Key: Repeated step, Section header

## When kit arrives:

- 1. Acquire 100% ethanol, 100% isopropanol, and a 24:1 chloroform: isoamyl alcohol solution.
- 2. Dilute DNA Wash Buffer with 100% ethanol as follows and store at room temperature.

Kit	100% Ethanol to be Added
D3373-00	6 mL
D3373-01	60 mL
D3373-02	100 mL per bottle

3. Dilute HBC Buffer with 100% isopropanol as follows and store at room temperature.

Kit	100% Isopropanol to be Added
D3373-00	1.6 mL
D3373-01	10 mL
D3373-02	32 mL

## Before starting an extraction:

- 1. Set water baths or heat blocks to 60°C and 70°C.
- 2. Heat elution buffer to 70°C.

## Extraction

- 1. Take a whole flash-frozen oyster, pulverize to powder in a mortar and pestle
- 2. Weigh out 30 mg of powder and put into a clean 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube
- 3. Add 350 µL ML1 Buffer and 25 µL Proteinase K Solution. Vortex to mix thoroughly.
- 4. Incubate at 60°C for 1 hour (check in 30 min, add 30 if large chunks)
- 5. Add 350 μL chloroform: isoamyl alcohol (24:1). Vortex to mix thoroughly.
- 6. Centrifuge 10,000 x g for 2 minutes at room temperature.
- 7. Transfer the UPPER AQUEOUS LAYER to a clean 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube. Avoid the milky interface/pellet that contains contaminants and inhibitors.

  Note: If the upper aqueous phase is SMALL after centrifugation, add 200 uL ML1 Buffe.
  - Note: If the upper aqueous phase is SMALL after centrifugation, add 200  $\mu$ L ML1 Buffer and vortex to mix thoroughly. Repeat Step 5 (centrifugation) and Step 6 (transfer the upper aqueous phase).
- 8. Add equal volume of BL Buffer and 10  $\mu$ L RNase A. Vortex at maximum speed for 15 seconds.

- Note: For example, to 350  $\mu L$  upper aqueous solution from Step 6, add 350  $\mu L$  BL Buffer.
- 9. Incubate at 70°C for 10 minutes.
- 10. Cool the sample to room temperature.
- 11. Add that same volume (from steps 8 and 6) of 100% ethanol. Vortex at maximum speed for 15 seconds.
- 12. Insert a HiBind® DNA Mini Column into a 2 mL Collection Tube.
- 13. Transfer 750 μL sample from Step 9 (including any precipitate that may have formed) to the HiBind® DNA Mini Column.
- 14. Centrifuge at 10,000 x g for 1 minute.
- 15. Discard the filtrate and reuse the collection tube.
- 16. Repeat Steps 13-15 until all of the sample has been applied to the HiBind® DNA Mini Column (2 -3 washes)
- 17. Discard the filtrate and the Collection Tube.
- 18. Insert the HiBind® DNA Mini Column into a new 2 mL Collection Tube.
- 19. Add 500 μL HBC Buffer (make sure it's been diluted, see **When kit arrives**)
- 20. Centrifuge at 10,000 x g for 30 seconds.
- 21. Discard the filtrate and reuse the Collection Tube.
- 22. Add 700 µL DNA Wash Buffer. (make sure it's been diluted, see When kit arrives)
- 23. Centrifuge at 10,000 x g for 1 minute.
- 24. Discard the filtrate and reuse the Collection Tube.
- 25. Repeat Steps 21-23 for a second DNA Wash Buffer wash step.
- 26. Centrifuge the empty HiBind® DNA Mini Column at maximum speed for 2 minutes to dry the membrane.
  - Note: It is critical to remove any trace of ethanol that may otherwise interfere with downstream applications.
- 27. Transfer the HiBind® DNA Mini Column to a nuclease-free 1.5 or 2 mL microcentrifuge tube (not provided).
- 28. Add 50-100 μL Elution Buffer (or sterile deionized water) preheated to 70°C. Note: Smaller elution volumes will increase DNA concentration but decrease yield. Elution volumes greater than 200 μL are not recommended.
- 29. Let sit at room temperature for 2 minutes.
- 30. Centrifuge at 10,000 x g for 1 minute.
- 31. Repeat Steps 28-30 for a second elution step.

Note: Any combination of the following steps can be used to help increase DNA yield.

- a. After adding the Elution Buffer, incubate the column for 5 minutes.
- b. Increase the elution volume.
- c. Repeat the elution step with fresh Elution Buffer (this may increase the yield, but decrease the concentration).

- d. Repeat the elution step using the eluate from the first elution (this may increase yield while maintaining elution volume).
- 32. Store DNA at -20°C.