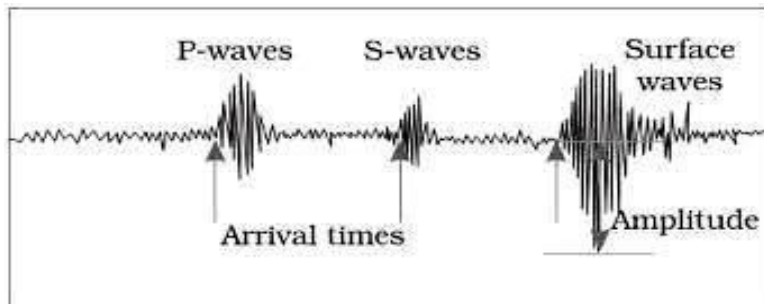
- (A) Origin of Deccan traps (B) Northern Plains
 (C) Origin of Arabian Sea (D) Origin of island

Hkkjr ,d o`gr~ }hi Fkk tks vkLVs<sup>a</sup>fy;kbZ rV ls nwjs ,d fo"kkky egklkxj esa fLFkr Fkk yxHkx 22-5 djksM+ o`kZ igys rd VsFkhl lkxj bls ,f"i;k; egk}hi ls vyx djrk Fkk ,slk ekuk tkrk gS fd yxHkx 20 djksM+ o`kZ igys tc iSft;k foHkDr gqvk rc Hkkjr us mRrj fn"kk dh vksj f[klduk vkjEHk fd;kA yxHkx 4 ls 5 djksM+ o`kZ igys Hkkjr ,f"i;k; ls Vdj;k; o ifj.kke Lo:i fgeky; ioZr dk mRFkku gqvkA vkt ls yxHkx 14 djksM+ o`kZ igys ;g mi egk}hi lqnmw nf{k.k esa 50° nf{k.kh v{kka"i ij fLFkr Fkka bu nks izeq[k lysVksa dks VsFkl lkxj vyx djrk Fkk vkSj frCcrh; [k.M ,f"i;k;kbZ LFky [k.M ds djhc Fkka Hkkjrh; lysV ds ,f"i;k;kbZ lysV dh rjQ izokg ds nksjku ,d izeq[k ?kVuk ?kVh og Fkh ykok izokg ls MsDdu V^asi dk fuekZ.k gksuka

- Q.49. Hkkjr us viuh mRrj dh vksj ;k=k fdl o'kZ esa "kq: dh FkhA
 (A) 20 djksM+ o'kZ (B) 30 djksM+ o'kZ
 (C) 40 djksM+ o'kZ (D) 25 djksM+ o'kZ
- Q.50. ,f'k;k ls Hkkjr Vdj;k;k FkkA
 (A) 30&40 djksM+ o'kZ igys (B) 40&50 djksM+ o'kZ igys
 (C) 50&60 djksM+ o'kZ igys (D) 30&60 djksM+ o'kZ igys
- Q.51. nks izeq[k lysVksa dks fdl leqnz }kjk vyx fd;k x;k FkkA
 (A) VsfFkl lkxj (B) Hkkjrh; lkxj
 (C) vjc lkxj (D) yky lkxj
- Q.52. ;wjsf'k;u lysV dh vksj Hkkjrh; lysV dh xfr ds nkSjku izeq[k ?kVuk Fkh \
 (A) MsDdu V^asi dh mRifRr (B) mRrjh eSanku dh mRifRr
 (C) vjc lkxj dh mRifRr (D) }hiksa dh mRifRr

GRAPH BASED QUESTION

- Attempt any 3 questions from the following questions 53-56
- Study the given diagram carefully and answer the following questions.



- Q. 53 : This diagram is related to-
 (A) Earthquake (B) Tsunami
 (C) Valcano (D) Land slide
 ;g fp= fdl izkd`frd ?kVukvksa ls lEcaf/kr gSA
 (A) HkwdEi (B) lqukeh
 (C) Tokykeq[kh (D) Hkw&L[kyu

- Q. 54 : "P" waves means
 (A) Primary waves (B) Polar waves
 (C) Prime waves (D) Past waves

- ^^P** rjaxksa dk vFkZ gS
 (A) izkFkfed rjaks (B) /kqoh; rjaks
 (C) izeq[k rjaks (D) iwoZ rjaks

- Q. 55 : "S" waves means
 (A) Secondary waves (B) Sector waves
 (C) Side waves (D) Single waves

- "S" rjaxksa dk vFkZ gS&
 (A) f}rh;d rjaks (B) lsDVj rjaks
 (C) fdukjk rjaks (D) ,dy rjaks

- Q. 56 : Identity the scale in picture

- (A) Richter Scale (B) Small scale
(C) Large scale (D) E.C.G Scale

fp= esa fn;s x, LdSy dks igpkfu,A

- (A) fjDVj LdSy (B) NksVk LdSy
(C) cM+k LdSy (D) E.C.G. LdSy

importance of west flowing small rivers	
River	Catchment area sq.km
Sabarmati	21,674
Mahi	34,842
Dhandhar	2,770
Kalinadi	5,179
Sharavatti	2,029
Bharathapuzha	5397
Periyar	5243

Q. 57 : Which River has largest catchment Area.

- (A) Sabarmati (B) Mahi
(C) Kalinadi (D) Bharathpuzha
fdl unh dk fo"kkky tyxzg.k {ks= gS
(A) lkcjerh (B) ekgh
(C) dkyfanh (D) Hkjriw>k

Q. 58 : Which River has smallest catchment Area.

- (A) Dhandhar (B) Sharavati
(C) Kalinadi (D) Periyar

fdl unh dk lcls de tyxzg.k {ks= gS \

- (A) <k<+j (B) "kjkorh
(C) dkyh unh (D) isfj;kj

Q. 59 : The Periyar river is in the state of

- (A) Gujrat (B) Maharashtra
(C) Karnataka (D) Kerala
isfj;kj unh fdl jkT; esa fLFkr gS\
(A) xqtjkr (B) egkjk'Va
(C) dukZVd (D) dsjyk

Q. 60 : Which river had largest catchment area in west flowing small rivers.

- (A) Sabarmati (B) Mahi
(C) Bharathpuzha (D) Both A & B
if"pe dh vksj cgus okyh NksVh ufn;ksa esa lcls T;knk ty xzg.k {ks= gSA
(A) lkcjerh (B) ekgh
(C) Hkjriw>k (D) nksuksa A vkSj B