

# Pong

Instructions:

1. Read the directions for each task very carefully before you begin working on it.
  2. Every time the directions say something like "take a screenshot", do it and then copy it into the proper space in [this document](#).
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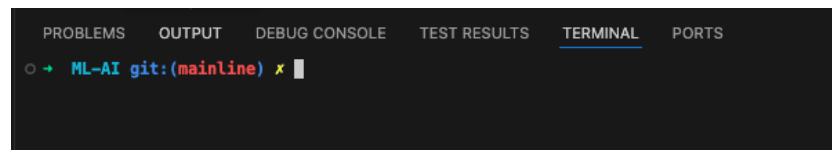
This worksheet is intended to guide you towards creating your first Python game using the `pygame` library. Assuming you accomplish all the problems successfully, you should, in the end, have a fully working version of Pong.

## Problem 0: Visual Studio Setup

1. Download the `Pong.zip` file from Schoology
2. Unzip `Pong.zip` and put the resulting `Pong` folder into a special spot
  - a. Suggestion: make a folder like `cs_workspace` on your Desktop and put `Pong` there
3. Go into the `Pong` folder and double click on `pong.code-workspace`
4. This should result in the program `Visual Studio Code` opening with several pong files for you to read/edit

## Problem 1: Pygame Setup

1. Open `vscode`'s terminal window by, from the menu, selecting `Terminal -> New Terminal`. Upon clicking this, a new pane should appear in `vscode` that looks like the one below.



2. Prepare the workspace for installing libraries by running: `python3 -m venv .venv`

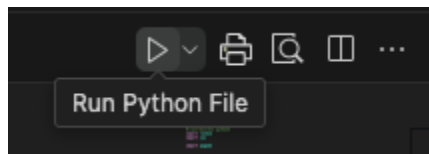
3. Install the required libraries by running: `python3 -m pip install pytest pygame`
4. After the installation command finishes running, take a screenshot of the last few lines and paste it into the space below:

...

...

## Problem 2: Verify it Runs

You now should be able to edit and run the program in `vscode`. To do this, open the `src/pong/main.py` file and click the "play" button at the top right (as seen in the picture below).



You should now see a paddle and a ball. Take a screenshot of the result and paste into into the space below:

...

...

## Problem 3: Interpret

Now that everything is set up, you can start with understanding/developing the game. The file you will be editing is `src/pong/main.py`.

1. Looking at the code, what is the difference between `ball_x` and `ball_x_speed`?

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2. Explain in detail what the line `ball_x_speed = random.randint(2, 4)` does in terms of the game? Be sure to use the keywords “function” and “inputs”.

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3. Why is it important to have lines like `ball_x_speed = random.randint(2, 4)` and `ball_x = width // 2` outside the `while` loop?

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4. Pygame’s coordinate system is flipped over the y-axis (as seen [here](#)). How does knowing this change your understanding of the line `paddle_y = paddle_y - 5`?

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5. What line of code is responsible for detecting when the ball should bounce off the right side of the screen? Briefly explain what is happening.

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6. Once a collision does happen, what line of code is actually responsible for making the ball go in the opposite direction (aka bounding)? Briefly explain what is happening.

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7. Why can the paddle move up when the up arrow is pressed but not down when the down arrow is pressed?

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## Problem 4: Modify

Now that you understand the code a little bit, work to accomplish each of the following tasks in order:

1. Have the ball move up/down and left/right.

- Hint: examine the `ball_x_speed` and `ball_y_speed` variables
2. Change the color of the ball from white to blue.
    - Hint: change the `get_rgb_color()` function.
  3. Have the ball bounce off the top, bottom, and right walls. Again, note that the coordinate system pygame uses is a [little weird](#).
    - Hint: examine how the ball detects/reacts to the right wall and copy the logic

## Problem 5: AI Help

AI is a very powerful tool when writing a program. Unfortunately, like all tools, how you use it determines whether that power is put to good or to ill. It can be good if it helps you learn: almost like a bridge. It can be bad, however, if you become overly reliant on it: almost like cheating on an exam you're giving yourself.

In this section, you can use AI (preferably [claude.ai](#)) to help you when you get stuck. Then, you'll reflect on your experience and see whether you were building bridges or cheating yourself. In my opinion, **learning how to use a ChatBot to help you tackle difficult, open-ended problems is just as important as the actual material in this worksheet.**

1. Have the ball bounce off the paddle. This is the hardest part of programming the game. The way I think about it is the following: *if* the ball is to the left of the right side of the paddle **AND** to the right of the left side of the paddle **AND** to below the top of the paddle **AND** above the bottom of the paddle, then it's hitting the paddle. You can represent all this with a complex `if` statement that uses three `and` connectors.
2. Have a "score" variable that shows how many hits in a row the user has had.
  - Hint: research `pygame.font.Font`
3. Reset the game and the "score" if the player misses the ball and it touches the left wall.
4. Take a screenshot of your game and paste it into the space below:

...

...

5. In 2-3 sentences, describe your experience with the ChatBot.

>

6. Do you think you could redo this section from scratch without the aid of a ChatBot? How do you know?

>

7. What are two or three signals that someone is becoming overly reliant on the ChatBot and not actually learning?

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8. You can ask a ChatBot to adopt various roles such as tutor or coach. Here is [a list of possible prompts](#) that you can use to start your conversation with AI to increase the chance you're learning and not "cheating yourself". Which one do you think is a good one to use for future assignments like this? Why?

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## Problem 6: Make

Pick two of the following three extensions and add them to your game:

1. Two-player pong with a left AND right paddle
2. Have the ball become a new, "random" color every time it hits a paddle
3. Have the ball bounce off the paddle at an angle dependent on where it hits the paddle

Once you are done, copy **ALL** of the source code for `main.py` and paste it into the space below:

...

...

## Problem 7: Reflection

1. What does the `pip3 install pygame` command do?

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2. What was the most difficult part of programming the game?

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3. PRIMM is a common paradigm for learning code. It stands for “predict, run, interpret, modify, make”. How did following this paradigm help you scale to the point where you could complete the game?

>

4. “Learning with ChatBots requires discipline”. In 4-5 sentences explain why this is true and some techniques you will use to prevent yourself from being overly reliant on this tool.

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5. Did you notice any obvious errors with this worksheet that should be fixed for future students? If so, what were they?

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6. Were there things in the worksheet that were overly confusing and that you think could be improved? If so, what were they?

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