

Presentation Instructions

1. Tips for a Good Presentation

- ☀️ Speak clearly and confidently.
- ☀️ Do not read the slides word for word — use your notes.
- ☀️ Practice at least twice before presenting.
- ☀️ Try to use your own words.
- ☀️ Keep eye contact with your classmates and teacher.

2. Suggested Samples

2.1 Greeting & Self-introduction

- Good morning, everyone. Thank you for giving me the opportunity to speak today.
- Good afternoon teacher and classmates. I'm very happy to be here today.
- My name is ____, and today I would like to talk about an important respiratory disease.
- I will be presenting a short talk about a disease related to the respiratory system.

2.2 Topic Introduction

- The topic of my presentation today is ____.
- Today, I am going to introduce a respiratory disease called ____.
- ____ is a disease that mainly affects the lungs and breathing.
- This disease can cause serious health problems if it is not treated properly

2.3 Outline

- In my presentation, I will focus on three/four main points.
- I have divided my presentation into four parts.
- First, I will give a general overview of the disease.
- Then, I will talk about its symptoms and causes.
- Finally, I will mention the treatment and prevention.

2.4 Main Body

♦ Part 1: Overview

- I would like to begin with a brief overview of this disease.
- ____ is a respiratory disease that mainly affects the lungs.

- It can affect people of all ages.
- This disease is still common in many countries today.

Transition:

- Now that we have a general understanding of the disease, let's move on to the symptoms.

♦ **Part 2: Symptoms**

- The next part of my presentation is about the symptoms.
- People with this disease often experience several common symptoms.
- The most common symptoms include ____.
- In more serious cases, patients may experience/suffer from/have ____.

Transition:

- After discussing the symptoms, I will move on to the causes.

♦ **Part 3: Causes**

- This disease is mainly caused by ____.
- It can spread through the air.
- People can get this disease when ____.
- People with weak immune systems are more likely to be affected.

Transition:

- Finally, I will talk about the treatment and prevention.

♦ **Part 4: Treatment / Prevention**

- This disease can be treated if it is detected early.
- Patients usually need to take medicine for a long period of time.
- It is very important to follow the doctor's instructions.
- Good hygiene and early diagnosis play an important role in prevention.

2.5 Summary

- To sum up, today I have talked about ____.
- In conclusion, this disease is serious but can be treated and prevented.
- I hope this presentation has helped you understand this disease better.

2.6 Closing

- That brings me to the end of my presentation.
- Thank you very much for listening.
- I would be happy to answer any questions.

3. Examples – presentation about tuberculosis

Good morning, everyone.

My name is Minh, and I'm a cardiologist. Today, I would like to talk about an important respiratory disease that still affects many people around the world.

The topic of my presentation today is **tuberculosis**.

Tuberculosis is a serious disease of the respiratory system that mainly affects the lungs and can cause serious health problems if it is not treated properly.

In my presentation, I will focus on four main points.

First, I will give a general overview of tuberculosis.

Then, I will talk about its symptoms and causes.

Finally, I will mention the treatment and prevention of this disease.

I would like to begin with a brief overview of tuberculosis.

Tuberculosis is a respiratory disease that mainly affects the lungs, but in some cases, it can also affect other parts of the body, such as your spine, brain, or kidneys.

Not everyone who's infected with TB gets sick. If you're infected but have no symptoms, it's called inactive tuberculosis. But TB can become active if your immune system becomes weakened.

Now that we have a general understanding of the disease, let's move on to the symptoms/
The next part of my presentation is about the symptoms.

People with tuberculosis often experience a long-lasting cough that lasts for more than two weeks. Other common symptoms include fever, night sweats, tiredness, and weight loss. In more serious cases, patients may cough up blood or have difficulty breathing.

After discussing the symptoms, I will move on to the causes of this disease.

Tuberculosis is mainly caused by bacteria called *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.

This disease can spread through the air when an infected person coughs, sneezes, or talks. People with weak immune systems, such as the elderly or those with other illnesses, are more likely to get tuberculosis.

Finally, I will talk about the treatment and prevention. Tuberculosis can be treated successfully if it is detected early. Patients usually need to take antibiotics for several months, and it is very important to complete the full treatment.

In addition, good hygiene, early diagnosis, and regular medical check-ups can help prevent the spread of this disease.

To sum up, today I have talked about tuberculosis, including its overview, symptoms, causes, and treatment.

Although tuberculosis is a serious disease, it can be treated and prevented with proper medical care.

That brings me to the end of my presentation.

Thank you very much for listening, and I would be happy to answer any questions.