History of the World Research



History of Civilisation Research

Notes

200000 - 5500 BCE

5499 - 1000 BCE

999 - 500 BCE

499 - 1 BCE

1 CE - 500 CE

501 CE - 750 CE

751 CE - 1000

1001 - 1250

<u>1251 - 1500</u>

<u>1501 - 1600</u>

<u>1601 - 1700</u>

<u>1701 - 1800</u>

<u>1801 - 1900</u>

1901 - Present

References

Notes

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-Prakrit -> Sanskrit (1500-1350 BCE)
                                -6th Dynasty of Egypt
                          -Correct location of Jomon Japan
                          -Correct Japan and New Zealand
                             -Correct location of Donghu
                             -Remove "Armenian" label
                                     -Add D'mt
                             -Remove "Canaanite" label
                                 -Change Gojoseon
                           -Etruscan conquest of Corsica
                        -322: Southern Greece to Macedonia
                          -Remove "Gujarati" label (to 640)
                          -Genoa to Lombards 651 (not 750)
                        Add "Georgian" label from 1008-1021
                     -Rasulids should appear in 1228 (not 1245)
                         -Provence to France 1481 (not 1513)
                       -Yedisan to Ottomans in 1527 (not 1580)
                    -Cyprus to Ottoman Empire in 1571 (not 1627)
                     -Inner Norway to sweden in 1648 (not 1721)
-N. Russia annexed 1716, Peninsula annexed in 1732, E. Russia annexed 1750 (not 1753)
                        -Scania to Sweden in 1658 (not 1759)
                      -Newfoundland appears in 1841 (not 1870)
                                   -Sierra Leone
                                       -Kenva
            -Sao Tome and Principe gain independence in 1975 (not 2016)
                           -Correct Red Turban Rebellion
                                    Ab = Abhiras
                                  Aby = Abyssinia
                                  Agh = Aghlabids
                               Al = Caucasian Albania
                                   Ala = Alemania
                                Andh = Andhrabhrtya
                                    Arz = Arzawa
                                   Arm = Armenia
                                   Ash = Ashanti
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Ask = Assaka Assy/As = Assyria At = Atropatene Aus = Austria Av = Avanti

Ayu = Ayutthaya

Az = Azerbaijan

Bab = Babylon

Bami = Bamiyan

BCA = British Central Africa Protectorate

Bn = Bana

BNW = Barotseland Northwest Rhodesia

Bo = Bohemia

BP = Bechuanaland Protectorate

Bu = Burgundy

C = Chetiya

Cam = Cambodia/Cameroon

Cap = Cappadocia

Cat = Catalonia

Cha = Chandellas

Cher = Chernigov

Chb = Chobanids

Cy = Cyrenaica

Cz = Czech Republic

Da = Damascus

Dby = Dabuyid Dynasty

Dn = Danishmends

Das = Dasarna

Do = Dorians

Dk = Dakshinpatha

DR = Dominican Republic

EAP = East Africa Protectorate

EG = East Germany

EK = East Kushan

ES = El Salvador

Esh = Eshnunna

Et = Etruscan Civilisation

FJ = Futa Jallon

Fra = Franks/Francia

FT = Futa Toro

Gaha = Gahadavala

Gal = Galicia

Go = Gojoseon

Gor = Gordene

Gov = Govindapala

Gre = Greco-Bactria

Gd = Godavari

Gu = Gupta Empire

Gui = Guizhou

GV =Galicia-Volhynia

H = Himyarite Civilisation

Haya = Hayasha

Had = Hadhramaut

Hamm = Hammadids

Hgy = Hungary

Hit = Hittite

Hrp = Hariphunchai

IC= Ivory Coast

Illy = Illyrians

IGK = Indo-Greek Kingdom

Is = Israel

IS = Indo-Sythia(ians)

IT = Indian Territory

Ju = Judah

Kai = Kaicanan

Kal = Kalachuris

Kam = Kamerun

Kap = Kapisa

Kas = Kashi

Khan = Khandesh

Khwr = Khwarezm

Ki = Kosambi

KTS = Kingdom fo the Two Sicilies

Lit = Lithuania

Kash = Mashmir

Kos = Kosala

Koy = Koyunlu

Kyg = Kygristan

Len = Lennatos

Les = Lesotho

Lo = Lotharingia

Ld = Lydia

Lom = Lombards/Lombardy

Lyc = Lycia

Ma = Macedon

Mal = Malawi

Man = Mannaeans

Mat = Matsya

Mat = Mathura

Me = Mewar

Mi = Minsk

Mih = Mihrabanids

Mis = Missisippi

Mg = Magha

MI = Moldavia

Moc = Morocco

Mor = Great Moravia

Mos = Mosul

Mu = Multan

My = Mysore

Muzz = Muzzaffarids

Mw = Malwa

NCP = Niger Coast Protectorate

Ng = Nagas

Nge = Ngoenyang

NL = Netherlands

Nya = Nyasaland

Os = Osroene

Otr = Ostrogoths

Pa = Panchala

Pal = Palmyra

Pan = Panchala

Par = Paramara

Pb = Prabang

Pei = Peithon son of Agenor

Pech = Pechengs

Per = Pereyaslavl

Phr = Phrygia

Pol = Poland

Polo = Polosk

Qara = Qarakhanids

Qtr = Qatar

Ratt = Rattanakosin

Rom = Romania

R&N = Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland

Sam = Samarkand

Sax = Saxony

Se = Serbia

Sh = Shu

Sig = Siguri

Sing = Singapore

SI = Slovakia

Smo = Smolensk

SN = Southern Nigeria Protectorate SR = Southern Rhodesia

Swa = Swaziland

Sya = Syagrius

Ta = Tabal

TCL = Tati Concessions Land

Thu = Thuringia

Tou = Touculeur Empire

Tj = Tajikistan

TJ = Transjordan

Tra = Transylvania

Trip = Tripolitania

Ud = Udyana

Urar = Urartu

UV = Upper Volta

Uzbek = Uzbekistan

Vas = Vaspurkan

Vien = Vientiane

Vijay = Vijayanagaras

Vol = Volhynia

Wash = Washington Territory

WG = West Germany

WRE = Western Roman Empire

Ws = Wassoulou Empire

WT = Wang Tiao

Wyo = Wyoming

Youd = Youdheya

Ym = Yemen

Yugo = Yugoslavia

Ze = Zeta

6000: 11m

4000: 28m

2000: 72m

1300: 100m

1000: 115m

800: 130m

000. 100111

500: 150m

323: 165m

200: 170m

1: 188m

200: 202m

400: 209m 500: 210m 650: 215m 712: 225m 800: 240m 907: 270m 1000: 295m 1100: 350m 1206: 390m 1300: 400m 1345: 425m 1353: 375m 1400: 400m 1492: 450m 1530: 490m 1600: 578m 1650: 620m 1715: 700m 1763: 850m 1783: 950m 1812: 1.05bn 1824: 1.10bn 1848: 1.23bn 1861: 1.27bn 1871: 1.31bn 1900: 1.65bn 1914: 1.8bn 1923: 1.9bn 1938: 2.25bn 1945: 2.38bn 1950: 2.52bn 1962: 3.15bn 1975: 4.06bn 1991: 5.39bn 2010: 6.91bn 2016: 7.43bn

History of the World, History of India, History of East Asia, Drex's List, Southeast Asia, Centennia, History of Africa, Arctic, South America, Central America

GalacticPenguinTV

EmperorTigerstar DavidJL1234

David (Serbian one)

Starios

Suomi

Stav

Drex

Jake

200000 - 5500 BCE

200000: Modern humans appear. 130000: Sub-Saharan Africa settled

100000: Sangoan culture in Central Africa (Uganda, Zambia) Ascendentes of current Khoisan

10000: Egypt and Middle East settled

70000: The whole of South Asia is settled

70000: Sangoan Culture develops

60000 (Some say 40000): Australia is settled

45000: Humans start to enter into Europe

39000: Châtelperronian culture appears

37000: Châtelperronian supplanted by Aurignacian culture

36000: Baradostian culture appears

30000: Last Neanderthals die out in Gibraltar; the whole of Europe is now settled by Modern

Humans

29000: Aurignacian culture supplanted by Gravettian culture

25000: Siberia settled

20000: Gravettian culture supplanted by Solutrean culture

20000: Son Vi culture appears

18000: Sangoan culture ends

18000: Zarzian culture supplants Baradostian culture

18000: Humans cross Beringia into America

18000: Kebaran culture appears

15000: Solutrean culture supplanted by Magdalenian culture

14000: Jomon culture appears

14000: Trialetian culture appears

12500: Kebaran culture supplanted by Natufian culture

12000: Humans reach Tierra del Fuego, ending the settling of the Americas

12000: Son Vi culture ends

11500: Clovis culture appears

11000: Swiderian culture appears

10200: Natufian culture supplanted by Khiamian culture

- 10000: Azilian culture supplants Magdalenian in Spain
- 10000: Capsian culture appears
- 10000: Komsa culture appears
- 10000: Afro-Asiatic culture appears [REF. 5]
- 9500: Agassiz Lake appears
- 9000: Faiyum A culture appears
- 8800: Khiamian culture supplanted by Harifian (Palestinia) and Pre-Pottery Neolithic (Syria)
- 8800: Zarzian supplanted by Pre-Pottery
- 8500: Magdalenian culture supplanted by Sauverrian culture
- 8500: Neolithic in China appears [REF. 6]
- 8500: Clovis supplanted by Folsom
- 8300: Komsa culture supplanted by Fosna-Hensbacka culture
- 8200: Swiderian culture supplanted by Neman culture
- 8000: Harifan supplanted by Pre-Pottery Neolithic
- 8000: Jeulmun Pottery culture appears
- 8000: Kunda culture appears
- 8000: Las Vegas culture appears
- 8000: Plano culture appears
- 7800: Maglemosian culture appears
- 7500: Anatolian Neolithic appears
- 7500: Lepenski Vir culture appears
- 7500: Afro-Asiatic culture expands to Lower Egypt
- 7500: Agassiz Lake ends
- 7400: Neolithic in China ends
- 7300: Fosna-Hensbacka culture ends
- 7000: Baltic Sea reaches its current shape
- 7000: Neolithic in China appears
- 6800: Greek Neolithic appears
- 6700: Azilian supplanted by Iberian Capsan culture
- 6600: Mehrgarh culture appears
- 6500: "Green Sahara" period ends
- 6500: Neolithic in China expands to Yellow River
- 6400: Gravettian culture supplanted by Cardium Pottery culture
- 6400: Pre-Pottery culture supplanted by Yarmukian in Canaan
- 6200: Doggerland disappears
- 6200: Xinglongwa culture appears
- 6100: Pre-Pottery Neolithic in Assyria and Syria supplanted by Halaf culture
- 6100: Pre-Pottery Neolithic supplanted by Ubaid in Sumer
- 6100: Karavano culture appears
- 6000: Capsan culture and Iberomaurusian culture supplanted by Berbers
- 6000: Maglemosian culture supplanted by Kongemose culture
- 6000: Sauveterrian culture supplanted by Tardenoisian culture
- 6000: Shulaveri-Shomu culture appears

5499 - 1000 BCE

5600:	Lepenski vir supplanted by Starcevo culture
5500:	Ubaid supplanted by Sumer
5400:	Anatolian Neolithic supplanted by Anatolian Chalcolithic
5300:	Kongemose culture supplanted by Ertebølle culture
5200:	Civilisation develops in Malta
5100:	Halaf culture supplanted by Samarra-Hassuna culture
5050:	Chinchorro culture appears
5000:	Dnieper–Donets culture appears
5000:	Faiyum A culture supplanted by Merimde culture
5000:	Badari culture appears
5000:	Buto culture appears
4900:	Kuk culture appears
4600:	Las Vegas culture ends
	Eneolithic Varna culture appears
4500:	Tasian culture appears
4500:	Dnieper-Donets culture supplanted by Cucuteni-Trypillian culture
4500:	Starcevo culture supplanted by Vinca culture
4500:	Linear pottery culture supplanted by Rössen culture
4400:	Afro-asiatic Neolithic expands into Nubia
4400:	Naqada culture supplants Badari culture
4400:	Kuk culture ends
4400:	Amratian (Naqada I) culture appears
4300:	Merimde culture supplanted by Maadi culture
4200:	Eneolithic Varna culture ends
4200:	Kunda culture supplanted by Pit-Comb Ware culture
4000:	Plano culture ends
4000:	Folsom culture ends
3950:	Karavano culture supplanted by Vinca
3700:	Aspero culture appears
3700:	Maykop culture appears
	Baden culture appears
3500:	Cucuteni-Trypillian culture ends
3500:	Afanasevo culture appears

3500: Las Vegas culture supplanted by Valdivia culture

3500: Yamna culture appears. [REF. 2] 3500: El Paraíso cultures appears 3500: Norte Chico Civilisation appears

- 3500: Amratian (Nagada I) culture supplanted by Gerzeh (Nagada II) culture
- 3400: Globular Amphora culture appears
- 3400: Shulaveri-Shomu culture supplanted by Kura-Araxes culture
- 3300: Ezero culture appears
- 3300: Afro-asiatic supplanted by Nubia
- 3200: Buto supplanted by Early Dynastic Egypt
- 3150: Nagada III culture supplanted by Early Dynastic Egypt
- 3100: Greeks replace Neolithic Greece [REF. 1]
- 3000: Maykop culture supplanted by Yamna culture
- 3000: Vinca culture ends
- 3000: Funnelbeaker culture supplanted by Corded Ware culture. [REF. 2]
- 3000: The Aesti Tribes appear in Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia
- 3000: Vučedol culture appears
- 2900: Okunev culture appears
- 2900: Sumer is advanced civilisation
- 2890: Second Dynasty of Egypt
- 2879: Xích Qu founded
- 2800: Mehrgarh supplanted by Indus Valley
- 2800: Shortugal founded
- 2800: Catacomb culture appears. [REF. 2]
- 2800: Tardenoisian supplanted by Beaker culture
- 2800: Baden culture ends
- 2700: Ezero culture ends
- 2700: Sintashta culture appears
- 2700: Neman culture supplanted by Rzucewo culture
- 2700: Elam appears
- 2686: Third Dynasty of Egypt
- 2675: Sothi-Siswal to Kot Diji
- 2666: Egyptian expansion into the Sinai
- 2650: Amri-Nal to Kot Diji
- 2640: Dab-Sadaat to Kot Diji (Indus Valley culturally united)
- 2640: Expansion along Carmania
- 2630: Expansion into Gujarat
- 2613: Fourth Dynasty of Egypt
- 2600: Butmir culture appears
- 2600: Hassuna supplanted by Ebla, Mari and Assyria
- 2600: Caral appears
- 2550: Dilmun appears
- 2540: Mari to Ebla
- 2540: Minoan Civilisation becomes an advanced culture
- 2524: Xích Qu is supplanted by Van Lang
- 2510: Lac tuang, B chính are taken by Van Lang
- 2500: Canaan appears

- 2500: Mari regains independence
- 2500: Beaker culture expands into Britain
- 2500: Nubia is embryonic civilisation
- 2500: Afanasevo culture supplanted by Andronovo culture
- 2500: Yamna culture supplanted by Srubna culture [REF. 2]
- 2500: Maltese civilisation ends
- 2500: Greeks spread to Thessaly and Lamia
- 2494: Fifth Dynasty of Egypt
- 2450: Helmand culture appears
- 2400: Butmir culture ends
- 2400: Lullubi appears
- 2400: Punt founded
- 2400: Beaker culture is widespread in Britain
- 2350: Corded Ware culture supplanted by Beaker culture. [REF. 2]
- 2344: Egyptian expansion in the Red Sea
- 2300: Magan founded
- 2300: Beaker culture supplanted by Unetice culture (Germania) & Atlantic Corded Ware (Gaul)
- [REF. 2]
- 2300: BMAC culture appears
- 2300: Arameans appear
- 2266: Gutians appear
- 2266: Mari gains independence
- 2200: Qijia culture appears
- 2200: Vučedol culture ends
- 2181: Seventh Dynasty of Egypt; First Intermediate Period
- 2169: Eighth Dynasty of Egypt
- 2160: Ninth Dynasty of Egypt
- 2154: Akkadian Empire to Gutians
- 2152: Nubia is advanced civilisation (Kerma kingdom)
- 2134: Eleventh Dynasty of Egypt (Thebes only)
- 2112: Gutian Dynasty ends; Neo-Sumerian Empire emerges
- 2105: Mari is Neo-Sumerian vassal
- 2100: Okunev culture supplanted by Andronovo culture
- 2100: Sintashta culture supplanted by Catacomb culture
- 2100: Poltavka culture ends
- 2095: Tenth Dynasty of Egypt
- 2070: Xia dynasty appears
- 2055: Lower Egypt to Thebes; Middle Kingdom established
- 2050: Helmand culture supplanted by Jiroft culture
- 2050: Mari to Neo-Sumerian-Empire
- 2047: Gutium destroyed
- 2040: Ebla to Neo-Sumerian Empire
- 2038: Neo-Sumerian gains in Arabia

- 2032: Ur conquers Elam
- 2004: Neo-Sumerian Empire collapses, replaced by Amorite Kingdom
- 2004: Old Assyrian Empire appears
- 2000: Wessex culture appears
- 2000: Minoan conquest of Cyclades
- 2000: Bantu appears
- 2000: Kura-Araxes culture supplanted by Trialeti culture
- 2000: Greeks expand to the rest of Greece (except Macedonia and Thrace), and assimilate the
- Pelasgians
- 2000: Pit-Comb Ware culture ends
- 2000: Caral ends
- 2000: Arameans, Hurrians, Kassites and Hittites appear
- 1991: Twelfth Dynasty of Egypt
- 1950: Kussara founded
- 1913: Egyptian-Nubian War starts
- 1903: Egyptian-Nubian War ends
- 1900: Abashevo culture ends
- 1900: Late Harappa Period
- 1900: Catacomb culture ends. [REF. 2]
- 1900: Cemetery H culture appears
- 1880: Mari gains independence
- 1858: Larsa secedes from Isin
- 1830: First Babylonian Dynasty appears
- 1825: Isin to Larsa
- 1822: Assyrian expansion in Mari
- 1809: Mari to Assyria
- 1803: Thirteenth Dynasty of Egypt
- 1800: Sogdiana and Bactria appear
- 1800: Beaker culture ends
- 1800: Ebla to Yamhad
- 1800: Catacomb culture supplanted by Srubna culture/Timber Grave culture
- 1800: Andronovo culture appears. [REF. 2]
- 1800: Nuragic Civilisation appears
- 1800: Tocharians appear
- 1800: El Paraíso culture ends
- 1800: Chinchorro culture ends
- 1797: Larsa to Babylon
- 1777: Tutal (city) to Assyria
- 1773: Yamhad to Assyria
- 1769: Qatna to Assyria
- 1765: Eshnunna occupied by Elam
- 1762: Eshnunna to Babylon
- 1761: Mari to Babylon

- 1740: Babylonian Empire reduced
- 1732: Sealand Dynasty appears
- 1725: Fourteenth Dynasty of Egypt (Delta)
- 1721: Yamhad gains independence
- 1700: Indus Valley collapses
- 1700: BMAC supplanted by Andronovo
- 1680: Hittite Empire appears
- 1675: Qatna to Yamhad; Kizzuwatna appears
- 1650: Fifteenth Dynasty of Egypt (Delta)
- 1649: Sixteenth Dynasty of Egypt (Thebes)
- 1640: Van lang take the red river valley
- 1635: Mycenaean Civilisation appears
- 1631: Shang Invade Van Lang but fail
- 1600: Unetice culture supplanted by Tumulus culture [REF. 2]
- 1600: Gandhara Grave culture appears
- 1600: Qijia culture supplanted by Xindian culture
- 1600: Vedic culture covers Bengal
- 1595: Yamhad to Hittite Empire
- 1590: Mitanni appears
- 1585: Seventeenth Dynasty of Egypt
- 1583: Fifteenth Dynasty expands against Thebes
- 1580: Theben counteroffensive
- 1570: Eighteenth Dynasty of Egypt; New Kingdom
- 1550: Olmec appears
- 1550: Libu appear
- 1531: Hittite raid against Babylon
- 1531: Babylonian Empire collapses
- 1528: Nubia to Egypt
- 1525: Babylonian expansion
- 1516: Conquest of Sinai
- 1507: Kingdom of Dhanyawadi founded
- 1505: Conquest of Sahara
- 1504: Canaan to Egypt
- 1500: Hayasha-Azzi appears
- 1500: Jorwe culture appears
- 1500: Torrean Civilisation appears
- 1500: Gandhara appears
- 1500: Jeulmun Pottery culture supplanted by Mumum Pottery culture
- 1500: Yaz culture appears
- 1500: Olmec appears
- 1490: Punt is Egyptian vassal
- 1471: Assyria to Mitanni
- 1456: Egypt invades Syria

- 1450: Kamboja appears
- 1450: Canaanites rebel against the Egyptian rule in the Galilee and Syria
- 1425: Cyprus is an embryonic civilisation
- 1400: Wessex culture ends
- 1400: Minoa to Mycenae
- 1400: Andronovo culture ends. [REF. 2]
- 1400: Iberians appear
- 1400: Donghu appear
- 1352: Assyria secedes from Mitanni
- 1350: Anga appears
- 1350: Ugarit gains independence
- 1344: Hittites expand into Anatolia
- 1343: Hittites invade Mitanni
- 1342: Hittites capture Aleppo, Carchemish secedes from Mitanni
- 1341: Hittites conquer Ugarit
- 1340: Hittites conquer Mitanni, but the Mitanni scape into Anatolia
- 1330: Bashan founded
- 1320s: Assyrian expansion west
- 1321: Assyria invades Hittites
- 1320: Mysia founded
- 1316: Assyrian expansion west
- 1313: Assyrian expansion south
- 1300: Valdivia culture supplanted by Chorrera culture
- 1300: Kosala appears
- 1300: Polynesians begin expanding from Papua into the sea
- 1300: Tumulus culture supplanted by Urnfield culture
- 1300: Germans appear
- 1293: Cyprus to Hittites
- 1292: Nineteenth Dynasty of Egypt
- 1290: Hayasa-Azzi supplanted by Arme-Shupria
- 1250: Lycia appears
- 1250: Kashi appears
- 1250: Malla appears
- 1235: Babylonia to Assyria
- 1227: Babylonia is Assyrian vassal
- 1225: Sindhu appears
- 1220: West Anatolian Kingdoms appear
- 1209: Canaan gains independence
- 1206: Babylonia gains independence
- 1200: Srubna culture disappears; Scythians and Cimmerians appear
- 1200: Tumulus culture disappear, Celts, Veneti, Italics, Illyrians and Slavs appear
- 1200: Sabean Kingdom appears
- 1200: Kuru appears

- 1200: Painted Grey Ware culture appears
- 1200: Diauehi appears
- 1200: Edom founded
- 1200: Black and Red ware culture appears
- 1189: Twentieth Dynasty of Egypt
- 1184: Troy to Mycenae
- 1183: Tabal appears
- 1180: Canaanites gain independence
- 1177: Phrygia destroys Hittite Empire
- 1150: Copper Hoard culture appears
- 1130: Vatsa appears
- 1125: Dakshinapatha appears
- 1114: Arme-Shupria supplanted by Nairi
- 1104: Phoenicians colonise Cadiz
- 1100: Vrijji appears
- 1100: Anarta appears
- 1100: Mycenaean Civilisation collapses
- 1079: The Egyptian New Kingdom collapses
- 1070: Kush gains independence
- 1069: Punt collapses
- 1068: Athens appears
- 1050: Mannaeans appear
- 1046: Zhou Dynasty
- 1025: Kingdom of Israel established, with Bet Shean and Jebus as enclaved kingdoms
- 1025: Ammonites conquer Israeli part of Transjordan
- 1007: Judah rebel against Israel
- 1006: Judah conquer Jebus
- 1004: Israel reunited
- 1000: Israel conquer Jebus
- 1000: Surasena appears
- 1000: Illyrian tribes appear
- 1000: Dacian and Thracian tribes appear
- 1000: Talayotic Culture appears
- 1000: Woodland Period appears
- 1000: Kassites supplanted by Iranian tribes
- 1000: Xindian culture ends
- 1000: Chipa culture appears
- 1000: Maya appear

999 - 500 BCE

990: Israel conqueres Bet Shean, the coast of Canaan, Edom, Moab, Ammon and

Aram-Damascus, vassalizes the Philistines, Jaffa and the Kingdom of Hamath

980: D'mt appears

950: Sparta appears

950: Olmec becomes advanced civilisation

950: Kynouria appears

936: Libyan kingdom appears

928: Israel collapses to Israel and Judah. Aram Damascus and Edom gain full independence and conqueres Geshur; Hamath and the Philistines are no longer vassals of Israel; Moab and Ammon remain vassals of Israel

928: The Philistines expand from Jaffa to modern day al-Arish

911: Judah conquer lands in Israel's south

900: Thessaly appears

900: Phoenicia colonizes Sardinia

900: Colchis appears

900: Caral and Aspero supplanted by Chavín culture

900: The whole of Melanesia is settled by the Polynesians

890: Aram-Damascus conquer Geshur

870: Arabs appear

860: Nairi supplanted by Urartu

856: Bit Adini to Assyria

855: Israel regain lost territory from Judah

855: Aram-Damascus occupy the Samarian hills from Israel and lay seige to the city of Samaria

855: Moab rebel against Israel and conquer lands from Israel south to Ammon

854: Israel push back Aram-Damascus and occupy Geshur

851: Israel leave Geshur, Aram-Damascus conquer parts of Israel south to the Yarmuk river

850: Panchala appears

842: Israel regain lands lost by Aram-Damascus in Transjordan

825: Carthage appears

824: Syro-Hittite states gain independence

824: Hama to Assyria

814: Carthage gains independence

810: Macedonia appears

808: Bit Bahiani to Assyria

810: Zhou expansion

800: Palistin to Pattin

800: Urnfield culture supplanted by Proto-Celts [REF. 7]

808: Macedonians and Thracians separate

800: Minor states appear (Dolopia, Aenis, Doris, Ozolian Ocris, Delphi

800: Colchis appears

- 800: Syro-Hittite states are Urartu vassals
- 776: Elis appears
- 775: Chalcidice appears
- 775: Euboea appears
- 771: Quanrong nomads drive the Zhou out of the Wei river valley
- 750: Zakynthos appears
- 750: Zikirti appears
- 750: Germans expand
- 750: Cumae founded as Euboean vassal
- 749: Kush conquers Egypt
- 743: Rhegium founded as Euboean vassal
- 741: Bit Agusi to Assyria
- 740: Ain Dara to Assyria
- 738: Pattin to Assyria
- 737: Luhuti to Assyria
- 734: Syracuse founded as Corinthian vassal
- 730: Libyan kingdom ends
- 729: Rhegium expands to Catania
- 717: Carchemish to Assyria
- 715: Messenia to Sparta
- 714: Sam'al to Assyria
- 713: Tabal to Assyria
- 713: Hilakku to Assyria
- 712: Kammanu to Assyria
- 711: Gurgum to Assyria
- 708: Kummuh to Assyria
- 706: Tarentum founded as Spartan vassal
- 701: Phoenicia is Assyrian vassal
- 700: Other Ionian states appear
- 700: Van lang takes Ngh An and Hà Tinh Provinces
- 700: Corinth appears
- 700: Achaea appears
- 700: Janapada periods ends, replaced with Mahajanapadas
- 700: Matsya appears
- 700: Assaka appears
- 700: Zapotec appears
- 699: Quwê to Assyria
- 695: Siris founded as Ionian vassal
- 690 Metapontum founded as Achaean vassal
- 687: Lydia begins to expand
- 685: Messenia gains independence
- 684: Magadha appears
- 680: Locris established as Sparta vassal

- 678: Duke Wu of Quwo conquers Jin
- 668: Messenia to Sparta
- 667: Byzantium founded as Megara vassal
- 664: 26th Dynasty of Egypt appears as Assyrian vassal
- 664: Syracuse expands to Akrai
- 664: Egypt is Assyrian vassal
- 664: Assyria leaves Kush
- 662: The Di drove the Rong out of Taiyuan
- 660: The Red Di took the capital of the State of Wey but were driven out by Qi
- 654: Egypt expands and takes Cyrenacia
- 651: Jin (under the Quwo dynasty) annexes 16 or 17 smaller states in Shanxi, dominated 38 others (including Geng, Huo, Old Wei, Yu and Western Guo) and absorbed a number of Rong tribes
- 650: Chetiya appears
- 650: Carthage gains independence
- 646: Jin captured and vassilized by Qin
- 643: Syracuse expands to Kasmenai
- 636: Jin declares independence by driving the Di barbarians out of the west of the Yellow river
- 635: Jin gains some land near the royal capital of Zhou after helping them against their rival
- 633: The southern state of Chu besieges Song
- 630: Cyrene founded
- 627: Jin defeats Qin in their attack on Zheng
- 600: Argos is Spartan vassal
- 600: Paestum founded as Athenian vassal
- 600: Massalia founded
- 600: Maya is advanced civilisation
- 600: Chedi appears
- 600: Etruscans expand
- 600: Avanti appears
- 600: Southern India is advanced culture
- 598: Syracuse gains independence
- 598: Syracuse expands to Kamrina
- 594: Jin destroyed the Red Di state of Lushi
- 589: Jin defeats Qi, which had invaded Lu and Wei
- 585: Corinth is Spartan vassal
- 583: Judah annexed to Babylonia
- 575: Final Syracusan expansion
- 570: Cyprus to Egypt
- 559: Magan to Median Empire
- 553: Persis declares independence
- 550: Arcadia is Spartan vassal
- 550: Sao civilisation appears
- 550: Pandyan Kingdom appears

- 550: Sao civilisation appears
- 549: Median Empire to Persia; Achaemenid Empire formed
- 546: Kynouria and Kythera annexed by Sparta
- 545: Siris supplanted by Heraclea (as Athenian vassal)
- 545: Velia established as Ionian vassal
- 545: Carthaginian expansion in Sicily
- 543: Thambapanni Kingdom appears in Sri Lanka
- 541: Jin subjugates the Red Di state of Lushi
- 531: Jin attacks the Xianyu and Fei
- 526: The 6 clans (Fan, Zhonghang, Zhi, Han, Zhao and Wei) which controlled Jin start to fight against each other
- 525: Egypt to Persia
- 523: Sardinia to Carthage
- 517: Persia conquers Gandhara and Kamboja
- 507: Jin gets severely defeated by the Xianyu Di
- 505: Upatissa Nuwara supplants Thambapanni Kingdom
- 505: Peloponnesian League formed
- 500: Zhangzhung culture appears
- 500: Macedonians are properly organised. [REF. 3] (red colour)
- 500: Kuwait fully exposed
- 500: Garamantes appear
- 500: Etruscans reach Po Valley
- 500: Kuntala appears
- 500: Chavin culture appears
- 500: Germans expand

499 - 1 BCE

- 499: Ionian Revolt begins
- 499: Cyprus gains independence
- 494: Ionian Revolt ends
- 494: Rhegium expands to Calacte
- 493: Cyprus to Achaemenid Empire
- 486: A revolt in Egypt occurs
- 483: Revolts in Egypt and Babylonia appear
- 482: Revolt in Babylonia ends
- 481: Revolt in Egypt ends
- 480: Athens occupied by Achaemenid Empire
- 479: Thrace appears
- 479: Achaemenid Empire leaves Athens
- 479: Epirus is embryonic civilisation
- 477: Delian League created

- 471: Arcadia gains independence
- 470: Epirus appears
- 464: Messenia gains independence
- 459: Zakynthos joins Delian League
- 457: Boeotia to Sparta
- 452: Macedonians conquer land. [REF. 3] (orange, light brown is vassalized)
- 452: Macedonians fully hellenized. [REF. 3] (show as Hellenic culture from now on)
- 451: Revolt in Cyprus appears
- 450: The Fan and Zhonghang clans of the Jin are eliminated, Zhi is later on eliminated in a battle against the 3 other clans, Zhi's land gets split and given to the 3 remaining clans, from then on known as the 'Three Jins'
- 449: Revolt in Cyprus ends
- 447: Boeotia gains independence
- 443: Thurii established as Athenian vassal
- 438: Bosporan Kingdom appears
- 413: Shishunaga Empire forms in Magadha
- 412: Kashi to Shishunaga
- 411: Byzantium to Sparta
- 410: Euboea gains independence
- 406: Zhongshan was conquered by the State of Wei
- 405: Anga to Shishunaga
- 404: Egypt gains independence; Twenty-Eighth Dynasty of Egypt
- 403: Sparta wins Peloponnesian War; Athens occupied
- 400: Rhegium expands to Chimaera
- 400: Olmec collapses
- 400: D'mt supplanted by Axum
- 400: D'mt supplanted by Axum
- 398: Twenty-Ninth Dynasty of Egypt
- 397: Carthage annexes Catana
- 396: Rhodes to Persia
- 395: Corinthian War; Sparta reduced
- 389: Rhodes gains independence
- 380: Thirtieth Dynasty of Egypt
- 378: Second Athenian Empire created
- 377: Zhongshan regains its independence
- 375: S. Kosala to Shishunaga
- 371: Peloponnesian League declines
- 369: Messenia annexed by Thebes
- 359: Epirus is Macedonian vassal
- 355: Second Athenian empire ends
- 355: Kalinga appears as Shishunaga vassal
- 351: Revolts in Cyprus and Phoenicia appear
- 350: Chola Kingdom appears

- 350: Hadhramaut appears
- 349: Bosporan Kingdom expands
- 349: Revolt in Phoenicia ends
- 348: Revolt in Cyprus ends
- 345: Nanda Empire succeedes Shishunaga Empire
- 343: Egypt to Achaemenid Empire
- 342: Nanda conquest of northeastern India
- 340: Panchala to Nanda
- 340: Kuru to Nanda
- 338: League of Corinth created
- 337: Anuradhapura supplants Upatissa Nuwara
- 336: Sursena to Nanda
- 336: Vatsa to Nanda
- 336: Chetiya to Nanda
- 335: Sindhu is Nanda vassal
- 334: Anitolia to Macedon
- 332: Egypt to Macedon
- 330: Matsya to Nanda
- 330: Epirus to Macedon
- 329: Avanti to Nanda
- 325: Maurya uprising in Nanda Empire starts
- 325: Kalinga gains independence
- 323: Aetolian Revolt
- 323: Macedonian Empire collapses into Satraps
- 321: Maurya uprising in Nanda Empire is successful and ends
- 320: Mumun Pottery culture supplanted by Jin (Korea) and Gojoseon
- 320 BC: Ptolemaios annexes Judea and Syria
- 316: Eastern Alexandria satraps conquered by Maurya
- 305: Seleucid-Mauryan war starts
- 305: Conquest of southern India by Maurya begins
- 305: Ptolmaic Egypt appears
- 305: Ptolemaic Egypt forms
- 303: Seleucid-Mauryan war ends (Maurya victory)
- 300: Kingdom of Syphax appears
- 300: Kush speaks Nubian
- 300: Conquest of southern India by Maurya ends
- 300: Chorrera culture ends
- 300: Assaka collapses
- 300: Chera Kingdom appears
- 300: Yayoi culture supplants Jomon culture
- 300: Kingdom of Thaton Founded
- 295: Zhongshan is conquered by the State of Zhao
- 290: Assam vassalised by Maurya

- 290: Delphi to Aetolian League
- 280: Achaean League created
- 275: Tamil kingdoms vassalised
- 270: Van lang expands
- 270: Kush supplanted by Meroe
- 261: Kalinga Kingdom invaded by Maurya empire
- 260: Kalinga Kingdom to Maurya empire
- 257: Van lang name changed to Âu Lac
- 256: Bactria declares independence from the Seleucid Empire [REF. 9]
- 250: Germans expand
- 248: Bactria invades Sogdiana
- 245: Sogdiana to Bactria
- 245: Satrap Parthia declares independence from the Seleucid Empire [REF. 9]
- 240: Carthage collapses into political chaos
- 238: The Parni invade Parthia, depose the former Satrap of Parthia and takeover; in the decades that follow, the Parni/Parthians conquered more eastern Seleucid territory
- 235: Parthia invades Greco-Parthia
- 234: Greco-Parthia to Parthia
- 232: Maurya begins to collapse
- 232: Athiyamān gains independence from Maurya
- 232: Southern Maurya vassals break away
- 232: Satavahana begin to break free
- 230: Illyria expands up to the Istria
- 229: First Illyrian war starts
- 228: The Roman protectorate in modern-day Albania formed, Illyrians lose the lands between Bojana and Vojuša rivers.
- 225: Satavahana breaks away from Maurya
- 223: Parthia expands against Seleucid Empire
- 220: Assam lost by Maurya
- 220: Illyrians reconquer territories previously lost to Rome.
- 219: Illyrians lose previously reconquered lands
- 211 BC: Minyue founded
- 210: Au lac wins at Tien Du
- 209: The Seleucid Empire reconquered lands in the east from the Parthians until the Parthians are confined to Parthia; the Parthians accept vassalage to the Seleucids
- 209: Xiongnu confederation founded
- 205: Armenia to Seleucid Empire
- 204: First Macedonian War ends
- 204: Kingdom of Nanyue appears
- 202: Numidia appears
- 200: Garamantes appear
- 200: Ay Kingdom breaks away from Pandyas
- 200: Marshall Islands settled

- 200: Madagascar settled
- 200: Hopewell culture appears
- 200: Maing-Maw and Binaka founded in the respective cities
- 200: CHECK ATLAS
- 196: Second Macedonian War ends
- 195: Satavahana invasion of Narmada begins
- 195: Nanyue takes Minyue, Yelang, and Tongshi
- 192: Satavahana invasion of Narmada ends
- 192: Sparta collapses
- 190: Battle of Magnesia between Rome and the Seleucids; the Parthians come under Bactrian domination
- 188: Roman-Seleucid War ends
- 187: Seleucus IV dies; Bactria expands
- 185: Maurya Empire overthrown by Shunga Empire
- 185: Kalinga gains independence
- 180: Greco-Bactria invades India
- 180: Beikthano established in the respective city
- 179: Nanyue Conquers Au Lac
- 175: Indo-Greek invades Shunga
- 175: Greco-Bactria leaves India (Indo-Greek Kingdom created)
- 174: Xiongnu drives the Yuezhi out of Hexi Corridor, which asserts the presence of the Yuezhi in Western Regions
- 169: Second Illyrian war starts
- 168: Dacian Kingdom appears
- 168: Illyria is conquered by Roman empire.
- 168: Indo-Greek captures Mathura; independent kingdoms in Ganges
- 168: Nabataea and Maan appear
- 167: Parthia shakes off all foreign domination
- 160: Indo-Greek takes Gujarat
- 160: Sophene gains independence
- 155: Indo-Scythia appears
- 150: Indo-Scythian invasion of Indo-Greek
- 150: Donghu to Xiongnu
- 148: Parthians initiate the conquest of Media
- 146: Roman Invasion of Greece
- 146: Mummius Achaicus sacks Corinth and dissolves the Achaean League
- 146: Rome takes control of Greece
- 145: Indo-Scythians annex lower Indus Valley
- 141: Babylonia and Seleucia are conquered by the Parthians
- 140: Hasmonean Kingdom appears
- 139: Atropatene to Parthia
- 138: Indo-Sythia invades Parthia
- 136: Gordyene gains independence

- 135: Minyue invades Nanyue
- 133: Han-Xiongu War begins
- 132: Osroene gains independence
- 131: Adiabene gains independence
- 130: Palmyrene Kingdom gains independence
- 129: Parthian expansion in Arabia
- 128: Han expansion north
- 127: Xiongnu invades Liaoxi and advances to Yanmen
- 127: Han dynasty retakes full control of the Ordos region
- 125: Bactria collapses
- 121: Han dynasty conquers the Yanzhi and Qilian mountain ranges
- 121: Xiongnu tribes of Hunye and Xiutu submitting to the rule of the Han dynasty.
- 119: Han dynasty invades northern regions of Gobi Desert
- 112: Han Dynasty invades Nanyue
- 111: Nanyue is annexed by Han Dynasty
- 111: Han dynasty conquers territory stretching from the Hexi Corridor to Lop Nur
- 110: Shunga counter offensive
- 108: Han dynasty invades Gushi
- 105: Ituraea to Judah
- 103: Kalinga drive into Deccan
- 101: Han dynasty brings Dayuan into submission
- 100: CHECK ATLAS
- 100: Nazca culture appears in South Peru
- 100: Tagaung Kingdom appears
- 100: Chi Tu appears
- 94: Commagene to Armenia
- 91: Gordyene to Armenia
- 90: Indo-Greek takes part of Thar Desert
- 86: Rome sacks Athens
- 87: Osroene to Armenia
- 80: Indo-Sythia invades Thar and Saurashtra
- 80: Han dynasty establishes military colony in Luntai
- 80: Xiongnu attacks Wusun
- 77: Loulan changes name to Shanshan after king got assasinated
- 77: Scythia takes Gandhara
- 75: Scythia takes Ujjain
- 75: Moesia to Rome
- 73: Shunga supplanted by Knava
- 73: Peripheries of ex-Sunga empire invaded by Kalinga and Satavahana; Knava only in Bengal
- 72: Wusun and the Han dynasty invade Xiongnu
- 71: Dingling (with the help of neighboring tribes) revolts against Xiongnu
- 71: Wusun attacks Xiongnu from the west, Dingling from the north, Wuhuan from the east and the Han from the south

- 70: Halin founded
- 69: After the Romans defeat the Parthians and the Armenians, a rump Seleucid kingdom is restored
- 67: Parthia annexes parts of Indo-Scythia
- 63: Seleucia to Rome
- 60: Gushi changes name to Jushi after it fell to the Han dynasty
- 60: Gandhara retaken by Mathura
- 60: Dacia expands west
- 59: Dacia expands west
- 57: Xiongnu civil war breaks loose fragmenting the Xiongnu confederation into many contenders
- 55: Ujjain retaken by Satavahanas
- 55: Thracian coast to Dacia
- 53: Xiongnu becomes a vassal of the Han dynasty
- 51: The Dingling, Hujie and Gekun are defeated by Xiongnu
- 50: Knava shrinks
- 49: Gaul, Hispania and Italy fall to Julius Caesar
- 49: Pharnaces II of Pontus (ruler of the Bosporan Kingdom) seizes Colchis and Lesser Armenia from the Romans
- 48: Pharnaces II conquers the Pontus
- 48: Excluding Pharnaces II's conquests, eastern Roman provinces fall to Julius Caesar
- 48: Dacia expands below Danube
- 47: Pharnaces II is defeated by Julius Caesar
- 46: African provinces of the Roman Empire fall to Julius Caesar
- 46: Roman legions in Hispania Ulterior defect to the Pompeiians
- 45: Julius Caesar defeats the Pompeiians in Hispania Ulterior
- 45: Sextus Pompey retreats to Sicily, with the rest of the Roman Republic having been won by Julius Caesar
- 43: Republican forces (commanded by Julius Caesar's assassins) have control of the eastern provinces of the Roman Empire
- 42: The Republican forces are defeated at the Battle of Philippi
- 42: Nanyue recaptured; Trung Sisters create a kingdom
- 40: Sextus Pompey seizes Sardinia from the Roman Republic
- 40: Parthians, in collaboration with Labienus, conquer the Levant and most of Asia Minor
- 39: The Romans reverse Parthian gains from the previous year
- 38: A subordinate of Sextus Pompey betrays him and hands over Sardinia to the Roman Republic
- 37: The Herodian kingdom replaces the Hasmonean kingdom
- 36: Octavian defeats Sextus Pompey, annexing Sicily to the Roman Republic
- 31: Augustus (Octavian) defeated Mark Antony and Cleopatra
- 30: Egypt to Rome
- 30: Knava invaded by Satavahana; Andhrabhrtya vassal state created
- 27: Roman Republic supplanted by Roman Empire
- 25: Final Dacian expansion

- 12: Indo-Parthian Kingdom appears
- 10: Himyar appears

1 CE - 500 CE

- 1: Germans expand
- 4: Kalinga Invasion of Satavahana begins
- 9: Kalinga Invasion of Satavahana ends
- 9: Han official usurps the throne of the Han, forming a new dynasty named Xin
- 10: Mathura conquers Indo-Greek Kingdom
- 20: Scythian invasion of Satavahana (Narmarda region) begins
- 24: Scythian invasion of Satavahana (Narmarda region) ends; Scythians take Narmarda
- 25: Andhrabhrtya gains independence
- 25: Han rule restored, grip over the Tarim Basin weakened
- 25: Xiongnu gains control over western regions
- 29: Kushan Empire appears
- 35: Western Satraps appear
- 43: Trung Sisters' kingdom falls
- 45: Kushan conquers Kashmir
- 45: Bosporan Kingdom expands
- 46: Thrace conquered by Roman empire
- 46: Numidia to Rome
- 50: Xiongnu confederation falls apart, forming Northern and Southern Xiongnu
- 50: Bi submits to the reign of the Han empire
- 50: Han takes control over Southern Xiongnu under Bi
- 50: Kushan conquers northern Western Satraps
- 53: Satavahana vassalised by Western Satraps
- 58: Kingdom of Pong appears
- 60: Kushan takes Gandhara
- 66: Judean rebels expel and repulse the Romans from Judea
- 68: Romans retake all of northern Judea
- 70: Rest of Judea is reconquered by the Romans
- 68: Kingdom of Funan appears
- 70: Satavahana expands into Kalinga
- 73: Han empire attacks Northern Xiongnu, defeating and pursuing them as far as Lake Berkol
- 74: Han empire retakes Turfan from Northern Xiongnu, resulting in the retreat of Northern Xiongnu to Dzungaria.
- 74: City-states in the Tarim Basin brought under the submission of the Han empire
- 74: Jushi submits to the Han empire, Han empire captures Kashgar
- 74: Kingdoms of Karasahr and Kucha forced to surrender to the Han empire
- 74: Northern Xiongnu invades the Bogda Mountains
- 75: Kosambi to Dasarna

- 78: Kushan invades Indus
- 79: Indo-Parthia is Kushan vassal
- 85: Dingling, together with Xianbei start an uprising against Northern Xiongnu, after that they assimilate with the remaining Northern Xiongnu and Tuoba under a confederacy of a Xianbei chief
- 85: Kushan takes Mathura
- 88: Satavahana breaks free
- 89: Han empire chases Northern Chanyu (leader of the Xiongnu) into the Altai Mountains, Han empire captures Hami
- 89: Han empire conquers rest of Northern Xiongnu, Xiongnu state no longer exists
- 90: Han empire captures Yiwu and receives the surrender of Jushi
- 91: Last remnants of the Northern Xiongnu migrate west towards the Lli River
- 91: The Huns appear near the Caspian Sea
- 94: Southern Xiongnu (under control of Bi) allies with newly subjugated Northern Xiongnu to start a rebellion against the Han
- 95: Panchala and Kosala to Kushan
- 100: Moche culture appears in Northern coastal Peru
- 100: Indochina is advanced culture
- 100: Gangga Negra appears
- 100: Langkasuka appears
- 119: Satavahana retakes Narmarda
- 120: Maingmaw falls
- 121: Western regions collapses
- 127: Kashmir to Kushan Empire
- 130: Indo-Parthian Kingdom annexed by Kushan
- 132: Bar Kokhba's revolt expels Romans from Judea
- 135: Romans reconquer Judea
- 172: Egyptian Revolt in the Nile Delta occurs (only during this year)
- 175: Mathura gains independence
- 180: Dasarna collapses
- 181: Xianbei moves south, the Dingling take their place in the steppe
- 190: Mathura gains against Dasarna
- 192: Champa appears
- 195: Yaudheya gains independence
- 200: Western Satraps weaken
- 200: Qataban to Himyar
- 200: [REF. 10]
- 203: Abhiras gain independence
- 206: Persian Revolt appears
- 216: Southern Xiongnu partitioned into 5 local tribes
- 217: Persian untied under Sassanids; expansion begins
- 219: Parthian Empire destroyed (last-stand in Mesopotamia)
- 220: Satavahana becomes Neo-Satavahanas

- 224: Sassanid Empire established
- 225: Funan-Champa border
- 230: Sassanids take Indus
- 235: Kushan empire collapses and replaced by East Kushans
- 245: Funan expands
- 250: Bura culture appears
- 250: Yayoi supplanted by Japan
- 250: Later Satavahana supplanted by Vakataka & several local states
- 250: Kalabhras appears in Tamil
- 260: Palmyra appears (as vassal of the Roman Empire)
- 261: Palmyra takes the Roman provinces of Syria, Phoenice, Palaestina, Arabia, and Anatolia's eastern regions (still vassal of the Roman Empire)
- 262: Palmyra takes Osroene (including edessa) but still a vassal of the Roman Empire
- 267: Anatolia regained to the Roman Empire and Palmyra is no longer a Roman vassal
- 265: Andhrabhrya supplanted by local princes
- 269: Palmyra takes Roman Egypt & South Eastern Anatolia
- 272: Palmyra loses Egypt, Anatolia, and The Levant (only Syria and Osroene remain)
- 273: All of Palmyra is regained to the Roman Empire
- 275: Saba to Himyar
- 280: Eastern Mathura becomes vassal (Guptas)
- 285: Start of the Roman Diarchy
- 293: Start of the Roman Tetrarchy
- 300: Pan Pan appears
- 300: Ghana Empire appears
- 300: Tiwanaku Empire appears
- 304: Liu Yuan becomes Chanyu of the 5 hordes
- 308: Liu Yuan founds the Han Zhao dynasty in Southern Xiongnu
- 308: Pannonia, Dalmatia, Thrace and Anatolia to Licinius. Greece to Galerius
- 311: Domain of Galerius is annexed by Licinius. Anatolia to Maximinus Daia
- 311: The Han Zhao dynasty (former Southern Xiongnu) captures Luoyang and the emperor Huai of Jin China
- 312: Constantine annexes the domain of Maxentius
- 313: Licinius annexes the domain of Maximinus Daia
- 316: Constantine and Licinius clash near the town of Vinkovci, Croatia.
- 316: Emperor Min of Jin China captured in Chang'an by the Han Zhao dynasty
- 317: Constantine and Licinius clash again near the town of Harmanli, Bulgaria
- 318: Pannonia and Macedonia to Constantine
- 318: North China comes under Xiongnu rule (Han Zhao dynasty), remnants of Jin dynasty survive in the south of Jiankang
- 318: A coup suppressed in the Xiongnu-Han court, Liu Yao renames Hang Zhao to Zhao
- 318: Eastern part of China revolts
- 319: Gupta founded
- 321: Gupta reaches Prayaga

- 324: Domain of Licinius to Constantine
- 327: Dhanyawadi supplanted by Waithali
- 329: Liu Yao dies, Xiongnu dynasty wiped out, North China ruled by the rebel leader Shi Le who names his empire Later Zhao for another 20 years
- 330: Gupta reaches Himalayas
- 335: Northwestern Bengal taken by Gupta
- 336: Champa expands
- 337: The second division of Rome
- 340: Domain of Constantine II to Constans I
- 340: Naga Empire ends
- 340: Beginning of Samudragupta of Gupta's conquests
- 345: Pallava and Kadambas gain independence
- 345: Chutus conquered by Vaktaka
- 350: Greece and Pannonia to Constantius II
- 350: Western Ganga Dynasty appears
- 350: Meroe splits into Notbatia, Makuria and Alodia
- 351: Italy to Constantius II
- 353: Vetranio retakes Italy
- 353: Malavas conquered by Gupta
- 354: Magha conquered by Gupta
- 355: Kalabhras invades Cholas and Pandyas
- 356: Constantius II reunites Rome
- 356: Xionites appear
- 358: Tarumanagara appears
- 360: Abhiras conquered by Gupta
- 363: Gupta invades Bengal
- 364: The third division of Rome
- 364: Dasarna partitioned between Gupta and Vakataka
- 365: Remaining Tamil kingdoms invaded by Kalabhras
- 365: Bengal submits
- 369: Invasion of the South (India)
- 370: The Huns conquer the Alans
- 372: Invasion complete (India)
- 372: The Huns invade Ostrogothic Lands
- 376: Tiefu branch of the Xiongnu gain control over Inner Mongolia as Northern Wei
- 376: The Huns invade Visigothic Lands
- 379: Hun invasion drives Goths to Caucalands
- 386: The Tiefu are destroyed and/or surrendered to the Tuoba, submitting Tiefu gets known as Dugu
- 386: A state called Xia is founded in the Ordos loop by a surviving Tiefu prince
- 390: The Huns dwell beyond the Sea of Azov
- 392: Theodosius reunites Rome
- 395: Huns invade the eastern provinces of the Roman Empire

- 395: Assam vassalised by Gupta
- 395: Final division of Roman Empire
- 400: Iron ages cultures appear in Africa
- 400: Balts and Finnish split
- 400: Licchavi Kingdom appears
- 401: Southern Hunas annexed
- 401: Juqu, a branch of Xiongnu takes control over Northern Liang
- 405: Western Satraps invaded by Gupta
- 406: Hun invasions force Vandals cross the Rhine into Gaul.
- 408: The Huns destroy Roman Thrace
- 409: Western Satraps integrated into Gupta
- 410: Kalinga annexed to Gupta
- 410: Indo-Sassanids supplanted by Hunas
- 420: Vishnukundina Empire appears
- 420: Bernicia appears
- 424: Huns take Volga River
- 425: Amazonians appear
- 425: Vishnukundina expands
- 428: Helian-Xia state is conquered by Northern Liang
- 430: Mauro-Roman Kingdom (or Altava) appears
- 439: Juqu power destroyed by Northern Wei
- 440: Sicily to Vandals
- 441: Huns sack the cities of the province Illyricum
- 450: Kadambas expand north, Vakataka takes remaining Western Coastal Plains region
- 450: Lavo Kingdom appears
- 450: Luba culture appears
- 451: The Huns invade Gaul
- 452: Huns invade Italy
- 453: Hunnic Empire splits into West and East
- 455: Pushyamitra rebellion
- 455: Hunas gains independence
- 455: The Kingdom of Kent appears
- 460: Rouran destroys remnant of Northern Liang
- 461: Pushyamitra rebellion collapses
- 469: Fall of the Hun empire
- 470: Rouran starts a campaign against Khotan, all the statelets in the west submit to Rouran
- 470: The beginning of White Hun raids into India
- 472: Yucheng attacks Northern Wei across the western border
- 471: Ghassanids appear
- 476: West Rome (excluding Dalmatia and Roman Gaul to Odoacer)
- 476 Sicily to Odoacer
- 476: Roman Gaul descends into political anarchy
- 477: Sussex appears

- 480: West Roman Dalmatia to Odoacer
- 484: Huna invades Gupta
- 486: Fragmented Roman Gaul to Franks
- 487: The Fufuluo (a Gaoche tribal group) establish a state northwest of Gaochang
- 489: Dalmatia and Julian Alps to Ostrogoths
- 490: Milan and surroundings east of the river Adda to Ostrogoths
- 490: Sicily to Vandals
- 491: Italy excluding Romagna to Ostrogoths
- 491: Vandals lose Sicily to Ostrogoths
- 493: Romagna to Ostrogoths
- 495: Huna invasions end
- 500: Assam lost
- 500: Carnatic lost
- 500: Ghassanids appear
- 500: Hopewell culture ends

501 CE - 750 CE

- 500: Urdu in use by this point
- 507: Kalinga lost by Vishnukundina
- 508: Provence to Ostrogoths
- 510: Gupta counteroffensive
- 519: Wessex Appears
- 520: Axumite expansion into Arabia
- 520: Axum expands against Himyar
- 521: The Fufuluo penetrate into Rouran territory
- 524: The Fufuluo are repulsed
- 525: Chalukya gains independence
- 527: Essex appears
- 527: Mercia appears
- 528: Hunas driven from India
- 530: Ostrogoths lose all of Pannonia Inferior north of the River Sava to Gepids
- 531: Old Saxony appears
- 534: Praetorian Prefect of Africa appears
- 535: Region surrounding Syracuse to Byzantines
- 536: Sicily, Rhegium, Naples, Rome and Dalmatia to Byzantines
- 536: Provence to Franks
- 538: Rimini to Byzantines
- 539: Emilia-Romagna (excluding region surrounding Ravenna) to Byzantines
- 540: Ravenna to Byzantines
- 542: Faenza, Florence and most of Magna Graecia to Ostrogoths

- 543: Naples to Ostrogoths
- 543: Chalukya conquers Kadambas
- 543: Champa defeated by Chen Dynasty
- 544: Van Xuân appears
- 545: Bumin Qaghan rebels against the Rouran Khaganate, would later become the Turkic Khaganate
- 545: Bumin Qaghan defeated Uyghur and Tiele so he didn't revolt against the Rourans back then but in 552 allying with the Western Wei
- 546: Rome to Ostrogoths
- 547: Rome to Byzantines
- 549: The Gokturks penetrate the Volga, ejecting the Avars, who then flad to the sanctuary of the Hungarian Plain
- 550: Gupta Empire collapses
- 550: Chenla appears as Funan vassal
- 550: Sicily and Rome to Ostrogoths
- 550: East Anglia Appears
- 552: The Turkic/Gokturk khaganate founded by the Ashina clan
- 552: Tuscany, Latium and Rome to Byzantines
- 554: Ostrogothic Kingdom (excluding Pannonia superior north of the Danube and Naples) to Byzantines
- 554: Franks and Alemanni invade northern Italy and are pushed out by 555 (excluding a few strongholds in Brixia and Verona which would hold out until 562)
- 555: Naples to Byzantines
- 555: Pannonia to Lombards
- 558: Sassanid Persia (assisted by the Göktürks) defeat the Hephthalites, region north of Oxus is given to the Göktürks and the south region to the Sassanid Persians
- 559: Deira appears
- 560: Mong Mao founded
- 560: Vakataka supplanted by Kalachuri
- 567: Gepids to Avars
- 568: Lombards abandon Pannonia and invade Northern Italy
- 569: Milan and Tuscany to Lombards
- 570: Duchy of Spoleto (Lombard vassal after 573) to Lombards
- 571: Duchy of Benevento (Lombard vassal after 573) to Lombards
- 572: Pavia to Lombards
- 576: The Göktürks cross the Kerch Strait into Crimea
- 580: The Göktürks raid the Silk Road
- 581: The Göktürks lay siege on Chersonesus
- 584: The Göktürk khaganate splits in 2, the Western Gokturk khaganate and the eastern khaganate
- 587: Slavs rebel against the Byzantine rule.
- 588: Byzantines lose control over entire Morea except Elis and Corinth, Epirus, Thessaly, Macedonia, Moesia and Dalmatia, (Either show it as "Sclaviniae" or just "Slavs" on the map)

- 588: The first Perso-Turkic war begins by an invasion of the Persians
- 589: Sassanid Persia captures Balkh
- 589: Sassanid Persia crosses the Oxus river and repulses the Turkic occupation in the north of

Oxus, taking over former Hephtalite territory, marking an end to the first Perso-Turkic war

- 595: Kalabhras supplanted by Pallava
- 600: Daksina gains independence from Kannauj
- 600: Early settlers coming from the Marquese Islands settle Hawaii
- 602: Van Xuan to Sui Dynasty
- 602: Aquitaine gains independence
- 606: The second Perso-Turkic war begins by an invasion of the Göktürks (assisted by the Hepthalites)
- 606: Harsha appears
- 607: The Göktürks overrun Khorasan and raid to as far as Isfahan but withdrew
- 608: After the withdrewing Göktürks and Hepthalites were defeated, the second Perso-Turkic war marks its end
- 608: Chalukya conquer Vengi
- 608: Persians raid Anatolia
- 610: Later Guptas conquered by Kannauj
- 610: Beikthano falls
- 610: E. Roman Empire officially becomes Greek
- 612: Galuh to Tarumanagara
- 612: Cicilia and Tarsus to Sassanids, severing the Levants land link to Constantinople
- 615: Harsha invades Kalachuri and Gujarat
- 615: The eastern Göktürk khaganate attacked China, surrounding emperor Yang of Sui's army at Yanmen
- 615: Persians reach Chalcedon and besiege it
- 617: Chalcedon falls to the Persians
- 618: Chi Tu falls
- 618: Tibetan Empire forms
- 620: Chalukya invades Kalachuri
- 620: Chalukya annexes everything south of Narmada
- 620: Heraclius changes the language of East Rome from Latin to Greek (this may be a better

date to change it from "Eastern Roman Empire" to "Byzantine Empire" than 476)

- 620(or 622): Ankara falls to the Persians
- 622: Rhodes and other Aegean islands to Persians
- 624: Eastern Chalukyas gain independence
- 626: Samo's uprising
- 626: The eastern Göktürk khaganate advances to Chang'an, and finally reached the bang of the Wei river, forming an alliance with the Tang dynasty
- 627: The third Perso-Turkic war begins by the western Göktürks helping the Byzantines against the Sassanids
- 627: The western Göktürk khaganate (assisted by the Khazars and Byzantines) invades and takes Derbent and Tbilisi

- 627: Byzantines appear in Tigris, clashing with Persian forces, later on the Byzantines ravage the environs of the Persian capital Ctesiphon
- 628: South funan falls; Chenla gains independence and takes it
- 629: Tang annexes eastern Göktürk khaganate territory
- 630: Thanesar is conquered by Harsha
- 630: A revolt of Tiele vassal tribes bring down the Qaghan of the eastern Göktürk khaganate,
- the Tang dynasty defeated the Göktürks at Yinshan which led the Qaghan to flee
- 630: The eastern Göktürk khaganate collapses and gets incorporated by the Tang
- 630: The western Göktürk khaganate invades Armenia
- 630: The Göktürks evacuate from Transcaucasia
- 632: Karasahr, Kashgar and Khotan submit to the Tang as tributary states
- 632: Aguitaine to Francia
- 633: Srihatta conquered by Harsha
- 634: Deira and Bernicia unties into Northumbria
- 635: Kingdom of Yarkand surrenders to Chinese' (Tang) suzerainty
- 638: Ngoenyang appears
- 639: Sinai to Rashidun Caliphate
- 640: Tang dynasty annexes Gaochang
- 640: Tang dynasty annexes Karakhoja
- 640: Arabs reach Armenia
- 640: Eastern Delta to Rashidun Caliphate
- 641: Nile to Rashidun Caliphate
- 642: Arabs launch a raid across the Caucasus
- 642: Western Egypt to Rashidun Caliphate
- 643: Cyrene to Rashidun Caliphate
- 644: Tang dynasty invades and annexes Karasahr
- 645: Greater Syrtis to Rashidun Caliphate
- 647: Harsha's Empire fractures
- 647: Africa to Rashidun Caliphate
- 648: Kucha surrenders to the Tang, surrounding tribes submit to the Tang
- 650: Sriwijaya appears
- 650: Sailendra appears
- 650: Khazar Khaganate appears
- 656: Rebellion in Rashidun Caliphate; Africa to Byzantine Empire, Libyan coast neutral
- 660: Aquitaine gains independence
- 661: Sindh expands
- 661: Rashidun Caliphate supplanted by Umayyad Caliphate
- 662: A western Göktürk rebellion reduces Tang's western extent to Beshbalik in Northern
- Xinjiang, ending direct Tang control of Central Asia beyond the Pamir mountains
- 664: Kalingga appears
- 665: Umayyad expansion in Egypt
- 666: Cyrene to Umayyad Caliphate
- 669 : Tarumanagara disintegrates after Sriwijaya invasion

- 669: Galuh gains independence
- 669: Sunda gains independence
- 670: Libyan Coast to Umayyad Caliphate
- 670: Tibet invades the Tarim Basin
- 671: Ifriqiya to Umayyad Caliphate
- 671: Melayu appears
- 671: Tambralinga appears
- 671: Merv to Umayyad Caliphate
- 672: Umayyad Caliphate reaches Algeria
- 673: Sri Ksetra appears
- 673: Umayyad expansion in Algeria
- 674: Africa to Umayyad Caliphate (except Carthage)
- 675: Umayyad expansion in Algeria
- 677: Umayyad Caliphate reaches Morocco
- 678: Morocco to Umayyad Caliphate (except Tingitana)
- 679: The Göktürks revolt against the Tang dynasty, leading to a second Göktürk khaganate,
- while steadily gaining control over the steppes
- 679: Umayyad Caliphate loses Morocco
- 681: Bulgaria gains independence from Byzantine empire [REF. 4]
- 681: Algeria to Byzantine Empire
- 682: Tunisia and Libyan Coast to Byzantine Empire
- 683: Greater Syrtis to Byzantine Empire
- 685: Srivijaya expands
- 688: Langkasuka to Srivijaya
- 692: Melayu to Srivijaya
- 693: Tang dynasty regains control over the Tarim Basin
- 693: Mauro-Roman Kingdom (or Altava) to Umayyads
- 693: Greater Syrtis to Umayyad Caliphate
- 694: Umayyad expansion into Libyan desert
- 695: Umayyad Caliphate conquers Africa and Algerian desert (except Carthage)
- 696: Further Umayyad expansion in Algerian desert
- 697: Morocco to Umayyad Caliphate
- 698: Carthage to Umayyad Caliphate
- 699: Final expansion in Moroccan desert
- 700: Nobatia to Makuria
- 700: Sao Civilisation supplanted by Kanem Empire
- 700: Sindh expands into Takka
- 700: Pan Pan collapses
- 700: Serer appears
- 700: Garamantes disappear
- 700: Polynesia (Modern French one) is settled
- 705: Bulgaria expands down to Maritza river

- 705: The Göktürk khaganate (second one) expands as far south as Samarkand, threatening
- Arab control over Transoxiana
- 706: Umayyad expansion into Central Asia begins
- 707: Chenla splits
- 710: Samarkand to Umayyad Caliphate
- 712: Afrighids to Umayyad Caliphate
- 715: Umayyad into Central Asia ends
- 717: Sindh conquered by Umayyads
- 718: Gurjara-Pratihara advance to Indus
- 721: Turges forces defeat the Arabs near Samarkand
- 724: The Slavic Obotrites Appear in near Denmark and Germany
- 725: Nala and Daksina unite as Bana
- 728: Tang dynasty regains control over Kashgar
- 728: Khazaria gains control over Bukhara
- 730: Gurjara-Pratihara expansion into Madhya
- 732: Arabs regain control over Samarkand, Khazaria abandons Bukhara
- 734: An early Abbasid follower revolts and takes Balkh and Marv
- 737: Turgesh takes Balkh and Marv
- 739: Berber Revolt appears
- 741: Al-Andulas join revolt
- 743: Berber revolt ends
- 744: Uighur Khanate appears
- 745: Fihrid Dynasty appears in Ifrigiya
- 746: Abbasid Revolution begins
- 750: Pala appears
- 750: Umayyad Caliphate supplanted by Abbasid Caliphate
- 750: Licchavi Kingdom collapses

751 CE - 1000

- 753: Rashtrakuta supplants Chalukya
- 755: Kalingga to Sailendra
- 756: Malwa conquered by Gurjara-Pratihara
- 756: Umayyad Caliphate supplanted by Emirate of Córdoba
- 757: Fihrid Dynasty supplanted by Kharijite Dynasty (expands across Algeria)
- 760: Dabuyid Dynasty ends
- 762: Kharijite Dynasty supplanted by Abbasid governors (Algeria independent
- 768: Serbia officially forms a sovereign state
- 772: Kannauj conquered by Pala
- 775: Gujarat conquered by Gurjara-Pratihara
- 794: Takka becomes Hindu Indo-Shahis
- 786: Rashtrakuta takes towns north of Narmada
- 786: Frankish empire conquers Siscia

- 800: Frankish empire conquers Slavonia, Syrmia and Dalmatia.
- 800: Nazca and Moche cultures vanish
- 800: Takrur appears
- 800: Mississippian culture appears
- 800: Volga Bulgaria appears
- 801: Aghlabid Dynasty gains independence
- 804: Avar Khaganate ends
- 806: Bulgarians conquer parts of Pannonia.
- 810: Pala expands south
- 814: Rashtrakuta takes all of Malwa
- 818: Croatia gains independence from Frankish empire
- 822: Gurjara-Pratihara retakes Malwa
- 828: Gurjara-Pratihara invades Kannauj
- 828: Emirate of Crete appears
- 836: Gurjara-Pratihara annexes Bihar
- 839: Dublin appears
- 840: Gao Empire appears
- 842: Tibetan Empire collapses
- 843: Treaty of Verdun; Francia splits
- 844: Bulgaria conquers Eastern Roumelia, Pirin and Vardar Macedonia.
- 845: Gurjara-Pratihara vassalises Bengal
- 847: Emirate of Bari appears
- 848: Chola rebellion in Pallava
- 850: Pallava supplanted by Chola except in Kanchi
- 850: Hausa states appear
- 855: M. Francia divides
- 860: Pechenegs appear
- 864: Alavids appear
- 868: Tulunid Dynasty gains independence
- 869: East Anglia falls to the Norse
- 870: Treaty of Meersen
- 871: Emirate of Bari ends
- 873: Tahirids to Saffarids
- 874: Iceland is settled by Norse settlers (Politically independent to Scandinavia)
- 876: East Francia invades West Francia
- 878: All of Wessex, bar the Somerset Levels, falls to the Norse
- 878: Alfred decisively defeats the Norse
- 879: East Francia invades West Francia
- 879: Lower Burgundy gains independence
- 880: French half of Lotharingia to East Francia
- 889: Founding of Fraxinetum
- 890: Sindh regains independence
- 896: Hungary gains independence from Bulgarian empire

- 897: Kanchi conquered by Chola
- 900: Rise of a Toltec state in Tula Grande
- 900: Zagwe Dynasty supplants Axum
- 900: Alba appears
- 900: Alavids end
- 900: Polynesians reach the Easter Island, founding a civilisation there. Unknown date of its ending
- 905: Tulunid Dynasty conquered by Abbasid Caliphate
- 909: Aghlabid Dynasty supplanted by Fatimid Caliphate
- 911: E. Francia becomes Germany
- 914: Gurjara-Pratihara partially fractures, creates Kalachuris & Chandellas
- 914: Pala gains full independence
- 914: Sindh expands east of Indus
- 914: Croatia conquers modern-day northwestern Croatia
- 914: Alavids appear
- 915: Sailodbhava gains independence in Orissa
- 916: Rashtrakuta captures Kannauj
- 917: East Anglia falls to Wessex
- 918: Bulgaria conquers territories between Bojana and Vojuša rivers.
- 919: Paramara Kingdom gains independence
- 919: Sallarid dynasty appears
- 920: Pandya conquered by Chola
- 920: Marca Geronis to Germany
- 921: Kannauj conquered by Gurjara-Pratihara
- 924: Bulgaria conquers Thrace and Epirus
- 925: Bulgaria temporarily annexes Rascia
- 925: Croatia temporarily annexes Bosnia
- 925: Surviving littoral Serbia falls apart
- 925: State of Zachumlia establishes dominance over the other littoral Serbian states.
- 926: Bengal lost by Palas
- 926: Serbs liberate Rascia and Bosnia and expand further east (Belgrade, Mačva...)
- 928: Alavids end
- 933: Upper Burgundy to lower Burgundy
- 945: Solanki gains independence
- 948: Niri appears
- 949: Cholas border with Rashtrakuta changes
- 955: The Obotrites become vassals of the Holy Roman Empire
- 955: Rani appears
- 956: Chauhan gains independence
- 960: Serbia loses Bosnia, Rascia, Travunia and Zachumlia to the Byzantine empire, only
- Pagania and Zeta survive.
- 961: Croatia conquers Bosnia
- 965: Hungary conquers Transylvania and parts of Wallachia and Moldova.

- 967: Emirate of Crete falls to the Byzantine Empire
- 968: Byzantine empire conquers Eastern Roumelia, Epirus and Thessaly.
- 969: Byzantine empire conquers Lower Moesia
- 969: Egypt to Fatimid Caliphate
- 969: Kievan Rus' conquers Wallachia and Moldova
- 970: Syria to Fatimid Caliphate
- 971: Byzantine empire annexes Bulgaria
- 973: Fall of Fraxinetum
- 973: Zirid Dynasty established as Fatimid vassal
- 973: Western Chalukya supplants Rashtrakutas
- 976: Bulgarian rebels start an independence war.
- 977: Bulgaria gains independence.
- 977: Ghaznavid appears
- 977: Kusdar appears
- 978: Bulgaria conquers Epirus
- 979: Bulgaria conquers Moesia and Wallachia
- 985: Greenland appers
- 986: Vinland appears
- 987: W. Francia becomes France
- 988: Northern Bengal conquered by Pala
- 990: Sultanate of Mogadishu appears
- 991: Eastern Bengal conquered by Pala
- 993: Anuradhapura vassalised by Cholas
- 995: Western Gangas conquered by Cholas
- 995: The Obotrites are no longer vassals
- 999: The Karakhanids reconquer the city of Bukhara
- 999: Hungary appears
- 1000: Kashmir expands
- 1000: Serbian state of Pagania annexed by Venice
- 1000: Bulgarians temporarily annex Serbian state of Zeta
- 1000: Markland and Helluland appear

<u>1001 - 1250</u>

- 1001: Zeta breaks apart from Bulgaria
- 1002: Pact between Zeta and Bulgaria formed
- 1002: Kusdar annexed to Ghaznavids
- 1004: Bohemia to HRE
- 1008: Abkhazia becomes Georgia
- 1010: Chola annexes Vengi
- 1010: Ghaznavid takes Indo-Shahi
- 1010: Pechenegs enter Wallachia

- 1014: Hammadid Dynasty gains independence from Zirid Dynasty
- 1014: Chola takes Andaman & Nicobar
- 1014: Byzantine empire conquers Moesia and northern Vardar Macedonia.
- 1017: Polonnaruwa supplants Anuradhapura
- 1018: Ghaznavid captures Kannauj
- 1018: Bulgaria annexed by the Byzantines.
- 1018: Zeta is Byzantine vassal
- 1018: Byzantines vassalise Croatia.
- 1021: Chola drive north
- 1023: Pegu is Chola vassal
- 1024: Soomra is Ghaznavid vassal
- 1025: Sumatra to Chola
- 1026: Hoysala gains independence from Western Chalukya
- 1034: Zeta reconquers Rascia, Travunia and Zachumlia.
- 1034: Zeta changes its name to Serbia
- 1034: Serbia gains absolute independence from the Byzantine empire
- 1036: Gurjara-Pratihara supplanted by Kalachuri and Tanwar
- 1043: Ghaznavid loses ground to Seljuq
- 1045: Tambralinga is Chola vassal
- 1049: Zirid Dynasty gains independence
- 1050: Rise of Cahokia in North America
- 1050: Rise of the first Mossi kingdoms in the Upper Volta
- 1050: Chandella expands into Paramara
- 1056: Pegu lost to Bagan
- 1060: Byzantine empire conquers Rascia.
- 1066: Tambralinga and Sumatra lost by Chola
- 1069: Bana to Kalachuri
- 1070: Senas gain independence in Bengal
- 1072: Dublin is locally ruled
- 1075: Mapungubwe Kingdom appears
- 1077: Kamarupa to Pala
- 1078: Eastern Ganga supplants Kalinga as Chola vassal
- 1082: Serbia reconquers Rascia and Bosnia.
- 1083: Serbia reaches Dyrrachium on the south
- 1090: Gahadavala gains independence
- 1092: Zubu revolt against the Liao dynasty begins
- 1096: The Byzantine Empire retakes Nicea
- 1098: The Crusaders take Antioch
- 1099: The Crusaders take Jerusalem
- 1100: Zubu revolt against the Liao dynasty defeated
- 1102: Hungary annexes Croatia
- 1113: Serbia falls apart. Sates of Pagania, Hum, Zeta, Rascia and Bosnia are created
- 1118: Rascia annexes Zeta, Hum and Pagania.

- 1118: Eastern Gangas is Chalukya vassal
- 1118: Western Chalukya annexes Vengi
- 1118: Munster fractures
- 1120: Sindh is Ghaznavid vassal
- 1120: Viking colonies in N. America lost
- 1126: Chola invades Vengi
- 1127: Cholas annex Vengi
- 1133: Kamarupa gains independence
- 1137: Zagwe Dynasty supplanted by Ethiopian Empire
- 1138: Bosnia annexed by Hungary
- 1141: Khwarezm is independent
- 1148: Normans conquer Ifriqiya; Hammadids expand east
- 1150: Fall of the Toltecs in Tula Grande
- 1150: Kipchaks appear
- 1150: Bono State appears
- 1150: Kitara Empire appears
- 1150: Eastern Gangas to Chalukyas
- 1152: Ghurid supplants Ghaznavid
- 1162: Pala supplanted by Sena (south), Bengal (east), and Govindapala (north)
- 1163: Kakatiya gains independence
- 1165: Ghurid takes western Gahadavala
- 1167: The Obotrites unite with Mecklenburg
- 1171: Fatimid Caliphate supplanted Ayyubid Sultanate and Banu Kanz
- 1172: Nuban revolt in Upper Egypt appears
- 1172: Ayyubid raid against Nubia
- 1173: Ghurid takes Gahadavala
- 1173: Banu Kanz is Ayyubid vassal
- 1174: Ghurid takes Chauhan
- 1174: Banu Kanz revolt in Upper Egypt
- 1175: Banu Kanz pushed from Aswan to northern Makuria by Ayyubids
- 1178: Danishmends to Rum
- 1180: Benin Empire appears
- 1180: Showa Sultanate appears
- 1183: Serbia regains control over Kosovo and today's eastern Serbia.
- 1186: Bulgaria gains independence
- 1187: Bengal conquered by Sena
- 1189: Serbia conquers Znepolje (modern-day south-western Bulgaria)
- 1189: Yadava supplants Western Chalukya
- 1190: Sosso Empire appears
- 1195: Arakan conquered by Sena
- 1197: Bulgaria gains control over Znepolje, Vidin, Djerdap, Mačva, Syrmia, Pirin Macedonia and
- eastern Vardar Macedonia
- 1197: Deheubarth to Wales

- 1198: Livonian Order Appears in Latvia
- 1200: Daju Empire appears
- 1200: Merkits conquered by Genghis Khan
- 1200: All Bengal united under Senas
- 1200: Polynesians settle Aotearoa (New Zealand)
- 1200: Italian in use
- 1202: Ghurid raid in Bengal
- 1200: Mthethwa Paramountcy appears
- 1204: Naimans conquered by Genghis Khan
- 1205: Lithuania appears
- 1206: Ghurids split into Ghor, Ghazni, Lahore and Delhi
- 1206: Bulgaria gains control over the parts of Thrace
- 1207: Ghor to Khwarazm
- 1207: Kalachuri collapses
- 1212: Pandya gains independence from Chola
- 1212: Andaman and Nicobar lost
- 1212: Bulgaria loses control over Djerdap, Mačva and Syrmia (to Hungary), today's Eastern
- Serbia (to Serbia) and previously gained parts of Thrace and Macedonia (to Byzantines).
- 1215: Ghazni to Khwarazm (Indus territory to Delhi, now a Sultanate)
- 1215: Mogadishu Sultanate supplanted by Ajuran Sultanate
- 1216: Gwynedd to Wales
- 1217: Khwarazm expands against Lahore
- 1218: Warsangali Sultanate appears
- 1220: Mapungubwe Kingdom supplanted by Zimbabwe Kingdom
- 1220: Kimeks to Mongol Empire
- 1220: Mongol Empire invades Transoxiana
- 1221: Mongols invade India
- 1221: Mongols expand in India
- 1221: Sooma gains independence
- 1227: Pomerania to HRE
- 1230: Sena supplanted by Delhi (west), and Deva (east)
- 1230: Mossi kingdoms appear
- 1230: Bulgaria re-conquers previously owned parts of Thrace and Macedonia, and conquers most of today's Albania.
- 1231: Wallachia, Moldova and Epirus become vassals to Bulgaria
- 1235: Sosso Empire expands against Ghana
- 1235: Zayyanid kingdom of Tlemcen gains independence from Almohad Caliphate
- 1236: Lithuania becomes a Grand Duchy
- 1238: Epirus declares full independence from Bulgaria.
- 1240: Mongols conquer Moldova, Wallachia and Dobrogea
- 1240: Lithuania Expand East and South
- 1240: Kamarupa collapses
- 1240: Mali Empire appears, starts expanding against Ghana and Sosso

- 1241: Lahore to Mongol Empire
- 1242: Prussian Revolt appears in the Teutonic Order
- 1242: Volga Bulgaria to Mongol Empire
- 1243: Prussian Revolt Expands
- 1244: Prussian revolt defeats the Teutonic Knights at Rensen
- 1243: Vaghela supplants Solanki
- 1245: Epirus conquers parts of Thrace previously owned by Bulgaria.
- 1245: Serbia conquers lands between Djerdap and Drina.
- 1247: Nicaea conquers entire Thrace, Roumelia, Pirin and Aegean Macedonia
- 1249: Prussian revolt taken down
- 1250: Mali Empire stops expanding
- 1250: New Zealand settled

<u>1251 - 1500</u>

- 1260: Delhi expands west and takes Soomra
- 1260: Great Prussian Revolt Appears in the Teutonic Order in
- 1261: Great Prussian Revolt expands
- 1262: Kakatiya expands into Yadava
- 1262: Iceland to Norway
- 1263:The Great Prussian Revolt expands
- 1263: Lithuania Shrinks to what it was in 1236
- 1264: The Great Prussian Revolt takes Bartenstein
- 1264: Punjab to Delhi Sultanate
- 1266: Man to Scotland
- 1272: Great Prussian revolt shrinks
- 1274: Great Prussian Revolt is Taken Down
- 1276: Serbia conquers northern Bosnia
- 1279: Pandya conquer Chola
- 1282: Golden horde conquers entire eastern Bulgaria.
- 1282: Serbia reaches Thessaloniki peninsula and Aegean
- 1283: Serbia gains control over Syrmia
- 1283: Wales is English protectorate
- 1285: Serbia conquers most of Vardar Macedonia and modern-day Albania
- 1286: Alba becomes Scotland
- 1289: Eastern Gangas gains against Kakatiya
- 1290: Delhi Sultanate appears (Khilji)
- 1290: Paramara expands east
- 1291: Serbia conquers Vidin.
- 1291. Bulgarian army reaches Dobrogea and liberates it from Golden Horde
- 1293: Formation of the Kingdom of Majapahit
- 1294: Wales gains independence
- 1295: Wales is English protectorate

- 1297: Gujarat annexed by Delhi
- 1300: Cahokia is abandoned
- 1300: The Tarascan state forms
- 1301: Paramara Shrinks
- 1310: Polonnaruwa supplanted by Yapahuwa
- 1311: Duchy of Athens to Aragon
- 1312: Delhi annexes Paramara
- 1316: Autonomy in northern Serbia abolished.
- 1316: Bosnia conquers northern Bosnia from Serbia
- 1317: Syrmia and Mačva annexed by Hungary.
- 1320: Lithuania annexes The principality of Halych-Volynia and expands
- 1321: Delhi Sultanate appears (Tughlag)
- 1323: Delhi takes Kakatiya; Reddis gains independence
- 1323: Serbia loses control over Pagania and Zachumlia to Bosnia.
- 1325: Delhi gains against Eastern Gangas
- 1327: Delhi raid in Hoysala
- 1330: Delhi annexed Pandya
- 1330: Wallachia and Moldova establish themselves as separate states.
- 1331: Bulgaria becomes vassal to Serbia
- 1334: Serbia conquers entire Macedonia
- 1335: Madurai appears
- 1336: Vijayanagara gains independence
- 1340: Bosnia becomes independent
- 1342: Majapahit conquers Bali; Bali becomes a vassal

For the following years, use the following gif

(https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Majapahit#/media/File:Majapahit_Expansion.gif), in conjunction with the WIkipedia article), to map out the expansion & decline of the Majapahit empire.

- 1342: Bengal civil war
- 1343: Hoysala annexed by Delhi
- 1345: Vijayanagara expands
- 1345: Serbia conquers modern-day Albania and Serres
- 1346: Arcot Sultanate gains independence
- 1346: Sultanate of Kashmir appears
- 1347: Chagatai Khanate splits
- 1347: Bahmani gains independence from Delhi
- 1348: Serbia conquers southern Thrace, Epirus and Thessaly.
- 1350: Serbia conquers Bosnia.
- 1350: Rise of the Jolof Empire
- 1351: Samma supplants Soomra
- 1352: Bosnia gets independence from Serbia
- 1352: Bengal fully independent
- 1352: Sarbadars to Ilkhanate

- 1353: Ilkhanate to Sarbadars
- 1354: Mačva and Syrmia re-conquered by Serbia
- 1352: Phagmodrupa appears
- 1355: Hungary conquers southern Dalmatia and Syrmia from Serbia
- 1357: Lithuania expands deeper into the russian states
- 1361: Polonnaruwa supplanted by Raigama
- 1362: Lithuania expands into the Black Sea
- 1365: Bulgaria declares absolute independence from Serbia
- 1365: Ottomans reach eastern coast of Thessaloniki peninsula
- 1365: Epirus and Thessaly declare independence from Serbia
- 1366: Epirus and Thessaly conquer modern-day Albania
- 1367: The state of Dejanović declares independence from Serbia
- 1369: Independence of states owned by Mrnjavčević brothers from Serbia
- 1371: Bulgaria disintegrates. The states of Vidin, Tarnovo and Dobrogea are formed
- 1371: Complete disintegration of Serbia. States of Moravian Serbia, Kosovar Serbia, Zeta, and state of Nikola Altomanović are created.
- 1372: Ottomans conquer large chunks of land in south of Tarnovo.
- 1373: State of Nikola Altomanović is split between Moravian Serbia and Bosnia.
- 1373: Moravian Serbia expands further south.
- 1374: Vijayanagara annexes Arcot
- 1378: Madurai to Vijayanagara
- 1380: Bornu Empire appears
- 1382: Khandesh Sultanate appears
- 1387: The Ming defeat the Uriyangkhad horde and annex Manchuria
- 1388: Aragon loses Achaea
- 1389: Bosnia expands to the west.
- 1389: Kastrioti principality appears
- 1392: Bosnia loses control over entire Dalmatia, Herzegovina and territories western from Drina.

The states of Stefan Vukčić, Sandalj Hranić and Pavle Radenović are formed.

- 1393: Ottomans conquer Tarnovo.
- 1394: Janpur Sultanate gains independence
- 1395: Ottomans conquer Mrnjavčević and Dragaš states (entire Macedonia)
- 1396: Ottomans conquer Vidin
- 1397: Ottomans conquer Dobogea.
- 1397: Kosovian Serbia unites with Moravian Serbia.
- 1398: Punjab annexed by Timurid
- 1400: Wales gains independence
- 1404: Vijayanagara takes Krishna
- 1407: Gujarat Sultanate appears
- 1412: Raigama supplanted by Kotte (except in south)
- 1414: Delhi Sultanate appears (Sayyid)
- 1415: Wales is English protectorate
- 1421: Zeta unites with Serbia, forming Serbian Despotate.

- 1422: Serbian Despotate conquers western Roumelia (Znepolje)
- 1427: State of Stefan Vukčić annexed by Hungary
- 1427: Portugal conquers the Azores
- 1434: Eastern Gangas supplanted by Gajapati
- 1435: Ringpungpa appears
- 1438: Khanate of Kazan appears
- 1439: State of Pavle Radenović divided by Bosnia and Herzegovina.
- 1439: Littoral Zeta gains independence from Serbian Despotate.
- 1439: Serbian Despotate annexed by Ottomans.
- 1444: Serbian Despotate reappears as Ottoman Vassal.
- 1444: League of Lezhe appears. (choose to write either "Albania" or "Epirus")
- 1445: Northern Yuan/Oirats, under Esen, is extended to the northern border of Korea
- 1446: Ceylon is Vijayanagara tributary
- 1448: Reddy annexed by Vijayanagara
- 1449: Tumu Crisis; Northern Yuan/Oirats seizes areas from the northwest of Beijing to Liaodong peninsula (I am unsure of when the N. Yuan had lost these conquered territories; if no evidence found, show losses in 1455)
- 1450: Greenland ends
- 1450: African advanced culture expands
- 1451: Delhi Sultanate appears (Lodhi)
- 1451: Kashmir appears
- 1453: Punjab annexed by Delhi
- 1453: Constantinople to Ottomans (Ottomans reform into an Empire)
- 1453: Despotate of Morea (dvided) appears
- 1456: Kazakh Khanate appears
- 1459: Serbian Despotate annexed by Ottomans.
- 1460: Despotate of Morea annexed by Ottomans
- 1461: Trebizond conquered by the Ottomans
- 1463: Bosnia annexed by Ottomans
- 1466: Astrakhan Khanate appears
- 1467: Jaffna appears
- 1468: Orkney to Scotland
- 1469: Kingdom of Kandy appears
- 1475: Principality of Theodoro falls to the Ottomans
- 1479: Janpur to Delhi
- 1480: Herzegovina annexed by Ottomans
- 1480: Ottomans capture Otranto in Italy
- 1481: Ottomans lose Otranto
- 1482: Delhi gains against Malwa
- 1485: Rinpungpa conquers rest of Phag
- 1489: Cyprus to Venice
- 1490: Ahmadnagar Sultanate appears
- 1490: Khanate of Sibir appears

- 1490: Sultanate of Bijapur appears
- 1490: Berar Sultanate appears
- 1490: Rise of the Denanke Kingdom in Senegal
- 1496: Zeta annexed by Ottomans
- 1497: Songhai Empire declares war on the Mossi kingdoms
- 1498: Portugal establishes Calicut
- 1500: Portugal establishes Cochin
- 1500: Rinpungpa expands into Yarlung Tsangpo

1501 - 1600

- 1501: Portugal establishes Cannanore
- 1504: Sultanate of Sennar appears
- 1505: Portugal establishes Colombo
- 1507: Portugal establishes Nagapatnam
- 1507: Portugal establishes Matara
- 1508: Portugal establishes Galle
- 1510: Portugal establishes Goa
- 1518: Golkonda appears
- 1518: Rinpungpa recedes from Yarlung Tsangpo
- 1521: Sitawaka gains independence
- 1522: Rise of the Sultanate of Bagirmi (southeast of Lake Chad)
- 1522: Portugal establishes Tricomale
- 1523: Kalmar Union ends; Norway and Iceland to Denmark
- 1524: Samma supplanted by Arghun
- 1526: Mughal Empire supplants Delhi
- 1527: Bahmani annexed by Golkonda
- 1527: Venezulea created
- 1529: Madurai appears
- 1530: The Tarascan Empire falls to Spanish control
- 1531: New Galicia is created
- 1532: Tanjore appears
- 1533: Portugal establishes Bassein
- 1534: Brazilian Captaincy-Generals etablished
- 1535: Portugal establishes Diu
- 1537: Neo-Incan state established in Vilcabamba
- 1537: Rise of the Kaabu Empire in the Senegambia region
- 1538: Sitawaka takes Raigama
- 1540: Mughal Empire supplanted by Sur Empire
- 1540: Merina Kingdom founded
- 1542: Wales to England
- 1549: Jolof Empire becomes a rump kingdom
- 1549: Brazilian Captaincy-generals unite

- 1554: Arghun supplanted by Tarkhan
- 1555: Mughals take back Delhi
- 1555: Bengal regains independence
- 1556: Mysore gains independence
- 1562: New Biscay is created
- 1565: Sitawaka expands north
- 1565: Tsangpa appears in southern 1/2 of Ringpungpa
- 1565: New Navarre is created
- 1567: Vilcabamba becomes vassal of the Spanish
- 1576: S. Florida to Spain
- 1569: Union of Lublin
- 1572: Brazil partitioned
- 1572: Vilcabamba is conquered by the Spanish
- 1572: Berar annexed by Admadnagar
- 1576: Bengal annexed by Mughals
- 1578: Brazil reunified
- 1582: Sitawaka takes Kandy
- 1585: Coastal New Santandar to Spain
- 1587: Sitawaka gains against Kotte
- 1590: Rest of Rinpungpa conquered by Tsangpa
- 1591: Mughals annex Sindh
- 1594: Mughals expand west
- 1594: Sitawaka collapses
- 1598: Portugal establishes Masulipatam
- 1600: Netherlands establishes Pulicat

1601 - 1700

- 1601: Mughals annexe Khandesh
- 1603: Rise of the Sultanate of Darfur
- 1605: Portugal establishes Syriam
- 1607: Brazil partitioned
- 1609: Netherlands gains independence
- 1613: Surat to England
- 1613: Brazil reunified
- 1615: Bijapur expands
- 1616: Masulipatnam to Netherlands
- 1619: Bidar annexed by Bijapur
- 1619: Smeerenburg established by Netherlands
- 1620: Mughals annex Kashmir
- 1620: Inland Libya to Ottomans
- 1620: Denmark-Norway establishes Tranquebar
- 1621: Brazil divides

- 1625: Portugal establishes Chinsura
- 1627: Saint Vincent to England
- 1632: Mughals gain against Gondwana and Gajapati
- 1632: Dominica to France
- 1635: Rise of the Wadai Sultanate east of Lake Chad
- 1635: Martinique to France
- 1636: Guadeloupe to France
- 1636: Aruba to Netherlands
- 1637: Tobago to Courland
- 1638: Ahmadnagar annexed by Mughals
- 1641: Dejima to Netherlands
- 1642: Tibet to Khoshut Khanate
- 1643: Saint Lucia to France
- 1646: Venad supplants Vijayanagara
- 1649: Gingee to Bijapur
- 1649: Grenada to France
- 1657: Smeerenburg ends
- 1658: England takes Hughli
- 1661: Bombay to England
- 1663: New France becomes a province
- 1669: Cochin to Netherlands
- 1674: Maratha Empire appears
- 1680: Maratha expedition south
- 1681: Gajapati to Mughals
- 1682: Golkonda to Mughals
- 1682: Vizagapatam establishes by England
- 1684: France lands in Texas
- 1686: Bijapur to Mughals
- 1689: China-Russia border adjustment
- 1690: Courland loses Tobago
- 1697: Baja expansion
- 1698: Marathas collapse in Gingee

1701 - 1800

- 1701: Denkyira becomes tributary of the Ashanti Kingdom, reversing the status quo
- 1704: Mysore border change
- 1705: Marathas revived
- 1707: England and Scotland join together to form Great Britain
- 1710: Carnatic independent
- 1711: Greenland expands
- 1712: Rise of the Bambara Empire in Mali
- 1715: Morea to Ottomans

- 1716: Sikh Confederacy appears
- 1717: Marathas gains are annexed
- 1717: Nawabs of Bengal appears
- 1717: Khoshut Khanate dissolves
- 1719: Liechtenstein gains independence
- 1719: Saint Vincent to France
- 1724: Hyderabad gains independence from Mughals
- 1724: Oudh gains independence from Mughals
- 1725: Sindh gains independence
- 1725: France establishes Yanam
- 1725: France establishes Mahe
- 1725: Rise of the Imamate of Futa Jallon in Guinea (West Africa)
- 1729: Travancore supplants Venad
- 1732: Maratha drive towards Delhi
- 1736: Madurai to Carnatic
- 1737: Maratha-Mughal peace
- 1739: Marathas annex Daman
- 1739: France establishes Karikal
- 1740: Andaman and Nicobar to Maratha
- 1745: Jacobite uprising; Scotland and northern England fall to Bonnie Prince Charles
- 1746: Defeat of the Jacobite uprising
- 1746: Madras occupied by France
- 1746: New Santandar to Spain
- 1747: Durrani Empire appears
- 1748: Madras returned
- 1751: State of Maranhão becomes State of Maranhão and Grão-Pará
- 1752: Mughals are Maratha vassals
- 1754: France retreats to Yanam
- 1756: Nicobar to Denmark
- 1757: Delhi raided by Durrani
- 1757: Bengal is EIC puppet state
- 1761: Delhi taken by Durrani Empire
- 1761: More S. America adjustments
- 1763: EIC gains N. Circars
- 1764: Corsica to France
- 1765: Bengal is annexed to EIC
- 1766: Lorraine to France
- 1768: Nepal gains Independence
- 1769: Spanish being to colonise California [RESEARCH]
- 1769: First Anglo-Mysore War ends; Mysore expands
- 1771: Marathas invade Delhi
- 1772: Delhi annexed by Marathas

1772: State of Maranhão and Grão-Pará becomes State of Grão-Pará and Rio Negro AND

State of Maranhão and Piauí

1772: First Partition of Poland

1775: Brazil absorbs all Portuguese colonies in S. America

1776: Viceroyalty of Rio de la Plata appears

1776: Rise of the Imamate of Futa Toro in the Senegal River valley; Denanke Kingdom falls to the Imamate

1776: The United States gains independence from Great Britain

1777: Austra expands against Moldavia

1778: Treaty of El Pardo

1779: Crimean is Russian vassal

1781: Nagapatam to EIC

1782: Minorca to Spain

1783: United States' independence recognised

1783: Crimean Khanate to Russia

1789: EIC settles Andaman islands

1793: Second Partition of Poland

1795: Travancore is EIC vassal

1796: Dutch colonies occupied

1799: Mysore is EIC vassal, sounding territories annexed

1799: Sikh Confederacy supplanted by Sikh Empire

1801 - 1900

1802: Peace of Amiens, Dutch colonies restored

1802: Bahawalpur gains independence

1803: Delhi Territory created

1803: Nizam is EIC vassal

1804: Haiti gains its independence from France.

1804: Rise of the Sokoto Caliphate in Northern Nigeria

1804: First Serbian uprising starts.

1805: Ceded and Conquered Provinces created

1806: Egypt Gains independence from the Ottoman Empire

1810: Colombia gains independence

1810: Chile gains independence

1811: Paraguay gains independence

1811: Venezuela gains Independence

1813: First Serbian uprising ends.

1814: Dutch colonies in Malabar given to EIC

1815: De facto independent principality of Serbia is created

1815: Nepalese border settleled (Treaty of Sugauli)

1816: Oudh is EIC vassal

1816: Kumaun to Ceded and Conquered Territories

- 1816: Argentina gains Independence
- 1817: Rajputana becomes Rajputana Agency (EIC puppet)
- 1817: Ajmer-Merwara Province created
- 1818: Nagpur Kingdom created
- 1818: Rise of the Massina Empire in Mali
- 1820: [CHECK REF. 8]
- 1821: Sultanate of Sennar falls to Egypt
- 1821: Peru gains independence
- 1821: Costa Rica gains Independence
- 1821: El Salvador gains Independence
- 1821: Guatemala gains Independence
- 1821: Honduras gains Independence
- 1821: Nicaragua gains Independence
- 1822: Ecuador gains Independence
- 1822: Brazil gains Independence
- 1824: Remaining Dutch colonies given to EIC
- 1825: Bolivia gains Independence
- 1825: Uruguay gains Independence
- 1825: Massina Empire conquers Timbuktu
- 1826: First Anglo-Burmese War ends; Bengal expands east
- 1826: Durrani Empire collapses
- 1828: Greece appears as Ottoman Vassal.
- 1829: Greece gains Independence
- 1830: Belgium gains Independence
- 1831: Mysore becomes a province
- 1832: Delhi Territory to Ceded and Conquered Provinces (Two Princely States created)
- 1832: Greece appears independent.
- 1833: Bahawalpur is EIC vassal
- 1834: Ceded and Conquered Provinces becomes Agra Presidency
- 1836: Agra Presidency becomes North-Western Provinces
- 1838: Khairpur is EIC vassal
- 1839: Luxembourg gains independence
- 1839: Baluchistan and Kalat to EIC
- 1843: Sindh is EIC province
- 1844: The Dominican Republic gains Independence
- 1846: Sikh Empire cedes Jullundur Doab
- 1847: Liberia gains Independence
- 1849: Punjab Province created
- 1852: Second Anglo-Burmese War; Pegu annexed by EIC
- 1853: Nagpur becomes a province
- 1854: Central India Agency is created
- 1854: Dejima to Japan
- 1855: Carnatic annexed by EIC

- 1857: Sepoy Rebellion
- 1858: British Raj supplants EIC
- 1858: Oudh joins North-Western Provinces
- 1858: Former Delhi Territory to Punjab
- 1859: Imamate of Futa Toro is annexed by the French
- 1861: Rise of the Toucouleur Empire in Mali; the Bambara Empire collapses
- 1861: The Confederate States of America secede from the Union
- 1861: Italy is formed
- 1861: Central Provinces created out of Saugor & Nerbudda and Nagpur
- 1862: Massina Empire collapses because of invasion by the Toucouleur Empire
- 1863: Kalat expands in the south
- 1864: Tashkent to Russia
- 1867: Kaabu Empire falls to the Imamate of Futa Jallon
- 1867: Canada becomes a dominion
- 1867: Samarkand to Russia
- 1868: Denmark sells Nicobar Island to British Raj
- 1868: Bukara to Russia
- 1869: Remaining Danish colonies sold to British Raj
- 1871: Germany is formed.
- 1871: The Germans annex Alsace-Lorraine
- 1872: Kalat expands in north
- 1873: Khiva to Russia
- 1874: Sultanate of Darfur becomes an Ottoman protectorate
- 1875: Jolof Kingdom falls to the Imamate of Futa Jallon
- 1877 Romania gains Independence
- 1878: North-West Frontier Province created
- 1878: Bulgaria gains Independence
- 1880: Final expansion in the west
- 1882: Egypt annexed by the Great Britain
- 1885: Third Anglo-Burmese War; Upper Burma annexed by British Raj
- 1887: Maldives are British protectorate
- 1890: Western portion of the Toucouleur Empire falls to the French
- 1893: Fall of the Toucouleur Empire
- 1893: Bornu Empire falls to the British
- 1896: Ethiopia gains Independence
- 1896: Imamate of Futa Jallon is conquered by the French
- 1896: The Ashanti Kingdom is annexed by Britain
- 1897: Destruction of Benin City by the British and the end of the Benin Empire
- 1897: Sultanate of Bagirmi becomes a French protectorate
- 1898: The Philippines gain Independence.
- 1899: Kashmir recedes in size on eastern border

1901 - Present

- 1901: Australia federates
- 1902: Cuba gains Independence
- 1902: North-Western Provinces becomes United Provinces of Agra and Oudh
- 1902: The Philippine Republic is defeated by the United States
- 1903: Panama gains Independence
- 1903: Berar becomes a province
- 1903: Central Provinces recession on eastern boundary
- 1903: Sokoto Caliphate falls to the British
- 1905: Norway regains Independence
- 1905: Partition of Bengal into Western Bengal and Eastern Bengal & Assam
- 1906: The Idrisid Emirate of Asir is founded
- 1907: New Zealand gains Independence
- 1909: Wadai Sultanate falls to the French
- 1910: South Africa gains Independence
- 1912: Albania gains Independence
- 1912: Assam separated as new province
- 1912: Bihar separated as new province (with Orissa)
- 1912: Bengal reunited
- 1916: Sultanate of Darfur to Anglo-Egyptian Sudan
- 1917: Finland declares Independence
- 1918: Estonia gains Independence
- 1918: Poland gains Independence
- 1918: Iceland becomes constituent kingdom
- 1918: Azerbaijan declares independence
- 1918: Armenia declares independence
- 1918: Georgia declares independence
- 1919: Afghanistan declares Independence
- 1920: Soviet Union annexes Azerbaijan
- 1920: Soviet Union annexes Armenia
- 1921: Soviet Union annexes Georgia
- 1921: United Provinces of Agra and Oudh becomes United Provinces of British India
- 1921: Ireland Declares Independence
- 1922: Egypt gains Independence
- 1923: Turkey gains Independence
- 1925: Saudi Arabia annexes Hejaz
- 1929: The Vatican City gains independence
- 1931: Statute of Westminster
- 1932: Hejaz and Jad becomes Saudi Arabia
- 1932: Iraq gains Independence
- 1934: The Idrisid Emirate of Asir is annexed by Saudi Arabia

- 1936: Bihar and Orissa separate
- 1936: Central Provinces and Berar created from Central Provinces and Berar
- 1937: Burma separated as a colony
- 1938: Annexation of Austria "Anschluss"
- 1939: Partition of Czechoslovakia
- 1942: Andaman and Nicobar occupied by Japan
- 1942: Burma occupied by Japan
- 1943: Lebanon gains Independence
- 1944: Andaman and Nicobar Islands restored
- 1945: North Korea gains Independence
- 1945: South Korea gains Independence
- 1945: Indonesia gains Independence
- 1945: Partition of Germany
- 1945: Partition of Austria
- 1945: Burma restored
- 1946: Syria gains Independence
- 1946: Jordan gains Independence
- 1947: India gains independence
- 1947: Pakistan gains independence
- 1947: Hyderabad gains independence
- 1948: India annexes Hyderabad
- 1948: Burma gains independence
- 1948: Ceylon gains independence
- 1948: Israel gains Independence
- 1949: Laos gains Independence
- 1949: West Germany is formed
- 1949: East Germany is formed
- 1949: Bhutan gains Independence
- 1950: India becomes a republic
- 1951: Libya gains Independence
- 1953: Cambodia gains Independence
- 1954: French India given to Republic of India
- 1955: Austria is reunified
- 1956: Pakistan becomes republic
- 1956: Sudan gains Independence
- 1956: Morocco gains Independence
- 1956: Tunisia gains Independence
- 1957: Ghana gains Independence
- 1957: Malaysia gains Independence
- 1958: Guinea gains Independence
- 1960: Cameroon gains Independence
- 1960: Senegal gains Independence
- 1960: Togo gains Independence

- 1960: Republic of the Congo gains Independence
- 1960: Somalia gains Independence
- 1960: Madagascar gains Independence
- 1960: Benin gains Independence
- 1960: Niger gains Independence
- 1960: Burkina Faso gains Independence
- 1960: Cote d'Ivoire gains Independence
- 1960: Chad gains Independence
- 1960: The Central African Republic gains Independence
- 1960: The Democratic Republic of the Congo gains Independence
- 1960: Cyprus gains Independence
- 1960: Gabon gains Independence
- 1960: Mali gains Independence
- 1960: Nigeria gains Independence
- 1960: Mauritania gains Independence
- 1961: Sierra Leone gains Independence
- 1961 Kuwait gains Independence
- 1961: Portuguese India conquered by Republic of India
- 1962: Sino-Indian War
- 1962: Samoa gains Independence
- 1962: Burundi gains Independence
- 1962: Rwanda gains Independence
- 1962: Algeria gains Independence
- 1962: Jamaica gains Independence
- 1962: Trinidad and Tobago gain Independence
- 1962: Uganda gains Independence
- 1963: Kenya gains Independence
- 1963: Indo-Pakistan agreement
- 1964: Tanzania gains Independence
- 1964: Malawi gains Independence
- 1964: Malta gains Independence
- 1964: Zambia gains Independence
- 1965: The Gambia gains Independence
- 1965: The Maldives gain Independence
- 1965: Singapore gains Independence
- 1966: Guyana gains Independence
- 1966: Botswana gains Independence
- 1966: Lesotho gains Independence
- 1966: Barbados gains Independence
- 1967: Biafra declares independence
- 1968: Nauru gains Independence
- 1968: Mauritius gains Independence
- 1968: Swaziland gains Independence

- 1968: Equatorial Guinea gains Independence
- 1970: Tonga gains Independence
- 1970: Fiji gains Independence
- 1970: Biafra is overrun and annexed into Nigeria
- 1971: Bangladesh gains Independence
- 1971: Bahrain gains Independence
- 1971: Qatar gains Independence
- 1971: United Arab Emirates gains Independence
- 1972: Ceylon becomes republic (as Sri Lanka)
- 1972: Japan annexes the Ryukyu islands
- 1973: Guinea-Bissau becomes independent from Portugal
- 1973: Bahamas become independent from Britain
- 1974: Grenada gains Independence
- 1975: Mozambique gains Independence
- 1975: Cape Verde gains Independence
- 1975: Comoros gains Independence
- 1975: Sao Tome and Principe gains Independence
- 1975: Papua New Guinea gains Independence
- 1975: Angola gains Independence
- 1975: Suriname gains Independence
- 1976: Seychelles gains Independence
- 1977: Djibouti gains Independence
- 1978: The Solomon Islands gain Independence
- 1978: Tuvalu gains Independence
- 1978: Dominica gains Independence
- 1979: Saint Lucia gains Independence
- 1979: Kiribati gains Independence
- 1979: Saint Vincent and the Grenadines gain Independence
- 1980: Zimbabwe gains Independence
- 1980: Vanuatu gains Independence
- 1981: Antigua and Barbuda gains Independence
- 1981: Belize gains Independence
- 1983: Saint Kitts and Nevis gain Independence
- 1984: Brunei gains Independence
- 1985: (+) (Unrecognized) Tamil Eelam from Sri Lanka; Jaffna falls to the Tamil Tigers
- 1986: Marshall Islands gain Independence
- 1986: The Federated States of Micronesia gain Independence
- 1990: Lithuania gains Independence
- 1990: Namibia gains Independence
- 1990: Yemen gains Independence
- 1990: West and East Germany reunite into Germany
- 1991: Georgia gains Independence
- 1991: Croatia gains Independence

- 1991: Slovenia gains Independence
- 1991: Kyrgyzstan gains Independence
- 1991: Russia gains Independence
- 1991: Belarus gains Independence
- 1991: Moldova gains Independence
- 1991: Azerbaijan gains Independence
- 1991: Uzbekistan gains Independence
- 1991: Latvia gains Independence
- 1991: Macedonia gains Independence
- 1991: Tajikistan gains Independence
- 1991: Armenia gains Independence
- 1991: Turkmenistan gains Independence
- 1991: Ukraine gains Independence
- 1991: Kazakhstan gains Independence
- 1991: (+) (Unrecognized) Republic of Somaliland declares independence from Somalia
- 1991: (+) De-facto independence of Iragi Kurdistan from Irag
- 1991: (+) (Unrecognized) Chechen Republic of Ichkeria from Russia
- 1991: (+) (Unrecognized) Nagorno-Karabakh declares independence from Azerbaijan
- 1992: (+) (Unrecognized) Transnistria from Moldova (I oversimplified here)
- 1992: (+) (Unrecognized) South Ossetia from Georgia
- 1992: Bosnia and Herzegovina gains Independence
- 1993: Czech Republic gains Independence
- 1993: Slovakia gains Independence
- 1993: Eritrea gains Independence
- 1993: (+) (Unrecognized) Abkhazia from Georgia
- 1994: Palau gains Independence
- 2002: East Timor gains Independence
- 2006: Montenegro gains Independence
- 2006: Serbia gains Independence
- 2008: (Unrecognized) Kosovo gains Independence
- 2011: South Sudan gains Independence
- 2013: (Unrecognized) United Federated States of Bangsamoro Republik from the Philippines
- 09/28/2013: (-) United Federated States of Bangsamoro Republik to the Philippines
- 2014: Russia annexes Crimea
- 2014: (Unrecognized) Donetsk People's Republic from Ukraine
- 2014: (Unrecognized) Luhansk People's Republic from Ukraine
- 2014: The Tobruk-based Council of Deputies government initiates operations against the forces of the Tripoli-based GNC (Libya)
- 2014: (Unrecognized) ISIL captures Mosul; within the month, they conquer large swathes of Syria and Iraq and declare themselves to be a State

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